Second Regular Session Seventieth General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

ENGROSSED

This Version Includes All Amendments Adopted on Second Reading in the House of Introduction HOUSE BILL 16-1040

LLS NO. 16-0268.01 Bob Lackner x4350

HOUSE SPONSORSHIP

Singer, Becker K., Hamner

Holbert,

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House Committees Local Government Appropriations **Senate Committees**

A BILL FOR AN ACT

101	CONCERNING AUXILIARY EMERGENCY COMMUNICATIONS IN THE
102	STATE, AND, IN CONNECTION THEREWITH, ESTABLISHING THE
103	AUXILIARY EMERGENCY COMMUNICATIONS UNIT IN THE OFFICE
104	OF EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT IN THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC
105	SAFETY, AND MAKING AN APPROPRIATION.

Bill Summary

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at http://www.leg.state.co.us/billsummaries.)

Wildfire Matters Review Committee. Section 1 of the bill contains a nonstatutory legislative declaration.

HOUSE Amended 2nd Reading May 3, 2016 Section 2 of the bill creates the auxiliary emergency communications unit (unit) within the office of emergency management (office) within the division of homeland security and emergency management in the department of public safety. The unit is in the charge of the director of the office. This section specifies the unit's powers and duties and additionally specifies the powers and duties of the director of the office in connection with the powers and duties of the unit.

Sections 3 through 7 of the bill make modifications to existing statutory provisions governing compensation benefits to volunteer civil defense workers. Specifically:

- Section 3 of the bill expands the definition of "emergency volunteer service" to include activities undertaken during a training exercise, drill, or class conducted in preparation for a disaster if the exercise, drill, or class is organized or under the direction of the county sheriff, local government, local emergency planning committee, or state agency;
- ! Section 4 of the bill specifies that any credentialed member of the unit is a qualified volunteer and is eligible to receive accompanying protections and benefits under existing statutory provisions;
- Section 5 of the bill includes the amateur radio emergency service as a specified volunteer organization authorized to provide emergency services to state and local agencies. This section of the bill also specifies that the amateur radio emergency service is a qualified volunteer.
- ! Section 6 of the bill expands the activities for which a qualified volunteer may be called to service to include a training exercise, drill, or class conducted in preparation for a disaster if the exercise, drill, or class is organized or under the direction of the county sheriff, local government, local emergency planning committee, or state agency. The statutory provisions protecting qualified volunteers do not apply to a training exercise, drill, or class without the express prior consent and approval of the volunteer's employer.
- ! Section 7 of the bill expands the list of activities used to verify that a qualified volunteer provided volunteer services to include an organized training exercise, drill, or class.

Section 8 of the bill increases the size of the public safety communications subcommittee to the homeland security and all-hazards senior advisory committee from 23 to 24 members and makes the section emergency coordinator for the amateur radio emergency service of the Colorado section of the amateur radio relay league or his or her designee a standing member of the subcommittee.

1 *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:*

2 **SECTION 1. Legislative declaration.** (1) The general assembly 3 hereby finds, determines, and declares that:

4

(a) Amateur radio operators have served their communities, the 5 state, and the nation for over seventy-five years providing emergency and 6 disaster communications;

7 (b) Following World War II, the federal government recognized 8 the need for trained radio operators to assist with civil defense in the 9 event of war and created a branch within the amateur radio service, the 10 Radio Amateur Civil Emergency Service (RACES);

11 (c) The American Radio Relay League, the national association 12 for radio amateurs, created the Amateur Radio Emergency Service 13 (ARES) in 1935 and, since that time, ARES has been the only national 14 organization recruiting and training amateur radio operators to serve in 15 times of emergency;

16

(d) ARES is well established and well organized within Colorado;

17 (e) In many communities ARES and RACES units were combined 18 with ARES members assuming the role of RACES operators when local 19 emergencies were declared. In other communities, separate ARES and 20 RACES organizations were established, thereby diluting the available 21 resources and creating confusion or conflict as to roles and 22 responsibilities.

23 (f) Communication failures have been a defining element of 24 recent disasters, both natural and manmade;

25 (g) The September 11, 2001, attacks on the World Trade Center 26 in New York City, Hurricane Katrina, the 2003 North American blackout,

and Hurricane Sandy in 2012 were all disasters where amateur radio
 provided key communication links when other communication facilities
 failed;

(h) The United States congress recognized the importance of
amateur radio communications as a part of the national disaster response
framework in 2012 when it directed the Federal Communications
Commission (FCC) to conduct a study on the uses and capabilities of
amateur radio service communications in emergencies and disaster relief;

9 (i) The FCC report, GN docket no. 12-91 dated August 16, 2012, 10 concluded that "amateur radio can be of great value in emergency 11 response situations. Amateur radio carries with it a wide range of 12 advantages that allow it to supplement other emergency communications 13 activities during disasters. This has been demonstrated time and again in 14 a wide variety of emergency and disaster situations."

15 (i) The FCC report acknowledged that the "value [of amateur 16 radio] could potentially be increased, however, through cooperation 17 among DHS [the United States department of homeland security], public 18 safety, emergency management, and amateur radio communications 19 associations and groups to develop future training protocols." The FCC 20 recommended to congress that DHS work with state, local, and tribal 21 authorities to develop disaster area access policies and qualifications for 22 trained amateur radio operators who provide emergency communications 23 support.

(k) In Colorado, amateur radio operators and, in particular, ARES
members have a rich history of providing communication expertise during
natural or man-made disasters such as the blizzards of December 2006;
the Hayman, North Fork, Four Mile Canyon, High Park, Waldo Canyon,

1 and Black Forest wildfires; and the September 2013 floods;

(1) Today, amateur radio operators assist the division of homeland
security and emergency management of the department of public safety;
train side-by-side with their professional counterparts in federal, state,
and local government entities; and serve as members of local and regional
incident management teams;

(m) In recent years amateur radio operators have been called upon
by state and local governments to act as communication experts across a
broader range of duties and responsibilities that extend beyond traditional
amateur radio communication;

(n) While maintaining their traditional roles as amateur radio
operators, many of these volunteers assist with the establishment and
maintenance of communication facilities, assist with programming public
safety radios during emergencies, and act as radio operators on public
safety channels;

(o) During the past year, amateur radio operators have performed
tens of thousands of hours of devoted service to the people of Colorado;
(p) While ARES has worked closely and cooperatively with the
office of emergency management in the division of homeland security and
emergency management, it has done so in a largely informal manner,
lacking a formal memorandum of understanding between it and the
office;

(q) Emergency preparedness and disaster response across the state
 would be improved by a comprehensive integrated and unified
 communications response framework;

26 (r) The office of emergency communications of the United States
27 department of homeland security (OEC) has provided direct technical

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assistance to state and local emergency responders and government
 officials through the development and delivery of training, tools, and
 onsite assistance to advance public safety interoperable communications
 capabilities; and

5 (s) The concept of auxiliary emergency communications 6 (auxcomm) is being deployed nationally under the sponsorship of the 7 OEC, and the framework has been embraced by the office of emergency 8 management.

9 (2) Having a uniformly trained and credentialed unit of 10 communication volunteers available for disaster response will materially 11 assist emergency preparedness and disaster response efforts across the 12 state. Accordingly, the general assembly hereby finds, declares, and 13 determines that the matters addressed in this act are a matter of statewide 14 concern.

15 (3) By enacting House Bill 16-1040, the general assembly intends 16 to establish the auxiliary emergency communications unit within the 17 office of emergency management in the division of homeland security and 18 emergency management of the department of public safety as an 19 all-volunteer, unpaid auxiliary unit for the purpose of lending technical 20 and communication assistance to emergency management, firefighting, 21 emergency medical service, search-and-rescue, and law enforcement 22 agencies across the state. The general assembly further intends that the act 23 be liberally construed to promote these objectives.

SECTION 2. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 24-33.5-705.5
as follows:

26 24-33.5-705.5. Auxiliary emergency communications unit 27 powers and duties of unit and office of emergency management

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regarding auxiliary communications - definitions. (1) AS USED IN THIS
 SECTION:

3 (a) "AUXILIARY EMERGENCY COMMUNICATOR" MEANS AN
4 AMATEUR RADIO OPERATOR LICENSED BY THE UNITED STATES FEDERAL
5 COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION PURSUANT TO 47 CFR 97 WHO MEETS THE
6 TRAINING REQUIREMENTS AND IS CREDENTIALED BY THE OFFICE. AN
7 AUXILIARY EMERGENCY COMMUNICATOR MEETING THE REQUIREMENTS OF
8 THIS PARAGRAPH (a) SERVES AS AN AUTHORIZED VOLUNTEER OF THE
9 OFFICE FOR PURPOSES OF ARTICLE 10 OF THIS TITLE.

10 (b) "DIVISION" MEANS THE DIVISION OF HOMELAND SECURITY AND
11 EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT CREATED IN SECTION 24-33.5-1603.

12 (c) "OFFICE" MEANS THE OFFICE OF EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT
13 CREATED IN SECTION 24-33.5-705 (1) (a).

14 (d) "UNIT" MEANS THE AUXILIARY EMERGENCY COMMUNICATIONS
15 UNIT OF THE OFFICE.

16 (2) THE AUXILIARY EMERGENCY COMMUNICATIONS UNIT IS
17 HEREBY ESTABLISHED WITHIN THE OFFICE. THE UNIT IS IN THE CHARGE OF
18 THE DIRECTOR OF THE OFFICE.

19 (3) TH

(3) THE UNIT HAS THE FOLLOWING POWERS AND DUTIES:

20 (a) ESTABLISH PROGRAMS FOR THE TRAINING AND CREDENTIALING 21 OF AUXILIARY EMERGENCY COMMUNICATORS ACROSS THE STATE, WHICH 22 TRAINING AND CREDENTIALING IS DECLARED TO BE A MATTER OF 23 STATEWIDE CONCERN. IN CONNECTION WITH SUCH TRAINING AND 24 CREDENTIALING, THE USE OF THE TERM "AUXILIARY EMERGENCY 25 COMMUNICATIONS" WITHIN THE STATE IS LIMITED TO INDIVIDUALS, 26 ENTITIES, ASSOCIATIONS, AND UNITS OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT THAT HAVE 27 BEEN CERTIFIED BY THE DIRECTOR OF THE OFFICE AS MEETING THE TRAINING AND CREDENTIALING REQUIREMENTS ESTABLISHED BY THE
 DEPARTMENT FOR AUXILIARY EMERGENCY COMMUNICATORS.

3 (b) Assume all of the duties and possess all of the 4 AUTHORITY AND RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE RADIO AMATEUR CIVIL 5 EMERGENCY SERVICE, REFERRED TO IN THIS SECTION AS "RACES", 47 6 CFR 97.407, WITHIN THE STATE. ANY REFERENCE TO RACES IN ANY 7 FEDERAL LAW OR REGULATION, AND ANY FEDERAL, STATE, OR LOCAL 8 GOVERNMENT EMERGENCY OR DISASTER PLANS IS TO BE INTERPRETED AS 9 REFERRING TO THE UNIT, AND THE UNIT IS THE SUCCESSOR ENTITY TO ANY 10 STATE RACES ORGANIZATION REFERENCED IN ANY SUCH LAW, 11 REGULATION, OR PLAN. NO OTHER INDIVIDUAL, ENTITY, ASSOCIATION, OR 12 GOVERNMENT AGENCY MAY REPRESENT THAT IT IS A STATE RACES 13 ORGANIZATION.

14 (c) ENSURE THAT AUXILIARY EMERGENCY COMMUNICATORS ARE 15 AUTHORIZED VOLUNTEERS ENTITLED TO THE PROTECTIONS AND BENEFITS 16 OF PART 8 OF THIS ARTICLE WHEN ASSISTING WITH THE INSTALLATION, 17 MAINTENANCE, OR DEMOLITION OF COMMUNICATION FACILITIES OF ANY 18 COUNTY SHERIFF, LOCAL GOVERNMENT, LOCAL EMERGENCY PLANNING 19 COMMITTEE, OR STATE AGENCY, WHETHER OR NOT SUCH ACTIVITIES 20 OCCUR DURING A DISASTER; EXCEPT THAT THE PROVISIONS OF SECTIONS 21 24-33.5-825 AND 24-33.5-826 DO NOT APPLY TO A TRAINING EXERCISE, 22 DRILL, OR CLASS WITHOUT THE EXPRESS PRIOR CONSENT AND APPROVAL 23 OF THE VOLUNTEER'S EMPLOYER.

24 (4) IN CONNECTION WITH THE POWERS AND DUTIES OF THE UNIT AS
25 SPECIFIED IN THIS SECTION, THE DIRECTOR OF THE OFFICE MAY:

26 (a) DEVELOP AND ISSUE A CREDENTIAL THAT IS RECOGNIZED
27 THROUGHOUT THE STATE FOR THE PURPOSE OF GRANTING ACCESS TO

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GOVERNMENT FACILITIES, INCIDENT COMMAND POSTS, AND DISASTER
 SCENES;

3 (b) CONDUCT CRIMINAL BACKGROUND INVESTIGATIONS ON
4 CANDIDATES FOR CREDENTIALING AS AUXILIARY EMERGENCY
5 COMMUNICATORS IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE SECURITY NEEDS OF THE
6 DEPARTMENT. THE UNIT MAY DENY CREDENTIALING TO ANY CANDIDATE
7 BASED UPON THE RESULTS OF THAT BACKGROUND CHECK.

8 (c) REIMBURSE AUXILIARY EMERGENCY COMMUNICATORS FOR
9 NECESSARY TRAVEL AND OTHER REASONABLE EXPENSES INCURRED IN THE
10 PERFORMANCE OF THEIR DUTIES, INCLUDING PROJECTS, TRAINING, DRILLS,
11 EXERCISES, AND DISASTER RESPONSE ACTIVITIES;

(d) EXPEND STATE MONEYS, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO
GRANT MONEYS OR MONEYS OTHERWISE BUDGETED TO THE OFFICE, TO
ENHANCE THE COMMUNICATION INFRASTRUCTURE AS NECESSARY TO
SUPPLEMENT OR REINFORCE THE EXISTING AMATEUR RADIO SYSTEMS AND
NETWORKS WITHIN THE STATE FOR THE PURPOSES OF MAXIMIZING
DISASTER PREPAREDNESS AND RESPONSE.

18 SECTION 3. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 24-33.5-802, amend
19 (5) as follows:

20 24-33.5-802. Definitions. As used in this part 8, unless the
21 context otherwise requires:

(5) "Emergency volunteer service" means all activities authorized
and carried out by a volunteer who is a member of a qualified volunteer
organization as directed by a county sheriff, local government, local
emergency planning committee, or state agency in the event of disaster OR
DURING A TRAINING EXERCISE, DRILL, OR CLASS CONDUCTED IN
PREPARATION FOR A DISASTER, WHICH EXERCISE, DRILL, OR CLASS IS

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ORGANIZED OR UNDER THE DIRECTION OF SUCH COUNTY SHERIFF, LOCAL
 GOVERNMENT, LOCAL EMERGENCY PLANNING COMMITTEE, OR STATE
 AGENCY.

4 SECTION 4. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 24-33.5-806.5
5 as follows:

6 24-33.5-806.5. Auxiliary emergency communications unit of 7 the office of emergency management - qualified volunteers -8 protections and benefits. NOTWITHSTANDING ANY OTHER PROVISION OF 9 THIS PART 8, ANY CREDENTIALED MEMBER OF THE AUXILIARY EMERGENCY 10 COMMUNICATIONS UNIT OF THE OFFICE OF EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT 11 CREATED BY SECTION 24-33.5-705 (1) IS A QUALIFIED VOLUNTEER FOR 12 PURPOSES OF THIS PART 8 AND ARTICLE 10 OF THIS TITLE AND IS ELIGIBLE 13 TO RECEIVE THE PROTECTIONS AND BENEFITS SPECIFIED IN THIS PART 8 14 AND IN ARTICLE 10 OF THIS TITLE.

15

SECTION 5. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 24-33.5-824, amend
(1) (c) and (2) (a) as follows:

18 24-33.5-824. Volunteers - provision of emergency services 19 protections - benefits. (1) A volunteer shall be allowed to receive the
20 benefits and protections specified in this part 8 and pursuant to article 10
21 of this title if the volunteer is determined to be a qualified volunteer
22 pursuant to this section. A volunteer shall be deemed a qualified volunteer
23 if:

(c) The volunteer is called to service through the volunteer
organization under the authority of the county sheriff, local government,
local emergency planning committee, or state agency to volunteer in a
disaster OR DURING A TRAINING EXERCISE, DRILL, OR CLASS CONDUCTED

IN PREPARATION FOR A DISASTER, WHICH EXERCISE, DRILL, OR CLASS IS
 ORGANIZED OR UNDER THE DIRECTION OF SUCH COUNTY SHERIFF, LOCAL
 GOVERNMENT, LOCAL EMERGENCY PLANNING COMMITTEE, OR STATE
 AGENCY; EXCEPT THAT THE PROVISIONS OF SECTIONS 24-33.5-825 AND
 24-33.5-826 DO NOT APPLY TO A TRAINING EXERCISE, DRILL, OR CLASS
 WITHOUT THE EXPRESS PRIOR CONSENT AND APPROVAL OF THE
 VOLUNTEER'S EMPLOYER; and

8 (2) The executive director of the department or the executive 9 director's designee shall create a system whereby a volunteer may obtain 10 proof to provide to his or her employer that specifies:

11 (a) The volunteer was called to service by a volunteer organization 12 for the purpose of assisting in a disaster OR DURING A TRAINING EXERCISE, 13 DRILL, OR CLASS CONDUCTED IN PREPARATION FOR A DISASTER, WHICH 14 EXERCISE, DRILL, OR CLASS IS ORGANIZED OR UNDER THE DIRECTION OF 15 SUCH COUNTY SHERIFF, LOCAL GOVERNMENT, LOCAL EMERGENCY 16 PLANNING COMMITTEE, OR STATE AGENCY; EXCEPT THAT THE PROVISIONS 17 OF SECTIONS 24-33.5-825 AND 24-33.5-826 DO NOT APPLY TO A TRAINING 18 EXERCISE, DRILL, OR CLASS WITHOUT THE EXPRESS PRIOR CONSENT AND 19 APPROVAL OF THE VOLUNTEER'S EMPLOYER;

20 SECTION 6. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 24-33.5-827, amend
21 (1) (b) as follows:

22 24-33.5-827. Procedures. (1) The office of emergency
23 management shall create procedures for the administration of this part 8.
24 The procedures shall include:

(b) A process to verify that a qualified volunteer provided
volunteer services during a disaster OR AN ORGANIZED TRAINING
EXERCISE, DRILL, OR CLASS, and a method to allow the volunteer to

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provide proof of such service to his or her employer pursuant to section
 24-33.5-824 (2).

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4 **SECTION 7. Appropriation.** For the 2016-17 state fiscal year, 5 \$60,238 is appropriated to the department of public safety for use by the 6 office of emergency management. This appropriation is from the general 7 fund. To implement this act, the office may use this appropriation for 8 program administration.

9 **SECTION 8.** Act subject to petition - effective date. This act 10 takes effect at 12:01 a.m. on the day following the expiration of the 11 ninety-day period after final adjournment of the general assembly (August 12 10, 2016, if adjournment sine die is on May 11, 2016); except that, if a 13 referendum petition is filed pursuant to section 1 (3) of article V of the 14 state constitution against this act or an item, section, or part of this act 15 within such period, then the act, item, section, or part will not take effect 16 unless approved by the people at the general election to be held in 17 November 2016 and, in such case, will take effect on the date of the 18 official declaration of the vote thereon by the governor.