



Fiscal Note

Legislative Council Staff

Nonpartisan Services for Colorado's Legislature

HB 26-1414: MEDICAL RECORD REQUESTS

Prime Sponsors:

Rep. McCluskie; Camacho

Sen. Roberts; Kipp

Fiscal Analyst:

Brendan Fung, 303-866-4781

brendan.fung@coleg.gov

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Fiscal note status: This revised fiscal note reflects the reengrossed bill.

Summary Information

Overview. The bill limits the amount of money that a health care provider can charge for a medical record request, and requires providers to respond to all requests within 30 days of payment.

Types of impacts. The bill is projected to affect the following areas on an ongoing basis:

- Minimal State Revenue
- Minimal State Workload
- Statutory Public Entity

Appropriations. No appropriation is required.

Table 1
State Fiscal Impacts

Type of Impact	Budget Year FY 2026-27	Out Year FY 2027-28
State Revenue	\$0	\$0
State Expenditures	\$0	\$0
Transferred Funds	\$0	\$0
Change in TABOR Refunds	\$0	\$0
Change in State FTE	0.0 FTE	0.0 FTE

Summary of Legislation

The bill limits the amount of money that a health care facility or provider can charge for a medical record request that exceeds 664 pages to \$400, adjusted biannually for inflation. Requests that require providers to redact or withhold personal health information are exempt this this cap. Further, the bill requires providers to invoice requestors within 30 days of receiving the request, and provide the records upon payment unless written notice is supplied as a result of extraordinary circumstances. Requests must be delivered electronically if specific conditions are met.

State Revenue

The bill may decrease state revenue to the extent that fees assessed by state agencies maintaining medical records are impacted by the \$400 limit. These impacts depend on decisions made by requesting parties, the length of records requested, and personal health information disclosed in a record; therefore, the fiscal note cannot estimate changes to state revenue. However, it is assumed that decreased revenue under the bill will be minimal.

State Expenditures

Beginning in FY 2026-27, the bill minimally increases workload in the Department of Regulatory Agencies (DORA) and several state agencies that maintain medical records, as discussed below.

Department of Regulatory Agencies

Workload in the Division of Professions and Occupations in DORA will minimally increase to conduct outreach and education to licensed health care providers regarding medical record requests. This workload can be accomplished within existing appropriations.

Other State Agencies

Workload in the Departments of Corrections, Human Services, Military and Veterans Affairs, and Public Health and Environment will minimally increase to update medical record request policies and procedures, and fulfill requests within 30 days. This workload is expected to be minimal and no change in appropriations is required.

Local Government and Statutory Public Entity

Starting in FY 2026-27, the bill minimally impacts revenue and expenditures for local governments that operate health facilities and for Denver Health, the state’s statutorily created safety net health provider. Similar to the state, revenue may decrease to the extent that medical record request fees are capped at \$400, and workload will minimally increase to update policies and fulfill requests.

Effective Date

The bill takes effect 90 days following adjournment of the General Assembly sine die, assuming no referendum petition is filed.

State and Local Government Contacts

Corrections

Military Affairs

Health Care Policy and Financing

Public Health and Environment

Human Services

Regulatory Agencies

Law

The revenue and expenditure impacts in this fiscal note represent changes from current law under the bill for each fiscal year. For additional information about fiscal notes, please visit the [General Assembly website](#).