NOTE: This bill has been prepared for the signatures of the appropriate legislative officers and the Governor. To determine whether the Governor has signed the bill or taken other action on it, please consult the legislative status sheet, the legislative history, or the Session Laws.



SENATE BILL 18-082

BY SENATOR(S) Zenzinger, Aguilar, Todd, Court, Donovan, Fields, Guzman, Hill, Jahn, Jones, Kagan, Kefalas, Kerr, Martinez Humenik, Merrifield, Moreno, Tate, Williams A.; also REPRESENTATIVE(S) Kennedy, Esgar, Ginal, Roberts, Weissman, Young.

CONCERNING A PHYSICIAN'S RIGHT TO PROVIDE CONTINUING CARE TO PATIENTS WITH RARE DISORDERS DESPITE A COVENANT NOT TO COMPETE.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:

**SECTION 1.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 8-2-113, **amend** (3) as follows:

**8-2-113.** Unlawful to intimidate worker - agreement not to compete. (3) (a) Any covenant not to compete provision of an employment, partnership, or corporate agreement between physicians which THAT restricts the right of a physician to practice medicine, as defined in section 12-36-106, C.R.S., upon termination of such THE agreement, shall be IS void; except that all other provisions of such an THE agreement enforceable at law, including provisions which THAT require the payment of damages in an amount that is reasonably related to the injury suffered by reason of

termination of the agreement, shall be ARE enforceable. Provisions which OF A COVENANT NOT TO COMPETE THAT require the payment of damages upon termination of the agreement may include but not be limited to, damages related to competition.

(b) Notwithstanding subsection (3)(a) of this section, after termination of an agreement described in subsection (3)(a) of this section, a physician may disclose his or her continuing practice of medicine and new professional contact information to any patient with a rare disorder, as defined in accordance with criteria developed by the National Organization for Rare Disorders, Inc., or a successor organization, to whom the physician was providing consultation or treatment before termination of the agreement. Neither the physician nor the physician's employer, if any, is liable to any party to the prior agreement for damages alleged to have resulted from the disclosure or from the physician's treatment of the patient after termination of the prior agreement.

**SECTION 2. Applicability.** This act applies to conduct occurring on or after the effective date of this act.

**SECTION 3. Safety clause.** The general assembly hereby finds,

	res that this act is necessary for the immediate lic peace, health, and safety.
Kevin J. Grantham PRESIDENT OF THE SENATE	Crisanta Duran SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
Effie Ameen SECRETARY OF THE SENATE	Marilyn Eddins CHIEF CLERK OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
APPROVED_	
	W. Hickenlooper