



**Colorado  
Legislative  
Council  
Staff**

**SB17-187**

**FINAL  
FISCAL NOTE**

**FISCAL IMPACT:**  State  Local  Statutory Public Entity  Conditional  No Fiscal Impact

**Drafting Number:** LLS 17-0907  
**Prime Sponsor(s):** Sen. Crowder  
Rep. Ginal

**Date:** August 7, 2017  
**Bill Status:** Signed into Law  
**Fiscal Analyst:** Clare Pramuk (303-866-2677)

**BILL TOPIC:** RESIDENCY EXEMPTION MJ ED-BASED OCCUPATION LICENSE

<b>Fiscal Impact Summary</b>	<b>FY 2017-2018</b>	<b>FY 2018-2019</b>
<b>State Revenue</b>	<b><u>\$3,659</u></b>	<b><u>\$3,659</u></b>
Cash Funds	3,659	3,659
<b>State Expenditures</b>	<b><u>\$1,159</u></b>	<b><u>\$1,159</u></b>
Cash Funds	1,159	1,159
<b>Appropriation Required:</b> \$1,159 - Department of Revenue (FY 2017-18).		
<b>Future Year Impacts:</b> Ongoing revenue and expenditure increase.		

**Summary of Legislation**

This bill allows the Marijuana Enforcement Division in the Department of Revenue (DOR) to exempt from the medical or retail marijuana occupational license residency requirement for up to two years for someone participating in a marijuana-based education program designed to train individuals to work in the legal marijuana industry. The bill requires applicants to provide an affirmation under penalty of perjury that they are enrolled in a marijuana-based workforce development or training program in Colorado that will require access or employment within a licensed medical or retail marijuana business.

**Background**

Under current law, a person must be a Colorado resident when applying for an occupational license under the Medical Marijuana Code and the Retail Marijuana Code. An occupational license is required for participation in a marijuana-based workforce development, education, or training program.

**State Revenue**

***This bill increases cash fund revenue by \$3,659 per year beginning in FY 2017-18.*** Of this, \$2,500 is deposited into the Marijuana Cash Fund in the DOR and \$1,159 is deposited into the CBI Identification Unit Cash Fund in the Department of Public Safety (DPS). Occupational licenses are \$100 and criminal history record and name checks are \$46.35. From the criminal history record and name checks, the DPS will pass through \$12 per check to the FBI; representing \$300 per year that will be exempt from TABOR.

**Assumptions.** The fiscal note assumes that 25 people per year will apply for the exemption to the residency requirement for the occupational license.

**Fee impact on non-resident occupational licensees.** Colorado law requires legislative service agency review of measures which create or increase any fee collected by a state agency. The fee for an occupational license has already been set by the DOR. DPS has indicated in its FY 2017-18 budget request that the fee for criminal history record checks will be reduced from the current \$46.35 in FY 2017-18. If the fee for criminal history record checks is reduced prior to the passage of this bill, the fiscal note will be updated to reflect this reduction. Table 1 indicates the fee impact of this bill.

<b>Table 1. Fee Impact on Non-resident Occupational Licensees</b>			
<b>Type of Fee</b>	<b>Current Fee</b>	<b>Number Affected</b>	<b>Total Fee Impact</b>
<b>FY 2017-18</b>			<b>\$3,659</b>
Occupational License	\$100	25	2,500
Fingerprint Check	46.35	25	1,159
<b>FY 2018-19</b>			<b>\$3,659</b>
Occupational License	\$100	25	2,500
Fingerprint Check	46.35	25	1,159

### **State Expenditures**

***This bill increases cash fund expenditures by \$1,159 annually beginning in FY 2017-18 from the Marijuana Cash Fund, as well as increases workload in the DOR and DPS.*** The Marijuana Enforcement Division will have an increase in workload to modify its rules to include the exemption and will use legal services hours within its current appropriation. The division will also have an increase in workload to process additional occupational licenses. The DOR will pass through \$1,159 annually to the DPS for fingerprint background and name checks. The DPS will also have a minimal workload increase to process 25 additional criminal history background checks but these can be accomplished within existing appropriations.

### **Effective Date**

The bill was signed into law by the Governor on June 5, 2017, and takes effect August 9, 2017, assuming no referendum petition is filed.

### **State Appropriations**

For FY 2017-18, the Department of Revenue requires an appropriation of \$1,159 from the Marijuana Cash Fund, to be reappropriated to the Department of Public Safety. Of this The Department of Public Safety will pass through \$300 to the federal government for FBI background checks.

**State and Local Government Contacts**

Information Technology  
Public Safety

Labor  
Revenue

Law