First Regular Session Seventy-first General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

REREVISED

This Version Includes All Amendments Adopted in the Second House

LLS NO. 17-0240.01 Ed DeCecco x4216

HOUSE BILL 17-1245

HOUSE SPONSORSHIP

Foote, Herod, Lee, Willett, Wist

SENATE SPONSORSHIP

Kagan, Cooke, Gardner, Guzman, Holbert

House Committees

Judiciary

Senate Committees

Judiciary

A BILL FOR AN ACT

101	CONCERNING THE NONSUBSTANTIVE RELOCATION OF THE LAWS
102	RELATED TO PUBLIC ESTABLISHMENTS FROM TITLE 12
103	COLORADO REVISED STATUTES, AS PART OF THE
104	ORGANIZATIONAL RECODIFICATION OF TITLE 12.

Bill Summary

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at http://leg.colorado.gov/.)

Committee on Legal Services. Current law directs the Office of Legislative Legal Services to study the organizational recodification of title 12, Colorado Revised Statutes, which relates to professions and SENATE d Reading Unamended April 18, 2017

SENATE 2nd Reading Unamended April 17, 2017

> HOUSE and Reading Unamended April 4, 2017

HOUSE 2nd Reading Unamended April 3, 2017 occupations. To implement the initial recommendations of the study, **section 1** of the bill relocates parts 1 and 3 of article 44 of title 12, which relate to public establishments, to title 6.

Section 3 repeals the parts where this law was previously codified, and **section 2** makes a conforming amendment.

1 *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:* 2 **SECTION 1.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, add with amended 3 and relocated provisions article 23 to title 6 as follows: 4 **ARTICLE 23** 5 **Public Establishments** 6 PART 1 7 HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS 8 6-23-101. [Formerly 12-44-101] Definitions - evidence of intent. 9 As used in this part 1, unless the context otherwise requires: 10 (1) "Agreement with such THE public establishment" means any 11 written or verbal agreement as to the price to be charged for, and the 12 acceptance of, food, beverage, service, or accommodations where the 13 price to be charged therefor is printed on a menu or schedule of rates 14 shown to or made available by a public establishment to the patron and 15 includes the acceptance of such THE food, beverage, service, or 16 accommodations for which a reasonable charge is made. 17 (2) "Notice", as used in section 12-44-103 SECTION 6-23-104, 18 shall be given by posting a printed copy of sections 12-44-101 to 19 12-44-103 SECTIONS 6-23-101 TO 6-23-104 at any conspicuous place 20 within the sleeping accommodations. 21 (3) "Public establishment" means any establishment selling or 22 offering for sale prepared food or beverages to the public generally, or 23 any establishment leasing or renting overnight sleeping accommodations

-2- 1245

to the public generally, including, but not exclusively, restaurants, cafes, dining rooms, lunch counters, coffee shops, boarding houses, hotels, motor hotels, motels, and rooming houses, unless the rental thereof is on a month-to-month basis or a longer period of time.

- (4) It shall be evidence of an intent to defraud that food, service, or accommodations were given to any person who gave false information concerning his OR HER name or address, or both, in obtaining such THE food, service, or accommodations, or that such THE person removed or attempted to remove his OR HER baggage from the premises of such THE public establishment without giving notice of his OR HER intent to do so to such THE public establishment. These provisions shall not constitute the sole means of establishing evidence that a person accused under this part 1 had an intent to defraud. Proof of such intent to defraud may be made by any facts or circumstances sufficient to establish such THE intent to defraud beyond a reasonable doubt as provided by law.
- (5) If any person, partnership, or corporation shall by written or verbal complaint, or otherwise, institute or cause to be instituted any prosecution for any violation of this section and shall thereafter, whether or not restitution is sought or received from the alleged offender, fail to cooperate in the full prosecution of the alleged offender without reasonable cause, the court having jurisdiction, on motion of the prosecuting attorney appearing therein and, after notice to such THE person, partnership, or corporation and an opportunity to be heard, may give judgment against such THE person, partnership, or corporation and in favor of the county wherein prosecution was commenced for all costs of the prosecution, including a reasonable allowance for the time of the prosecuting attorney.

-3- 1245

6-23-102. [Formerly 12-44-101.5] Public establishment -
vendor contract. A contract between a vendor and a public establishment
shall be invalid unless the vendor enters into the contract directly with the
public establishment's owner, general manager, or a person with authority
to enter into a contract as specifically designated in writing by such THE
owner or general manager. The acceptance of delivered items by a public
establishment from a vendor that includes an invoice stating the terms of
a contract shall not constitute acceptance of such THE terms and the
contract shall be void.
6-23-103. [Formerly 12-44-102] Defrauding an innkeeper. A
person who, with intent to defraud, procures food or accommodations
from a public establishment without making payment therefor in
accordance with his or her agreement with the public establishment is
guilty of a misdemeanor if the total amount due under the agreement is
one thousand dollars or less and, upon conviction thereof, shall be
punished by a fine of not more than five hundred dollars, or by
imprisonment in the county jail for not more than ninety days, or by both
such THE fine and imprisonment; and, if the amount due under the
agreement is more than one thousand dollars, the person commits a class

6-23-104. [Formerly 12-44-103] Notice prerequisite to conviction. No conviction shall be had under section 12-44-102 SECTION 6-23-103, unless it is made to appear upon the trial for a violation of section 12-44-102 SECTION 6-23-103 that the person charged with such THE violation was given notice of the terms and provisions of sections 12-44-101 to 12-44-103 SECTIONS 6-23-101 TO 6-23-104.

6 felony and shall be punished as provided in section 18-1.3-401. C.R.S.

6-23-105. [Formerly 12-44-104] Jurisdiction. Jurisdiction of

-4- 1245

cases arising under sections 12-44-101 to 12-44-103 SECTIONS 6-23-101 TO 6-23-104 and appeals from judgments in such THE cases shall be as provided by statute.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

6-23-106. [Formerly 12-44-105] Safe for valuables - notice. Every landlord or keeper of a hotel or public inn in this state who provides in the office of his OR HER hotel, inn, or other convenient place a safe, vault, or other suitable receptacle, for the secure custody of money, jewelry, ornaments, or other valuable articles other than necessary baggage belonging to the guests or patrons of such THE hotel or public inn, and who keeps posted in a public and conspicuous place in the office, public room, and public parlors of such THE hotel or public inn, and upon the inside entrance door of every public sleeping room in such THE hotel or public inn a notice printed in English stating such THE fact, shall not be liable for the loss of any money, jewelry, ornaments, or other valuable articles, other than necessary baggage, sustained by such THE guest or patron by theft or otherwise, unless such THE guest or patron delivers such THE money, jewelry, ornaments, or other valuable articles, other than necessary baggage, to the landlord or keeper of such THE hotel or public inn, or person in charge of the office of such THE hotel or public inn, for deposit in such THE safe, vault, or other receptacle. Such THE liability shall not be greater than the amount at the time of deposit declared by the guest or patron to be the value of the article deposited.

6-23-107. [Formerly 12-44-106] Maximum amount landlord bound to receive. No landlord or keeper of any hotel or public inn is obliged to receive such property from any guest or patron for such custody under the provisions of section 12-44-105 SECTION 6-23-106, exceeding in value the sum of five thousand dollars, nor is he OR SHE

-5- 1245

liable for any loss thereof by theft or otherwise in any sum exceeding the sum of five thousand dollars, unless the landlord or keeper of such THE hotel or public inn, or person in charge of the office, assumes in writing a greater liability.

6-23-108. [Formerly 12-44-107] Landlord not responsible - when. The landlord or keeper of any hotel or public inn shall not be liable to any guest or patron of such THE hotel or public inn for the loss within his OR HER hotel or public inn of any article of wearing apparel or other necessary baggage belonging to any guest or patron, unless the same had been left within a room assigned to such THE guest or patron, or had been especially entrusted to the care or custody of the landlord or keeper of such THE hotel or public inn, or to an employee or servant thereof entrusted with the duty of receiving or caring for such THE article in the hotel or public inn.

6-23-109. [Formerly 12-44-108] Responsibility when key furnished. When the landlord or keeper of any hotel or public inn provides the doors of the rooms or sleeping apartments in such THE hotel or public inn with locks and keys in good order and repair and such THE room or sleeping apartment is turned over to the possession of any guest or patron together with the key to the door thereof, the landlord or keeper of such THE hotel or public inn shall not be liable to any guest or patron thereof occupying such THE room or apartment for loss of any article of personal property left within such THE room or apartment by such THE guest or patron while in possession thereof, unless the door in such THE room or apartment was left locked when unoccupied, and after being locked the key thereto was delivered to the person in charge of the office of such THE hotel or public inn. If any article of personal property is taken

-6- 1245

by an employee or servant of the landlord or keeper of such THE hotel or public inn, then the provisions of this section shall not prevent such THE guest or patron from recovering the value of such THE article, not to exceed the sum of two hundred dollars for all such THE articles.

6-23-110. [Formerly 12-44-109] Maximum liability for articles lost from rooms. The landlord or keeper of any hotel or public inn shall not be liable for the loss of any article left by any guest or patron in any room assigned to or occupied by such THE guest or patron, greater, in any event, than the sum of two hundred dollars for all articles which THAT may be lost by said THE guest or patron, except by an agreement in writing made by the landlord or keeper of such THE hotel or public inn, or person in charge of the office, assuming a greater liability.

6-23-111. [Formerly 12-44-110] Liability for baggage left by guest. In case any person who has been the guest or patron of any hotel or public inn ceases to be such A guest or patron and leaves with the landlord or keeper of such THE hotel or public inn any baggage or other personal property for safekeeping, and the landlord or keeper accepts and receives the same for safekeeping, and makes no charge for services or storage in keeping such THE property, then such THE landlord or keeper of a hotel or public inn shall be liable only as a gratuitous bailee and as such shall be liable for no sum greater than fifty dollars.

6-23-112. [Formerly 12-44-111] Liability in case of fire or accident. The landlord or keeper of any hotel or public inn shall not be liable for loss of or damage to the property of any guest or patron of such THE hotel or public inn by fire or by any unforeseen causes or by inevitable accident, unless such THE loss or damage occurs on account of his OR HER negligence or the negligence of his OR HER servants or

-7- 1245

1	employees.
2	6-23-113. [Formerly 12-44-112] Liability limited to damages.
3	None of the provisions of sections 12-44-105 to 12-44-112 SECTIONS
4	6-23-106 TO 6-23-113 shall be construed to render the landlord or keeper
5	of a hotel or public inn in this state liable in a greater sum than the actual
6	loss or damage sustained.
7	PART 2
8	INNKEEPERS' RIGHTS
9	6-23-201. [Formerly 12-44-301] Definitions. As used in this part
10	3 PART 2, unless the context otherwise requires:
11	(1) "Innkeeper" means the owner, operator, or manager of a
12	lodging establishment.
13	(2) "Lodging establishment" means a bed and breakfast, as
14	defined in section 12-47-103 (3), or a hotel, motel, resort, or public inn,
15	as defined in section 12-44-101 (3) SECTION 6-23-101 (3).
16	(3) "Minor" means a person under eighteen years of age.
17	(4) "Resort" means a hotel with related sports and recreational
18	facilities for the convenience of its guests or the general public located
19	contiguous or adjacent to the hotel.
20	6-23-202. [Formerly 12-44-302] Innkeepers' right to refuse
21	accommodations - exceptions. (1) An innkeeper has the right to refuse
22	or deny accommodations, facilities, and the privileges of a lodging
23	establishment to any person who is not willing or able to pay for such THE
24	accommodations, facilities, and services. The innkeeper shall have the
25	right to require a prospective guest to demonstrate his or her ability to pay
26	by cash, valid credit card, or a validated check, and if the prospective
27	guest is a minor, the innkeeper may require a parent or legal guardian of

-8- 1245

1	such THE minor or other responsible adult:
2	(a) To provide a valid credit card number or agree, in writing, to
3	pay for the cost of:
4	(I) The guest room, including applicable taxes;
5	(II) All charges made by the minor; and
6	(III) Any damages caused by the minor or the minor's guests to the
7	guest room or its furnishings; or
8	(b) To provide an advance cash payment to cover the cost of the
9	guest room for all nights reserved, including applicable taxes, plus a cash
10	deposit to be held toward the payment of any charges made by the minor
11	and any damages to the guest room or its furnishings. The cash deposit
12	shall be refunded, unless applied to charges or damages, following a joint
13	inspection of the room. It is the obligation of the guest to join the
14	innkeeper during the inspection. Should the guest fail to join the
15	innkeeper, the guest thereby waives his or her right to the joint inspection.
16	Such THE refund, if any, shall immediately be made to the extent it is not
17	used to cover the described charges or damages.
18	SECTION 2. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-1-202, amend
19	(7)(b)(II) introductory portion and (7)(b)(II)(L) as follows:
20	18-1-202. Place of trial. (7) (b) (II) The provisions of
21	subparagraph (I) of this paragraph (b) SUBSECTION (7)(b)(I) OF THIS
22	SECTION shall apply to the following offenses:
23	(L) Procuring food or accommodation with intent to defraud, as
24	defined in section 12-44-102, C.R.S. SECTION 6-23-103;
25	SECTION 3. Repeal of relocated provisions in this act. In
26	Colorado Revised Statutes, repeal parts 1 and 3 of article 44 of title 12.
27	SECTION 4. Act subject to petition - effective date. This act

-9- 1245

takes effect at 12:01 a.m. on the day following the expiration of the 1 2 ninety-day period after final adjournment of the general assembly (August 3 9, 2017, if adjournment sine die is on May 10, 2017); except that, if a referendum petition is filed pursuant to section 1 (3) of article V of the 4 5 state constitution against this act or an item, section, or part of this act 6 within such period, then the act, item, section, or part will not take effect 7 unless approved by the people at the general election to be held in 8 November 2018 and, in such case, will take effect on the date of the official declaration of the vote thereon by the governor. 9

-10-