



Legislative Council Staff

Nonpartisan Services for Colorado's Legislature

Memorandum

May 14, 2025

TO: Members of the General Assembly

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SUBJECT: 2025 Interim Committee Information

Summary

This memorandum summarizes the policies and procedures governing committees meeting during the 2025 legislative interim. Table 1 lists all legislative committees supported by legislative staff that are authorized to meet during the 2025 interim.

Interim Committee Overview

Interim committees meet during the legislative interim to study a specific issue or topic. [Joint Rule 24A](#) governs procedures for interim committees, and applies to committees created in statute, by the Executive Committee of the Legislative Council, or through the interim committee letter request process. The rule provides the following regarding interim committees.

- If the number of interim committee meetings has not otherwise been set, an interim committee may not exceed six meetings without prior approval from the Executive Committee.
- Expenses and per diem must be paid to legislative members of the committee.
- The Executive Committee must approve the use of any additional staff resources requested by an interim committee.



Bill Request Process

A central part of interim committee activity for many committees is the opportunity to request legislation. [Joint Rule 24A](#) provides the following regarding interim legislation.

- Interim committees must report their requests for legislation to the Legislative Council by November 15 in odd-numbered years.
- Committee bills approved by the Legislative Council are exempt from a member's five-bill introduction limit.
- Legislation approved by the Legislative Council will be introduced during the 2026 legislative session.
- Joint Rule 24A requires the Executive Committee to annually establish procedures and deadlines for the interim committee bill request process. The 2025 guidelines, appended as **Attachment A**, are summarized below.
- Bill requests must be made at a single interim committee meeting and must be approved by a majority of the total legislative membership of the committee.
- Members requesting draft legislation must provide drafting information within three calendar days of making the request, or the request is deemed withdrawn.
- No later than 21 days after the meeting at which bills are requested, the bill drafts must be finalized so that a fiscal note may be prepared. If the bill sponsor does not finalize the draft bill by this date, the draft bill will be deemed finalized and will be released for purposes of preparing the fiscal note.
- Once a draft is finalized for distribution to the interim committee and released for fiscal analysis, the bill is public and may be posted on the committee's website. After a draft bill has been finalized, interim committee members may not modify the draft bill and must present all changes to the draft bill as amendments during the meeting at which the draft bill is considered.
- No earlier than 21 days after the draft bills are finalized, the committee must hold a meeting to consider and take final action on draft bills.
- In order to be forwarded to the Legislative Council, bills must be approved by a majority of the total legislative membership of the committee.



Important Dates

- September 19, 2025** Deadline for meeting to request legislation
- September 22, 2025** Deadline for submitting drafting information to the Office of Legislative Legal Services (or three calendar days after meeting)
- October 10, 2025** Deadline to finalize draft legislation
- October 31, 2025** Deadline for meeting to approve final legislation

Number of Bill Requests

Pursuant to [Senate Bill 25-199](#), interim committees meeting in the 2025 interim may not request the drafting of more than **five bills** and may only recommend **three bills** to Legislative Council. Committees are discouraged from approving bills with very broad subjects that include a number of topics as a way to circumvent the limit on bill requests.

Bill Sponsorship

After a bill has been approved by a committee, the chair of the committee assigns bill sponsors and designates whether the bill will start in the House or Senate. A member may be the prime sponsor of legislative only if they are returning to their current chamber, or running for reelection in their current chamber. With the approval of the members of the interim committee, a legislator who is not a member of the committee may be designated as a bill's prime sponsor.

Unless approved by an interim committee, no other legislators may be added as sponsors of the legislation, and no prime sponsors or sponsors may be removed from the legislation prior to introduction of the legislation in the next legislative session. However, if prior to introduction a legislator resigns or otherwise is no longer a member, then the sponsor's name will be removed as a prime sponsor or sponsor. If prior to introduction a member is elected or appointed to the other chamber and the member was a prime sponsor, the member will be removed as a prime sponsor. If prior to introduction a member is elected or appointed to the other chamber and the member was a sponsor the member's sponsorship will be switched to the other chamber.

Updated Bills and Fiscal Notes

Committee bill drafts will be updated prior to the Legislative Council meeting to include any amendments adopted by the committee at its final meeting, and to list the sponsors of the bills. Fiscal notes are not updated for the Legislative Council meeting.



Legislative Council Meeting

The Legislative Council will meet to review interim committee legislation mid-November. At this meeting, the chairs of the interim committees will present the committees' requests for legislation. Traditionally, Legislative Council's role in this process is to ensure that legislation recommended by a committee fits within the committee's charge. The Legislative Council does not consider amendments to the bills at this meeting, and a bill may not be modified or amended prior to introduction.

Remote Participation and Remote Testimony

The Executive Committee has adopted a [remote participation policy](#) for joint committees meeting during the legislative interim. The policy:

- permits members of the General Assembly to participate electronically in committee meetings occurring during the legislative interim;
- allows members of a committee meeting during the legislative interim who are participating electronically to be marked as "present" for purposes of attendance and to establish a quorum, vote, make motions, and speak to matters before the committee;
- requires a member of joint committee who wants to participate electronically to notify the chair, the staff, and IT staff at least one day prior to the meeting; and
- requires members to turn on their cameras while voting.

In addition, legislative committees may take remote public testimony under a separate [Executive Committee policy](#). Note that not all legislative committees take public testimony and the policy does not require legislative committees to take public testimony.

Committees Meeting During the 2025 Interim

Table 1 lists the committees authorized to meet during the 2025 legislative interim. The table includes committees that meet annually during the legislative interim and year-round committees that meet both during the interim and legislative session. The table includes only committees supported by nonpartisan legislative staff.

For each committee, the table provides information on the number of meetings the committee is authorized to hold; the number of members; how many, if any, bills the committee is authorized to carry; the study topics for the committee; the repeal date for the committee; and whether the committee must report its requests for legislation to the Legislative Council.





Pursuant to [SB 25-199 – Suspend Legislative Interim Activities](#), the following committees are suspended during the 2025 interim:

- Colorado Health Insurance Exchange Oversight Committee;
- Legislative Emergency Preparedness, Response, and Recovery Committee;
- Legislative Oversight Committee Concerning Colorado Jail Standards;
- Legislative Oversight Committee Concerning Tax Policy and Task Force;
- Opioid and Other Substance Use Disorders Study Committee;
- Pension Review Committee and Subcommittee;
- Sales and Use Tax Simplification Task Force; and
- Statewide Healthcare Review Committee.



Table 1: Committees Meeting During the 2025 Legislative Interim

Committee	Number of Meetings	Number of Members	Number of Bills	Study Topics	Repeal
Artificial Intelligence Impact Task Force Section 2-3-1707, C.R.S. 	As needed.	26 members including 2 House members and 2 Senate members.	None	The task force examines issues related to artificial intelligence and reports recommendations to the Joint Technology Committee and the Governor's Office by February 1, 2025.	Sept. 1, 2027
Black Coloradan Racial Equity Study Commission Sections 2-2-2303 and 2-2-2304 	Up to 6 times a calendar year outside of legislative session, except that the commission may meet once a session following updates from History Colorado.	14 members: 2 members of the House of Representatives appointed by the Speaker; 2 members of the Senate appointed by the President; 4 nonlegislators appointed by the Governor; 3 nonlegislators appointed by the Speaker; and 3 nonlegislators appointed by the President.	None	The commission will oversee a study, conducted by History Colorado, to determine and make recommendations to any potential historical and ongoing effects of slavery and subsequent systemic racism on Black Coloradans. Based on the study and available funding, the commission will contract with a third-party to conduct an economic analysis.	Sept. 5, 2028



Legislation recommended by the committee must be approved by Legislative Council



Committee meets during the legislative interim



Committee meets year-round






Has/Is a task force or subcommittee



Oversight committee for a legislative staff agency



Table 1: Committees Meeting During the 2025 Legislative Interim (Cont.)

Committee	Number of Meetings	Number of Members	Number of Bills	Study Topics	Repeal
Capital Development Committee Section 2-3-1301, <i>et seq.</i> , C.R.S. 	As often as necessary.	6 members of the General Assembly; 3 from the House and 3 from the Senate.	Not limited	The committee reviews funding requests for capital projects from all state agencies, and makes prioritized recommendations to the Joint Budget Committee.	None
Capitol Building Advisory Committee Section 24-82-108, C.R.S. 	No less than 3 per year.	12 members including: 3 appointed by the Speaker, including 1 member of the House; 3 appointed by the President, including 1 member of the Senate; 3 appointed by the Governor; an architect, appointed by the Governor; and the following ex officio members: the President of the State Historical Society or designee and the Executive Director of the Department of Personnel and Administration or designee.	None	The committee must reviews plans to restore, redecorate, or reconstruct space within the state Capitol building and makes recommendations to the Capital Development Committee.	None
Colorado Commission on Uniform State Laws Section 2-3-601, <i>et seq.</i> , C.R.S. 	At least once annually at the call of the chair.	6 members; at least 2 must be members of the General Assembly and 2 must be members of the public. The members must be attorneys. The General Assembly appoints the members by joint resolution.	Not limited	The commission prepares a report containing its recommendations to the General Assembly by January 1 concerning uniform laws and the proceedings and recommendations of the most recent meeting of the National Conference of Commissioners on Uniform State Laws.	None



Legislation recommended by the committee must be approved by Legislative Council



Committee meets during the legislative interim



Committee meets year-round









Has/Is a task force or subcommittee



Oversight committee for a legislative staff agency



Table 1: Committees Meeting During the 2025 Legislative Interim (Cont.)

Committee	Number of Meetings	Number of Members	Number of Bills	Study Topics	Repeal
Representative Hugh McKean Colorado Youth Advisory Council Review Committee Section 2-2-1305.5, C.R.S.  	Up to 3 times each interim.	4 legislative members of the Colorado Youth Advisory Council, 5 non-legislative council members who are appointed by the council, and 1 member of the Legislative Council. The 5 legislative members of the review committee serve as voting members. All other members are nonvoting members.	None	The committee reviews the Colorado Youth Advisory Council's work.	Sept. 1, 2028
Committee on Legal Services Section 2-3-502, C.R.S.  	At least twice each calendar year, but may meet as often as necessary.	10 members of the General Assembly including: The respective chairs of the House and Senate Judiciary committees or their designees; 4 members for the House, 1 of whom is an attorney; and 4 members of the Senate, 1 of whom is an attorney.	Not limited	The committee serves as the legislative oversight committee for the Office of Legislative Legal Services. It oversees the review of executive branch agency rules, among other legislative duties.	None
Joint Budget Committee Section 2-3-201, <i>et seq.</i> , C.R.S.  	As often as is necessary to perform its functions.	6 members of the General Assembly: 3 from the House and 3 from the Senate, including the Appropriations Committee chairs.	Not limited	The committee serves as the legislative oversight committee for Joint Budget Committee Staff. It studies the management, operations, programs, and fiscal needs of Colorado government agencies. It holds hearings to review the executive budget and budget requests, including capital construction and information technology budget requests, for the purpose of preparing the annual general appropriation act.	None



Legislation recommended by the committee must be approved by Legislative Council



Committee meets during the legislative interim



Committee meets year-round






Has/Is a task force or subcommittee



Oversight committee for a legislative staff agency



Table 1: Committees Meeting During the 2025 Legislative Interim (Cont.)

Committee	Number of Meetings	Number of Members	Number of Bills	Study Topics	Repeal
Joint Technology Committee Section 2-3-1701, <i>et seq.</i> , C.R.S. 	At least once each year in order to review the Governor's budget submissions for information technology, and as often as necessary to perform its functions.	6 members of the General Assembly; 3 from the House and 3 from the Senate. The members of the committee should have experience in information technology, business analysis, or business process.	Not limited	The committee has oversight responsibility for major state technology projects and the Governor's Office of Information Technology.	None
Legislative Audit Committee Section 2-3-101, <i>et seq.</i> , C.R.S.  	As often as necessary, but it shall meet at least once in each quarter of the calendar year.	8 members of the General Assembly: 4 from the House and 4 from the Senate.	Not limited	The committee serves as the legislative oversight committee for the Office of the State Auditor. The committee is responsible for reviewing and releasing audit reports and recommending special studies. The committee also recommends an appointment for State Auditor to the leadership of the General Assembly every five years.	None



Legislation recommended by the committee must be approved by Legislative Council



Committee meets during the legislative interim



Committee meets year-round






Has/Is a task force or subcommittee



Oversight committee for a legislative staff agency



Table 1: Committees Meeting During the 2025 Legislative Interim (Cont.)

Committee	Number of Meetings	Number of Members	Number of Bills	Study Topics	Repeal
Legislative Council & Executive Committee of the Legislative Council Section 2-3-301, C.R.S.  	As often as necessary, but the council must meet at least quarterly.	Legislative Council: 18 members, including the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the Majority Leaders of the House and Senate, the Minority Leaders of the House and Senate, and 6 members each from the House and Senate, appointed in proportion generally to party representation in each chamber. Executive Committee: 6 members consists of the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the Majority and Minority Leaders from each chamber.	Not limited	The committee serves as the legislative oversight committee for the Legislative Council Staff, and is responsible for approving the Legislative Council Staff budget, approving written requests for interim study committees, reviewing legislation created by committees that meet during the legislative interim, and reviewing the ballot information booklet prepared by Legislative Council Staff. The Executive Committee of the Legislative Council provides oversight over the legislative service agencies and their directors, establishes policies regarding legislative management and procedures, and introduces the annual legislative appropriation bill.	None
Statutory Revision Committee Section 2-3-901, <i>et seq.</i> , C.R.S. 	The committee may meet as often as necessary, but it shall meet at least twice in each calendar year.	10 members including: 4 from the House; 4 from the Senate; and 2 nonvoting non-legislative members, appointed by the Committee on Legal Services, who are attorneys-at-law admitted to practice in Colorado.	Not limited	The committee makes an ongoing examination of the statutes of the state and current judicial decisions for the purpose of discovering defects and anachronisms in the law and recommending needed reforms.	None



Legislation recommended by the committee must be approved by Legislative Council



Committee meets during the legislative interim



Committee meets year-round








Has/Is a task force or subcommittee



Oversight committee for a legislative staff agency







Table 1: Committees Meeting During the 2025 Legislative Interim (Cont.)

Committee	Number of Meetings	Number of Members	Number of Bills	Study Topics	Repeal
Transportation Legislation Review Committee Section 43-2-145, C.R.S.   <small>Interim Only</small>	At least once annually; limited to 6 total meetings.	21 members of the House and Senate Transportation committees; 13 from the House and 9 from the Senate.	Pursuant to SB 25-199, 3 bills.	The committee reviews transportation, traffic, and motor vehicle legislation and may consult with experts in the fields of traffic regulation, the licensing of drivers, the registration and titling of motor vehicles, and highway construction and planning.	None
Treatment of Persons with Behavioral Health Disorders in the Criminal and Juvenile Justice Systems Legislative Oversight Committee and Task Force Section 18-1.9-101, et seq., C.R.S.   	Oversight Committee: At least 3 times per year, and at other times as it deems necessary. Committee members must attend at least one regular task force meeting. Task Force: At least 6 times per year, or more often as directed by the oversight committee chair.	Oversight Committee: 6 members of the General Assembly; 3 from the House and 3 from the Senate. Task Force: 31 representatives of various state agencies, community agencies, and other entities and organizations relating to criminal and juvenile justice.	Pursuant to SB 25-199, 3 bills.	The committee oversees the task force, submitting a report to the General Assembly each January 15, and recommending bills. The task force annually defines its scope of work and makes legislative recommendations to the oversight committee. The task force must submit a report to the task force each August 1.	July 1, 2027

 Legislation recommended by the committee must be approved by Legislative Council
  Committee meets during the legislative interim
 Committee meets year-round
  Has/Is a task force or subcommittee
  Oversight committee for a legislative staff agency



Table 1: Committees Meeting During the 2025 Legislative Interim (Cont.)

Committee	Number of Meetings	Number of Members	Number of Bills	Study Topics	Repeal
Water Resources and Agriculture Review Committee Section 37-98-101, <i>et seq.</i> , C.R.S.  	At least 4 times a calendar year, at the call of the chair. The committee may also take field trips.	10 members of the General Assembly; 5 from the House and 5 from the Senate. At least 4 of the members must reside in or represent an area west of the Continental Divide.	Pursuant to SB 25-199, 3 bills.	The committee is responsible for contributing to and monitoring the conservation, use, development, and financing of Colorado's water resources for the general welfare of its inhabitants; identifying, monitoring, and addressing Colorado agriculture issues; and reviewing and proposing water resources and agriculture legislation. The committee may also review updates to the Colorado State Water Plan.	None
Wildfire Matters Review Committee Section 2-3-1602, C.R.S.   Interim Only	At least once annually, including up to 2 field trips; limited to 6 total meetings.	10 members of the General Assembly; 5 from the House and 5 from the Senate.	Pursuant to SB 25-199, 3 bills.	The committee studies wildfire prevention and mitigation—including public safety, forest health, and cooperation with appropriate federal agencies and local governments—and proposes related legislation.	Sept. 1, 2025



Legislation recommended by the committee must be approved by Legislative Council



Committee meets during the legislative interim



Committee meets year-round



Has/Is a task force or subcommittee



Oversight committee for a legislative staff agency

COLORADO GENERAL ASSEMBLY

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

Sen. James Coleman, *Chair*
Rep. Julie McCluskie, *Vice-chair*
Sen. Robert Rodriguez
Rep. Monica Duran
Sen. Paul Lundeen
Rep. Rose Pugliese

STAFF

Natalie Castle, Director



Executive Committee of the Legislative Council

State Capitol Building, Room 029
Denver, Colorado 80203-1784

(303) 866-3521

TO: Chairs of Interim Committees

FROM: Members of the Executive Committee of Legislative Council

DATE: April 21, 2025

SUBJECT: 2025 Interim Committee Deadlines and Procedures for Proposing Legislation

In accordance with Joint Rule 24A (d)(2.6) and (d)(2.7), for the 2025 interim, the Executive Committee has adopted the below deadlines and procedures for the operation of any statutory committees, interim study committees, and task forces, referred to collectively as "interim committees," that are authorized to propose legislation. The deadlines and procedures are intended to allow adequate time for the Office of Legislative Legal Services (OLLS) to draft legislation and for Legislative Council Staff (LCS) to prepare fiscal notes in time for interim committees to vote on legislation¹ and for the Legislative Council to approve legislation prior to the deadlines specified in Joint Rule 24 (b)(1)(D).

The timeline and procedures outlined in this memorandum are designed to ensure that interim committees have sufficient time to fully debate proposed legislation, review the actual wording of drafts, review and consider the fiscal impact of proposed legislation, and satisfy themselves that the interim committee legislation that is approved accurately reflects the conclusions and recommendations adopted by the interim committee. The deadlines and procedures will also assist the OLLS in providing the highest degree of professional drafting and advice, ensure

¹ Pursuant to section 2-2-322 (4), C.R.S., Legislative Council Staff is required to prepare and provide to interim committees, before a final vote on proposed interim committee legislation, fiscal notes on the proposed legislation being considered by the committees.

adequate time for the LCS to prepare informative fiscal notes, and allow LCS to distribute the legislation drafts and fiscal notes to the interim committee members, and the final approved legislation to the Legislative Council, in advance of the interim committees' and Legislative Council's meetings.

I. Deadlines for Interim Committee Legislation

- A. In accordance with Joint Rule 24A (d)(2.6), by the first meeting or as soon as possible after the first meeting of the interim committee, the interim committee chair shall:
 - i. Set a date for a single meeting at which the interim committee may request legislation for drafting by OLLS, which date must be at least 42 days before the meeting at which the interim committee will consider and take final action on proposed legislation, and no later than **September 19, 2025**;²
 - ii. Set a date by which interim committee members must finalize legislation drafts or that drafts will be deemed finalized for distribution to the interim committee and released to LCS for purposes of preparing fiscal notes on proposed legislation, which date must be no sooner than 21 days after the meeting when the legislation is requested, at least 21 days before the meeting at which the committee will consider the proposed legislation and fiscal notes, and no later than **October 10, 2025**;
 - iii. Set a date for a subsequent meeting at which the interim committee will consider and take final action on proposed legislation, which meeting must be no later than **October 31, 2025**.

II. Procedures for Requesting Legislation and for Fiscal Note Preparation

- A. In accordance with Joint Rule 24A (d)(2.6) and (d)(2.7), interim committees must comply with the following procedures for requesting legislation in order for the OLLS to draft the proposals:
 - i. Interim committee members must request legislation during a single interim committee meeting set for requesting legislation;
 - ii. Legislation requests must be approved by a majority of the legislative members of the interim committee;
 - iii. Only legislative members of an interim committee may request legislation;
 - iv. In requesting legislation for drafting, chairs and members should be mindful of the limit on the total number of bills the interim committee is authorized to request. In

² See the last page of this memorandum, which sets forth key dates for requesting and finalizing legislation based on when the committee meetings are scheduled.

2025, pursuant to Senate Bill 25-199, an interim committee may not request the OLLS to draft more than **five bills**. Interim committees should not approve bills with very broad subjects that include a number of topics as a way to circumvent the limit on the number of bill requests or to expand the scope of the interim committee's charge;

- v. Interim committee members must have drafting information available at the meeting at which the members request legislation or must submit drafting information to the OLLS drafter within **three calendar days** after the meeting;
 - vi. Failure to timely submit drafting information is deemed as a withdrawal of the legislation request, and the OLLS will not draft the requested legislation for consideration by the interim committee; and
 - vii. Interim committee members requesting legislation must be available to OLLS drafters and LCS fiscal analysts during the period when legislation drafts and fiscal notes are prepared.
- B. With regard to the preparation of fiscal notes on proposed legislation:
- i. When a draft is finalized, the LCS is authorized to share the draft with affected state agencies for fiscal note preparation purposes; and
 - ii. If the sponsor of the requested legislation fails to finalize the draft by the date specified by the interim committee chair, the draft is deemed finalized and authorized for release for fiscal note preparation purposes.
- C. Once a draft is finalized for distribution to the interim committee and released for fiscal analysis, neither the requesting interim committee member nor any other member of the interim committee may modify the draft, and interim committee members must present any proposed changes to the finalized draft as amendments to the finalized draft at the interim committee meeting at which the finalized draft is considered.
- D. After an interim committee authorizes the drafting of a bill, the legislative member contact for the bill may withdraw the request at any time before the meeting to approve bills. When a bill is withdrawn, notice that the bill was withdrawn must be sent to the chair of the interim committee by the OLLS attorney drafting the bill and the bill may be shown as withdrawn on the interim committee's website.
- E. Once a draft is finalized for distribution to the interim committee and released for fiscal analysis, the bill is deemed to be public and may be posted on the interim committee's website.

III. Procedures for Approving Legislation and Amendments and Designating Sponsors

- A. In accordance with Joint Rules 24 (b)(1)(D), 24A (d)(2.6), (6), and (8), interim committees must comply with the following procedures for considering and taking final action on legislation requested by the interim committee, including amendments to legislation:
- i. Only legislative members of an interim committee may approve legislation and amendments;
 - ii. Only legislative members of an interim committee may request amendments to legislation drafts being considered by the interim committee;
 - iii. Upon a motion, a majority vote of the legislative members of the interim committee is required to recommend legislation, unless otherwise specified;³
 - iv. Pursuant to Senate Bill 25-199, an interim committee may only recommend **three bills** for introduction in the 2026 regular session;
 - v. Upon approval of draft legislation, the chair of the interim committee must designate a member or members of the interim committee as the prime sponsor or joint prime sponsors of the legislation and poll the interim committee to determine if any other members wish to sponsor the legislation.⁴ A member may only be a prime sponsor of legislation if they are returning to their current chamber or running for re-election in their current chamber. Unless approved by the interim committee, no other legislators may be added as prime sponsors or sponsors of the legislation.⁵ A prime sponsor or sponsor may not be removed from the legislation prior to introduction of the legislation in the next legislative session;⁶
 - vi. An amendment that exceeds one page or is a strike everything below the enacting clause amendment must be distributed to the legislative members of the interim

³ The statute authorizing the interim committee, an Executive Committee resolution, or the written request for the interim committee as approved by the Legislative Council may specify a different requirement for approval of legislation by the interim committee.

⁴ With approval of the members of the interim committee, a legislator who is not a member of the interim committee may be designated as the prime sponsor or joint prime sponsor of the legislation.

⁵ Except that, if prior to introduction a member who is a prime sponsor resigns or otherwise is no longer a member, and the member was the only prime sponsor in the first house, the presiding officer of the first house shall designate a prime sponsor for the bill. If the member was the only prime sponsor in the second house, then the first house prime sponsor or co-prime sponsors, jointly, may designate a member, with that member's consent, to be the prime sponsor in the second house.

⁶ Except that, if prior to introduction a member resigns or otherwise is no longer a member, then the member's name will be removed as a prime sponsor or sponsor. If prior to introduction a member is elected or appointed to the other chamber and the member was a prime sponsor, the member will be removed as a prime sponsor. If prior to introduction a member is elected or appointed to the other chamber and the member was a sponsor, the member's sponsorship will be switched to the other chamber.

committee at least 24 hours before the committee is scheduled to consider and take final action on legislation; and

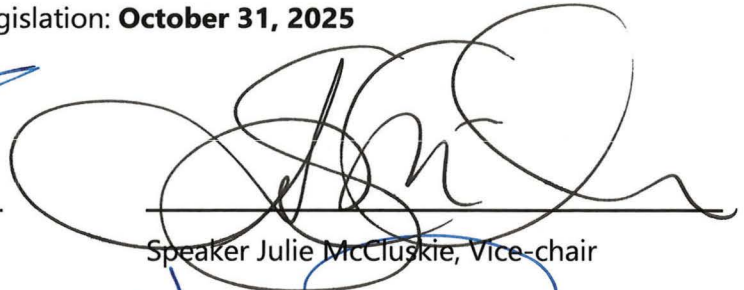
- vii. Upon interim committee final approval, the legislation may not be modified or amended prior to introduction in the next legislative session, except to the extent the interim committee has authorized the OLLS to update the bill summary and incorporate necessary technical changes or conforming amendments identified by the OLLS.

IV. Key Dates for 2025 Interim Committees

- Last date for meeting to request legislation: **September 19, 2025**
- Deadline for submitting drafting information to OLLS: **September 22, 2025** (if meeting to request legislation is held on September 19), or by three calendar days after meeting when legislation is requested for drafting
- Last date to finalize legislation drafts (or date on which drafts are deemed finalized) for distribution to interim committee and release for fiscal analysis: **October 10, 2025**
- Last date for meeting to approve final legislation: **October 31, 2025**



President James Coleman, Chair



Speaker Julie McCluskie, Vice-chair



Majority Leader Robert Rodriguez



Majority Leader Monica Duran



Minority Leader Paul Lundeen



Minority Leader Rose Pugliese