



**Colorado
Legislative
Council
Staff**

HB17-1226

**FINAL
FISCAL NOTE**

FISCAL IMPACT: State Local Statutory Public Entity Conditional No Fiscal Impact

Drafting Number: LLS 17-0998 **Date:** June 26, 2017
Prime Sponsor(s): Rep. Pabon; Covarrubias **Bill Status:** Postponed Indefinitely
Fiscal Analyst: Ryan Long (303-866-2066)

BILL TOPIC: MAKE DAYLIGHT SAVING TIME YEAR-ROUND STANDARD TIME

Fiscal Impact Summary	FY 2017-2018	FY 2018-2019
State Revenue		
State Expenditures Cash Funds	See State Expenditures section.	
Appropriation Required: None.		
Future Year Impacts: None.		

NOTE: This bill was not enacted into law; therefore, the impacts identified in this analysis do not take effect.

Summary of Legislation

The bill makes daylight saving time the year-round standard time within the state. It only goes into effect if:

- it is approved by Colorado voters in the November 2018 general election; and
- all other states wholly or partially in the Mountain Time Zone also adopt permanent daylight saving time for any areas they have in the Mountain Time Zone.

State Expenditures

Adopting daylight saving time as the year-round standard time will have no impact on the expenditures or revenue of any state agency or local government. As Office of Information Technology applications are typically linked to servers not housed in the affected state agencies, system modifications will not be required. However, there are election costs associated with this bill, which are described below.

Election expenditure impact (existing appropriations). This bill includes a referred measure that will appear before voters at the November 2018 general election. Although no additional appropriation is required in this bill, certain election costs are incurred by the state when ballot measures are referred to voters. These costs, paid using existing appropriations, are in two areas. First, current law requires the state to reimburse counties for costs incurred conducting a ballot measure election, paid from the Department of State Cash Fund in the Secretary of State's

Office. Second, the text and title of the measure must be published in one legal newspaper per county and an analysis of the measure must be included in the Ballot Information Booklet (Blue Book) mailed to all registered voter households, paid from the Ballot Analysis Revolving Fund in the Legislative Department. Table 1 estimates the costs for a single ballot measure in 2018. These costs will increase by approximately \$100,000 per measure beyond this base amount for any additional referred or initiated measures placed on the ballot.

County Reimbursement for Statewide Ballot Measures	\$2,700,000
Ballot Information Booklet (Blue Book) and Newspaper Publication	700,000
TOTAL	\$3,400,000

Effective Date

The bill was postponed indefinitely by the House Agriculture, Livestock, and Natural Resources Committee on March 13, 2017.

State and Local Government Contacts

All State Agencies