Second Regular Session Seventy-first General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

ENGROSSED

This Version Includes All Amendments Adopted on Second Reading in the House of Introduction HOUSE BILL 18-1025

LLS NO. 18-0537.01 Christy Chase x2008

Cooke and Gardner,

HOUSE SPONSORSHIP

Herod,

SENATE SPONSORSHIP

House Committees Judiciary Appropriations

Senate Committees

A BILL FOR AN ACT

101	CONCERNING THE NONSUBSTANTIVE RELOCATION OF LAWS RELATED
102	TO THE REGULATION OF ALCOHOL BEVERAGES FROM TITLE 12,
103	Colorado Revised Statutes, to a new title 44 as part of
104	THE ORGANIZATIONAL RECODIFICATION OF TITLE 12, AND, IN
105	CONNECTION THEREWITH, MAKING AN APPROPRIATION.

Bill Summary

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at <u>http://leg.colorado.gov/.</u>)

Committee on Legal Services. Current law directs the office of legislative legal services to study the organizational recodification of title 12 of the Colorado Revised Statutes, which relates to professions and

HOUSE Amended 2nd Reading February 26, 2018 occupations. One recommendation of the study is to relocate laws located in title 12 that are administered by the department of revenue to a new title 44, which will consist solely of laws administered by the department of revenue that regulate a variety of activities.

To implement this recommendation, section 1 of the bill creates title 44, section 2 relocates laws related to the regulation of alcohol beverages from title 12 to the new title, and section 3 repeals the relocated laws from their current location. Sections 4 through 25 make conforming amendments.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:
SECTION 1. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add title 44 as
follows:
TITLE 44
ACTIVITIES REGULATED BY THE
DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE
ARTICLE 1
Common Provisions
44-1-101. Short title. The short title of this title 44 is the
"DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE ACTIVITIES REGULATION ACT".
44-1-102. Legislative declaration. (1) THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY
HEREBY FINDS AND DECLARES THAT:
(a) Before the enactment of this title 44, laws
ADMINISTERED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE THAT REGULATE A
VARIETY OF ACTIVITIES WERE CODIFIED IN TWO TITLES OF THE COLORADO
REVISED STATUTES, MOST PROMINENTLY IN TITLE 12, WHICH GOVERNS
PROFESSIONS AND OCCUPATIONS;
(b) MOST PROFESSIONS AND OCCUPATIONS ARE REGULATED BY
THE DEPARTMENT OF REGULATORY AGENCIES PURSUANT TO TITLE 12, BUT
PRIOR TO THE 2017 legislative session, title 12 contained numerous

LAWS THAT DID NOT PERTAIN TO THE REGULATION OF PROFESSIONS AND
 OCCUPATIONS AND WERE NOT ADMINISTERED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF
 REGULATORY AGENCIES;

4 (c) WITH THE ENACTMENT OF SECTION 2-3-510 IN 2016, THE
5 GENERAL ASSEMBLY DIRECTED THE OFFICE OF LEGISLATIVE LEGAL
6 SERVICES TO STUDY AN ORGANIZATIONAL RECODIFICATION OF TITLE 12 OF
7 THE COLORADO REVISED STATUTES, INCLUDING RELOCATING LAWS THAT
8 DO NOT PERTAIN TO PROFESSIONS AND OCCUPATIONS AND ARE NOT
9 ADMINISTERED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF REGULATORY AGENCIES;

10 (d) BASED ON RECOMMENDATIONS FROM THE TITLE 12
11 RECODIFICATION STUDY, THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY ENACTED SEVERAL
12 BILLS IN THE 2017 LEGISLATIVE SESSION TO RELOCATE OUT OF TITLE 12
13 MANY LAWS THAT ARE ADMINISTERED BY ENTITIES OTHER THAN THE
14 DEPARTMENT OF REGULATORY AGENCIES;

15 (e) THE STUDY ALSO RECOMMENDED CREATING A NEW TITLE 44
16 FOR PURPOSES OF CONSOLIDATING LAWS ADMINISTERED BY THE
17 DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE THAT REGULATE ACTIVITIES INTO A SINGLE
18 TITLE IN ORDER TO FACILITATE BOTH:

(I) THE PUBLIC'S AND REGULATED ENTITIES' UNDERSTANDING OF
 THE LAWS THAT APPLY TO THEM; AND

21 (II) THE DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE'S ADMINISTRATION OF THESE22 LAWS; AND

(f) CREATING A NEW TITLE 44 CONSISTING OF LAWS ADMINISTERED
BY THE DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE THAT REGULATE VARIOUS ACTIVITIES
IS NECESSARY TO IMPLEMENT THE RECOMMENDATIONS OF THE TITLE 12
RECODIFICATION STUDY AND FACILITATE THE REORGANIZATION OF TITLE
12 PERTAINING TO THE REGULATION OF PROFESSIONS AND OCCUPATIONS.

-3-

1	44-1-103. Definitions. As used in this title 44, unless the
2	CONTEXT OTHERWISE REQUIRES:
3	(1) "DEPARTMENT" MEANS THE DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE
4	CREATED IN SECTION 24-1-117.
5	(2) "EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR" MEANS THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR OF
6	THE DEPARTMENT.
7	SECTION 2. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add with amended
8	and relocated provisions articles 3, 4, and 5 to title 44 as follows:
9	ARTICLE 3
10	Alcohol Beverages
11	PART 1
12	GENERAL PROVISIONS
13	44-3-101. [Formerly 12-47-101] Short title. This article shall be
14	known and may be cited as THE SHORT TITLE OF THIS ARTICLE 3 IS the
15	"Colorado Liquor Code".
16	44-3-102. [Formerly 12-47-102] Legislative declaration.
17	(1) The general assembly hereby declares that this article shall be deemed
18	an exercise of the police powers of the state for the protection of the
19	economic and social welfare and the health, peace, and morals of the
20	people of this state and that no provisions of this article ARTICLE 3 shall
21	ever be construed so as to authorize the establishment or maintenance of
22	any saloon.
23	(2) The general assembly further declares that it is lawful to
24	manufacture and sell for beverages or medicinal purposes alcohol
25	beverages, subject to the terms, conditions, limitations, and restrictions
26	in this article ARTICLE 3.
27	44-3-103. [Formerly 12-47-103] Definitions. As used in this

-4-

article 47 and article 46 of this title 12 ARTICLE 3 AND ARTICLE 4 OF THIS
 TITLE 44, unless the context otherwise requires:

3 (1) "Adult" means a person lawfully permitted to purchase alcohol
4 beverages.

(2) "Alcohol beverage" means fermented malt beverage or malt,
vinous, or spirituous liquors; except that "alcohol beverage" shall not
include confectionery containing alcohol within the limits prescribed by
section 25-5-410 (1)(i)(II). C.R.S.

9 (2.5) (3) "Alternating proprietor licensed premises" means a 10 distinct and definite area, as specified in an alternating use of premises 11 application, that is owned by or in possession of a person licensed 12 pursuant to section 12-46-104 (1)(a), 12-47-402, 12-47-403, or 12-47-415 13 SECTION 44-3-402, 44-3-403, 44-3-417, OR 44-4-104 (1)(a) and within 14 which such licensee and other persons licensed pursuant to section 15 $\frac{12-46-104(1)(a)}{12-47-402}$, $\frac{12-47-403}{12-47-415}$ section 44-3-402, 16 44-3-403, 44-3-417, OR 44-4-104 (1)(a) are authorized to manufacture and 17 store vinous liquors, malt liquors, or fermented malt beverages in 18 accordance with the provisions of this article or article 46 of this title 19 ARTICLE 3 OR ARTICLE 4 OF THIS TITLE 44, as applicable.

(3) (4) "Bed and breakfast" means an overnight lodging
establishment that provides at least one meal per day at no charge other
than a charge for overnight lodging and does not sell alcohol beverages
by the drink.

(4) (5) "Brew pub" means a retail establishment that manufactures
 not more than one million eight hundred sixty thousand gallons of malt
 liquor and fermented malt beverages on its licensed premises or licensed
 alternating proprietor licensed premises, combined, each calendar year.

(5) (6) "Brewery" means any establishment where malt liquors or
 fermented malt beverages are manufactured, except brew pubs licensed
 under this article ARTICLE 3.

- 4 (5.4) (7) "Campus" means property owned or used by an
 5 institution of higher education to regularly provide students with
 6 education, housing, or college activities.
- 7 (5.6)(8) "Campus liquor complex" means an area within a campus
 8 that is licensed to serve alcohol under section 12-47-411 (2.5) SECTION
 9 44-3-413 (3).
- 10 (6) (9) "Club" means:
- 11 (a) A corporation that:
- 12
- (I) Has been incorporated for not less than three years; and
- (II) Has a membership that has paid dues for a period of at leastthree years; and
- (III) Has a membership that for three years has been the owner,
 lessee, or occupant of an establishment operated solely for objects of a
 national, social, fraternal, patriotic, political, or athletic nature, but not for
 pecuniary gain, and the property as well as the advantages of which
 belong to the members;
- (b) A corporation that is a regularly chartered branch, or lodge, or
 chapter of a national organization that is operated solely for the objects
 of a patriotic or fraternal organization or society, but not for pecuniary
 gain.
- (6.5) (10) "Colorado grown" means wine produced from one
 hundred percent Colorado-grown grapes, other fruits, or other agricultural
 products containing natural sugar, including honey, manufactured by a
 winery that is located in Colorado and licensed pursuant to part 3 of this

1 **article** ARTICLE 3.

2 (6.6) (11) "Common consumption area" means an area designed 3 as a common area in an entertainment district approved by the local 4 licensing authority that uses physical barriers to close the area to motor 5 vehicle traffic and limit pedestrian access. 6 (6.9) (12) "Distill" or "distillation" means the process by which 7 alcohol that is created by fermentation is separated from the portion of the 8 liquid that has no alcohol content. 9 (7) (13) "Distillery" means any establishment where spirituous 10 liquors are manufactured. (7.3) (14) "Distillery pub" means a retail establishment: 11 12 (a) Whose primary purpose is selling and serving food and alcohol 13 beverages for on-premises consumption; and 14 (b) That ferments and distills not more than forty-five thousand 15 liters of spirituous liquor on its licensed premises each calendar year. 16 (7.5) (15) "Entertainment district" means an area that: 17 Is located within a municipality and is designated in (a) 18 accordance with section 12-47-301 (11)(b) SECTION 44-3-301 (11)(b) as 19 an entertainment district; 20 (b) Comprises no more than one hundred acres; and 21 (c) Contains at least twenty thousand square feet of premises that, 22 at the time the district is created, is licensed pursuant to this article 23 ARTICLE 3 as a: 24 (I) Tavern; 25 (II) Hotel and restaurant; 26 (III) Brew pub; 27 (IV) Distillery pub;

1 (V) Retail gaming tavern; 2 (VI) Vintner's restaurant; 3 (VII) Beer and wine licensee; 4 (VIII) Manufacturer that operates a sales room pursuant to section 5 12-47-402 (2) or (6) SECTION 44-3-402 (2) OR (7); 6 (IX) Beer wholesaler that operates a sales room pursuant to 7 section 12-47-406 (1)(b)(I) SECTION 44-3-407 (1)(b)(I); 8 (X) Limited winery; or 9 (XI) Lodging and entertainment facility licensee. 10 (7.6) (16) "Expert taster" means an individual, other than a 11 qualified student or qualified employee, who is at least twenty-one years 12 of age and who is employed in the brewing industry or has demonstrated 13 expertise or experience in brewing. (7.7) (17) "Ferment" or "fermentation" means the chemical 14 15 process by which sugar is converted into alcohol. 16 (8) (18) "Fermented malt beverage" has the same meaning as 17 provided in section 12-46-103 (1) SECTION 44-4-103 (1). 18 (9) (19) "Good cause", for the purpose of refusing or denying a 19 license renewal or initial license issuance, means: 20 (a) The licensee or applicant has violated, does not meet, or has 21 failed to comply with any of the terms, conditions, or provisions of this 22 article ARTICLE 3 or any rules and regulations promulgated pursuant to 23 this article ARTICLE 3; 24 (b) The licensee or applicant has failed to comply with any special 25 terms or conditions that were placed on its license in prior disciplinary 26 proceedings or arose in the context of potential disciplinary proceedings; 27 (c) In the case of a new license, the applicant has not established

the reasonable requirements of the neighborhood or the desires of its adult
 inhabitants as provided in section 12-47-301 (2) SECTION 44-3-301 (2); or

(d) Evidence that the licensed premises have been operated in a
manner that adversely affects the public health, welfare, or safety of the
immediate neighborhood in which the establishment is located, which
evidence must include a continuing pattern of fights, violent activity, or
disorderly conduct. For purposes of this paragraph (d) SUBSECTION
(19)(d), "disorderly conduct" has the meaning as provided for in section
18-9-106. C.R.S.

(10) (20) "Hard cider" means an alcohol beverage containing at 10 11 least one-half of one percent and less than seven percent alcohol by 12 volume that is made by fermentation of the natural juice of apples or 13 pears, including but not limited to flavored hard cider and hard cider 14 containing not more than 0.392 gram of carbon dioxide per hundred 15 milliliters. For the purpose of simplicity of administration of this article 16 ARTICLE 3, hard cider shall in all respects be treated as a vinous liquor 17 except where expressly provided otherwise.

18 (11) (21) "Hotel" means any establishment with sleeping rooms
 19 for the accommodation of guests and having restaurant facilities.

(12) (22) "Inhabitant", with respect to cities or towns having less
 than forty thousand population, means an individual who resides in a
 given neighborhood or community for more than six months each year.

(13) (23) "License" means a grant to a licensee to manufacture or
 sell alcohol beverages as provided by this article ARTICLE 3.

(14) (24) "Licensed premises" means the premises specified in an
 application for a license under this article ARTICLE 3 that are owned or in
 possession of the licensee within which the licensee is authorized to sell,

dispense, or serve alcohol beverages in accordance with this article
 ARTICLE 3.

3 (15) (25) "Limited winery" means any establishment
4 manufacturing not more than one hundred thousand gallons, or the metric
5 equivalent thereof, of vinous liquors annually within Colorado.

6 (16) (26) "Liquor-licensed drugstore" means any drugstore
7 licensed by the state board of pharmacy that has also applied for and has
8 been granted a license by the state licensing authority to sell malt, vinous,
9 and spirituous liquors in original sealed containers for consumption off
10 the premises.

(17) (27) "Local licensing authority" means the governing body
 of a municipality or city and county, the board of county commissioners
 of a county, or any authority designated by municipal or county charter,
 municipal ordinance, or county resolution.

(18) (28) "Location" means a particular parcel of land that may be
 identified by an address or by other descriptive means.

17 (18.5) (29) "Lodging and entertainment facility" means an
18 establishment that:

19 (a) Is either:

(I) A lodging facility, the primary business of which is to provide
the public with sleeping rooms and meeting facilities; or

(II) An entertainment facility, the primary business of which is to
provide the public with sports or entertainment activities within its
licensed premises; and

(b) Incidental to its primary business, sells and serves alcohol
beverages at retail for consumption on the premises and has sandwiches
and light snacks available for consumption on the premises.

1 (19) (30) [Editor's note: This version of subsection (30) is
2 effective until January 1, 2019.] "Malt liquors" includes beer and shall
3 be construed to mean any beverage obtained by the alcoholic fermentation
4 of any infusion or decoction of barley, malt, hops, or any other similar
5 product, or any combination thereof, in water containing more than three
6 and two-tenths percent of alcohol by weight or four percent alcohol by
7 volume.

8 (19) (30) [*Editor's note: This version of subsection (30) is* 9 *effective January 1, 2019.*] "Malt liquors" includes beer and means any 10 beverage obtained by the alcoholic fermentation of any infusion or 11 decoction of barley, malt, hops, or any other similar product, or any 12 combination thereof, in water containing not less than one-half of one 13 percent alcohol by volume.

14 (20) (31) "Meal" means a quantity of food of such nature as is
15 ordinarily consumed by an individual at regular intervals for the purpose
16 of sustenance.

(21) (32) "Medicinal spirituous liquors" means any alcohol
beverage, excepting beer and wine, that has been aged in wood for four
years and bonded by the United States government and is at least one
hundred proof.

21

(22) (33) (a) "Optional premises" means:

(I) The premises specified in an application for a hotel and
restaurant license under this article ARTICLE 3 with related outdoor sports
and recreational facilities for the convenience of its guests or the general
public located on or adjacent to the hotel or restaurant within which the
licensee is authorized to sell or serve alcohol beverages in accordance
with this article ARTICLE 3 and at the discretion of the state and local

1 licensing authorities; or

2 (II) The premises specified in an application for an optional
3 premises license located on an applicant's outdoor sports and recreational
4 facility.

(b) For purposes of this subsection (22) SUBSECTION (33),
"outdoor sports and recreational facility" means a facility that charges a
fee for the use of such facility.

8 (22.5) (34) "Package", "packaged", or "packaging" means the
9 process by which wine is bottled, canned, kegged, or otherwise packed
10 into a sealed container.

11 (23) (35) "Person" means a natural person, partnership,
12 association, company, corporation, or organization or a manager, agent,
13 servant, officer, or employee thereof.

(23.5) (36) "Personal consumer" means an individual who is at
 least twenty-one years of age, does not hold an alcohol beverage license
 issued in this state, and intends to use wine purchased under section
 17 12-47-104 SECTION 44-3-104 for personal consumption only and not for
 resale or other commercial purposes.

(23.7) (37) "Powdered alcohol" means alcohol that is prepared or
 sold in a powder or crystalline form for either direct use or reconstitution.
 (24) (38) "Premises" means a distinct and definite location, which
 may include a building, a part of a building, a room, or any other definite

contiguous area.

(24.5) (39) "Promotional association" means an association that
 is incorporated within Colorado, organizes and promotes entertainment
 activities within a common consumption area, and is organized or
 authorized by two or more people who own or lease property within an

1 entertainment district.

2 (24.7) (40) "Qualified employee" means an individual who: 3 (a) Is employed by a state institution of higher education; 4 (b) Is engaged in manufacturing and tasting fermented malt 5 beverages or malt liquors for teaching or research purposes; and 6 (c) Is at least twenty-one years of age. 7 (24.8) (41) "Qualified student" means a student who: 8 (a) Is enrolled in a brewing class or program offered at or by a 9 state institution of higher education; and 10 (b) Is at least twenty-one years of age. 11 (25) (42) "Racetrack" means any premises where race meets or 12 simulcast races with pari-mutuel wagering are held in accordance with the 13 provisions of article 60 of this title TITLE 12. 14 (26) (43) "Rectify" means to blend spirituous liquor with neutral 15 spirits or other spirituous liquors of different age. (27) (44) "Rectifying plant" means any establishment where 16 17 spirituous liquors are blended with neutral spirits or other spirituous 18 liquors of different age. 19 (28) (45) "Resort complex" means a hotel with at least fifty 20 sleeping rooms and that has related sports and recreational facilities for 21 the convenience of its guests or the general public located contiguous or 22 adjacent to the hotel. For purposes of a resort complex only, "contiguous 23 or adjacent" means within the overall boundaries or scheme of 24 development or regularly accessible from the hotel by its members and 25 guests. 26 (29) (46) "Resort hotel" means a hotel, as defined in subsection

27 (11) SUBSECTION (21) of this section, with well-defined occupancy

1 seasons.

2 (30) (47) "Restaurant" means an establishment, which is not a 3 hotel as defined in subsection (11) SUBSECTION (21) of this section, 4 provided with special space, sanitary kitchen and dining room equipment, 5 and persons to prepare, cook, and serve meals, where, in consideration of 6 payment, meals, drinks, tobaccos, and candies are furnished to guests and 7 in which nothing is sold excepting food, drinks, tobaccos, candies, and 8 items of souvenir merchandise depicting the theme of the restaurant or the 9 geographical or historic subjects of the nearby area. Any establishment 10 connected with any business wherein any business is conducted, 11 excepting hotel business, limited gaming conducted pursuant to article 12 47.1 of this title TITLE 12, or the sale of food, drinks, tobaccos, candies, 13 or such items of souvenir merchandise, is declared not to be a restaurant. 14 Nothing in this subsection (30) SUBSECTION (47) shall be construed to 15 prohibit the use in a restaurant of orchestras, singers, floor shows, 16 coin-operated music machines, amusement devices that pay nothing of 17 value and cannot by adjustment be made to pay anything of value, or 18 other forms of entertainment commonly provided in restaurants.

(31) (48) "Retail liquor store" means an establishment engaged
only in the sale of malt, vinous, and spirituous liquors in sealed containers
for consumption off the premises and nonalcohol products, but only if the
annual gross revenues from the sale of nonalcohol products do not exceed
twenty percent of the retail liquor store establishment's total annual gross
sales revenues, as determined in accordance with section 12-47-407 (1)(b)
SECTION 44-3-409 (1)(b).

26 (31.5) (49) "Sales room" means an area in which a licensed
27 winery, pursuant to section 12-47-402 (2), SECTION 44-3-402 (2); limited

-14-

winery, pursuant to section 12-47-403 (2)(e), SECTION 44-3-403 (2)(e);
distillery, pursuant to section 12-47-402 (6), SECTION 44-3-402 (7); or
beer wholesaler, pursuant to section 12-47-406 (1)(b) SECTION 44-3-407
(1)(b), sells and serves alcohol beverages for consumption on the licensed
premises, sells alcohol beverages in sealed containers for consumption off
the licensed premises, or both.

7 (32) (50) "School" means a public, parochial, or nonpublic school
8 that provides a basic academic education in compliance with school
9 attendance laws for students in grades one to twelve. "Basic academic
10 education" has the same meaning as set forth in section 22-33-104 (2)(b).
11 C.R.S.

12 (33) (51) "Sealed containers" means any container or receptacle
13 used for holding an alcohol beverage, which container or receptacle is
14 corked or sealed with any stub, stopper, or cap.

(34) (52) "Sell" or "sale" means any of the following: To 15 16 exchange, barter, or traffic in; to solicit or receive an order for except 17 through a licensee licensed under this article or article 46 or 48 of this 18 title ARTICLE 3 OR ARTICLE 4 OR 5 OF THIS TITLE 44; to keep or expose for 19 sale; to serve with meals; to deliver for value or in any way other than 20 gratuitously; to peddle or to possess with intent to sell; to possess or 21 transport in contravention of this article ARTICLE 3; to traffic in for any 22 consideration promised or obtained, directly or indirectly.

(35) (53) "Sell at wholesale" means selling to any other than the
 intended consumer of malt, vinous, or spirituous liquors. "Sell at
 wholesale" shall not be construed to prevent a brewer or wholesale beer
 dealer from selling malt liquors to the intended consumer, thereof, or to
 prevent a licensed manufacturer or importer from selling malt, vinous, or

1 spirituous liquors to a licensed wholesaler.

2 "Spirituous liquors" means any alcohol beverage (36) (54) 3 obtained by distillation, mixed with water and other substances in 4 solution, and includes among other things brandy, rum, whiskey, gin, 5 powdered alcohol, and every liquid or solid, patented or not, containing 6 at least one-half of one percent alcohol by volume and which is fit for use 7 for beverage purposes. Any liquid or solid containing beer or wine in 8 combination with any other liquor, except as provided in subsections (19) 9 and (39) SUBSECTIONS (30) AND (59) of this section, shall not be 10 construed to be fermented malt or malt or vinous liquor but shall be 11 construed to be spirituous liquor.

12 (37) (55) "State licensing authority" means the executive director
13 of the department of revenue or the deputy director of the department of
14 revenue if the executive director so designates.

(37.5) (56) "Tastings" means the sampling of malt, vinous, or
spiritous liquors that may occur on the premises of a retail liquor store
licensee or liquor-licensed drugstore licensee by adult patrons of the
licensee pursuant to the provisions of section 12-47-301 (10) SECTION
44-3-301 (10).

(38) (57) "Tavern" means an establishment serving alcohol
beverages in which the principal business is the sale of alcohol beverages
at retail for consumption on the premises and where sandwiches and light
snacks are available for consumption on the premises.

24 (38.5) (58) "Tax-paid wine" means vinous liquors on which
25 federal excise taxes have been paid.

26 (39) (59) "Vinous liquors" means wine and fortified wines that
 27 contain not less than one-half of one percent and not more than

twenty-one percent alcohol by volume and shall be construed to mean an
 alcohol beverage obtained by the fermentation of the natural sugar
 contents of fruits or other agricultural products containing sugar.

4 (39.5)(60) "Vintner's restaurant" means a retail establishment that
5 sells food for consumption on the premises and that manufactures not
6 more than two hundred fifty thousand gallons of wine on its premises
7 each year.

8 (40)(61) "Winery" means any establishment where vinous liquors
9 are manufactured; except that the term does not include a vintner's
10 restaurant licensed pursuant to section 12-47-420 SECTION 44-3-422.

44-3-104. [Formerly 12-47-104] Wine shipments - permits.
(1) (a) The holder of a winery direct shipper's permit may sell and deliver
wine that is produced or bottled by the permittee to a personal consumer
located in Colorado.

(b) The holder of a winery direct shipper's permit may not sell or
ship wine to a minor, as defined in section 2-4-401 (6). C.R.S.

17 (2) A winery direct shipper's permit may be issued to only a
18 person who applies for such permit to the state licensing authority and
19 who:

(a) Operates a winery located in the United States and holds all
state and federal licenses, permits, or both, necessary to operate the
winery, including the federal winemaker's and blender's basic permit;

(b) Expressly submits to personal jurisdiction in Colorado state
and federal courts for civil, criminal, and administrative proceedings and
expressly submits to venue in the city and county of Denver, Colorado,
as proper venue for any proceedings that may be initiated by or against
the state licensing authority; and

1 (c) Except as provided in sections 12-47-402 (1) and 12-47-406 2 (3) SECTIONS 44-3-402 (1) AND 44-3-407 (3), does not directly or 3 indirectly have any financial interest in a Colorado wholesaler or retailer 4 licensed pursuant to section 12-47-406, 12-47-407, or 12-47-408 SECTION 5 44-3-407, 44-3-409, OR 44-3-410. 6 (3) (a) All wine sold or shipped by the holder of a winery direct 7 shipper's permit shall be in a package that is clearly and conspicuously 8 labeled, showing that: 9 (I) The package contains wine; and 10 (II) The package may be delivered only to a person who is 11 twenty-one years of age or older. 12 (b) Wine sold or shipped by a holder of a winery direct shipper's 13 permit may not be delivered to any person other than: 14 (I) The person who purchased the wine; 15 (II) A recipient designated in advance by such purchaser; or 16 (III) A person who is twenty-one years of age or older. 17 (c) Wine may be delivered only to a person who is twenty-one 18 years of age or older after the person accepting the package: 19 (I) Presents valid proof of identity and age; and 20 (II) Personally signs a receipt acknowledging delivery of the 21 package. 22 (4) The holder of a winery direct shipper's permit shall maintain 23 records of all sales and deliveries made under the permit in accordance 24 with section 12-47-701 SECTION 44-3-701. 25 (5) A personal consumer purchasing wine from the holder of a 26 winery direct shipper's permit may not resell the wine. 27 (6) The state licensing authority may adopt rules and forms

1 necessary to implement this section.

2 44-3-105. [Formerly 12-47-105] Local option. The operation of 3 this article ARTICLE 3 shall be statewide unless any municipality or city 4 and county, by a majority of the registered electors of any municipality or 5 city and county, voting at any regular election or special election called 6 for that purpose in accordance with the election laws of this state, decides 7 against the right to sell alcohol beverages or to limit the sale of alcohol 8 beverages to any one or more of the classes of licenses as provided by this 9 article ARTICLE 3 within their respective limits. Said THE local option 10 question shall be submitted only upon a petition signed by not less than 11 fifteen percent of the registered electors in the municipality or city and 12 county; otherwise, the procedure with reference to the calling and holding 13 of the elections shall be substantially in accordance with the election laws 14 of the state. The expenses of the election shall be borne by the 15 municipality or city and county in which the elections are held. The 16 question of prohibition of sale of alcohol beverages or the limitation of 17 sales to any one or more of the classes of licenses provided in this article 18 ARTICLE 3 shall not be submitted to the registered electors more than once 19 in any four-year period.

44-3-106. [Formerly 12-47-106] Exemptions. (1) The
provisions of this article ARTICLE 3 shall not apply to the sale or
distribution of sacramental wines sold and used for religious purposes.

(2) (a) Notwithstanding any provision of this article or article 46
of this title ARTICLE 3 OR ARTICLE 4 OF THIS TITLE 44 to the contrary, when
permitted by federal law and rules and regulations promulgated pursuant
thereto, an adult may produce, for personal use and not for sale, an
amount of fermented malt beverage or malt or vinous liquor equal to the

amount that is exempt from the federal excise tax on the alcohol beverage
 when produced by an adult for personal use and not for sale.

3 (b) The production of fermented malt beverages or malt or vinous
4 liquors under the circumstances set forth in this subsection (2) shall be in
5 strict conformity with federal law and rules and regulations issued
6 pursuant thereto.

(c) Fermented malt beverages or malt or vinous liquors produced
pursuant to the provisions of this subsection (2) shall be exempt from any
tax imposed by this article ARTICLE 3, and the producer shall not be
required to obtain any license provided by this article or article 46 of this
title ARTICLE 3 OR ARTICLE 4 OF THIS TITLE 44.

12 (d) Malt liquors or vinous liquors produced in accordance with 13 this subsection (2) may be transported and delivered by the producer to 14 any licensed premises where consumption of malt liquors or vinous 15 liquors by persons at least twenty-one years of age is authorized for use 16 at organized affairs, exhibitions, or competitions, such as home brew or 17 wine-making contests, tastings, or judgings. To claim this exemption, 18 consumption must be limited solely to the participants in and judges of 19 the events. Malt liquors or vinous liquors used for the purposes described 20 in this subsection (2)(d) must also be served in portions not exceeding six 21 ounces and must not be sold, offered for sale, or made available for 22 consumption by the general public.

(3) (a) The provisions of this article or article 46 of this title
ARTICLE 3 OR ARTICLE 4 OF THIS TITLE 44, with the exception of the
requirements of section 12-47-503 SECTION 44-3-503, shall not apply to
the occasional sale of an alcohol beverage to any individual twenty-one
years of age or older at public auction by any person where such THE

auction sale is for the purpose of disposing of such THE alcohol beverage
 as may lawfully have come into the possession of such THE person in the
 due course of such THE person's regular business in the following manner:

4 (I) By reason of the failure of the owner of such THE alcohol
5 beverage to claim the same or to furnish instructions as to the disposition
6 thereof;

7 (II) By reason of the foreclosure of any lawful lien upon such THE
8 alcohol beverage by said THE person in accordance with lawful
9 procedure;

(III) By reason of salvage of such THE alcohol beverage, in the
case of carriers, from shipments damaged in transit;

(IV) By reason of a lawful donation of such THE alcohol beverage
to an organization qualifying under section 12-48-102 SECTION 44-5-102
for a special event permit; except that no more than four public auctions
per year shall be conducted pursuant to this subparagraph (IV)
SUBSECTION (3)(a)(IV).

(b) The state licensing authority shall be presented records of all
transactions referred to in paragraph (a) of this subsection (3) SUBSECTION
(3)(a) OF THIS SECTION.

(4) Any passenger twenty-one years of age or older arriving at any
airport in this state on an air flight originating in a foreign country who
is thereby subject to customs clearance at such THE airport may lawfully
possess up to one gallon or four liters (one imperial gallon), whichever
measure is applicable, of an alcohol beverage without liability for the
Colorado excise tax thereon.

(5) This article ARTICLE 3 shall not apply to state institutions of
 higher education when such THE institutions are engaged in the

-21-

manufacture of vinous liquor on alternating proprietor licensed premises
 or premises licensed pursuant to section 12-47-402 or 12-47-403 SECTION
 44-3-402 OR 44-3-403, for the purpose of enology research and education.

4 (6) This article ARTICLE 3 does not apply to a state institution of 5 higher education when the institution is engaged in the manufacture and 6 tasting, at the place of manufacture or at a licensed premises, of malt 7 liquors for teaching or research purposes, so long as the malt liquor is not 8 sold or offered for sale and is only tasted by a qualified student, qualified 9 employee, or expert taster. Any unused malt liquor product that is 10 produced by a state institution of higher education in accordance with this 11 subsection (6) must be removed from a licensed premises at the end of an 12 event if the event is held at a licensed premises located off campus.

44-3-107. [Formerly 12-47-107] Permitted acts. Any person
 who has an interest in a liquor license may also be listed as an officer or
 director on a license owned by a municipality or governmental entity if
 such THE person does not individually manage or receive any direct
 financial benefit from the operation of such license.

18

PART 2

STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY - DUTIES
44-3-201. [Formerly 12-47-201] State licensing authority creation. (1) For the purpose of regulating and controlling the licensing
of the manufacture, distribution, and sale of alcohol beverages in this
state, there is hereby created the state licensing authority, which shall be
the executive director of the department of revenue or the deputy director
of the department of revenue if the executive director so designates.

26 (2) The executive director of the department of revenue shall be27 the chief administrative officer of the state licensing authority and may

employ, pursuant to section 13 of article XII of the state constitution, such
 clerks and inspectors as may be determined to be necessary.

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44-3-202. [Formerly 12-47-202] Duties of state licensing authority - repeal. (1) The state licensing authority shall:

(a) Grant or refuse licenses for the manufacture, distribution, and
sale of alcohol beverages as provided by law and suspend or revoke such
licenses upon a violation of this article, article 46 or 48 of this title
ARTICLE 3, ARTICLE 4 OR 5 OF THIS TITLE 44, or any rule or regulation
adopted pursuant to such THOSE articles;

10 (b) Make such general rules and regulations and such special 11 rulings and findings as necessary for the proper regulation and control of 12 the manufacture, distribution, and sale of alcohol beverages and for the 13 enforcement of this article and articles 46 and 48 of this title ARTICLE 3 14 AND ARTICLES 4 AND 5 OF THIS TITLE 44 and alter, amend, repeal, and 15 publish the same from time to time;

16 (c) Hear and determine at public hearing all complaints against 17 any licensee and administer oaths and issue subpoenas to require the 18 presence of persons and production of papers, books, and records 19 necessary to the determination of any hearing so held;

(d) Keep complete records of all acts and transactions of the state
licensing authority, which records, except confidential reports obtained
from the licensee showing the sales volume or quantity of alcohol
beverages sold or stamps purchased or customers served, shall be open
for inspection by the public;

(e) Prepare and transmit annually, in the form and manner
prescribed by the heads of the principal departments pursuant to section
24-1-136, C.R.S., a report accounting to the governor for the efficient

discharge of all responsibilities assigned by law or directive to the state
 licensing authority;

3 (f) Notify all persons to whom wholesale licenses have been
4 issued as to applications for licenses and renewals of the licenses
5 provided in sections 12-46-104 (1) and 12-47-407 to 12-47-418 SECTIONS
6 44-3-409 TO 44-3-420 AND 44-4-104 (1).

7 (2) (a) (I) Rules adopted pursuant to paragraph (b) of subsection
8 (1) SUBSECTION (1)(b) of this section may cover, without limitation, the
9 following subjects:

(A) Compliance with or enforcement or violation of any provision
of this article, article 46 or 48 of this title ARTICLE 3, ARTICLE 4 OR 5 OF
THIS TITLE 44, or any rule or regulation issued pursuant to such THOSE
articles;

(B) Specifications of duties of officers and employees;

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15 (C) Instructions for local licensing authorities and law16 enforcement officers;

(D) All forms necessary or convenient in the administration of this
article and articles 46 and 48 of this title ARTICLE 3 AND ARTICLES 4 AND
5 OF THIS TITLE 44;

20 (E) Inspections, investigations, searches, seizures, and such 21 activities as may become necessary from time to time, including a range 22 of penalties for use by licensing authorities, which shall include 23 aggravating and mitigating factors to be considered, when licensees' 24 employees violate certain provisions of article 46 of this title and this 25 article THIS ARTICLE 3 AND ARTICLE 4 OF THIS TITLE 44, including the sale 26 or service of alcohol beverages to persons under twenty-one years of age 27 or to visibly intoxicated persons;

1	(F) Limitation of number of licensees as to any area or vicinity;
2	(G) Misrepresentation, unfair practices, and unfair competition;
3	(H) Control of signs and other displays on licensed premises;
4	(I) Use of screens;
5	(J) Identification of licensees and their employees;
6	(K) Storage, warehouses, and transportation;
7	(L) Health and sanitary requirements;
8	(M) Standards of cleanliness, orderliness, and decency, and
9	sampling and analysis of products;
10	(N) Standards of purity and labeling;
11	(O) Records to be kept by licensees and availability thereof;
12	(P) Practices unduly designed to increase the consumption of
13	alcohol beverages;
14	(Q) Implementation, standardization, and enforcement of
15	alternating proprietor licensed premises. The state licensing authority
16	shall consult with interested parties from the alcohol beverage industry in
17	developing appropriate rules to ensure adequate oversight and regulation
18	of alternating proprietor licensed premises.
19	(R) Such other matters as are necessary for the fair, impartial,
20	stringent, and comprehensive administration of this article and articles 46
21	and 48 of this title ARTICLE 3 AND ARTICLES 4 AND 5 OF THIS TITLE 44;
22	(S) The testing of the alcohol content of malt liquor and fermented
23	malt beverage sold by persons licensed pursuant to this article or article
24	46 of this title ARTICLE 3 OR ARTICLE 4 OF THIS TITLE 44. The state
25	licensing authority shall adopt such rules no later than January 1, 2011.
26	This sub-subparagraph (S) SUBSECTION (2)(a)(I)(S) is repealed, effective
27	January 1, 2019.

-25-

1 (T) Sales rooms operated by licensed wineries, distilleries, limited 2 wineries, or beer wholesalers, including the manner by which a licensee 3 operating a sales room notifies the state licensing authority of its sales 4 rooms, the content of the notice, and any other necessary provisions 5 related to the notice requirement.

6 (II) Nothing in this article and articles 46 and 48 of this title 7 ARTICLE 3 AND ARTICLES 4 AND 5 OF THIS TITLE 44 shall be construed as 8 delegating to the state licensing authority the power to fix prices. The 9 licensing authority shall make no rule that would abridge the right of any 10 licensee to fairly, honestly, and lawfully advertise the place of business 11 of or the commodities sold by such licensee. All such rules shall be 12 reasonable and just.

13 (b) (I) (A) The state licensing authority shall make no rule 14 regulating or prohibiting the sale of alcohol beverages on credit offered 15 or extended by a licensee to a retailer where the credit is offered or 16 extended for thirty days or less. The state licensing authority shall enforce 17 the prohibition against extending credit for more than thirty days for the 18 sale of alcohol beverages pursuant to 27 CFR part 6 and may adopt rules 19 regulating or prohibiting the sale of alcohol beverages on credit where the 20 credit is offered or extended for more than thirty days, consistent with the 21 federal regulations.

(B) Nothing in this subparagraph (I) SUBSECTION (2)(b)(I) allows
the state licensing authority to adopt a rule that restricts the ability of a
licensee to, or prohibits a licensee from, making sales of alcohol
beverages, on a cash-on-delivery basis, to a retailer who is or may be in
arrears in payments to a licensee for prior alcohol beverage sales.

(II) Licensees shall comply with the prohibition against extending

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credit to a retailer for more than thirty days for the sale of alcohol
 beverages, including beer, contained in 27 CFR part 6 and with rules
 adopted by the state licensing authority that are consistent with 27 CFR
 part 6.

5 (II.5) (III) Notwithstanding any provision of this article ARTICLE 6 3 to the contrary, a liquor-licensed drugstore licensed under section 7 12-47-408 SECTION 44-3-410 on or after January 1, 2017, shall not 8 purchase alcohol beverages on credit or accept an offer or extension of 9 credit from a licensee and shall effect payment upon delivery of the 10 alcohol beverages.

(HI) (IV) As used in this paragraph (b) SUBSECTION (2)(b),
"licensee" shall have the same meaning as "industry member", as defined
in 27 CFR 6.11, and includes a person engaged in business as a distiller,
brewer, rectifier, blender, or other producer; as an importer or wholesaler
of alcohol beverages; or as a bottler or warehouseman and bottler of
spiritous liquors.

17 (3) In any hearing held by the state licensing authority pursuant to 18 this article or article 46 or 48 of this title ARTICLE 3 OR ARTICLE 4 OR 5 OF 19 THIS TITLE 44, no person may refuse, upon request of the state licensing 20 authority, to testify or provide other information on the ground of 21 self-incrimination; but no testimony or other information produced in the 22 hearing or any information directly or indirectly derived from such 23 testimony or other information may be used against such person in any 24 criminal prosecution based on a violation of this article or article 46 or 48 25 of this title ARTICLE 3 OR ARTICLE 4 OR 5 OF THIS TITLE 44 except a 26 prosecution for perjury in the first degree committed in so testifying. 27 Continued refusal to testify or provide other information shall constitute

grounds for suspension or revocation of any license granted pursuant to
 this article or article 46 or 48 of this title ARTICLE 3 OR ARTICLE 4 OR 5 OF
 THIS TITLE 44.

4 44-3-203. [Formerly 12-47-203] Performance of duties.
5 (1) The performance of the functions or activities set forth in this article
6 and articles 46 and 48 of this title ARTICLE 3 AND ARTICLES 4 AND 5 OF
7 THIS TITLE 44 shall be subject to available appropriations; but nothing in
8 this section shall be construed to remove from the state licensing authority
9 the responsibility for performing such functions or activities in
10 accordance with law at the level of funding provided.

11 (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (1) of this 12 section, the state shall be the final interpretive authority as it relates to this 13 article and articles 46 and 48 of this title ARTICLE 3 AND ARTICLES 4 AND 14 5 OF THIS TITLE 44 and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder, 15 concerning persons licensed pursuant to this article and articles 46 and 48 16 of this title ARTICLE 3 AND ARTICLES 4 AND 5 OF THIS TITLE 44 as 17 wholesalers, manufacturers, importers, and public transportation system 18 licensees.

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PART 3

20 STATE AN

STATE AND LOCAL LICENSING

44-3-301. [Formerly 12-47-301] Licensing in general. (1) No
local licensing authority shall issue a license provided for in this article
or article 46 or 48 of this title ARTICLE 3 OR ARTICLE 4 OR 5 OF THIS TITLE
44 until that share of the license fee due the state has been received by the
department of revenue. All licenses granted pursuant to this article and
articles 46 and 48 of this title ARTICLE 3 AND ARTICLES 4 AND 5 OF THIS
TITLE 44 shall be valid for a period of one year from the date of their

issuance unless revoked or suspended pursuant to section 12-47-601 or
 12-47-306 SECTION 44-3-601 OR 44-3-306.

3 (2) (a) Before granting any license, all licensing authorities shall 4 consider, except where this article and article 46 of this title ARTICLE 3 5 AND ARTICLE 4 OF THIS TITLE 44 specifically provide otherwise, the 6 reasonable requirements of the neighborhood, the desires of the adult inhabitants as evidenced by petitions, remonstrances, or otherwise, and 7 8 all other reasonable restrictions that are or may be placed upon the 9 neighborhood by the local licensing authority. With respect to a second 10 or additional license described in section 12-47-401(1)(i) to (1)(t), (1)(v). 11 or (1)(w) or 12-47-410 (1) SECTION 44-3-401 (1)(j) TO (1)(t), (1)(v), OR 12 (1)(w) OR 44-3-412 (1) or in a financial institution referred to in section 13 12-47-308 (4) SECTION 44-3-308 (4) for the same licensee, all licensing 14 authorities shall consider the effect on competition of the granting or 15 disapproving of additional licenses to such licensee and shall not approve 16 an application for a second or additional hotel and restaurant or vintner's 17 restaurant license that would have the effect of restraining competition 18 shall be approved.

(b) A local licensing authority or the state on state-owned property
may deny the issuance of any new tavern or retail liquor store license
whenever such authority determines that the issuance of such THE license
would result in or add to an undue concentration of the same class of
license and, as a result, require the use of additional law enforcement
resources.

(3) (a) Each license issued under this article 47 and article 46 of
this title 12 ARTICLE 3 AND ARTICLE 4 OF THIS TITLE 44 is separate and
distinct. It is unlawful for any person to exercise any of the privileges

-29-

1 granted under any license other than that which the person holds or for 2 any licensee to allow any other person to exercise such privileges granted 3 under the licensee's license, except as provided in section 12-46-104 4 (1)(a), 12-47-402 (2.5), 12-47-403 (2)(a), 12-47-403.5, or 12-47-415 5 (1)(b) SECTION 44-3-402 (3), 44-3-403 (2)(a), 44-3-404, 44-3-417 (1)(b), 6 OR SECTION 44-4-104 (1)(a). A separate license must be issued for each specific business or business entity and each geographic location, and in 7 8 said THE license the particular alcohol beverages the applicant is 9 authorized to manufacture or sell must be named and described. For 10 purposes of this section, a resort complex with common ownership, a 11 campus liquor complex, a hotel and restaurant licensee with optional 12 premises, an optional premises licensee for optional premises located on 13 an outdoor sports and recreational facility, and a wine festival at which 14 more than one licensee participates pursuant to a wine festival permit is 15 considered a single business and location.

(b) At all times a licensee shall possess and maintain possession
of the premises or optional premises for which the license is issued by
ownership, lease, rental, or other arrangement for possession of such THE
premises.

20 (4) (a) The licenses provided pursuant to this article and article 46 21 of this title ARTICLE 3 AND ARTICLE 4 OF THIS TITLE 44 shall specify the 22 date of issuance, the period which is covered, the name of the licensee, 23 the premises or optional premises licensed, the optional premises in the 24 case of a hotel and restaurant license, and the alcohol beverages that may 25 be sold on such THE premises or optional premises. The license shall be 26 conspicuously placed at all times on the licensed premises or optional 27 premises, and all sheriffs and police officers shall see to it that every person selling alcohol beverages within their jurisdiction has procured a
 license to do so.

3 (b) No local licensing authority shall issue, transfer location of, or
4 renew any license to sell any alcohol beverages until the person applying
5 for such THE license produces a license issued and granted by the state
6 licensing authority covering the whole period for which a license or
7 license renewal is sought.

8 (5) In computing any period of time prescribed by this article 9 ARTICLE 3, the day of the act, event, or default from which the designated 10 period of time begins to run shall not be included. Saturdays, Sundays, 11 and legal holidays shall be counted as any other day.

12 (6) (a) Licensees at facilities owned by a municipality, county, or 13 special district or at publicly or privately owned sports and entertainment 14 venues with a minimum seating capacity of one thousand five hundred 15 seats may possess and serve for on-premises consumption any type of 16 alcohol beverage as may be permitted pursuant to guidelines established 17 by the local and state licensing authorities, and the licensees need not 18 have meals available for consumption.

19 (b) Nothing in this article ARTICLE 3 shall prohibit a licensee at a 20 sports and entertainment venue described in paragraph (a) of this 21 subsection (6) SUBSECTION (6)(a) OF THIS SECTION from selling or 22 providing alcohol beverages in sealed containers, as authorized by the 23 license in effect, to adult occupants of luxury boxes located at stadiums, 24 arenas, and similar sports and entertainment venues that are included 25 within the licensed premises of the licensee. However, no person shall be 26 allowed to leave the licensed premises with a sealed container of alcohol 27 beverage that was obtained in the luxury box. As used in this paragraph (b) SUBSECTION (6)(b), "luxury box" means a limited public access room
or booth that is used by its occupants and their guests at sports and
entertainment venues that are provided within the licensed premises.

4 (7) A licensee shall report each transfer or change of financial 5 interest in the license to the state licensing authority and, for retail 6 licenses, to the local licensing authority within thirty days after the 7 transfer or change. A report shall be required for transfers of capital stock 8 of a public corporation; except that a report shall not be required for 9 transfers of such stock totaling less than ten percent in any one year, but 10 any transfer of a controlling interest shall be reported regardless of size. 11 It is unlawful for the licensee to fail to report a transfer required by this 12 subsection (7). Such Failure to report shall be grounds for suspension or 13 revocation of the license.

14 (8) Each licensee holding a fermented malt beverage on-premises 15 license or on- and off-premises license, beer and wine license, tavern 16 license, lodging and entertainment license, club license, arts license, or 17 racetrack license shall manage the premises himself or herself or employ 18 a separate and distinct manager on the premises and shall report the name 19 of the manager to the state and local licensing authorities. The licensee 20 shall report any change in managers to the state and local licensing 21 authorities within thirty days after the change. It is unlawful for the 22 licensee to fail to report the name of or any change in managers as 23 required by this subsection (8). The failure to report is grounds for 24 suspension of the license.

(9) (a) (I) A licensee may move his or her permanent location to
any other place in the same city, town, or city and county for which the
license was originally granted, or in the same county if such license was

-32-

granted for a place outside the corporate limits of any city, town, or city
and county, but it shall be unlawful to sell any alcohol beverage at any
such place until permission to do so is granted by all the licensing
authorities provided for in this article ARTICLE 3.

5 (II) Notwithstanding subparagraph (I) of this paragraph (a) 6 SUBSECTION (9)(a)(I) OF THIS SECTION, for a retail liquor store licensed on 7 or before January 1, 2016, the licensee may apply to move the permanent 8 location to another place within or outside the municipality or county in 9 which the license was originally granted. It is unlawful for the licensee to 10 sell any alcohol beverages at the new location until permission is granted 11 by the state and local licensing authorities.

(b) (I) In permitting a change of location, the licensing authorities shall consider the reasonable requirements of the neighborhood to which the applicant seeks to change his or her location, the desires of the adult inhabitants as evidenced by petitions, remonstrances, or otherwise, and all reasonable restrictions that are or may be placed upon the new district by the council, board of trustees, or licensing authority of the city, town, or city and county or by the board of county commissioners of any county.

(II) If the state and local licensing authorities approve an
application for a change of location submitted under subparagraph (II) of
paragraph (a) of this subsection (9) SUBSECTION (9)(a)(II) OF THIS
SECTION by a retail liquor store licensed on or before January 1, 2016, the
licensee must change the location of its premises within three years after
the approval is granted.

(10) (a) The provisions of this subsection (10) shall only apply
within a county, city and county, or municipality if the governing body of
the county, city and county, or municipality adopts an ordinance or

resolution authorizing tastings pursuant to this subsection (10). The
 ordinance or resolution may provide for stricter limits than this subsection
 (10) on the number of tastings per year per licensee, the days on which
 tastings may occur, or the number of hours each tasting may last.

5 (b) A retail liquor store or liquor-licensed drugstore licensee who 6 wishes to conduct tastings may submit an application or application 7 renewal to the local licensing authority. The local licensing authority may 8 reject the application if the applicant fails to establish that he or she is 9 able to conduct tastings without violating the provisions of this section or 10 creating a public safety risk to the neighborhood. A local licensing 11 authority may establish its own application procedure and may charge a 12 reasonable application fee.

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(c) Tastings are subject to the following limitations:

(I) Tastings shall be conducted only by a person who has
completed a server training program that meets the standards established
by the liquor enforcement division in the department of revenue and who
is either a retail liquor store licensee or a liquor-licensed drugstore
licensee, or an employee of a licensee, and only on a licensee's licensed
premises.

(II) The alcohol beverage used in tastings must be purchased
through a licensed wholesaler, licensed brew pub, licensed distillery pub,
or winery licensed pursuant to section 12-47-403 SECTION 44-3-403 at a
cost that is not less than the laid-in cost of the alcohol beverage.

(III) The size of an individual alcohol sample shall not exceed one
ounce of malt or vinous liquor or one-half of one ounce of spirituous
liquor.

(IV) Tastings shall not exceed a total of five hours in duration per

1 day, which need not be consecutive.

(V) Tastings shall be conducted only during the operating hours
in which the licensee on whose premises the tastings occur is permitted
to sell alcohol beverages, and in no case earlier than 11 a.m. or later than
7 p.m.

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(VI) The licensee shall prohibit patrons from leaving the licensed premises with an unconsumed sample.

8 (VII) The licensee shall promptly remove all open and 9 unconsumed alcohol beverage samples from the licensed premises or 10 shall destroy the samples immediately following the completion of the 11 tasting.

(VIII) The licensee shall not serve a person who is undertwenty-one years of age or who is visibly intoxicated.

14 (IX) The licensee shall not serve more than four individual15 samples to a patron during a tasting.

16 (X) Alcohol samples shall be in open containers and shall be17 provided to a patron free of charge.

18 (XI) Tastings may occur on no more than four of the six days from
a Monday to the following Saturday, not to exceed one hundred four days
per year.

(XII) No manufacturer of spirituous or vinous liquors shall induce
a licensee through free goods or financial or in-kind assistance to favor
the manufacturer's products being sampled at a tasting. The licensee shall
bear the financial and all other responsibility for a tasting.

(d) A violation of a limitation specified in this subsection (10) or
of section 12-47-801 SECTION 44-3-801 by a retail liquor store or
liquor-licensed drugstore licensee, whether by his or her employees,

agents, or otherwise, shall be the responsibility of the retail liquor store
 or liquor-licensed drugstore licensee who is conducting the tasting.

3 (e) A retail liquor store or liquor-licensed drugstore licensee
4 conducting a tasting shall be subject to the same revocation, suspension,
5 and enforcement provisions as otherwise apply to the licensee.

(f) Nothing in this subsection (10) shall affect the ability of a
Colorado winery licensed pursuant to section 12-47-402 or 12-47-403
SECTION 44-3-402 OR 44-3-403 to conduct a tasting pursuant to the
authority of section 12-47-402 (2) or 12-47-403 (2)(e) SECTION 44-3-402
(2) OR 44-3-403 (2)(e).

11 (11) (a) This subsection (11) applies only within an entertainment 12 district that a governing body of a local licensing authority has created by 13 ordinance or resolution. This subsection (11) does not apply to a special 14 event permit issued under article 48 of this title ARTICLE 5 OF THIS TITLE 15 44 or the holder thereof unless the permit holder desires to use an existing 16 common consumption area and agrees in writing to the requirements of 17 this article ARTICLE 3 and the local licensing authority concerning the 18 common consumption area.

(b) A governing body of a local licensing authority may create an
entertainment district by adopting an ordinance or resolution. An
entertainment district shall not exceed one hundred acres. The ordinance
or resolution may impose stricter limits than required by this subsection
(11) on the size, security, or hours of operation of any common
consumption area created within the entertainment district.

(c) (I) A certified promotional association may operate a common
 consumption area within an entertainment district and authorize the
 attachment of a licensed premises to the common consumption area.

1 (II) An association or licensed tavern, lodging and entertainment 2 facility, hotel and restaurant, brew pub, distillery pub, retail gaming 3 tavern, vintner's restaurant, beer and wine licensee, manufacturer or beer 4 wholesaler that operates a sales room, or limited winery that wishes to 5 create a promotional association may submit an application to the local 6 licensing authority. To qualify for certification, the promotional 7 association must:

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- (A) Have a board of directors;

9 (B) Have at least one director from each licensed premises 10 attached to the common consumption area on the board of directors; and

11 (C) Agree to submit annual reports by January 31 of each year to 12 the local licensing authority showing a detailed map of the boundaries of 13 the common consumption area, the common consumption area's hours of 14 operation, a list of attached licensed premises, a list of the directors and 15 officers of the promotional association, security arrangements within the 16 common consumption area, and any violation of this article ARTICLE 3 17 committed by an attached licensed premises.

(III) The local licensing authority may refuse to certify or may
decertify a promotional association of a common consumption area if the
promotional association:

(A) Fails to submit the report required by sub-subparagraph (C)
 of subparagraph (II) of this paragraph (c) SUBSECTION (11)(c)(II)(C) OF
 THIS SECTION by January 31 of each year;

(B) Fails to establish that the licensed premises and common
consumption area can be operated without violating this article ARTICLE
3 or creating a safety risk to the neighborhood;

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(C) Fails to have at least two licensed premises attached to the

1 common consumption area;

2 (D) Fails to obtain or maintain a properly endorsed general 3 liability and liquor liability insurance policy that is reasonably acceptable 4 to the local licensing authority and names the local licensing authority as 5 an additional insured;

6 (E) The use is not compatible with the reasonable requirements of
7 the neighborhood or the desires of the adult inhabitants; or

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(F) Violates section 12-47-909 SECTION 44-3-910.

9 (d) A person shall not attach a premises licensed under this article
10 ARTICLE 3 to a common consumption area unless authorized by the local
11 licensing authority.

12 (e) (I) A licensed tavern, lodging and entertainment facility, hotel 13 and restaurant, brew pub, distillery pub, retail gaming tavern, vintner's 14 restaurant, beer and wine licensee, manufacturer or beer wholesaler that 15 operates a sales room, or limited winery that wishes to attach to a 16 common consumption area may submit an application to the local 17 licensing authority. To qualify, the licensee must include a request for 18 authority to attach to the common consumption area from the certified 19 promotional association of the common consumption area unless the 20 promotional association does not exist when the application is submitted; 21 if so, the applicant shall request the authority when a promotional 22 association is certified and shall demonstrate to the local licensing 23 authority that the authority has been obtained by the time the applicant's 24 license issued under this article ARTICLE 3 is renewed.

(II) The local licensing authority may deauthorize or refuse to
authorize or reauthorize a licensee's attachment to a common
consumption area if the licensed premises is not within or on the

1 perimeter of the common consumption area and if the licensee:

2 (A) Fails to obtain or retain authority to attach to the common
3 consumption area from the certified promotional association;

- 4 (B) Fails to establish that the licensed premises and common
 5 consumption area can be operated without violating this article ARTICLE
 6 3 or creating a safety risk to the neighborhood; or
- 7

(C) Violates section 12-47-909 SECTION 44-3-910.

8 A local licensing authority may establish application (f)9 procedures and a fee for certifying a promotional authority or authorizing 10 attachment to a common consumption area. The authority shall establish 11 the fee in an amount designed to reasonably offset the cost of 12 implementing this subsection (11). Notwithstanding any other provision 13 of this article ARTICLE 3, a local authority may set the hours during which 14 a common consumption area and attached licensed premises may serve 15 alcohol and the customers may consume alcohol. Before certifying a 16 promotional association, the local licensing authority shall consider the 17 reasonable requirements of the neighborhood, the desires of the adult 18 inhabitants as evidenced by petitions, remonstrances, or otherwise, and 19 all other reasonable restrictions that are or may be placed upon the 20 neighborhood by the local licensing authority.

(12) (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of this article
ARTICLE 3, on and after July 1, 2016, the state and local licensing
authorities shall not issue a new license under this article ARTICLE 3
authorizing the sale at retail of malt, vinous, or spirituous liquors in sealed
containers for consumption off the licensed premises if the premises for
which the retail license is sought is located:

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(I) Within one thousand five hundred feet of another licensed

premises licensed to sell malt, vinous, or spirituous liquors at retail for
 off-premises consumption; or

3 (II) For a premises located in a municipality with a population of 4 ten thousand or fewer, within three thousand feet of another licensed 5 premises licensed to sell malt, vinous, or spirituous liquors at retail for 6 off-premises consumption.

(b) For purposes of this subsection (12), a license under this
article ARTICLE 3 authorizing the sale at retail of malt, vinous, or
spirituous liquors in sealed containers for consumption off the licensed
premises includes a license under this article ARTICLE 3 authorizing the
sale of malt and vinous liquors in sealed containers not to be consumed
at the place where the malt and vinous liquors are sold.

(c) For purposes of determining whether the distance requirements
specified in paragraph (a) of this subsection (12) SUBSECTION (12)(a) OF
THIS SECTION are satisfied, the distance shall be determined by a radius
measurement that begins at the principal doorway of the premises for
which the application is made and ends at the principal doorway of the
other retail licensed premises.

19 44-3-302. [Formerly 12-47-302] License renewal. (1) Ninety 20 days prior to the expiration date of an existing license, the state licensing 21 authority shall notify the licensee of such THE expiration date by first 22 class mail at the business' last-known address. Application for the renewal 23 of an existing license shall be made to the local licensing authority not 24 less than forty-five days and to the state licensing authority not less than 25 thirty days prior to the date of expiration. No application for renewal of 26 a license shall be accepted by the local licensing authority after the date 27 of expiration, except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, but

-40-

1 filing with the local licensing authority shall be deemed filing with the 2 state, and all renewals filed with the local licensing authorities prior to 3 expiration, and subsequently approved, shall be processed by the state 4 licensing authority, and the expiration date is extended until the state 5 license is processed. The state or the local licensing authority, for good 6 cause, may waive the forty-five- or thirty-day time requirements set forth 7 in this subsection (1). The local licensing authority may cause a hearing 8 on the application for renewal to be held. No renewal hearing provided 9 for by this subsection (1) shall be held by the local licensing authority 10 until a notice of hearing has been conspicuously posted on the licensed 11 premises for a period of ten days and notice of the hearing has been 12 provided the applicant at least ten days prior to the hearing. The licensing 13 authority may refuse to renew any license for good cause, subject to 14 judicial review. Any renewal hearing held by the state licensing authority 15 shall be pursuant to section 12-47-305 (2) SECTION 44-3-305 (2).

16 (2) (a) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (1) of this 17 section, a licensee whose license has been expired for not more than 18 ninety days may file a late renewal application upon the payment of a 19 nonrefundable late application fee of five hundred dollars each to the 20 state and local licensing authorities. A licensee who files a late renewal 21 application and pays the requisite fees may continue to operate until both 22 state and local licensing authorities have taken final action to approve or 23 deny such THE licensee's late renewal application.

(b) A state or local licensing authority shall not accept a late
renewal application more than ninety days after the expiration of a
licensee's permanent annual license. Any licensee whose permanent
annual license has been expired for more than ninety days must apply for

a new license pursuant to section 12-47-311 SECTION 44-3-311 or a
 reissued license pursuant to paragraph (d) of this subsection (2)
 SUBSECTION (2)(d) OF THIS SECTION.

4 (c) Notwithstanding the amount specified for the fee in paragraph 5 (a) of this subsection (2) SUBSECTION (2)(a) OF THIS SECTION, the state 6 licensing authority by rule or as otherwise provided by law may reduce 7 the amount of the fee if necessary pursuant to section 24-75-402 (3) 8 C.R.S., to reduce the uncommitted reserves of the fund to which all or any 9 portion of the fee is credited. After the uncommitted reserves of the fund 10 are sufficiently reduced, the state licensing authority by rule or as 11 otherwise provided by law may increase the amount of the fee as provided 12 in section 24-75-402 (4). C.R.S.

13 (d) (I) Notwithstanding paragraph (b) of this subsection (2) 14 SUBSECTION (2)(b) OF THIS SECTION, with the permission of the licensing 15 authority, a licensee whose permanent annual license has been expired for 16 more than ninety days but less than one hundred eighty days may submit 17 to the local licensing authority, or to the state licensing authority in the 18 case of a licensee whose alcohol beverage license is not subject to 19 issuance or approval by a local licensing authority, an application for a 20 reissued license. The licensing authority has the sole discretion to 21 determine whether to allow a licensee to apply for a reissued license.

(II) If the licensing authority does not allow the licensee's
 application, then the licensee must apply for a new license pursuant to
 section 12-47-311 SECTION 44-3-311. A person who has applied for a new
 license shall not sell, or possess for sale in public view, any alcohol
 beverage until all required licenses have been obtained.

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(III) For licensees subject to issuance or approval by a local

1 licensing authority, if the local licensing authority allows the licensee to 2 apply for a reissuance of the expired license, the licensee must submit to 3 the local licensing authority:

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(A) An application for a reissued license;

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(B) Payment of a five-hundred-dollar late application fee; and

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(C) Payment of a fine of twenty-five dollars per day for each day 7 the license has been expired beyond ninety days.

8 (IV) After the local licensing authority accepts the application, 9 late application fee, and fine, the licensee may continue to operate and 10 sell alcohol beverages until the state licensing authority and local 11 licensing authority have each taken final action on the licensee's 12 application for license reissuance.

13 (V) If the local licensing authority approves the reissuance of the 14 licensee's license, the local licensing authority shall forward the approved 15 application to the state licensing authority for review. In addition to the 16 late application fee and fine imposed by the local licensing authority, the 17 state licensing authority shall impose a five-hundred-dollar late 18 application fee and a fine of twenty-five dollars per day for each day the 19 license has been expired beyond ninety days.

20 (VI) For licensees who are not subject to issuance or approval by 21 a local licensing authority, if the state licensing authority allows the 22 licensee to apply for a reissuance of the expired license, the licensee must 23 submit to the state licensing authority:

24 (A) An application for a reissued license;

25 (B) Payment of a five-hundred-dollar late application fee; and 26 (C) Payment of a fine of twenty-five dollars per day for each day 27 the license has been expired beyond ninety days.

1 (VII) After the state licensing authority accepts the application, 2 late application fee, and fine, the licensee may continue to operate and 3 sell alcohol beverages until the state licensing authority takes final action 4 on the licensee's application for license reissuance.

5 (VIII) If the state licensing authority approves the reissuance, the 6 licensee will maintain the same license period dates as if the license had 7 been renewed prior to the expiration date.

8 (IX) If either the local or state licensing authority denies the 9 licensee's application for reissuance of the expired license, then the 10 licensee may apply for a new license pursuant to section 12-47-311 11 SECTION 44-3-311.

12 (X) Neither the state nor local licensing authority may grant a 13 licensee's application for license reissuance more than three times in any 14 five-year period.

15 44-3-303. [Formerly 12-47-303] Transfer of ownership and 16 **temporary permits.** (1) (a) No license granted under the provisions of 17 this article or article 46 of this title ARTICLE 3 OR ARTICLE 4 OF THIS TITLE 18 44 shall be transferable except as provided in this subsection (1), but this 19 shall not prevent a change of location as provided in section 12-47-301 20 (9) SECTION 44-3-301 (9).

21 (b) When a license has been issued to a husband and wife, or to 22 general or limited partners, the death of a spouse or partner shall not 23 require the surviving spouse or partner to obtain a new license. All rights 24 and privileges granted under the original license shall continue in full 25 force and effect as to such survivors for the balance of the license period. 26 (c) (I) Except as provided in subparagraph (II) of this paragraph 27 (c) SUBSECTION (1)(c)(II) OF THIS SECTION, for any other transfer of

1 ownership, application must be made to the state and local licensing 2 authorities on forms prepared and furnished by the state licensing 3 authority. In determining whether to permit a transfer of ownership, the 4 licensing authorities shall consider only the requirements of section 5 12-47-307 SECTION 44-3-307 and 1 CCR 203-2, rule 47-302, entitled 6 "Changing, Altering, or Modifying Licensed Premises", or any analogous 7 successor rule. The local licensing authority may conduct a hearing on the 8 application for transfer of ownership after providing notice in accordance 9 with subparagraph (III) of this paragraph (c) SUBSECTION (1)(c)(III) OF 10 THIS SECTION. Any transfer of ownership hearing by the state licensing 11 authority must be held in accordance with section 12-47-305 (2) SECTION 12 44-3-305 (2).

13 (II) A license merger and conversion as provided for in section 14 12-47-408 (1)(b) SECTION 44-3-410 (1)(b) includes a transfer of 15 ownership of at least two retail liquor stores, a change of location of one 16 of the retail liquor stores, and a merger and conversion of the retail liquor 17 store licenses into a single liquor-licensed drugstore license, all as part of 18 a single transaction, and the liquor-licensed drugstore applicant need not 19 apply separately for a transfer of ownership under this section. The 20 liquor-licensed drugstore applying for a license merger and conversion 21 pursuant to section 12-47-408(1)(b) SECTION 44-3-410(1)(b) is ineligible 22 for a temporary permit pursuant to this section. The local licensing 23 authority shall consider the reasonable requirements of the neighborhood 24 pursuant to section 12-47-312 SECTION 44-3-312 when making a 25 determination on the merger and conversion of the retail liquor store 26 licenses into a single liquor-licensed drugstore license. The local licensing 27 authority may hold a hearing on the application for the license merger and

conversion after providing notice in accordance with subparagraph (III)
 of this paragraph (c) SUBSECTION (1)(c)(III) OF THIS SECTION.

(III) Prior to holding a hearing as provided in this paragraph (c)
SUBSECTION (1)(c), the local licensing authority shall notify the applicant
of the hearing at least ten days before the hearing and shall post, or may
direct the license applicant to post, a notice of the hearing in a
conspicuous location on the licensed premises for at least ten consecutive
days before the hearing.

9 (d) The state or a local licensing authority shall not approve a 10 transfer of ownership under this subsection (1) until the applicant files 11 with the local licensing authority confirmation from each wholesaler 12 licensed under this article ARTICLE 3 that has sold alcohol beverages to 13 the transferor that the wholesaler has been paid in full for all alcohol 14 beverages delivered to the transferor.

15 (2) Notwithstanding any provision of this article ARTICLE 3 to the 16 contrary, a local licensing authority may issue a temporary permit to a 17 transferee of any retail class of alcohol beverage license issued by the 18 local licensing authority pursuant to this article or article 46 of this title 19 ARTICLE 3 OR ARTICLE 4 OF THIS TITLE 44; except that a local licensing 20 authority shall not issue a temporary permit to a liquor-licensed drugstore 21 that has acquired ownership of licensed retail liquor stores in accordance 22 with section 12-47-408 (1)(b) SECTION 44-3-410 (1)(b). A temporary 23 permit authorizes a transferee to continue selling alcohol beverages as 24 permitted under the permanent license during the period in which an 25 application to transfer the ownership of the license is pending.

26 (3) A temporary permit shall authorize a transferee to conduct
27 business and sell alcohol beverages at retail in accordance with the

-46-

license of the transferor subject to compliance with all of the following
 conditions:

(a) The premises where such alcohol beverages are sold shall have
been previously licensed by the state and local licensing authorities, and
such THE license shall have been valid at the time the application for
transfer of ownership was filed with the local licensing authority that has
jurisdiction to approve an application for a temporary permit.

8 (b) The applicant has filed with the local licensing authority on 9 forms provided by the department of revenue an application for the 10 transfer of the liquor license. Such THE application shall include, but not 11 be limited to, the following information:

(I) The name and address of the applicant; if the applicant is a
partnership, the names and addresses of all the partners; and, if the
applicant is a corporation, association, or other organization, the names
and addresses of the president, vice-president, secretary, and managing
officer;

(II) The applicant's financial interest in the proposed transfer;

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(III) The premises for which the temporary permit is sought;

(IV) Such other information as the local licensing authority mayrequire; and

21 (V) A statement that all accounts for alcohol beverages sold to the22 applicant are paid.

(c) The application for a temporary permit shall be filed no later
than thirty days after the filing of the application for transfer of ownership
and shall be accompanied by a temporary permit fee not to exceed one
hundred dollars.

(d) When applying with the local licensing authority for a

temporary permit, the applicant shall provide a copy, by facsimile or otherwise, of the statement made pursuant to subparagraph (V) of paragraph (b) of this subsection (3) SUBSECTION (3)(b)(V) OF THIS SECTION to the state licensing authority. Such THE statement is a public record and shall be open to inspection by the public.

6 (4) A temporary permit, if granted, by a local licensing authority 7 shall be issued within five working days after the receipt of such THE 8 application. A temporary permit issued pursuant to this section shall be 9 valid until such time as the application to transfer ownership of the 10 license to the applicant is granted or denied or for one hundred twenty 11 days, whichever occurs first; except that, if the application to transfer the 12 license has not been granted or denied within the one-hundred-twenty-day 13 period and the transferee demonstrates good cause, the local licensing 14 authority may extend, in its discretion, the validity of said THE permit for 15 an additional period not to exceed sixty days.

16 (5) A temporary permit shall also be authorized in the event of a 17 transfer of possession of the licensed premises by operation of law, a 18 petition in bankruptcy pursuant to federal bankruptcy law, the 19 appointment of a receiver, a foreclosure action by a secured party, or a 20 court order dispossessing the prior licensee of all rights of possession 21 pursuant to article 40 of title 13. C.R.S.

(6) A temporary permit may be canceled, revoked, or summarily
suspended if the local or state licensing authority determines that there is
probable cause to believe that the transferee has violated any provision of
this article or article 46 of this title ARTICLE 3 OR ARTICLE 4 OF THIS TITLE
44 or has violated any rule or regulation adopted by the local or state
licensing authority or has failed to truthfully disclose those matters

-48-

required pursuant to the application forms required by the department of
 revenue.

3 44-3-304. [Formerly 12-47-304] State licensing authority -4 application and issuance procedures - definitions - rules. 5 (1) (a) Applications for licenses under the provisions of this article and 6 articles 46 and 48 of this title ARTICLE 3 AND ARTICLES 4 AND 5 OF THIS 7 TITLE 44 shall be made to the state licensing authority on forms prepared 8 and furnished by the state licensing authority and shall set forth such 9 information as the state licensing authority may require to enable the 10 authority to determine whether a license should be granted. Such THE 11 information shall include the name and address of the applicant, and if a 12 partnership, also the names and addresses of all the partners, and if a 13 corporation, association, or other organization, also the names and 14 addresses of the president, vice-president, secretary, and managing 15 officer, together with all other information deemed necessary by the 16 licensing authority. Each application shall be verified by the oath or 17 affirmation of such THE person or persons as the state licensing authority 18 may prescribe.

19 (b) Notwithstanding the requirements of paragraph (a) of this 20 subsection (1) SUBSECTION (1)(a) OF THIS SECTION, an applicant seeking 21 licenses for multiple locations may request the state licensing authority to 22 establish a master file. All requests for a master file shall be made on 23 forms provided by the state licensing authority and shall contain such 24 information as the state licensing authority may require to enable the 25 authority to determine the suitability of the license applicant and its 26 principal owners as required pursuant to section 12-47-307 SECTION 27 44-3-307. The state licensing authority shall either approve the request for

1 a master file and issue an approval letter, or deny the request pursuant to 2 the provisions of section 12-47-305 SECTION 44-3-305. Any change to 3 information contained in the master file shall be reported by the applicant 4 or licensee to the state licensing authority within thirty days after the 5 change. Failure to report all changes as required may be grounds for 6 suspension or revocation of a license or licenses as determined by the 7 state licensing authority. No local licensing authority shall require 8 applicants with an approved master file to file additional background 9 investigation forms or fingerprints. Nothing in this section shall prohibit 10 a local licensing authority from conducting its own investigation, or from 11 verifying any of the information provided by the applicant, or from 12 denying the application of the applicant pursuant to the provisions set 13 forth in section 12-47-307 SECTION 44-3-307.

(c) As used in this part 3, "master file" means a file that is
established by the state licensing authority and that contains licensing and
background information for an applicant seeking licenses pursuant to this
article ARTICLE 3 in multiple locations. Such THE master file shall be
available to the local licensing authority.

(d) The state licensing authority shall promulgate rules governing
the minimum number of multiple locations required to establish and
maintain a master file.

(2) (a) Before granting any license for which application has been
made, the state licensing authority or one or more of its inspectors may
visit and inspect the plant or property in which the applicant proposes to
conduct business and investigate the fitness to conduct such business of
any person or the officers and directors of any corporation applying for
a license. In investigating the fitness of the applicant or a licensee, the

1 state licensing authority may have access to criminal history record 2 information furnished by a criminal justice agency, subject to any 3 restrictions imposed by such agency. In the event the state licensing 4 authority takes into consideration information concerning the applicant's 5 criminal history record, the state licensing authority shall also consider 6 any information provided by the applicant regarding such criminal history 7 record, including but not limited to evidence of rehabilitation, character 8 references, and educational achievements, especially those items 9 pertaining to the period of time between the applicant's last criminal 10 conviction and the consideration of the application for a license.

(b) As used in paragraph (a) of this subsection (2) SUBSECTION
(2)(a) OF THIS SECTION, "criminal justice agency" means any federal, state,
or municipal court or any governmental agency or subunit of such agency
that performs the administration of criminal justice pursuant to a statute
or executive order and that allocates a substantial part of its annual budget
to the administration of criminal justice.

(3) The state licensing authority shall not issue a license pursuant
to this section until the local licensing authority has approved the
application provided for in section 12-47-309 SECTION 44-3-309.

20 44-3-305. [Formerly 12-47-305] Denial of application. (1) The 21 state licensing authority shall refuse a state license if the premises on 22 which the applicant proposes to conduct its business do not meet the 23 requirements of this article ARTICLE 3, or if the character of the applicant 24 or its officers or directors is such that violations of this article or article 25 46 or 48 of this title ARTICLE 3 OR ARTICLE 4 OR 5 OF THIS TITLE 44 would 26 be likely to result if a license were granted, or if in its opinion licenses 27 already granted for the particular locality are adequate for the reasonable

1 needs of the community.

2 (2) The state licensing authority shall not refuse a state license 3 after a local license has been granted, except upon hearing after fifteen 4 days' notice to the applicant and to the local licensing authority. The 5 notice shall be in writing and shall state grounds upon which the 6 application may be refused. If the applicant does not respond to the notice 7 within fifteen days after the date of the notice, the application for a 8 license shall be denied. Such THE hearing shall be conducted in 9 accordance with the provisions of section 24-4-105, C.R.S., and judicial 10 review of the state licensing authority's decision shall be pursuant to 11 section 24-4-106. C.R.S.

12 44-3-306. [Formerly 12-47-306] Inactive licenses. The state or 13 local licensing authority, in its discretion, may revoke or elect not to 14 renew a retail license if it determines that the licensed premises has been 15 inactive, without good cause, for at least one year or, in the case of a retail 16 license approved for a facility that has not been constructed, such THE 17 facility has not been constructed and placed in operation within two years 18 after approval of the license application or construction of the facility has 19 not commenced within one year after such THE approval.

20 44-3-307. [Formerly 12-47-307] Persons prohibited as licensees 21 - definition. (1) (a) No license provided by this article or article 46 or 48 22 of this title ARTICLE 3 OR ARTICLE 4 OR 5 OF THIS TITLE 44 shall be issued 23 to or held by:

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(I) Any person until the annual fee therefor has been paid;

(II) Any person who is not of good moral character;

26 (III) Any corporation, any of whose officers, directors, or 27 stockholders holding ten percent or more of the outstanding and issued 1 capital stock thereof are not of good moral character;

2 (IV) Any partnership, association, or company, any of whose
3 officers, or any of whose members holding ten percent or more interest
4 therein, are not of good moral character;

5 (V) Any person employing, assisted by, or financed in whole or 6 in part by any other person who is not of good character and reputation 7 satisfactory to the respective licensing authorities;

8 (VI) Any person unless such THE person's character, record, and
9 reputation are satisfactory to the respective licensing authority;

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(VII) Any natural person under twenty-one years of age.

(b) (I) In making a determination as to character or when
considering the conviction of a crime, a licensing authority shall be
governed by the provisions of section 24-5-101. C.R.S.

(II) With respect to arts or club license applications, an
investigation of the character of the president or chair of the board and the
operational manager shall be deemed sufficient to determine whether to
issue the arts or club license to the applicant.

(2) (a) No license provided by this article ARTICLE 3 shall be
issued to or held by a peace officer described in section 16-2.5-121,
16-2.5-122, 16-2.5-123, 16-2.5-125, 16-2.5-126, 16-2.5-128, or
16-2.5-129, C.R.S., or the state licensing authority or any of its inspectors
or employees.

(b) A peace officer described in section 16-2.5-103, 16-2.5-105,
16-2.5-108, 16-2.5-132, or 16-2.5-149 C.R.S., may not obtain or hold a
license under this article ARTICLE 3 to operate a licensed premises that is
located within the same jurisdiction that employs the peace officer.

(3) (a) In investigating the qualifications of the applicant or a

1 licensee, the local licensing authority may have access to criminal history 2 record information furnished by a criminal justice agency, subject to any 3 restrictions imposed by such agency. In the event the local licensing 4 authority takes into consideration information concerning the applicant's 5 criminal history record, the local licensing authority shall also consider 6 any information provided by the applicant regarding such criminal history 7 record, including but not limited to evidence of rehabilitation, character 8 references, and educational achievements, especially those items 9 pertaining to the period of time between the applicant's last criminal 10 conviction and the consideration of the application for a license.

(b) As used in paragraph (a) of this subsection (3) SUBSECTION
(3)(a) OF THIS SECTION, "criminal justice agency" means any federal, state,
or municipal court or any governmental agency or subunit of such agency
that performs the administration of criminal justice pursuant to a statute
or executive order and that allocates a substantial part of its annual budget
to the administration of criminal justice.

17 (c) At the time of the application for a license, the applicant shall 18 submit fingerprints and file personal history information concerning the 19 applicant's qualifications for a license on forms prepared by the state 20 licensing authority. The state and local licensing authorities shall submit 21 such fingerprints to the Colorado bureau of investigation for the purpose 22 of conducting fingerprints-based criminal history record checks. The 23 Colorado bureau of investigation shall forward the fingerprints to the 24 federal bureau of investigation for the purpose of conducting 25 fingerprints-based criminal history record checks. An applicant who has 26 previously submitted fingerprints for alcohol beverage licensing purposes 27 may request that the fingerprints on file be used. The licensing authorities

1 shall use the information resulting from the fingerprints-based criminal 2 history record check to investigate and to determine if an applicant is 3 qualified for a license pursuant to this article and article 46 of this title 4 ARTICLE 3 AND ARTICLE 4 OF THIS TITLE 44. The licensing authority shall 5 not be prohibited from verifying any of the information required to be 6 submitted by an applicant pursuant to this section. An applicant shall not 7 be required to submit additional information beyond that required in this 8 subsection (3) unless the licensing authority has determined any of the 9 following:

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(I) The applicant has misrepresented a material fact;

(II) The applicant has an established criminal history record;

(III) A prior criminal or administrative proceeding determined that
the applicant violated alcohol beverage laws;

(IV) The information submitted by an applicant is incomplete; or
(V) The character, record, or reputation of the applicant, his or her
agent, or his or her principal is such that a potential violation of this
article or article 46 of this title ARTICLE 3 OR ARTICLE 4 OF THIS TITLE 44
may occur if a license is issued to the applicant.

19 44-3-308. [Formerly 12-47-308] Unlawful financial assistance. 20 (1) (a) It is unlawful for any person licensed pursuant to this article or 21 article 46 of this title ARTICLE 3 OR ARTICLE 4 OF THIS TITLE 44 as a 22 manufacturer, limited winery licensee, wholesaler, or importer, or any 23 person, partnership, association, organization, or corporation interested 24 financially in or with any of said licensees, to furnish, supply, or loan, in 25 any manner, directly or indirectly, to any person licensed to sell at retail 26 pursuant to this article or article 46 or 48 of this title ARTICLE 3 OR 27 ARTICLE 4 OR 5 OF THIS TITLE 44 any financial assistance, including the

extension of credit for more than thirty days, as specified in section 12-47-202(2)(b) SECTION 44-3-202(2)(b) or in rules of the state licensing authority, or any equipment, fixtures, chattels, or furnishings used in the storing, handling, serving, or dispensing of food or alcohol beverages within the premises or for making any structural alterations or improvements in or on the building in which such premises are located. This section shall not apply to signs or displays within such THE premises.

8 (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a) of this 9 subsection (1) SUBSECTION (1)(a) OF THIS SECTION, any person or party 10 described in said paragraph (a) SUBSECTION (1)(a) OF THIS SECTION may 11 provide financial or in-kind assistance, directly or indirectly, to a 12 nonprofit arts organization that has been issued an arts license pursuant 13 to section 12-47-417 SECTION 44-3-419 or to a state-supported institution 14 of higher education in Colorado, including local district colleges, area 15 technical colleges, and the Auraria higher education center, or the 16 governing board of a state-supported institution of higher education, or 17 to a nonpublic institution of higher education as defined in section 18 $23-3.7-102 \frac{\text{C.R.S.}}{\text{C.R.S.}}$ that is operating pursuant to 26 U.S.C. sec. 501 (c)(3) 19 of the federal "Internal Revenue Code of 1986", as amended, if the 20 institution has been issued a license pursuant to article 46, 47, or 48 of 21 this title THIS ARTICLE 3 OR ARTICLE 4 OR 5 OF THIS TITLE 44.

(2) The state licensing authority, by rule, and regulation, shall
require a complete disclosure of all persons having a direct or indirect
financial interest, and the extent of such interest, in each hotel and
restaurant license and each retail gaming tavern license issued under this
article ARTICLE 3. A willful failure to report and disclose the financial
interests of all persons having a direct or indirect financial interest in a

hotel and restaurant license or in a retail gaming tavern license shall be grounds for suspension or revocation of such license by the state licensing authority. The invalidity of any provision of this subsection (2) concerning interest in more than one hotel and restaurant license or retail gaming tavern license shall invalidate all interests in more than one hotel and restaurant license or retail gaming tavern license, and such invalidity shall make any such interest unlawful financial assistance.

8 (3) (a) It is unlawful for any person licensed to sell at retail 9 pursuant to this article or article 46 of this title ARTICLE 3 OR ARTICLE 4 10 OF THIS TITLE 44 to receive and obtain from the persons or parties 11 described and referred to in subsection (1)(a) of this section, directly or 12 indirectly, any financial assistance or any equipment, fixtures, chattels, or 13 furnishings used in the storing, handling, serving, or dispensing of food 14 or alcohol beverages within the premises or from making any structural 15 alterations or improvements in or on the building on which such premises 16 are located. This subsection (3) shall not apply to signs or displays within 17 such THE premises or to advertising materials that are intended primarily 18 to advertise the product of the wholesaler or manufacturer and that have 19 only negligible value in themselves or to the inspection and servicing of 20 malt or vinous liquor-dispensing equipment to the extent necessary for the 21 maintenance of reasonable standards of purity, cleanliness, and health.

(b) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a) of this
subsection (3) SUBSECTION (3)(a) OF THIS SECTION, a nonprofit arts
organization that has been issued an arts license pursuant to section
12-47-417 SECTION 44-3-419 or a state-supported institution of higher
education in Colorado, including local district colleges, area technical
colleges, and the Auraria higher education center, or the governing board

1 of a state-supported institution of higher education, or a nonpublic 2 institution of higher education as defined in section 23-3.7-102 C.R.S., 3 that is operating pursuant to 26 U.S.C. sec. 501 (c)(3) of the federal 4 "Internal Revenue Code of 1986", as amended, if the institution has been 5 issued a license pursuant to article 46, 47, or 48 of this title THIS ARTICLE 6 3 OR ARTICLE 4 OR 5 OF THIS TITLE 44, may receive financial or in-kind 7 assistance, directly or indirectly, from the persons or parties described and 8 referred to in paragraph (a) of subsection (1) SUBSECTION (1)(a) of this 9 section.

10 (4) (a) Except as otherwise authorized, it is unlawful for any 11 person or corporation holding any license pursuant to this article or article 12 46 of this title ARTICLE 3 OR ARTICLE 4 OF THIS TITLE 44 or any person 13 who is a stockholder, director, or officer of any corporation holding a 14 license pursuant to this article or article 46 of this title ARTICLE 3 OR 15 ARTICLE 4 OF THIS TITLE 44 to be a stockholder, director, or officer or to 16 be interested, directly or indirectly, in any person or corporation that lends 17 money to any person or corporation licensed pursuant to this article or 18 article 46 of this title ARTICLE 3 OR ARTICLE 4 OF THIS TITLE 44, but this 19 subsection (4) does not apply to banks or savings and loan associations 20 supervised and regulated by an agency of the state or federal government, 21 or to FHA-approved mortgagees, or to stockholders, directors, or officers 22 thereof; and it is unlawful for any person or corporation licensed pursuant 23 to this article or article 46 of this title ARTICLE 3 OR ARTICLE 4 OF THIS TITLE 44, or any stockholder, director, or officer of such corporation, to 24 25 make any loan or be interested, directly or indirectly, in any loan to any 26 other person licensed pursuant to this article or article 46 of this title 27 ARTICLE 3 OR ARTICLE 4 OF THIS TITLE 44; except that this paragraph (a) SUBSECTION (4)(a) does not apply to any financial institution that comes into possession of a licensed premises by virtue of a foreclosure or deed in lieu of foreclosure if such THE financial institution does not retain such premises for longer than one year or for such time exceeding one year as provided in paragraph (b) of this subsection (4) SUBSECTION (4)(b) OF THIS SECTION.

7 (b) In the case of a financial institution that comes into possession 8 of a licensed premises by virtue of a foreclosure or deed in lieu of 9 foreclosure, the state and the local licensing authority may grant a transfer 10 of ownership for such license for a period of one year and, upon notice 11 and hearing, renewal of such license may be granted. This paragraph (b) 12 SUBSECTION (4)(b) shall apply in the case of every foreclosure or deed in 13 lieu of foreclosure in which disposition of the license has not otherwise 14 been made by the state or local licensing authority.

15 (5) It is unlawful for any owner, part owner, shareholder, 16 stockholder, or person interested, directly or indirectly, in any retail 17 business or establishment of a person licensed to sell at retail pursuant to 18 the provisions of this article or article 46 or 48 of this title ARTICLE 3 OR 19 ARTICLE 4 OR 5 OF THIS TITLE 44 to enter into any agreement with any 20 person or party or to receive, possess, or accept any money, fixtures, 21 supplies, or things of value from any person or party, whereby a person 22 licensed to sell at retail pursuant to this article or article 46 or 48 of this 23 title ARTICLE 3 OR ARTICLE 4 OR 5 OF THIS TITLE 44 may be influenced or caused, directly or indirectly, to buy, sell, dispense, or handle the product 24 25 of any manufacturer of alcohol beverages. This subsection (5) shall not 26 apply to displays within such premises.

27

(6) Any transaction, agreement, or arrangement prohibited by the

1 provisions of this section, if made and entered into by and between the 2 persons and parties described and referred to in this section, is unlawful, 3 illegal, invalid, and void, and any obligation or liability arising out of 4 such transaction, agreement, or arrangement shall be unenforceable in any 5 court of this state by or against any such persons and parties entering into 6 such THE transaction, agreement, or arrangement.

7 (7) This section is intended to prohibit and prevent the control of 8 the outlets for the sale of alcohol beverages by any persons or parties 9 other than the persons licensed pursuant to the provisions of this article 10 or article 46 or 48 of this title ARTICLE 3 OR ARTICLE 4 OR 5 OF THIS TITLE 11 44.

12 (8) It is unlawful for an owner, part owner, shareholder, or person 13 interested directly or indirectly in a brew pub, distillery pub, or vintner's 14 restaurant license to conduct, own in whole or in part, or be directly or 15 indirectly interested in a wholesaler's license issued under this article or 16 article 46 of this title ARTICLE 3 OR ARTICLE 4 OF THIS TITLE 44.

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44-3-309. [Formerly 12-47-309] Local licensing authority -18 applications - optional premises licenses. (1) A local licensing 19 authority may issue only the following alcohol beverage licenses upon 20 payment of the fee specified in section 12-47-505 SECTION 44-3-505:

- 21 (a) Retail liquor store license;
- 22 (b) Liquor-licensed drugstore license;
- 23 (c) Beer and wine license;
- 24 (d) Hotel and restaurant license;
- 25 (e) Tavern license;
- 26 (f) Brew pub license;
- 27 (g) Club license;

- 1 (h) Arts license;
- 2 (i) Racetrack license;
- 3 (j) Optional premises license;
- 4 (k) Retail gaming tavern license;
- 5 (l) Vintner's restaurant license;
- 6 (m) Distillery pub license;
- 7
- (m) Distinery publicense;
- (n) Lodging and entertainment license.

8 (2) An application for any license specified in subsection (1) of 9 this section or section 12-46-107 SECTION 44-4-107 shall be filed with the 10 appropriate local licensing authority on forms provided by the state 11 licensing authority and containing such information as the state licensing 12 authority may require. Each application shall be verified by the oath or 13 affirmation of such persons as prescribed by the state licensing authority.

14 (3) The applicant shall file at the time of application plans and 15 specifications for the interior of the building if the building to be 16 occupied is in existence at the time. If the building is not in existence, the 17 applicant shall file a plot plan and a detailed sketch for the interior and 18 submit an architect's drawing of the building to be constructed. In its 19 discretion, the local licensing authority may impose additional 20 requirements necessary for the approval of the application.

44-3-310. [Formerly 12-47-310] Optional premises license local option. (1) No optional premises license, or optional premises
permit for a hotel and restaurant license, as defined in section 12-47-103
(22)(a) SECTION 44-3-103 (33)(a), shall be issued within any municipality
or the unincorporated portion of any county unless the governing body of
the municipality has adopted by ordinance, or the governing body of the
county has adopted by resolution, specific standards for the issuance of

optional premises licenses or for optional premises for a hotel and
 restaurant license. No municipality or county shall be required to adopt
 such standards or make such licenses available within its jurisdiction.

4 (2) In addition to all other standards applicable to the issuance of
5 licenses under this article ARTICLE 3, the governing body may adopt
6 additional standards for the issuance of optional premises licenses or for
7 optional premises for a hotel and restaurant license that may include:

8 (a) The specific types of outdoor sports and recreational facilities
9 that are eligible to apply for an optional premises license or an optional
10 premises for a hotel and restaurant license;

(b) Restrictions on the number of optional premises that any one
licensee may have on an outdoor sports or recreational facility;

(c) A restriction on the minimum size of any applicant's outdoor
sports or recreational facility that would be eligible for the issuance of an
optional premises license or optional premises for a hotel and restaurant
license;

17 (d) Any other requirements necessary to ensure the control of the18 premises and the ease of enforcement.

19 (3) An applicant for a hotel and restaurant license who desires to 20 sell or serve alcohol beverages on optional premises shall file with the 21 optional premises permit application a list of the optional premises 22 locations. Such THE application and list shall be filed with the state and 23 local licensing authorities upon initial application, and each license year 24 thereafter. Approval of the areas must be obtained from the state licensing 25 authority and the local licensing authority. The decision of each authority 26 shall be discretionary. In the event that the state and local licensing 27 authorities allow the area or areas to be designated optional premises, no

1 alcohol beverages may be served on the optional premises without the 2 licensee having provided written notice to the state and local licensing 3 authorities forty-eight hours prior to serving alcohol beverages on the 4 optional premises. Such THE notice shall contain the specific days and 5 hours on which the optional premises are to be used. This subsection (3) 6 shall not be construed to permit the violation of any other provision of 7 this article ARTICLE 3 under circumstances not specified in this subsection 8 (3).

9 (4) An applicant for an optional premises license who desires to 10 sell, dispense, or serve alcohol beverages on optional premises shall file 11 with the optional premises license application a list of the optional 12 premises locations and the area in which the applicant desires to store 13 alcohol beverages for future use on the optional premises. The applicant 14 shall file the application and additional information with the state and 15 local licensing authorities upon initial application and each license year 16 thereafter. Approval of the license and areas must be obtained from the 17 state licensing authority and the local licensing authority. The decision of 18 each authority shall be discretionary. In the event that the state and local 19 licensing authorities allow the area or areas to be designated optional 20 premises, no alcohol beverages may be served on the optional premises 21 without the licensee having provided written notice to the state and local 22 licensing authorities forty-eight hours prior to serving alcohol beverages 23 on the optional premises. The notice must contain the specific days and 24 hours on which the optional premises are to be used. This subsection (4) 25 does not permit the violation of any other provision of this article ARTICLE 26 3 under circumstances not specified in this subsection (4).

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44-3-311. [Formerly 12-47-311] Public notice - posting and

1 publication - definition. (1) Upon receipt of an application, except an 2 application for renewal or for transfer of ownership, the local licensing 3 authority shall schedule a public hearing upon the application not less 4 than thirty days from the date of the application and shall post and publish 5 the public notice thereof not less than ten days prior to such THE hearing. 6 Public notice shall be given by the posting of a sign in a conspicuous 7 place on the premises for which application has been made and by 8 publication in a newspaper of general circulation in the county in which 9 the premises are located.

10 (2) Notice given by posting shall include a sign of suitable 11 material, not less than twenty-two inches wide and twenty-six inches 12 high, composed of letters not less than one inch in height and stating the 13 type of license applied for, the date of the application, the date of the 14 hearing, and the name and address of the applicant, and such other 15 information as may be required to fully apprise the public of the nature of 16 the application. If the applicant is a partnership, the sign shall contain the 17 names and addresses of all partners, and if the applicant is a corporation, 18 association, or other organization, the sign shall contain the names and 19 addresses of the president, vice president, secretary, and manager or other 20 managing officers.

21 (3) Notice given by publication shall contain the same information 22 as that required for signs.

23 (4) If the building in which the alcohol beverage is to be sold is 24 in existence at the time of the application, any sign posted as required in 25 subsections (1) and (2) of this section shall be placed so as to be 26 conspicuous and plainly visible to the general public. If the building is not 27 constructed at the time of the application, the applicant shall post the

premises upon which the building is to be constructed in such a manner
 that the notice shall be conspicuous and plainly visible to the general
 public.

4 (5) (a) At the public hearing held pursuant to this section, any
5 party in interest shall be allowed to present evidence and to cross-examine
6 witnesses.

- 7 (b) As used in this subsection (5), "party in interest" means any of
 8 the following:
- 9 (I) The applicant;

10

(II) An adult resident of the neighborhood under consideration;

(III) The owner or manager of a business located in theneighborhood under consideration;

(IV) The principal or representative of any school located within
five hundred feet of the premises for which the issuance of a license
pursuant to section 12-47-309 (1) SECTION 44-3-309 (1) is under
consideration.

17 (c) The local licensing authority, in its discretion, may limit the
18 presentation of evidence and cross-examination so as to prevent repetitive
19 and cumulative evidence or examination.

20 (d) Nothing in this subsection (5) shall be construed to prevent a 21 representative of an organized neighborhood group that encompasses part 22 or all of the neighborhood under consideration from presenting evidence 23 subject to this section. Such THE representative shall reside within the 24 neighborhood group's geographic boundaries and shall be a member of 25 the neighborhood group. Such THE representative shall not be entitled to 26 cross-examine witnesses or seek judicial review of the licensing 27 authority's decision.

44-3-312. [Formerly 12-47-312] Results of investigation decision of authorities. (1) Not less than five days prior to the date of
hearing, the local licensing authority shall make known its findings based
on its investigation in writing to the applicant and other interested parties.
The local licensing authority has authority to refuse to issue any licenses
provided in sections 12-47-309 (1) and 12-46-107 SECTIONS 44-3-309 (1)
AND 44-4-107 for good cause, subject to judicial review.

8 (2) (a) Before entering any decision approving or denying the 9 application, the local licensing authority shall consider, except where this 10 article ARTICLE 3 specifically provides otherwise, the facts and evidence 11 adduced as a result of its investigation, as well as any other facts, the 12 reasonable requirements of the neighborhood for the type of license for 13 which application has been made, the desires of the adult inhabitants, the 14 number, type, and availability of alcohol beverage outlets located in or 15 near the neighborhood under consideration, and any other pertinent 16 matters affecting the qualifications of the applicant for the conduct of the type of business proposed; except that the reasonable requirements of the 17 18 neighborhood shall not be considered in the issuance of a club liquor 19 license. For the merger and conversion of retail liquor store licenses to a 20 single liquor-licensed drugstore license in accordance with section 21 12-47-408 (1)(b) SECTION 44-3-410 (1)(b), the local licensing authority 22 shall consider the reasonable requirements of the neighborhood and the 23 desires of the adult inhabitants of the neighborhood.

(b) Any petitioning otherwise required to establish the reasonable
requirements of the neighborhood shall be waived for a bed and breakfast
permit applicant unless the local licensing authority has previously taken
affirmative, official action to rescind the availability of such waiver in all

1 subsequent cases.

(3) Any decision of a local licensing authority approving or
denying an application shall be in writing stating the reasons therefor
within thirty days after the date of the public hearing, and a copy of such
THE decision shall be sent by certified mail to the applicant at the address
shown in the application.

7 (4) No license shall be issued by any local licensing authority after 8 approval of an application until the building in which the business is to 9 be conducted is ready for occupancy with such furniture, fixtures, and 10 equipment in place as is necessary to comply with the applicable 11 provisions of this article and article 46 of this title ARTICLE 3 AND 12 ARTICLE 4 OF THIS TITLE 44, and then only after inspection of the premises 13 has been made by the licensing authority to determine that the applicant 14 has complied with the architect's drawing and the plot plan and detailed 15 sketch for the interior of the building submitted with the application.

16 (5) After approval of any application, the local licensing authority
17 shall notify the state licensing authority of such THE approval, who shall
18 investigate and either approve or disapprove such application.

44-3-313. [Formerly 12-47-313] Restrictions for applications
for new license. (1) No application for the issuance of any license
specified in section 12-47-309 (1) or 12-46-107 (1) SECTION 44-3-309 (1)
OR 44-4-107 (1) shall be received or acted upon:

(a) (I) If the application for a license described in section
12-47-309 (1) SECTION 44-3-309 (1) concerns a particular location that is
the same as or within five hundred feet of a location for which, within the
two years next preceding the date of the application, the state or a local
licensing authority denied an application for the same class of license for

the reason that the reasonable requirements of the neighborhood and the
 desires of the adult inhabitants were satisfied by the existing outlets.

- 3 (II) Subparagraph (I) of this paragraph (a) SUBSECTION (1)(a)(I)
 4 OF THIS SECTION shall not apply to cities in which limited gaming is
 5 permitted pursuant to section 9 of article XVIII of the state constitution.
- 6 (III) No licensing authority shall consider an application for any 7 license to sell fermented malt beverages at retail pursuant to section 8 12-46-107(1) SECTION 44-4-107(1) if, within one year before the date of 9 the application, the state or a local licensing authority has denied an 10 application at the same location for the reason that the reasonable 11 requirements of the neighborhood or the desires of the inhabitants were 12 satisfied by the existing outlets.
- (b) Until it is established that the applicant is, or will be, entitled
 to possession of the premises for which application is made under a lease,
 rental agreement, or other arrangement for possession of the premises, or
 by virtue of ownership thereof;
- (c) For a location in an area where the sale of alcohol beverages
 as contemplated is not permitted under the applicable zoning laws of the
 municipality, city and county, or county;
- (d) (I) If the building in which the alcohol beverages are to be sold
 pursuant to a license described in section 12-47-309 (1) SECTION 44-3-309
 (1) is located within five hundred feet of any public or parochial school
 or the principal campus of any college, university, or seminary; except
 that this subsection (1)(d)(I) does not:
- (A) Affect the renewal or reissuance of a license once granted;
 (B) Apply to licensed premises located or to be located on land
 owned by a municipality;

-68-

(C) Apply to an existing licensed premises on land owned by the
 state;

- 3 (D) Apply to a liquor license in effect and actively doing business
 4 before the principal campus was constructed;
- 5 (E) Apply to any club located within the principal campus of any 6 college, university, or seminary that limits its membership to the faculty 7 or staff of the institution; or
- 8

(F) Apply to a campus liquor complex.

9 (II) The distances referred to in subparagraph (I) of this paragraph 10 (d) SUBSECTION (1)(d)(I) OF THIS SECTION are to be computed by direct 11 measurement from the nearest property line of the land used for school 12 purposes to the nearest portion of the building in which liquor is to be 13 sold, using a route of direct pedestrian access.

14 (III) The local licensing authority of any city and county, by rule 15 or regulation; the governing body of any other municipality, by ordinance; 16 and the governing body of any other county, by resolution, may eliminate 17 or reduce the distance restrictions imposed by this paragraph (d) 18 SUBSECTION (1)(d) for any class of license, or may eliminate one or more 19 types of schools or campuses from the application of any distance 20 restriction established by or pursuant to this paragraph (d) SUBSECTION 21 (1)(d).

(IV) In addition to the requirements of section 12-47-312 (2)
SECTION 44-3-312 (2), the local licensing authority shall consider the
evidence and make a specific finding of fact as to whether the building in
which the liquor is to be sold is located within any distance restrictions
established by or pursuant to this section. This finding shall be subject to
judicial review pursuant to section 12-47-802 SECTION 44-3-802.

1	(2) An application for the issuance of a tavern or retail liquor store
2	license may be denied under this article ARTICLE 3 if the local licensing
3	authority or the state on state-owned property determines, pursuant to
4	section 12-47-301 (2)(b) SECTION 44-3-301 (2)(b), that the issuance of
5	such THE license would result in or add to an undue concentration of the
6	same class of license and, as a result, require the use of additional law
7	enforcement resources.
8	PART 4
9	CLASSES OF LICENSES AND PERMITS
10	44-3-401. [Formerly 12-47-401] Classes of licenses and permits
11	- rules. (1) For the purpose of regulating the manufacture, sale, and
12	distribution of alcohol beverages, the state licensing authority in its
13	discretion, upon application in the prescribed form made to it, may issue
14	and grant to the applicant a license or permit from any of the following
15	classes, subject to the provisions and restrictions provided by this article
16	ARTICLE 3:
17	(a) Manufacturer's license;
18	(b) Limited winery license;
19	(c) Nonresident manufacturer's license;
20	(d) Importer's license;
21	(e) Malt liquor importer's license;
22	(f) Wholesaler's liquor license;
23	(g) Wholesaler's beer license;
24	(h) Retail liquor store license;
25	(i) Liquor-licensed drugstore license;
26	(j) Beer and wine license;
27	(k) Hotel and restaurant license;

1	(l) Tavern license;
2	(m) Brew pub license;
3	(n) Club license;
4	(o) Arts license;
5	(p) Racetrack license;
6	(q) Public transportation system license;
7	(r) Optional premises license;
8	(s) Retail gaming tavern license;
9	(t) Vintner's restaurant license;
10	(u) Wine packaging permit;
11	(v) Distillery pub license;
12	(w) Lodging and entertainment license;
13	(x) Manager's permit.
14	(2) If the federal alcohol and tobacco tax and trade bureau
15	approves the purchase, sale, possession, or manufacturing of powdered
16	alcohol in the United States, the state licensing authority shall adopt rules
17	establishing a mechanism for regulating the manufacture, purchase, sale,
18	possession, and use of powdered alcohol.
19	44-3-402. [Formerly 12-47-402] Manufacturer's license. (1) A
20	manufacturer's license shall be issued by the state licensing authority to
21	persons distilling, rectifying, or brewing within this state for the following
22	purposes only:
23	(a) To produce, manufacture, or rectify malt, vinous, or spirituous
24	liquors;
25	(b) To sell malt or vinous liquors of their own manufacture within
26	this state. Brewers or winers licensed under this section may solicit
27	business directly from licensed retail persons or consumers by procuring

1 a wholesaler's license as provided in this article ARTICLE 3; except that 2 any malt liquor sold at wholesale by a brewer that has procured a 3 wholesaler's license shall be unloaded and placed in the physical 4 possession of a licensed wholesaler at the wholesaler's licensed premises 5 in this state and inventoried for purposes of tax collection prior to 6 delivery to a retailer or consumer. Wholesalers of malt liquors receiving 7 products to be held as required by this paragraph (b) SUBSECTION (1)(b) 8 shall be liable for the payment of any tax due on such products under 9 section 12-47-503 (1)(a) SECTION 44-3-503 (1)(a).

10 (c) To sell vinous or spirituous liquors of their own manufacture
11 within the state to persons licensed by this article ARTICLE 3 without
12 procuring a wholesaler's license;

13 (d) To sell malt, vinous, or spirituous liquors in other states, the
14 laws of which permit the sale of alcohol beverages;

(e) To sell for export to foreign countries, if such export for
beverage or medicinal purposes is permitted by the laws of the United
States; but Colorado distillers, rectifiers, winers, and brewers licensed
under this section may sell their products distilled, rectified, or brewed in
this state directly to licensed retail licensees by procuring a wholesaler's
license.

(2) (a) A winery licensed pursuant to this section may conduct
tastings and sell vinous liquors of its own manufacture, as well as other
vinous liquors manufactured by other Colorado wineries licensed
pursuant to this section or section 12-47-403 SECTION 44-3-403, on the
licensed premises of the winery and at one other approved sales room
location at no additional cost, whether included in the license at the time
of the original license issuance or by supplemental application.

-72-

(b) A winery licensed pursuant to this section may serve and sell
 food, general merchandise, and nonalcohol beverages for consumer
 consumption on or off the licensed premises.

(c) (I) (A) Prior to operating a sales room location, a winery

5 licensed pursuant to this section shall, at the time of application to the 6 state licensing authority, send a copy of the application or supplemental 7 application for a sales room to the local licensing authority in the 8 jurisdiction in which the sales room is proposed. The local licensing 9 authority may submit a response to the application, including its 10 determination specified in subparagraph (II) of this paragraph (c) 11 SUBSECTION (2)(a)(II) OFTURS SECTION to the state licensing authority but

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SUBSECTION (2)(c)(II) OF THIS SECTION, to the state licensing authority but must submit its response within forty-five days after the licensed winery submits its sales room application to the state licensing authority, or, for purposes of an application to operate a temporary sales room for not more than three consecutive days, within the time specified by the state licensing authority by rule.

17 (B) If the local licensing authority does not submit a response to 18 the state licensing authority within the time specified in sub-subparagraph 19 (A) of this subparagraph (I) SUBSECTION (2)(c)(I)(A) OF THIS SECTION, the 20 state licensing authority shall deem that the local licensing authority has 21 determined that the proposed sales room will not impact traffic, noise, or 22 other neighborhood concerns in a manner that is inconsistent with local 23 regulations or ordinances or that the applicant will sufficiently mitigate 24 any impacts identified by the local licensing authority.

(II) The state licensing authority must consider the response from
the local licensing authority, if any, and may deny the proposed sales
room application if the local licensing authority determines that approval

-73-

of the proposed sales room will impact traffic, noise, or other neighborhood concerns in a manner that is inconsistent with local regulations or ordinances, which may be determined by the local licensing authority without requiring a public hearing, or that the applicant cannot sufficiently mitigate any potential impacts identified by the local licensing authority.

(III) The state licensing authority shall not grant approval of an
additional sales room unless the applicant affirms to the state licensing
authority that the applicant has complied with local zoning restrictions.

(IV) A licensed winery that is operating a sales room as of August
5, 2015, or that is granted approval pursuant to this paragraph (c)
SUBSECTION (2)(c) to operate a sales room on or after August 5, 2015,
shall notify the state licensing authority of all sales rooms it operates. The
state licensing authority shall maintain a list of all licensed winery sales
rooms in the state and make the list available on its website.

(V) The local licensing authority may request that the state
licensing authority take action in accordance with section 12-47-601
SECTION 44-3-601 against a licensed winery approved to operate a sales
room if the local licensing authority:

20 (A) Demonstrates to the state licensing authority that the licensee
21 has engaged in an unlawful act as set forth in part 9 of this article
22 ARTICLE 3; or

(B) Shows good cause as specified in section 12-47-103 (9)(a),
 (9)(b), or (9)(d) SECTION 44-3-103 (19)(a), (19)(b), OR (19)(d).

(VI) This paragraph (c) SUBSECTION (2)(c) does not apply if the
licensed winery does not sell and serve vinous liquors for consumption on
the licensed premises or in an approved sales room.

(2.5) (3) (a) Any winery that has received a license pursuant to
this section shall be authorized to manufacture vinous liquors upon an
alternating proprietor licensed premises, as approved by the state
licensing authority, but retail sales of vinous liquors shall not be
conducted from an area licensed or defined as an alternating proprietor
licensed premises.

7 (b) Any brewery that has received a license pursuant to this 8 section shall be authorized to manufacture malt liquors upon an 9 alternating proprietor licensed premises, as approved by the state 10 licensing authority, but retail sales of malt liquors shall not be conducted 11 from an area licensed or defined as an alternating proprietor licensed 12 premises.

(c) Any winery or brewery that holds a wholesaler's license
pursuant to section 12-46-104 (1)(b) or 12-47-406 SECTION 44-3-407 OR
44-4-104 (1)(b) may engage in the wholesale sale of alcohol beverages
that the licensee manufactured at an alternating proprietor licensed
premises from both its licensed premises and the alternating proprietor
licensed premises where the alcohol beverages were manufactured.

19

(3) Repealed.

(3.5) (4) A winery that has received a license pursuant to this
 section may ship wine directly to personal consumers if such THE winery
 also has received a winery direct shipper's permit under section 12-47-104
 SECTION 44-3-104.

(4) (5) (a) It is unlawful for a manufacturer licensed under this
 article ARTICLE 3 or any person, partnership, association, organization, or
 corporation interested financially in or with a licensed manufacturer to be
 interested financially, directly or indirectly, in the business of any person

1 licensed to sell at retail pursuant to this article ARTICLE 3.

(b) It is unlawful for any licensed manufacturer of vinous or
spirituous liquors or any person, partnership, association, organization, or
corporation interested financially in or with such a licensed manufacturer
to be interested financially, directly or indirectly, in the business of any
vinous or spirituous wholesale licensee; except that any such financial
interest that occurred on or before July 1, 1969, shall be lawful.

8 (5) (6) Each applicant for a license as a brewer shall enter into a 9 written contract with each wholesaler with which the applicant intends to 10 do business that designates the territory within which the product of such 11 THE applicant is sold by the respective wholesaler. The contract shall be 12 submitted to the state licensing authority with an application, and such 13 THE applicant, if licensed, shall have a continuing duty to submit any 14 subsequent revisions, amendments, or superseding contracts to the state 15 licensing authority.

16 (6) (7) (a) A manufacturer of spirituous liquors licensed pursuant
17 to this section may conduct tastings and sell to customers spirituous
18 liquors of its own manufacture on its licensed premises and at one other
19 approved sales room location at no additional cost. A sales room location
20 may be included in the license at the time of the original license issuance
21 or by supplemental application.

(b) A manufacturer of spirituous liquors licensed pursuant to this
 section may serve and sell food, general merchandise, and nonalcohol
 beverages for consumer consumption on or off the licensed premises.

(c) (I) (A) Prior to operating a sales room location, a manufacturer
 of spirituous liquors licensed pursuant to this section shall, at the time of
 application to the state licensing authority, send a copy of the application

1 or supplemental application for a sales room to the local licensing 2 authority in the jurisdiction in which the sales room is proposed. The local 3 licensing authority may submit a response to the application, including its 4 determination specified in subparagraph (II) of this paragraph (c) 5 SUBSECTION (7)(c)(II) OF THIS SECTION, to the state licensing authority but 6 must submit its response within forty-five days after the licensee submits 7 its sales room application to the state licensing authority, or, for purposes 8 of an application to operate a temporary sales room for not more than 9 three consecutive days, within the time specified by the state licensing 10 authority by rule.

11 (B) If the local licensing authority does not submit a response to 12 the state licensing authority within the time specified in sub-subparagraph 13 (A) of this subparagraph (I) SUBSECTION (7)(c)(I)(A) OF THIS SECTION, the 14 state licensing authority shall deem that the local licensing authority has 15 determined that the proposed sales room will not impact traffic, noise, or 16 other neighborhood concerns in a manner that is inconsistent with local 17 regulations or ordinances or that the applicant will sufficiently mitigate 18 any impacts identified by the local licensing authority.

19 (II) The state licensing authority must consider the response from 20 the local licensing authority, if any, and may deny the proposed sales 21 room application if the local licensing authority determines that approval 22 of the proposed sales room will impact traffic, noise, or other 23 neighborhood concerns in a manner that is inconsistent with local 24 regulations or ordinances, which may be determined by the local licensing 25 authority without requiring a public hearing, or that the applicant cannot 26 sufficiently mitigate any potential impacts identified by the local licensing 27 authority.

(III) The state licensing authority shall not grant approval of an
 additional sales room unless the applicant affirms to the state licensing
 authority that the applicant has complied with local zoning restrictions.

4 (IV) A licensed spirituous liquors manufacturer that is operating 5 a sales room as of August 5, 2015, or that is granted approval pursuant to 6 this paragraph (c) SUBSECTION (7)(c) to operate a sales room on or after 7 August 5, 2015, shall notify the state licensing authority of all sales rooms 8 it operates. The state licensing authority shall maintain a list of all 9 licensed spirituous liquor manufacturer sales rooms in the state and make 10 the list available on its website.

(V) The local licensing authority may request that the state
licensing authority take action in accordance with section 12-47-601
SECTION 44-3-601 against a licensed spirituous liquors manufacturer
approved to operate a sales room if the local licensing authority:

(A) Demonstrates to the state licensing authority that the licensee
has engaged in an unlawful act as set forth in part 9 of this article
ARTICLE 3; or

(B) Shows good cause as specified in section 12-47-103 (9)(a),
 (9)(b), or (9)(d) SECTION 44-3-103 (19)(a), (19)(b), OR (19)(d).

(VI) This paragraph (c) SUBSECTION (7)(c) does not apply if the
licensed spirituous liquors manufacturer does not sell and serve its
spirituous liquors for consumption on the licensed premises or in an
approved sales room.

24

44-3-403. [Formerly 12-47-403] Limited winery license - rules.

(1) A Colorado limited winery license shall be granted by the state
licensing authority to an applicant that certifies that it will manufacture
not more than one hundred thousand gallons, or the metric equivalent,

thereof, of vinous liquors within Colorado. Each limited winery licensee
shall annually certify to the state licensing authority its compliance with
this subsection (1) and shall be subject to revocation of its license for
false certification.

5

(2) A limited winery licensee is authorized:

(a) (1) To manufacture vinous liquors upon its licensed premises
and, in order to enhance the growth and viability of the Colorado wine
industry, upon alternating proprietor licensed premises, as approved by
the state licensing authority.

10

(II) Repealed.

(b) To sell vinous liquors of its own manufacture within this state
at wholesale, at retail, or to personal consumers, including, if the limited
winery also has received a winery direct shipper's permit under section
12-47-104 SECTION 44-3-104, sales to be delivered by common carrier or
by the limited winery licensee to personal consumers in accordance with
all requirements in section 12-47-104 SECTION 44-3-104;

17 (c) To sell vinous liquors of its own manufacture in other states,
18 the laws of which permit the sale of such wines and liquors;

(d) To sell vinous liquors of its own manufacture for export to
foreign countries if such export is permitted by the laws of the United
States;

(e) (I) (A) Except as provided in sub-subparagraph (B) of this
subparagraph (I) SUBSECTION (2)(e)(I)(B) OF THIS SECTION and subject to
subparagraph (II) of this paragraph (e) SUBSECTION (2)(e)(II) OF THIS
SECTION, to conduct tastings and sell vinous liquors of its own
manufacture, as well as vinous liquors manufactured by other Colorado
wineries, on the licensed premises of the limited winery and up to five

other approved sales room locations, whether included in the license at
 the time of the original license or by supplemental application.

3

4

(B) A limited winery licensee shall not conduct retail sales from an area licensed or defined as an alternating proprietor licensed premises.

5 (II) (A) Prior to operating a sales room location, a limited winery 6 licensed pursuant to this section shall, at the time of application to the 7 state licensing authority, send a copy of the application or supplemental 8 application for a sales room to the local licensing authority in the 9 jurisdiction in which the sales room is proposed. The local licensing 10 authority may submit a response to the application, including its 11 determination specified in sub-subparagraph (B) of this subparagraph (II) 12 SUBSECTION (2)(e)(II)(B) OF THIS SECTION, to the state licensing authority 13 but must submit its response within forty-five days after the licensed 14 limited winery submits its sales room application to the state licensing 15 authority, or, for purposes of an application to operate a temporary sales 16 room for not more than three consecutive days, within the time specified 17 by the state licensing authority by rule. If the local licensing authority 18 does not submit a response to the state licensing authority within the time 19 specified in this sub-subparagraph (A) SUBSECTION (2)(e)(II)(A), the state 20 licensing authority shall deem that the local licensing authority has 21 determined that the proposed sales room will not impact traffic, noise, or 22 other neighborhood concerns in a manner that is inconsistent with local 23 regulations or ordinances or that the applicant will sufficiently mitigate 24 any impacts identified by the local licensing authority.

(B) The state licensing authority must consider the response from
the local licensing authority, if any, and may deny the proposed sales
room application if the local licensing authority determines that approval

of the proposed sales room will impact traffic, noise, or other neighborhood concerns in a manner that is inconsistent with local regulations or ordinances, which may be determined by the local licensing authority without requiring a public hearing, or that the applicant cannot sufficiently mitigate any potential impacts identified by the local licensing authority.

7 (C) The state licensing authority shall not grant approval of an
8 additional sales room unless the applicant affirms to the state licensing
9 authority that the limited winery applicant has complied with local zoning
10 restrictions.

11 (D) A licensed limited winery that is operating a sales room as of 12 August 5, 2015, or that is granted approval pursuant to this subparagraph 13 (H) SUBSECTION (2)(e)(II) to operate a sales room on or after August 5, 14 2015, shall notify the state licensing authority of all sales rooms it 15 operates. The state licensing authority shall maintain a list of all limited 16 winery licensee sales rooms in the state and make the list available on its 17 website.

18 The local licensing authority may request that the state (E) 19 licensing authority take action in accordance with section 12-47-601 20 SECTION 44-3-601 against a licensed limited winery approved to operate 21 a sales room if the local licensing authority demonstrates to the state 22 licensing authority that the licensee has engaged in an unlawful act as set 23 forth in part 9 of this article ARTICLE 3 or shows good cause as specified in section 12-47-103 (9)(a), (9)(b), or (9)(d) SECTION 44-3-103 (19)(a), 24 25 (19)(b), OR (19)(d).

26 (F) This subparagraph (II) SUBSECTION (2)(e)(II) does not apply
27 if the licensed limited winery does not sell and serve vinous liquors for

-81-

1 consumption on the licensed premises or in an approved sales room.

2 (f) To serve and sell food, general merchandise, and nonalcohol
3 beverages for consumption on the premises of any licensed premises or
4 to be taken by the consumer.

5 (2.3) (3) In order to encourage and maintain the integrity and 6 authenticity of Colorado's viticultural identity, support the wine-grape and 7 fruit growing industries in Colorado, and inform the consumer of the 8 source of grapes and fruit used by Colorado limited wineries to produce 9 vinous liquors, the liquor enforcement division shall, after consultation 10 with the Colorado wine industry and other interested parties from the 11 alcohol beverage industry, within one year after June 1, 2005, enact rules 12 for the implementation, standardization, and enforcement of appellation 13 labeling requirements that are consistent with, and, with respect to the 14 origin of the grapes and other fruit used to manufacture the vinous liquor, 15 more informative than currently required by federal wine labeling 16 regulations 27 CFR, chapter 1, part 4 SET FORTH IN 27 CFR PART 4, 17 "labeling and advertising of wine", and related regulations. Colorado's 18 labeling regulations shall apply to a manufacturer licensed pursuant to 19 section 12-47-402 SECTION 44-3-402 or a Colorado limited winery 20 licensed under this section in the manufacture of the vinous liquor 21 contained in the labeled bottle. Honey wine, including honey wine 22 flavored with fruit, herbs, or spices, shall be exempt from the labeling 23 requirements included in this section.

24 (2.7) (4) (a) A winery may affix the phrase "Colorado Grown" to
25 bottles of wine described in section 12-47-103 (6.5) SECTION 44-3-103
26 (10).

27

(b) Effective July 1, 2006, it shall be unlawful for a Colorado

-82-

winery to make any misleading statement on its product label regarding
the origin of grapes, fruit, or other agricultural products used to make
vinous liquor. This paragraph (b) SUBSECTION (4)(b) shall not be
construed to apply to the winery's name or address or to an appellation
allowed under federal regulations.

(3) (5) A person who has a financial interest in a limited winery
license and relinquishes such license to apply for another license under
this article ARTICLE 3 shall be prohibited from obtaining a limited winery
license for three years from the date of issuance of such other license.

(4) (6) (a) It is unlawful for any limited winery licensee or any
 person, partnership, association, organization, or corporation interested
 financially in or with a limited winery licensee to be interested
 financially, directly or indirectly, in the business of any person licensed
 to sell at retail pursuant to this article ARTICLE 3.

(b) It is unlawful for any limited winery licensee or any person,
partnership, association, organization, or corporation interested
financially in or with a limited winery licensee to be interested
financially, directly or indirectly, in the business of any vinous or
spirituous wholesale licensee.

20 44-3-404. [Formerly 12-47-403.5] Wine festival permit. (1) A 21 wine festival permit application may be filed with the state licensing 22 authority by any limited winery licensee or by any manufacturer licensee 23 that is licensed to manufacture vinous liquors. The applicant shall specify 24 the licensed premises for the first of the wine festivals to be held which 25 application shall be filed at least ten business days before such THE 26 festival is to be held. The applicant shall include a twenty-five dollar 27 annual processing fee with the application filed with the state licensing

authority. Such fee shall entitle the permittee to use the wine festival
permit for twelve months after the date of issuance, so long as such THE
permittee notifies the state licensing authority and the appropriate local
licensing authority of the location of all other wine festivals under this
permit at least ten business days before any such festival is to be held. A
wine festival permit shall entitle the permittee to hold no more than nine
wine festivals during the twelve-month period.

8 (2) The applicant shall be the licensee filing the application, but 9 any wine festival permit that is issued as a result of such application shall 10 be considered to be jointly held by the permittee and the participating 11 limited winery licensees or manufacturer licensees that are licensed to 12 manufacture vinous liquors.

13 (3) Notification of all subsequent festivals shall be by14 supplemental application, as approved by the state licensing authority.

15 (4) The state licensing authority may deny a wine festival permit16 or supplemental application for any of the following reasons:

17 (a) A documented history of violations of this article ARTICLE 3 or
18 rules issued under this article ARTICLE 3 by any participating licensee;

19

(b) The filing of an incomplete or late application; or

20 (c) A finding that the application, if granted, would result in
21 violations of this article ARTICLE 3 or rules issued under this article
22 ARTICLE 3 or violations of the laws of a local government.

(5) After the issuance of an initial wine festival permit, all
supplemental applications that are complete and filed in a timely manner
shall be deemed approved unless the state licensing authority provides the
permittee with a notice of denial at least seventy-two hours prior to the
date of the event.

(6) The permittee and participating licensees are authorized to use
the licensed premises jointly to conduct wine tastings and sell any vinous
liquors manufactured by a Colorado limited winery or manufacturer
licensed to manufacture vinous liquors. No wine festival permit shall
authorize the permittee to use the licensed premises for more than
seventy-two hours for any one wine festival.

7 (7) If a violation of this article ARTICLE 3 occurs during a wine 8 festival and the licensee responsible for the violation can be identified, 9 such THE licensee may be charged and the appropriate penalties shall 10 apply. If the responsible party cannot be identified, the state licensing 11 authority may send a written notice to every licensee identified on the 12 permit application and may fine each the same dollar amount which 13 amount shall not exceed twenty-five dollars per licensee or two hundred 14 dollars in the aggregate. No joint fine levied pursuant to this subsection 15 (7) shall apply to the revocation of the licensee's license under section 16 12-47-601 SECTION 44-3-601.

17 (8) A joint fine levied pursuant to subsection (7) of this section
18 shall not create or increase civil liability under section 12-47-801 (3)
19 SECTION 44-3-801 (3) for a participating licensee or create joint liability
20 for such a licensee.

44-3-405. [Formerly 12-47-404] Importer's license. (1) (a) An
importer's license shall be issued to persons importing vinous or
spirituous liquors into this state for the following purposes only:

(I) To import and sell such liquors to wholesale liquor licensees;
(II) To solicit orders from retail licensees and fill such orders
through wholesale liquor licensees.

27

(b) Such license shall not permit the licensee to maintain stocks

1 of alcohol beverages in this state.

(2) It is unlawful for any licensed importer of vinous or spirituous
liquors or any person, partnership, association, organization, or
corporation interested financially in or with such a licensed importer to
be interested financially, directly or indirectly, in the business of any
vinous or spirituous wholesale licensee; except that any such financial
interest that occurred on or before July 1, 1969, shall be lawful.

8 44-3-406. [Formerly 12-47-405] Nonresident manufacturers
9 and importers of malt liquor. (1) A nonresident manufacturer's license
10 shall be issued to persons brewing malt liquor outside the state of
11 Colorado for the purposes listed in subsection (3) of this section.

(2) A malt liquor importer's license shall be issued to persons
importing malt liquor into this state for the purposes listed in subsection
(3) of this section.

15 (3) The licenses referred to in subsections (1) and (2) of this
16 section shall be issued for the following purposes only:

17 (a) To import and sell malt liquors within the state of Colorado to
18 persons licensed as wholesalers pursuant to this article ARTICLE 3;

(b) To maintain stocks of malt liquors and to operate malt liquor
warehouses by procuring a malt liquor wholesaler's license for each such
operation as provided in this article ARTICLE 3;

(c) To solicit orders from retail licensees and fill such ordersthrough malt liquor wholesalers.

(4) Any person holding a nonresident manufacturer's license or a
malt liquor importer's license shall also be eligible to obtain a vinous and
spirituous liquor importer's license pursuant to section 12-47-404 SECTION
44-3-405; except that each such license obtained shall be separate and

1 distinct.

2 (5) Each manufacturer, nonresident manufacturer, and malt liquor 3 importer shall enter into a written contract with each wholesaler with 4 which such THE manufacturer, nonresident manufacturer, and malt liquor 5 importer intends to do business that designates the territory within which 6 the product of such THE manufacturer, nonresident manufacturer, and 7 malt liquor importer is sold by the respective wholesaler. A manufacturer, 8 nonresident manufacturer, and malt liquor importer shall not contract with 9 more than one wholesaler to sell their products within the same territory. 10 The contract shall be submitted to the state licensing authority with any 11 application and such THE applicant, if licensed, shall have a continuing 12 duty to submit any subsequent revisions, amendments, or superseding 13 contracts to the state licensing authority.

14 (6) It is unlawful for a nonresident manufacturer licensed under 15 this article ARTICLE 3, or any person, partnership, association, 16 organization, or corporation interested financially in or with such a 17 licensee, to be interested financially, directly or indirectly, in the business 18 of any person licensed to sell at retail pursuant to this article ARTICLE 3.

19 44-3-407. [Formerly 12-47-406] Wholesaler's license -20 **discrimination in wholesale sales prohibited.** (1) (a) A wholesaler's 21 liquor license shall be issued to persons selling vinous or spirituous 22 liquors at wholesale for the following purposes only:

23

(I) To maintain and operate one or more warehouses in this state 24 to handle vinous or spirituous liquors;

25 (II) To take orders for vinous and spirituous liquors at any place 26 and deliver vinous and spirituous liquors on orders previously taken to 27 any place if the licensee has procured a wholesaler's liquor license and the place where orders are taken and delivered is a place regularly licensed
 pursuant to the provisions of this article ARTICLE 3;

3 (III) To package vinous and spirituous liquors that a licensed
4 importer has legally transported into Colorado or that a licensed
5 manufacturer has legally produced in Colorado.

6 (b) (I) A wholesaler's beer license shall be issued to persons 7 selling malt liquors at wholesale who designate to the state licensing 8 authority on their application the territory within which the licensee may 9 sell the designated products of any brewer as agreed upon by the licensee 10 and the brewer of such products for the following purposes only:

(A) To maintain and operate warehouses and one sales room in
this state to handle malt liquors to be denominated a wholesale beer store;

(B) To take orders for malt liquors at any place within the territory
designated on the license application and deliver malt liquors on orders
previously taken to any place within the designated geographical territory,
if the licensee has procured a wholesaler's beer license and the place
where orders are taken and delivered is a place regularly licensed
pursuant to the provisions of this article ARTICLE 3.

19 (II) (A) Prior to operating a sales room as authorized by this 20 paragraph (b) SUBSECTION (1)(b), a wholesaler's beer licensee that is 21 licensed pursuant to this section shall, at the time of application to the 22 state licensing authority, send a copy of the application or supplemental 23 application for a sales room to the local licensing authority in the 24 jurisdiction in which the sales room is proposed. The local licensing 25 authority may submit a response to the application, including its 26 determination specified in sub-subparagraph (B) of this subparagraph (H) 27 SUBSECTION (1)(b)(II)(B) OF THIS SECTION, to the state licensing authority

1 but must submit its response within forty-five days after the wholesaler's 2 beer licensee submits its sales room application to the state licensing 3 authority. If the local licensing authority does not submit a response to the 4 state licensing authority within forty-five days after submission of the 5 sales room application, the state licensing authority shall deem that the 6 local licensing authority has determined that the proposed sales room will 7 not impact traffic, noise, or other neighborhood concerns in a manner that 8 is inconsistent with local regulations or ordinances or that the applicant 9 will sufficiently mitigate any impacts identified by the local licensing 10 authority.

11 (B) The state licensing authority must consider the response from 12 the local licensing authority, if any, and may deny the proposed sales 13 room application if the local licensing authority determines that approval 14 of the proposed sales room will impact traffic, noise, or other 15 neighborhood concerns in a manner that is inconsistent with local 16 regulations or ordinances, which may be determined by the local licensing 17 authority without requiring a public hearing, or that the applicant cannot 18 sufficiently mitigate any potential impacts identified by the local licensing 19 authority.

(C) A wholesaler's beer licensee that is operating a sales room as
of August 5, 2015, or that is granted approval pursuant to this
subparagraph (II) SUBSECTION (1)(b)(II) to operate a sales room on or
after August 5, 2015, shall notify the state licensing authority of its sales
room. The state licensing authority shall maintain a list of all wholesaler's
beer licensee sales rooms in the state and make the list available on its
website.

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(D) The local licensing authority may request that the state

licensing authority take action in accordance with section 12-47-601
SECTION 44-3-601 against a wholesaler's beer licensee approved to
operate a sales room if the local licensing authority demonstrates to the
state licensing authority that the licensee has engaged in an unlawful act
as set forth in part 9 of this article ARTICLE 3 or shows good cause as
specified in section 12-47-103 (9)(a), (9)(b), or (9)(d) SECTION 44-3-103
(19)(a), (19)(b), OR (19)(d).

8 (E) This subparagraph (II) SUBSECTION (1)(b)(II) does not apply 9 if the wholesaler's beer licensee does not sell and serve malt liquors for 10 consumption on the licensed premises.

(c) Each license shall be separate and distinct, but any person may
secure both licenses upon the payment in advance of both fees provided
in this article ARTICLE 3.

(d) All malt, vinous, and spirituous liquors purchased by any
licensee under this section, and all malt, vinous, and spirituous liquors
shipped into this state by or to any such licensee, shall be placed in the
physical possession of such THE licensee at the licensee's warehouse
facilities prior to delivery to persons holding licenses under this article
ARTICLE 3.

(e) (I) A brewer or importer licensed pursuant to this article
ARTICLE 3 shall not sell malt liquors to a wholesaler without having a
written contract with such THE wholesaler that designates the specific
products of such brewer or importer to be sold by the wholesaler and that
establishes the territory within which the wholesaler may sell the
designated products.

26 (II) A brewer or importer shall not contract with more than one27 wholesaler to sell the products of such brewer or importer within the same

1 territory.

(f) Notwithstanding any provision of this article ARTICLE 3 to the
contrary, a wholesaler licensed pursuant to paragraph (a) of this
subsection (1) SUBSECTION (1)(a) OF THIS SECTION may establish a
program for its employees to purchase directly from the wholesaler
vinous or spirituous liquors sold by that wholesaler.

7 (2) It is unlawful for any licensed wholesaler or any person,
8 partnership, association, organization, or corporation interested
9 financially in or with a licensed wholesaler to be interested financially,
10 directly or indirectly, in the business of any person licensed to sell at retail
11 pursuant to this article ARTICLE 3.

(3) It is unlawful for a licensed wholesaler of vinous or spirituous
liquors or any person, partnership, association, organization, or
corporation interested financially in or with such a wholesaler to be
interested financially in the business of any licensed manufacturer or
importer of vinous or spirituous liquors; except that any such financial
interest that occurred on or before July 1, 1969, shall be lawful.

(4) (a) A wholesaler shall make available to all licensed retailers
in this state without discrimination all malt, vinous, and spirituous liquors
offered by the wholesaler for sale at wholesale. A wholesaler shall use its
best efforts to make available to licensed retailers each brand of alcohol
beverage that the wholesaler has been authorized to distribute.

(b) Nothing in this section prohibits a wholesaler from
establishing reasonable allocation procedures when the anticipated
demand for a product is greater than the supply of the product.

44-3-408. [Formerly 12-47-406.3] Termination of wholesalers
- remedies - definitions. (1) (a) Except as provided in subsections (2) to

1 (4) of this section, no supplier shall terminate an agreement with a2 wholesaler unless all of the following occur:

- 3 (I) The wholesaler fails to comply with a provision of a written
 4 agreement between the wholesaler and the supplier;
- 5 (II) The wholesaler receives written notification by certified mail, 6 return receipt requested, from the supplier of the alleged noncompliance 7 and is afforded no less than sixty days in which to cure such 8 noncompliance;
- 9 (III) The wholesaler fails to cure such noncompliance within the10 allotted sixty-day cure period; and

(IV) The supplier provides written notice by certified mail, return receipt requested, to the wholesaler of such continued failure to comply with the agreement. The notification shall contain a statement of the intention of the supplier to terminate or not renew the agreement, the reasons for termination or nonrenewal, and the date the termination or nonrenewal shall take effect.

(b) If a wholesaler cures an alleged noncompliance within the cure
period provided in subparagraph (II) of paragraph (a) of this subsection
(1) SUBSECTION (1)(a)(II) OF THIS SECTION, any notice of termination
from a supplier to a wholesaler shall be null and void.

- (2) A supplier may immediately terminate an agreement with a
 wholesaler, effective upon furnishing written notification to the
 wholesaler by certified mail, return receipt requested, for any of the
 following reasons:
- (a) The wholesaler's failure to pay any account when due and
 upon written demand by the supplier for such payment, in accordance
 with agreed payment terms;

-92-

1 (b) The assignment or attempted assignment by the wholesaler for 2 the benefit of creditors, the institution of proceedings in bankruptcy by or 3 against the wholesaler, the dissolution or liquidation of the wholesaler, or 4 the insolvency of the wholesaler;

5

(c) The revocation or suspension of, or the failure to renew for a 6 period of more than fourteen days, a state, local, or federal license or 7 permit to sell products in this state;

8 (d) Failure of an owner of a wholesaler to sell his or her 9 ownership interest in the distribution rights to the supplier's products 10 within one hundred twenty days after such THE owner of a wholesaler has 11 been convicted of a felony that, in the supplier's sole judgment, adversely 12 affects the goodwill of the wholesaler or supplier;

13 (e) A wholesaler has been convicted of, found guilty of, or pled 14 guilty or nolo contendere to, a charge of violating a law or regulation of 15 the United States or of this state if it materially and adversely affects the 16 ability of the wholesaler or supplier to continue to sell its products in this 17 state;

18 (f) Any attempted transfer of ownership of the wholesaler, stock 19 of the wholesaler, or stock of any parent corporation of the wholesaler, or 20 any change in the beneficial ownership or control of any entity, without 21 obtaining the prior written approval of the supplier, except as may 22 otherwise be permitted pursuant to a written agreement between the 23 parties;

24 (g) Fraudulent conduct in the wholesaler's dealings with the 25 supplier or its products, including the intentional sale of products outside 26 the supplier's established quality standards;

27

(h) The wholesaler ceases to conduct business for five consecutive

business days, unless such cessation is the result of an act of God, war, or
 a condition of national, state, or local emergency; or

(i) Any sale of products, directly or indirectly, to customers
located outside the territory assigned to the wholesaler by the supplier.
This paragraph (i) SUBSECTION (2)(i) shall not prohibit wholesalers from
making sales to licensed retailers who buy off the wholesaler's dock, so
long as the retailer's licensed location is within the wholesaler's assigned
territory.

9 (3) The supplier shall have the right to terminate an agreement 10 with a wholesaler at any time by giving the wholesaler at least ninety 11 days' written notice by certified mail, return receipt requested, with copies 12 by first-class mail to all other wholesalers in all other states who have 13 entered into the same distribution agreement with the supplier.

(4) If a particular brand of products is transferred by purchase or
otherwise from a supplier to a successor supplier, the following shall
occur:

(a) The successor supplier shall notify the existing wholesaler of
the successor supplier's intent not to appoint the existing wholesaler for
all or part of the existing wholesaler's territory for the product. The
successor supplier shall mail the notice of termination by certified mail,
return receipt requested, to the existing wholesaler. The successor
supplier shall include in the notice the names, addresses, and telephone
numbers of the successor wholesalers.

(b) (I) The successor wholesaler shall negotiate with the existing
wholesaler to determine the fair market value of the existing wholesaler's
right to distribute the product in the existing wholesaler's territory
immediately before the successor supplier acquired rights to the particular

-94-

brand of products. The successor wholesaler and the existing wholesaler
 shall negotiate the fair market value in good faith.

(II) The existing wholesaler shall continue to distribute the
product until payment of the compensation agreed to under subparagraph
(I) of this paragraph (b) SUBSECTION (4)(b)(I) OF THIS SECTION, or
awarded under paragraph (c) of this subsection (4) SUBSECTION (4)(c) OF
THIS SECTION, is received.

8 (c) (I) If the successor wholesaler and the existing wholesaler fail 9 to reach a written agreement on the fair market value within thirty days 10 after the existing wholesaler receives the notice required pursuant to 11 paragraph (a) of this subsection (4) SUBSECTION (4)(a) OF THIS SECTION, 12 the successor wholesaler or the existing wholesaler shall send a written 13 notice to the other party requesting arbitration pursuant to the uniform 14 arbitration act, part 2 of article 22 of title 13. C.R.S. Arbitration shall be 15 held for the purpose of determining the fair market value of the existing 16 wholesaler's right to distribute the product in the existing wholesaler's 17 territory immediately before the successor supplier acquired rights to the 18 particular brand of products.

(II) Notice of intent to arbitrate shall be sent, as provided in
subparagraph (I) of this paragraph (c) SUBSECTION (4)(c)(I) OF THIS
SECTION, not later than thirty-five days after the existing wholesaler
receives the notice required pursuant to paragraph (a) of this subsection
(4) SUBSECTION (4)(a) OF THIS SECTION. The arbitration proceeding shall
conclude not later than forty-five days after the date the notice of intent
to arbitrate is mailed to a party.

26 (III) Any arbitration held pursuant to this subsection (4) shall be27 conducted in a city within this state that:

- 1
- (A) Is closest to the existing wholesaler; and
- 2

(B) Has a population of more than twenty thousand.

3 (IV) Any arbitration held pursuant to this paragraph (c) 4 SUBSECTION (4)(c) shall be conducted before one impartial arbitrator, to 5 be selected by the American arbitration association or its successor. The 6 arbitration shall be conducted in accordance with the rules and procedures 7 of the uniform arbitration act, part 2 of article 22 of title 13. C.R.S.

8 (V) An arbitrator's award in any arbitration held pursuant to this 9 paragraph (c) SUBSECTION (4)(c) shall be monetary only and shall not 10 enjoin or compel conduct. Any arbitration held pursuant to this paragraph 11 (c) SUBSECTION (4)(c) shall be in lieu of all other remedies and 12 procedures.

(VI) The cost of the arbitrator and any other direct costs of an
arbitration held pursuant to this paragraph (c) SUBSECTION (4)(c) shall be
equally divided by the parties engaged in the arbitration. All other costs
shall be paid by the party incurring them.

17 (VII) The arbitrator in any arbitration held pursuant to this 18 paragraph (c) SUBSECTION (4)(c) shall render a written decision not later 19 than thirty days after the conclusion of the arbitration, unless this time is 20 extended by mutual agreement of the parties and the arbitrator. The 21 decision of the arbitrator is final and binding on the parties. The 22 arbitrator's award may be enforced by commencing a civil action in any 23 court of competent jurisdiction. Under no circumstances may the parties 24 appeal the decision of the arbitrator.

(VIII) An existing wholesaler or successor wholesaler who fails
to participate in the arbitration hearings in any arbitration held pursuant
to this paragraph (c) SUBSECTION (4)(c) waives all rights the existing

wholesaler or successor wholesaler would have had in the arbitration and
 is considered to have consented to the determination of the arbitrator.

(IX) If the existing wholesaler does not receive payment from the
successor wholesaler of the settlement or arbitration award required under
paragraph (b) or (c) of this subsection (4) SUBSECTION (4)(b) OR (4)(c) OF
THIS SECTION within thirty days after the date of the settlement or
arbitration award:

8 (A) The existing wholesaler shall remain the wholesaler of the 9 product in the existing wholesaler's territory to at least the same extent 10 that the existing wholesaler distributed the product immediately before 11 the successor wholesaler acquired rights to the product; and

12 (B) The existing wholesaler is not entitled to the settlement or13 arbitration award.

(5) (a) Any wholesaler or supplier who is aggrieved by a violation
of any provision of subsections (1) and (3) of this section shall be entitled
to recovery of damages caused by the violation. Except for a dispute
arising under subsection (4) of this section, damages shall be sought in a
civil action in any court of competent jurisdiction.

(b) Any dispute arising under subsections (1) and (3) of this
section may also be settled by such dispute resolution procedures as may
be provided by a written agreement between the parties.

(6) Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit or prohibitgood-faith settlements voluntarily entered into by the parties.

(7) Nothing in this section shall be construed to give an existing
wholesaler or a successor wholesaler any right to compensation if an
agreement with the existing wholesaler or successor wholesaler is
terminated by a successor supplier pursuant to subsections (1) to (3) of

1 this section.

2 (8) Nothing in this section shall apply to a manufacturer that
3 produces less than three hundred thousand gallons of malt beverages per
4 calendar year.

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(9) As used in this section:

6 (a) "Existing wholesaler" means a wholesaler who distributes a
7 particular brand of products at the time a successor supplier acquires
8 rights to manufacture or import the particular brand of products.

9 (b) "Fair market value" means the value that would be determined 10 in a transaction entered into without duress or threat of termination of the 11 existing wholesaler's right and shall include all elements of value, 12 including goodwill and going-concern value.

(c) "Products" means fermented malt beverages and malt liquors.

(d) "Successor supplier" means a primary source of supply, a
brewer, or an importer that acquires rights to a product from a
predecessor supplier.

(e) "Successor wholesaler" means one or more wholesalers
designated by a successor supplier to replace the existing wholesaler, for
all or part of the existing wholesaler's territory, in the distribution of the
existing product or products.

(f) "Supplier" means any person, partnership, corporation,
association, or other business enterprise that is engaged in the
manufacturing or importing of products.

(g) "Wholesaler" means the holder of a Colorado wholesaler's
beer license or wholesaler's license to sell fermented malt beverages.

44-3-409. [Formerly 12-47-407] Retail liquor store license rules. (1) (a) (I) A retail liquor store license shall be issued to persons

selling only malt, vinous, and spirituous liquors in sealed containers not
 to be consumed at the place where sold. Malt, vinous, and spirituous
 liquors in sealed containers shall not be sold at retail other than in retail
 liquor stores except as provided in section 12-47-408 SECTION 44-3-410.

5 (II) On and after July 1, 2016, the state and local licensing 6 authorities shall not issue a new retail liquor store license if the premises 7 for which the retail liquor store license is sought is located:

8 (A) Within one thousand five hundred feet of another retail liquor
9 store licensed under this section or a liquor-licensed drugstore licensed
10 under section 12-47-408 SECTION 44-3-410; or

(B) For a premises located in a municipality with a population of
ten thousand or fewer, within three thousand feet of another retail liquor
store licensed under this section or a liquor-licensed drugstore licensed
under section 12-47-408 SECTION 44-3-410.

15 (b) In addition, retail liquor stores may sell any nonalcohol 16 products, but only if the annual gross revenues from the sale of 17 nonalcohol products do not exceed twenty percent of the retail liquor 18 store's total annual gross sales revenues. For purposes of calculating the 19 annual gross revenues from the sale of nonalcohol products, sales 20 revenues from the following products are excluded:

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(I) Lottery products;

(II) Cigarettes, tobacco products, and nicotine products, as defined
in section 18-13-121 (5);

(III) Ice, soft drinks, and mixers; and

25 (IV) Nonfood items related to the consumption of malt, vinous,

26 or spirituous liquors.

27 (c) Nothing in this section or in section 12-47-103 (31) SECTION

1 44-3-103 (48) prohibits a licensed retail liquor store from:

(I) Selling items on behalf of or to benefit a charitable
organization, as defined in section 39-26-102, C.R.S., or a nonprofit
corporation subject to the "Colorado Revised Nonprofit Corporation Act",
articles 121 to 137 of title 7, C.R.S., and determined to be exempt from
federal income tax by the federal internal revenue service, if the retail
liquor store does not receive compensation for the sale;

8 (II) At the option of the licensee, displaying promotional material 9 furnished by a manufacturer or wholesaler, which material permits a 10 customer to purchase other items from a third person, so long as the retail 11 liquor store licensee does not receive payment from the third person and 12 the customer orders the additional merchandise directly from the third 13 person; or

(III) Allowing tastings to be conducted on the licensed premises
 if the licensee has received authorization to conduct tastings pursuant to
 section 12-47-301 SECTION 44-3-301.

17 (2) Every person selling malt, vinous, and spirituous liquors in a
18 retail liquor store shall purchase such malt, vinous, and spirituous liquors
19 only from a wholesaler licensed pursuant to this article ARTICLE 3.

20 (3) A person licensed to sell at retail who complies with this 21 subsection (3) and rules promulgated pursuant thereto may deliver malt, 22 vinous, and spirituous liquors to a person of legal age if such THE person 23 is at a place that is not licensed pursuant to this section. The state 24 licensing authority shall promulgate rules as are necessary for the proper 25 delivery of malt, vinous, and spirituous liquors and shall have the 26 authority to issue a permit to any person who is licensed to sell at retail 27 and delivers such THE liquors pursuant to this subsection (3). Such THE

permits shall be subject to the same suspension and revocation provisions
 as are set forth in section 12-47-601 SECTION 44-3-601 for other licenses
 granted pursuant to this article ARTICLE 3.

- 4 (4) (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this subsection (4)
 5 SUBSECTION (4)(b) OF THIS SECTION, it is unlawful for any owner, part
 6 owner, shareholder, or person interested directly or indirectly in a retail
 7 liquor store to conduct, own either in whole or in part, or be directly or
 8 indirectly interested in any other business licensed pursuant to this article
 9 ARTICLE 3.
- 10 (b) An owner, part owner, shareholder, or person interested11 directly or indirectly in a retail liquor store may have an interest in:

12

(I) An arts license granted under this article ARTICLE 3;

(II) An airline public transportation system license granted under
this article ARTICLE 3;

- 15 (III) For a retail liquor store licensed on or before January 1, 2016, 16 and whose license holder is a Colorado resident, additional retail liquor 17 store licenses as follows, but only if the premises for which a license is 18 sought satisfies the distance requirements specified in subparagraph (II) 19 of paragraph (a) of subsection (1) SUBSECTION (1)(a)(II) of this section: 20 (A) On or after January 1, 2017, and before January 1, 2022, one 21 additional retail liquor store license, for a maximum of up to two total 22 retail liquor store licenses;
- (B) On or after January 1, 2022, and before January 1, 2027, up
 to two additional retail liquor store licenses, for a maximum of three total
 retail liquor store licenses; and
- 26 (C) On or after January 1, 2027, up to three additional retail liquor
 27 store licenses, for a maximum of four total retail liquor store licenses; or

(IV) A financial institution referred to in section 12-47-308 (4)
 SECTION 44-3-308 (4).

3

23

(5) Repealed.

4 (6)(5) A liquor-licensed drugstore may apply to the state and local
5 licensing authorities, as part of a single application, for a merger and
6 conversion of retail liquor store licenses to a single liquor-licensed
7 drugstore license as provided in section 12-47-408 (1)(b) SECTION
8 44-3-410 (1)(b).

9 44-3-410. [Formerly 12-47-408] Liquor-licensed drugstore 10 license - multiple licenses permitted - requirements - repeal. 11 (1) (a) (I) A liquor-licensed drugstore license shall be issued to persons 12 selling malt, vinous, and spirituous liquors in sealed containers not to be 13 consumed at the place where sold. On and after July 1, 2016, except as 14 permitted under paragraph (b) of this subsection (1) SUBSECTION (1)(b) 15 OF THIS SECTION, the state and local licensing authorities shall not issue 16 a new liquor-licensed drugstore license if the licensed premises for which 17 a liquor-licensed drugstore license is sought is located:

18 (A) Within one thousand five hundred feet of a retail liquor store
19 licensed under section 12-47-407 SECTION 44-3-409; or

(B) For a drugstore premises located in a municipality with a
population of ten thousand or fewer, within three thousand feet of a retail
liquor store licensed under section 12-47-407 SECTION 44-3-409.

(II) Nothing in this subsection (1) prohibits:

24 (A) The renewal or transfer of ownership of a liquor-licensed25 drugstore license initially issued prior to July 1, 2016.

26 (B) A liquor-licensed drugstore licensee from allowing tastings on
27 the licensed premises if the applicable local licensing authority has

authorized the liquor-licensed drugstore to conduct tastings on its licensed
 premises in accordance with section 12-47-301 (10) SECTION 44-3-301
 (10).

4 (b) (I) On or after January 1, 2017, to qualify for an additional 5 liquor-licensed drugstore license under this section, a liquor-licensed 6 drugstore licensee, or a retail liquor store licensee that was licensed as a 7 liquor-licensed drugstore on February 21, 2016, must apply to the state 8 and local licensing authorities, as part of a single application, for a 9 transfer of ownership of at least two licensed retail liquor stores that were 10 licensed or had applied for a license on or before May 1, 2016, a change 11 of location of one of the retail liquor stores, and a merger and conversion 12 of the retail liquor store licenses into a single liquor-licensed drugstore 13 license. The applicant may apply for a transfer, change of location, and 14 merger and conversion only if all of the following requirements are met:

15 (A) The retail liquor stores that are the subject of the transfer of 16 ownership are located within the same local licensing authority 17 jurisdiction as the drugstore premises for which the applicant is seeking 18 a liquor-licensed drugstore license, and, if any retail liquor stores are 19 located within one thousand five hundred feet of the drugstore premises 20 or, for a drugstore premises located in a municipality with a population 21 of ten thousand or fewer, within three thousand feet of the drugstore 22 premises, the applicant applies to transfer ownership of all retail liquor 23 stores located within that distance. If there are no licensed retail liquor 24 stores or only one licensed retail liquor store within the same local 25 licensing authority jurisdiction as the drugstore premises for which a 26 liquor-licensed drugstore license is sought, the applicant shall apply to 27 transfer ownership of one or two retail liquor stores, as necessary, that are

located in the local licensing authority jurisdiction that is nearest to the
 jurisdiction in which the drugstore premises is located.

3 (B) Upon transfer and conversion of the retail liquor store licenses 4 to a single liquor-licensed drugstore license, the drugstore premises for 5 which the liquor-licensed drugstore license is sought will be located at 6 least one thousand five hundred feet from all licensed retail liquor stores 7 that are within the same local licensing authority jurisdiction as the 8 drugstore premises or, for a drugstore premises located in a municipality 9 with a population of ten thousand or fewer, at least three thousand feet 10 from all licensed retail liquor stores that are within the same local 11 licensing authority jurisdiction as the drugstore premises.

(II) For purposes of determining whether the distance requirements specified in subparagraph (I) of this paragraph (b) SUBSECTION (1)(b)(I) OF THIS SECTION are satisfied, the distance shall be determined by a radius measurement that begins at the principal doorway of the drugstore premises for which the application is made and ends at the principal doorway of the licensed retail liquor store.

(III) In making its determination on the transfer of ownership,
 change of location, and license merger and conversion application, the
 local licensing authority shall consider the reasonable requirements of the
 neighborhood and the desires of the adult inhabitants in accordance with
 section 12-47-312 SECTION 44-3-312.

(IV) In addition to any other requirements for licensure under this
section or article THIS ARTICLE 3, a person applying for a new
liquor-licensed drugstore license in accordance with this paragraph (b)
SUBSECTION (1)(b) on or after January 1, 2017, or to renew a
liquor-licensed drugstore license issued on or after January 1, 2017, under

1 this paragraph (b) SUBSECTION (1)(b) must:

(A) Provide evidence to the state and local licensing authorities
that at least twenty percent of the licensee's gross annual income derived
from total sales during the prior twelve months at the drugstore premises
for which a new or renewal licenses is sought is from the sale of food
items, as defined by the state licensing authority by rule; and

(B) Be open to the public.

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8 (2) (a) A person licensed under this section to sell malt, vinous,
9 and spirituous liquors as provided in this section shall:

(I) Purchase malt, vinous, and spirituous liquors only from a
wholesaler licensed under this article ARTICLE 3;

(II) Not sell malt, vinous, or spirituous liquors to consumers at a
price that is below the liquor-licensed drugstore's cost to purchase the
malt, vinous, or spirituous liquors;

(III) Not allow consumers to purchase malt, vinous, or spirituous
liquors at a self-checkout or other mechanism that allows the consumer
to complete the alcohol beverage purchase without assistance from and
completion of the transaction by an employee of the liquor-licensed
drugstore;

(IV) Require, in accordance with section 12-47-901 (10) SECTION
44-3-901 (11), consumers attempting to purchase malt, vinous, or
spirituous liquors to present a valid identification, as determined by the
state licensing authority by rule; and

24 (V) Not sell clothing or accessories imprinted with advertising,
25 logos, slogans, trademarks, or messages related to alcohol beverages.

(b) A person licensed under this section on or after January 1,
27 2017, shall not purchase malt, vinous, or spirituous liquors from a

wholesaler on credit and shall effect payment upon delivery of the alcohol
 beverages.

3 (3) A liquor-licensed drugstore licensee who complies with this 4 subsection (3) and rules promulgated pursuant thereto may deliver malt, 5 vinous, and spirituous liquors to a person of legal age if such person is at 6 a place that is not licensed pursuant to this section. The state licensing 7 authority shall promulgate rules as are necessary for the proper delivery 8 of malt, vinous, and spirituous liquors and shall have the authority to 9 issue a permit to any liquor-licensed drugstore licensee that will allow 10 such THE licensee to deliver such THE liquors pursuant to such THE rules 11 and this subsection (3). Such THE permits shall be subject to the same 12 suspension and revocation provisions as are set forth in sections 13 12-47-306 and 12-47-601 SECTIONS 44-3-306 AND 44-3-601 for other 14 licenses granted pursuant to this article ARTICLE 3.

(4) (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this subsection (4)
SUBSECTION (4)(b) OF THIS SECTION, it is unlawful for any owner, part
owner, shareholder, or person interested directly or indirectly in a
liquor-licensed drugstore to conduct, own either in whole or in part, or be
directly or indirectly interested in any other business licensed pursuant to
this article ARTICLE 3.

(b) An owner, part owner, shareholder, or person interested
directly or indirectly in a liquor-licensed drugstore may have an interest
in:

(I) An arts license granted under this article ARTICLE 3;

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25 (II) An airline public transportation system license granted under
26 this article ARTICLE 3;

(III) A financial institution referred to in section 12-47-308 (4)

1 SECTION 44-3-308 (4);

(IV) For a liquor-licensed drugstore licensed on or before January
1, 2016, additional liquor-licensed drugstore licenses as follows, but only
if obtained in accordance with paragraph (b) of subsection (1)
SUBSECTION (1)(b) of this section:

6 (A) On or after January 1, 2017, and before January 1, 2022, four
7 additional liquor-licensed drugstore licenses, for a maximum of five total
8 liquor-licensed drugstore licenses;

9 (B) On or after January 1, 2022, and before January 1, 2027, up 10 to seven additional liquor-licensed drugstore licenses, for a maximum of 11 eight total liquor-licensed drugstore licenses;

(C) On or after January 1, 2027, and before January 1, 2032, up
to twelve additional liquor-licensed drugstore licenses, for a maximum of
thirteen total liquor-licensed drugstore licenses;

(D) On or after January 1, 2032, and before January 1, 2037, up
to nineteen additional liquor-licensed drugstore licenses, for a maximum
of twenty total liquor-licensed drugstore licenses; and

18 (E) On or after January 1, 2037, an unlimited number of additional
19 liquor-licensed drugstore licenses.

20 (5) Repealed.

21 (6) (5) (a) A liquor-licensed drugstore licensed under this section
 22 shall not store alcohol beverages off the licensed premises.

(b) A licensed wholesaler shall make all deliveries of alcohol
beverages to a liquor-licensed drugstore:

25 (I) Through a common carrier, a contract carrier, or on vehicles
26 owned by the wholesaler; and

27 (II) Only to the business address of the liquor-licensed drugstore.

1 (7) (6) (a) A liquor-licensed drugstore licensed under this section 2 on or after January 1, 2017, shall have at least one manager permitted 3 under section 12-47-425 SECTION 44-3-427 who works on the licensed 4 premises. The liquor-licensed drugstore shall designate at least one 5 permitted manager on the licensed premises to conduct the liquor-licensed 6 drugstore's purchases of alcohol beverages from a licensed wholesaler. A 7 licensed wholesaler shall take orders for alcohol beverages only from a 8 permitted manager designated by the liquor-licensed drugstore.

9 (b) A liquor-licensed drugstore that is involved in selling alcohol 10 beverages must obtain and maintain a certification as a responsible 11 alcohol beverage vendor in accordance with part 10 of this article 12 ARTICLE 3.

(c) An employee of a liquor-licensed drugstore who is under
twenty-one years of age shall not deliver or otherwise have any contact
with malt, vinous, or spirituous liquors offered for sale on, or sold and
removed from, the licensed premises.

44-3-411. [Formerly 12-47-409] Beer and wine license. (1) A
beer and wine license shall be issued to persons selling malt and vinous
liquors and fermented malt beverages for consumption on the premises.
Beer and wine licensees shall have sandwiches and light snacks available
for consumption on the premises during business hours, but need not have
meals available for consumption.

(2) (a) Every person selling malt and vinous liquors and fermented
malt beverages as provided in this section shall purchase malt and vinous
liquors and fermented malt beverages only from a wholesaler licensed
pursuant to this article or article 46 of this title ARTICLE 3 OR ARTICLE 4
OF THIS TITLE 44; except that, during a calendar year, any person selling

1 malt and vinous liquors and fermented malt beverages as provided in this 2 section may purchase not more than two thousand dollars' worth of:

- 3 (I) Malt and vinous liquors from a retailer licensed pursuant to 4 section 12-47-407 or 12-47-408 SECTION 44-3-409 OR 44-3-410; and
- 5

(II) Fermented malt beverages from a retailer licensed pursuant to 6 section 12-46-104 (1)(c) SECTION 44-4-104 (1)(c).

7 (b) A beer and wine licensee shall retain evidence of each 8 purchase of malt and vinous liquors from a retailer licensed pursuant to section 12-47-407 or 12-47-408 SECTION 44-3-409 OR 44-3-410 and each 9 10 purchase of fermented malt beverages from a retailer licensed pursuant 11 to section 12-46-104 (1)(c) SECTION 44-4-104 (1)(c), in the form of a 12 purchase receipt showing the name of the licensed retailer, the date of 13 purchase, a description of the malt or vinous liquor or fermented malt 14 beverages purchased, and the price paid for the purchase. The beer and 15 wine licensee shall retain the receipt and shall make it available to the 16 state and local licensing authorities at all times during business hours.

17 (3) It is unlawful for any owner, part owner, shareholder, or 18 person interested directly or indirectly in a beer and wine license to 19 conduct, own either in whole or in part, or be directly or indirectly 20 interested in any other business licensed pursuant to this article or article 21 46 of this title ARTICLE 3 OR ARTICLE 4 OF THIS TITLE 44; except that the 22 person may have an interest in a license described in section 12-46-104 23 (1)(c), 12-47-401 (1)(j) to (1)(t), (1)(v), or (1)(w), or 12-47-410 (1)24 SECTION 44-3-401 (1)(j) TO (1)(t), (1)(v), OR (1)(w), 44-3-412 (1), OR 25 44-4-104 (1)(c) or in a financial institution referred to in section 12-47-308 (4) SECTION 44-3-308 (4). 26

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44-3-412. [Formerly 12-47-410] Bed and breakfast permit.

(1) In lieu of a hotel and restaurant license, a person operating a bed and
 breakfast with not more than twenty sleeping rooms that offers
 complimentary alcohol beverages for consumption only on the premises
 and only by overnight guests may be issued a bed and breakfast permit.
 A bed and breakfast permittee shall not sell alcohol beverages by the
 drink and shall not serve alcohol beverages for more than four hours in
 any one day.

8 (2) An applicant for a bed and breakfast permit is exempt from
9 any fee otherwise assessable under section 12-47-501 (2) or 12-47-505
10 (4)(a) SECTION 44-3-501 (3) OR 44-3-505 (4)(a), but is subject to all other
11 fees and all other requirements of this article ARTICLE 3.

(3) A local licensing authority may, at its option, determine that
bed and breakfast permits are not available within its jurisdiction.

(4) A bed and breakfast permit may be suspended or revoked in
accordance with section 12-47-601 SECTION 44-3-601 if the permittee
violates any provision of this article ARTICLE 3 or any rule adopted
pursuant to this article ARTICLE 3 or fails truthfully to furnish any required
information in connection with a permit application.

19 (5) It is unlawful for any owner, part owner, shareholder, or 20 person interested directly or indirectly in a bed and breakfast permit to 21 conduct, own either in whole or in part, or be directly or indirectly 22 interested in any other business licensed pursuant to this article or article 23 46 of this title ARTICLE 3 OR ARTICLE 4 OF THIS TITLE 44; except that a 24 person regulated under this section may have an interest in other bed and 25 breakfast permits; in a license described in section 12-46-104 (1)(c) or 26 12-47-401 (1)(j) to (1)(t), (1)(v), or (1)(w) SECTION 44-3-401 (1)(j) TO 27 (1)(t), (1)(v), OR (1)(w) OR 44-4-104 (1)(c); or in a financial institution

1 referred to in section 12-47-308 (4) SECTION 44-3-308 (4).

44-3-413. [Formerly 12-47-411] Hotel and restaurant license
- definitions - rules. (1) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (2)
of this section, a hotel and restaurant license shall be issued to persons
selling alcohol beverages in the place where the alcohol beverages are to
be consumed, subject to the following restrictions:

(a) Restaurants shall sell alcohol beverages as provided in this
section only to customers of the restaurant and only if meals are actually
and regularly served and provide not less than twenty-five percent of the
gross income from sales of food and drink of the business of the licensed
premises over any period of time of at least one year.

(b) Hotels shall sell alcohol beverages as provided in this section only to customers of the hotel and, except in hotel rooms, only on the licensed premises where meals are actually and regularly served and provide not less than twenty-five percent of the gross income from sales of food and drink of the business of the licensed premises over any period of time of at least one year.

(c) Any hotel and restaurant licensee who is open for business and
selling alcohol beverages by the drink shall serve meals between the
hours of 8 a.m. and 8 p.m. and meals or light snacks and sandwiches after
8 p.m.; except that nothing in this paragraph (c) SUBSECTION (1)(c) shall
be construed to require a licensee to be open for business between the
hours of 8 a.m. and 8 p.m.

(d) A hotel may be designated as a resort complex if it has at least
fifty sleeping rooms and has related sports and recreational facilities
located contiguous or adjacent to the hotel for the convenience of its
guests or the general public. For purposes of a resort complex only,

"contiguous or adjacent" means within the overall boundaries or scheme
 of development or regularly accessible from the hotel by its members and
 guests.

4 (2) (a) A resort complex shall designate its principal licensed 5 premises and additional separate, related facilities that are located 6 contiguous or adjacent to the licensed premises of the resort complex. 7 Each related facility shall be identified by the resort complex at the time 8 of initial licensure or upon license renewal. Each related facility shall also 9 be clearly identified by its geographic location within the overall 10 boundaries of the licensed premises of the resort complex. A resort 11 complex may apply for a resort-complex-related facility permit for each 12 related facility at the time of initial licensure, upon license renewal, or at 13 any time upon application by the resort complex.

(b) Customers and guests who purchase alcohol beverages at one
related facility are permitted to carry such beverages to other related
facilities within the overall licensed premises boundaries of the resort
complex.

18 (c) Each related facility shall remain at all times under the 19 ownership and control of the resort complex licensee. Any subletting or 20 transfer of ownership or change of control of a related facility without 21 proper notification and approval by state and local licensing authorities 22 shall be considered a violation of this article ARTICLE 3 and will be cause 23 for the denial, suspension, revocation, or cancellation of the license of the entire resort complex, including all of its related facilities, pursuant to 24 25 section 12-47-601 SECTION 44-3-601.

26 (d) Except as provided in this subsection (2), for violations of
 27 section 12-47-307 SECTION 44-3-307, and for violations of this article

ARTICLE 3 and regulations RULES promulgated pursuant to this article ARTICLE 3 that are intentionally authorized by the ownership or management of a resort complex, each related facility shall be considered separately licensed or permitted for the purpose of application of the sanctions imposed under section 12-47-601 SECTION 44-3-601.

6 (e) For purposes of this subsection (2), "related facility" means 7 those areas, as approved by the state and local licensing authorities, that 8 are contiguous or adjacent to the resort hotel and that are owned by or 9 under the exclusive possession and control of the resort complex licensee. 10 "Related facilities" shall include:

(I) Those indoor areas or facilities contiguous or adjacent to the
licensed premises of the resort complex that are operated under a separate
trade name and are used by resort complex patrons;

(II) Related outdoor sports and recreation facilities located
contiguous or adjacent to the resort complex that are used by patrons of
the resort complex for a fee; and

(III) Distinct areas or facilities contiguous or adjacent to the resort
complex that are directly related to the resort complex use.

(2.5) (3) (a) An institution of higher education, or a person who
 contracts with the institution to provide food services, that is licensed
 under this section may apply to be designated a campus liquor complex
 at the time of initial licensure or upon license renewal.

(b) A licensee shall designate its principal licensed premises and
additional separate, related facilities that are located within the campus
liquor complex. The licensee may identify each related facility that serves
alcohol at the time of initial licensure or upon license renewal. To be
approved for a campus liquor complex related facility permit, each related

facility must be clearly identified by its geographic location within the boundaries of the campus, including the specific point of service, and each area where alcohol beverages are consumed must be clearly identified by a description and map of the area.

5 (c) A licensee may apply for a related facility permit for each 6 related facility within the campus liquor complex at the time of initial 7 licensure, upon license renewal, or at any time upon application by the 8 licensee.

9 (d) (I) To be permitted, each related facility must remain at all 10 times under the ownership or control of the licensee. A licensee that 11 sublets or transfers ownership of, or changes control of, a related facility 12 without notifying and obtaining approval from state and local licensing 13 authorities violates this article 47 ARTICLE 3, and the violation is grounds 14 for denial, suspension, revocation, or cancellation of the campus liquor 15 complex license and all related facility permits in accordance with section 16 12-47-601 SECTION 44-3-601.

(II) The institution of higher education shall designate a managerfor the campus liquor complex and for each related facility.

(e) Except as provided in this subsection (2.5) SUBSECTION (3), for
violations of this article 47 ARTICLE 3 and rules promulgated under this
article 47 ARTICLE 3 that are intentionally authorized by the ownership or
management of a related facility, each related facility is deemed
separately permitted for the purpose of application of the sanctions
authorized under section 12-47-601 SECTION 44-3-601.

(f) For purposes of this subsection (2.5) SUBSECTION (3), "related
facility" means those areas approved by the state and local licensing
authorities that are on the campus of the institution of higher education

licensed under this section and that are owned by or under the exclusive
 possession and control of the institution of higher education holding the
 license. "Related facilities" include an area or facility operated under a
 separate trade name.

5 (3) (4) Notwithstanding any provision of this article ARTICLE 3 to
6 the contrary, a hotel, licensed pursuant to this article ARTICLE 3, may:

7 (a) Furnish and deliver complimentary alcohol beverages in sealed
8 containers for the convenience of its guests;

9 (b) Sell alcohol beverages provided by the hotel in sealed 10 containers, at any time, by means of a minibar located in hotel guest 11 rooms, to adult registered guests of the hotel for consumption in guest 12 rooms if the price of the alcohol beverages is clearly posted. For purposes 13 of this section, "minibar" means a closed container, either nonrefrigerated 14 or refrigerated in whole or in part, access to the interior of which is 15 restricted by means of a locking device that requires the use of a key, 16 magnetic card, or similar device or which is controlled at all times by the 17 hotel.

18 (c) Enter into a contract with a lodging facility for the purpose of 19 authorizing the lodging facility to sell alcohol beverages pursuant to 20 paragraph (b) of this subsection (3) SUBSECTION (4)(b) OF THIS SECTION 21 if the lodging facility and hotel share common ownership and are located 22 within one thousand feet of one another. The alcohol beverages that may 23 be sold pursuant to this paragraph (c) SUBSECTION (4)(c) must be 24 provided by and subject to the control of the licensed hotel. For purposes 25 of this paragraph (c) SUBSECTION (4)(c), "common ownership" means a 26 controlling ownership interest that is held by the same person or persons, 27 whether through separate corporations, partnerships, or other legal

entities. To determine whether the distance limitation referred to in this
paragraph (c) SUBSECTION (4)(c) is met, the distance from the property
line of the land used for the lodging facility to the portion of the hotel
licensed under this article ARTICLE 3 shall be measured using the nearest
and most direct routes of pedestrian access.

6

(3.5) Repealed.

7 (4) (5) The state licensing authority shall promulgate rules that
8 prohibit the placement of a container of alcohol beverages in a minibar if
9 the container has a capacity of more than five hundred milliliters.

10 (5) (6) It is the intent of this section to require hotel and restaurant
 11 licensees to maintain a bona fide restaurant business and not a mere
 12 pretext of such for obtaining a hotel and restaurant license.

13 (6) (7) (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this subsection
14 (6) SUBSECTION (7)(b) OF THIS SECTION, every person selling alcohol
15 beverages as provided in this section shall purchase alcohol beverages
16 only from a wholesaler licensed pursuant to this article or article 46 of
17 this title ARTICLE 3 OR ARTICLE 4 OF THIS TITLE 44.

(b) (I) During a calendar year, a person selling alcohol beverages
as provided in this section may purchase not more than two thousand
dollars' worth of:

(A) Malt, vinous, and spirituous liquors from a retailer licensed
pursuant to section 12-47-407 or 12-47-408 SECTION 44-3-409 OR
44-3-410; and

24 (B) Fermented malt beverages from a retailer licensed pursuant to
 25 section 12-46-104 (1)(c) SECTION 44-4-104 (1)(c).

26 (II) A hotel and restaurant licensee shall retain evidence of each
27 purchase of malt, vinous, or spirituous liquors from a retailer licensed

1 pursuant to section 12-47-407 or 12-47-408 SECTION 44-3-409 OR 2 44-3-410 and each purchase of fermented malt beverages from a retailer 3 licensed pursuant to section 12-46-104(1)(c) SECTION 44-4-104(1)(c), in 4 the form of a purchase receipt showing the name of the licensed retailer, 5 the date of purchase, a description of the alcohol beverages purchased, 6 and the price paid for the alcohol beverages. The licensee shall retain the 7 receipt and make it available to the state and local licensing authorities at 8 all times during business hours.

9 (7) (8) Each hotel and restaurant license shall be granted for
10 specific premises, and optional premises approved by the state and local
11 licensing authorities, and issued in the name of the owner or lessee of the
12 business.

13 (8) (9) Each hotel and restaurant licensee shall manage or have a
14 separate and distinct manager and shall register the manager of each
15 liquor-licensed premises with the state and the local licensing authority.
16 No person shall be a registered manager for more than one hotel and
17 restaurant license.

(9) (10) The registered manager for each hotel and restaurant
 license, the hotel and restaurant licensee, or an employee or agent of the
 hotel and restaurant licensee shall purchase alcohol beverages for one
 licensed premises only, and the purchases shall be separate and distinct
 from purchases for any other hotel and restaurant license.

(10) (11) When a person ceases to be a registered manager of a
hotel and restaurant license, for whatever reason, the hotel and restaurant
licensee shall notify the licensing authorities within five days and shall
designate a new registered manager within thirty days.

27 (11) (12) Either the state or the local licensing authority may

refuse to accept any person as a registered manager unless the person is
satisfactory to the respective licensing authorities as to character, record,
and reputation. In determining a registered manager's character, record,
and reputation, the state or local licensing authority may have access to
criminal history record information furnished by a criminal justice agency
subject to any restrictions imposed by such agency.

7 (12)(13) The hotel and restaurant licensee shall pay a registration
8 fee not to exceed seventy-five dollars to the state and to the local
9 licensing authority for actual and necessary expenses incurred in
10 establishing the character, record, and reputation of each registered
11 manager.

(13) (14) (a) It is unlawful for any owner, part owner, shareholder,
or person interested directly or indirectly in a hotel and restaurant license
to conduct, own either in whole or in part, or be directly or indirectly
interested in any other business licensed pursuant to this article or article
46 of this title ARTICLE 3 OR ARTICLE 4 OF THIS TITLE 44.

Notwithstanding paragraph (a) of this subsection (13) 17 (b) 18 SUBSECTION (14)(a) OF THIS SECTION, an owner, part owner, shareholder, 19 or person interested directly or indirectly in a hotel and restaurant license 20 may conduct, own either in whole or in part, or be directly or indirectly 21 interested in a license described in section 12-46-104 (1)(c), 12-47-401 22 (1)(j) to (1)(t), (1)(v), or (1)(w), or 12-47-410(1) SECTION 44-3-401 (1)(j) 23 TO (1)(t), (1)(v), OR (1)(w), 44-3-412 (1), OR 44-4-104 (1)(c) or in a 24 financial institution referred to in section 12-47-308 (4) SECTION 44-3-308 25 (4).

44-3-414. [Formerly 12-47-412] Tavern license. (1) A tavern
license shall be issued to persons selling alcohol beverages by the drink

only to customers for consumption on the premises. A tavern licensee
shall have sandwiches and light snacks available for consumption on the
premises during business hours, but need not have meals available for
consumption.

5 (2) (a) Every person selling alcohol beverages as provided in this 6 section shall purchase alcohol beverages only from a wholesaler licensed 7 pursuant to this article or article 46 of this title ARTICLE 3 OR ARTICLE 4 8 OF THIS TITLE 44; except that, during a calendar year, a person selling 9 alcohol beverages as provided in this section may purchase not more than 10 two thousand dollars' worth of:

(I) Malt, vinous, and spirituous liquors from a retailer licensed
pursuant to section 12-47-407 or 12-47-408 SECTION 44-3-409 OR
44-3-410; and

(II) Fermented malt beverages from a retailer licensed pursuant to
 section 12-46-104 (1)(c) SECTION 44-4-104 (1)(c).

16 (b) A tavern licensee shall retain evidence of each purchase of 17 malt, vinous, or spirituous liquors from a retailer licensed pursuant to 18 section 12-47-407 or 12-47-408 SECTION 44-3-409 OR 44-3-410 and each 19 purchase of fermented malt beverages from a retailer licensed pursuant 20 to section 12-46-104 (1)(c) SECTION 44-4-104 (1)(c), in the form of a 21 purchase receipt showing the name of the licensed retailer, the date of 22 purchase, a description of the alcohol beverages purchased, and the price 23 paid for the alcohol beverages. The tavern licensee shall retain the receipt 24 and make it available to the state and local licensing authorities at all 25 times during business hours.

26 (3) It is unlawful for any owner, part owner, shareholder, or
27 person interested directly or indirectly in tavern licenses to conduct, own

1 either in whole or in part, or be directly or indirectly interested in any 2 other business licensed pursuant to this article or article 46 of this title 3 ARTICLE 3 OR ARTICLE 4 OF THIS TITLE 44; except that the person may 4 have an interest in a license described in section 12-46-104 (1)(c); 5 12-47-401 (1)(j) to (1)(t), (1)(v), or (1)(w), or 12-47-410 (1) SECTION 6 44-3-401 (1)(j) TO (1)(t), (1)(v), OR (1)(w), 44-3-412 (1), OR 44-4-104 7 (1)(c) or in a financial institution referred to in section 12-47-308 (4) 8 SECTION 44-3-308 (4).

9 (4) Each tavern licensee shall manage or have a separate and 10 distinct manager for each licensed premises and shall register the manager 11 of each licensed premises with both the state and the local licensing 12 authority. No person shall be a registered manager for more than one 13 tavern license.

14 (5) The registered manager for each tavern license, the tavern
15 licensee, or an employee or agent of the tavern licensee shall purchase
16 alcohol beverages for one licensed premises only, and the purchases shall
17 be separate and distinct from purchases for any other tavern license.

(6) When a person ceases to be a registered manager for a tavern
license, for whatever reason, the tavern licensee shall notify the licensing
authorities within five days and shall designate a new registered manager
within thirty days.

(7) The state licensing authority or the local licensing authority
may refuse to accept any person as a registered manager unless the person
is satisfactory to the respective licensing authorities as to character,
record, and reputation. In determining a registered manager's character,
record, and reputation, the state or local licensing authority may have
access to criminal history record information furnished by a criminal

1 justice agency subject to any restrictions imposed by such agency.

(8) The tavern licensee shall pay a registration fee not to exceed
seventy-five dollars for actual and necessary expenses incurred in
determining the character, record, and reputation of each registered
manager. Such fee shall be paid to both the state and the local licensing
authority.

7 (9) (a) At the time a tavern license is due for renewal or by one 8 year after August 10, 2016, whichever occurs later, a tavern licensed 9 under this section that does not have as its principal business the sale of 10 alcohol beverages, has a valid license on the effective date of this section, 11 and is a lodging and entertainment facility may apply to, and the 12 applicable local licensing authority shall, convert the tavern license to a 13 lodging and entertainment license under section 12-47-426 SECTION 14 44-3-428, and the licensee may continue to operate as a lodging and 15 entertainment facility licensee. If a tavern licensee does not have as its 16 principal business the sale of alcohol beverages but is not a lodging and 17 entertainment facility, at the time the tavern license is due for renewal or 18 by one year after August 10, 2016, whichever occurs later, the licensee 19 may apply to, and the applicable local licensing authority shall, convert 20 the tavern license to another license under this article ARTICLE 3, if any, 21 for which the person qualifies.

(b) A person applying under this subsection (9) to convert an existing tavern license to another license under this article ARTICLE 3 may apply to convert the license, even if the location of the licensed premises is within five hundred feet of any public or parochial school or the principal campus of any college, university, or seminary, so long as the local licensing authority has previously approved the location of the licensed premises in accordance with section 12-47-313 (1)(d) SECTION
 44-3-313 (1)(d).

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44-3-415. [Formerly 12-47-413] Optional premises license. (1) An optional premises license shall be granted for optional premises approved by the state and local licensing authorities to persons selling

alcohol beverages by the drink only to customers for consumption on the
optional premises and for storing alcohol beverages in a secure area on or
off the optional premises for future use on the optional premises.

9 (2) (a) It is unlawful for any owner, part owner, shareholder, or 10 person interested directly or indirectly in an optional premises license to 11 conduct, own either in whole or in part, or be directly or indirectly 12 interested in any other business licensed pursuant to this article or article 13 46 of this title ARTICLE 3 OR ARTICLE 4 OF THIS TITLE 44.

14 Notwithstanding paragraph (a) of this subsection (2) (b) 15 SUBSECTION (2)(a) OF THIS SECTION, an owner, part owner, shareholder, 16 or person interested directly or indirectly in an optional premises license 17 may own, either in whole or in part, or be directly or indirectly interested 18 in a license described in section 12-46-104 (1)(c), 12-47-401 (1)(j) to 19 (1)(t), (1)(v), or (1)(w), or 12-47-410 (1) SECTION 44-3-401 (1)(j) TO 20 (1)(t), (1)(v), OR(1)(w), 44-3-412(1), OR 44-4-104(1)(c) or in a financial 21 institution referred to in section 12-47-308 (4) SECTION 44-3-308 (4).

22

44-3-416. [Formerly 12-47-414] Retail gaming tavern license.

(1) A retail gaming tavern license shall be issued to persons who are
licensed pursuant to section 12-47.1-501 (1)(c), who sell alcohol
beverages by individual drink for consumption on the premises, and who
sell sandwiches or light snacks or who contract with an establishment that
provides such food services within the same building as the licensed

premises. In no event shall any person hold more than three retail gaming
 tavern licenses.

3 (2) (a) Every person selling alcohol beverages as described in this
4 section shall purchase the alcohol beverages only from a wholesaler
5 licensed pursuant to this article or article 46 of this title ARTICLE 3 OR
6 ARTICLE 4 OF THIS TITLE 44; except that, during a calendar year, a person
7 selling alcohol beverages as provided in this section may purchase not
8 more than two thousand dollars' worth of:

9 (I) Malt, vinous, or spirituous liquors from a retailer licensed 10 pursuant to section 12-47-407 or 12-47-408 SECTION 44-3-409 OR 11 44-3-410; and

(II) Fermented malt beverages from a retailer licensed pursuant to
 section 12-46-104 (1)(c) SECTION 44-4-104 (1)(c).

(b) A retail gaming tavern licensee shall retain evidence of each 14 15 purchase of malt, vinous, or spirituous liquors from a retailer licensed 16 pursuant to section 12-47-407 or 12-47-408 SECTION 44-3-409 OR 17 44-3-410 and each purchase of fermented malt beverages from a retailer 18 licensed pursuant to section 12-46-104(1)(c) SECTION 44-4-104(1)(c), in 19 the form of a purchase receipt showing the name of the licensed retailer, 20 the date of purchase, a description of the alcohol beverages purchased, 21 and the price paid for the alcohol beverages. The licensee shall retain the 22 receipt and make it available to the state and local licensing authorities at 23 all times during business hours.

24 (3) Nothing in this article ARTICLE 3 shall permit more than one
25 retail gaming tavern license per building where the licensed premises are
26 located.

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(4) It is unlawful for any owner, part owner, shareholder, or

1 person interested directly or indirectly in a retail gaming tavern license to 2 conduct, own either in whole or in part, or be directly or indirectly 3 interested in any other business licensed pursuant to this article or article 4 46 of this title ARTICLE 3 OR ARTICLE 4 OF THIS TITLE 44; except that the 5 person may have an interest in a license described in section 12-46-104 6 (1)(c), 12-47-401 (1)(j) to (1)(t), (1)(v), or (1)(w), or 12-47-410 (1)7 SECTION 44-3-401 (1)(j) TO (1)(t), (1)(v), OR (1)(w), 44-3-412 (1), OR 8 44-4-104 (1)(c) or in a financial institution referred to in section 9 12-47-308 (4) SECTION 44-3-308 (4).

10 44-3-417. [Formerly 12-47-415] Brew pub license - definition. 11 (1) (a) A brew pub license may be issued to any person operating a brew 12 pub and also selling alcohol beverages for consumption on the premises. 13 (b) A brew pub licensed pursuant to this section to manufacture 14 malt liquors or fermented malt beverages upon its licensed premises may, 15 upon approval of the state licensing authority, manufacture malt liquors 16 or fermented malt beverages upon alternating proprietor licensed 17 premises within the restrictions specified in section 12-47-103 (4) 18 SECTION 44-3-103 (5).

(2) (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this subsection (2)
SUBSECTION (2)(b) OF THIS SECTION, during the hours established in
section 12-47-901 (5)(b) SECTION 44-3-901 (6)(b), malt liquors or
fermented malt beverages manufactured by a brew pub licensee on the
licensed premises or alternating proprietor licensed premises may be:

25 (II) Sold to independent wholesalers for distribution to licensed
26 retailers;

(I) Furnished for consumption on the premises;

24

27

(III) Sold to the public in sealed containers for off-premises

consumption. Only malt liquors or fermented malt beverages
 manufactured and packaged on the licensed premises or alternating
 proprietor licensed premises by the licensee shall be sold in sealed
 containers.

5 (IV) Sold at wholesale to licensed retailers in an amount up to 6 three hundred thousand gallons per calendar year.

7 (b) A brew pub authorized to manufacture malt liquors or 8 fermented malt beverages upon alternating proprietor licensed premises 9 shall not conduct retail sales of malt liquors or fermented malt beverages 10 from an area licensed or defined as an alternating proprietor licensed 11 premises.

(3) (a) Every person selling alcohol beverages pursuant to this
section shall purchase alcohol beverages, other than those that are
manufactured at the licensed brew pub, from a wholesaler licensed
pursuant to this article or article 46 of this title ARTICLE 3 OR ARTICLE 4
OF THIS TITLE 44; except that, during a calendar year, a person selling
alcohol beverages as provided in this section may purchase not more than
two thousand dollars' worth of:

(I) Malt, vinous, and spirituous liquors from a retailer licensed
pursuant to section 12-47-407 or 12-47-408 SECTION 44-3-409 OR
44-3-410; and

(II) Fermented malt beverages from a retailer licensed pursuant to
 section 12-46-104 (1)(c) SECTION 44-4-104 (1)(c).

(b) The brew pub licensee shall retain evidence of each purchase
of malt, vinous, and spirituous liquors from a retailer licensed pursuant
to section 12-47-407 or 12-47-408 SECTION 44-3-409 OR 44-3-410 and
each purchase of fermented malt beverages from a retailer licensed

pursuant to section 12-46-104 (1)(c) SECTION 44-4-104 (1)(c), in the form of a purchase receipt showing the name of the licensed retailer, the date of purchase, a description of the alcohol beverages purchased, and the price paid for the alcohol beverages. The licensee shall retain the receipt and make it available to state and local licensing authorities at all times during business hours.

7 (4) A brew pub licensee shall sell alcohol beverages for 8 on-premises consumption only if at least fifteen percent of the gross 9 on-premises food and drink income of the business of the licensed 10 premises is from the sale of food. For purposes of this subsection (4), 11 "food" means a quantity of foodstuffs of such nature as is ordinarily 12 consumed by an individual at regular intervals for the purpose of 13 sustenance.

(5) (a) It is unlawful for any owner, part owner, shareholder, or
person interested directly or indirectly in a brew pub license to conduct,
own either in whole or in part, or be directly or indirectly interested in any
other business licensed pursuant to this article or article 46 of this title
ARTICLE 3 OR ARTICLE 4 OF THIS TITLE 44.

19 Notwithstanding paragraph (a) of this subsection (5) (b) 20 SUBSECTION (5)(a) OF THIS SECTION, a person interested directly or 21 indirectly in a brew pub license may conduct, own either in whole or in 22 part, or be directly or indirectly interested in a license described in section 23 12-46-104 (1)(c), 12-47-401 (1)(j) to (1)(t), (1)(v), or (1)(w), or 24 12-47-410 (1) SECTION 44-3-401 (1)(j) TO (1)(t), (1)(v), OR (1)(w), 25 44-3-412(1), OR 44-4-104(1)(c) or in a financial institution referred to in 26 section 12-47-308 (4) SECTION 44-3-308 (4).

27

44-3-418. [Formerly 12-47-416] Club license - legislative

-126-

declaration. (1) A club license shall be issued to persons selling alcohol
 beverages by the drink only to members of the club and guests and only
 for consumption on the premises of the club.

4 (2) (a) Every person selling alcohol beverages as provided in this
5 section shall purchase the alcohol beverages only from a wholesaler
6 licensed pursuant to this article or article 46 of this title ARTICLE 3 OR
7 ARTICLE 4 OF THIS TITLE 44; except that, during a calendar year, a person
8 selling alcohol beverages as provided in this section may purchase not
9 more than two thousand dollars' worth of:

(I) Malt, vinous, and spirituous liquors from a retailer licensed
pursuant to section 12-47-407 or 12-47-408 SECTION 44-3-409 OR
44-3-410; and

(II) Fermented malt beverages from a retailer licensed pursuant to
 section 12-46-104 (1)(c) SECTION 44-4-104 (1)(c).

15 (b) The club licensee shall retain evidence of each purchase of 16 malt, vinous, or spirituous liquors from a retailer licensed pursuant to 17 section 12-47-407 or 12-47-408 SECTION 44-3-409 OR 44-3-410 and each 18 purchase of fermented malt beverages from a retailer licensed pursuant 19 to section 12-46-104 (1)(c) SECTION 44-4-104 (1)(c), in the form of a purchase receipt showing the name of the licensed retailer, the date of 20 21 purchase, a description of the alcohol beverages purchased, and the price 22 paid for the alcohol beverages. The licensee shall retain the receipt and 23 make it available to the state and local licensing authorities at all times 24 during business hours.

(3) (a) The general assembly finds, determines, and declares that
the people of the state of Colorado desire to promote and achieve tax
equity and fairness among all the state's citizens and further desire to

conform to the public policy of nondiscrimination. The general assembly
 further declares that the provisions of this subsection (3) are enacted for
 these reasons and for no other purpose.

- 4 (b) Any club licensee that has a policy to restrict membership on 5 the basis of sex, sexual orientation, marital status, race, creed, religion, 6 color, ancestry, or national origin shall, when issuing a receipt for 7 expenses which may otherwise be used by taxpayers for deduction 8 purposes pursuant to section 162 (a) of the federal "Internal Revenue 9 Code of 1986", as amended, for purposes of determining taxes owed 10 pursuant to article 22 of title 39, C.R.S., incorporate a printed statement 11 on the receipt as follows:
- 12 The expenditures covered by this receipt are13 nondeductible for state income tax purposes.
- 14 (4) It is unlawful for any owner, part owner, shareholder, or
 15 person interested directly or indirectly in a club license to conduct, own
 16 either in whole or in part, or be directly or indirectly interested in any
 17 other business licensed pursuant to this article or article 46 of this title
 18 ARTICLE 3 OR ARTICLE 4 OF THIS TITLE 44; except that:
- (a) Such a person may have an interest in an arts license or an
 airline public transportation system license granted under this article
 ARTICLE 3, or in a financial institution referred to in section 12-47-308 (4)
 SECTION 44-3-308 (4);

(b) Any person who owns, in whole or in part, directly or
indirectly, any other license issued pursuant to this article or article 46 of
this title ARTICLE 3 OR ARTICLE 4 OF THIS TITLE 44 may be listed as an
officer or director on a club license if the person does not individually
manage or receive any direct financial benefit from the operation of the

1 license.

2 44-3-419. [Formerly 12-47-417] Arts license - definition. 3 (1) (a) An arts license may be issued to any nonprofit arts organization 4 that sponsors and presents productions or performances of an artistic or 5 cultural nature, and the arts license permits the licensee to sell alcohol 6 beverages only to patrons of the productions or performances for 7 consumption on the licensed premises in connection with the productions 8 or performances. No person licensed pursuant to this section shall permit 9 any exterior or interior advertising concerning the sale of alcohol 10 beverages on the licensed premises.

(b) An arts license may be issued to any municipality owning arts
facilities at which productions or performances of an artistic or cultural
nature are presented, in the same manner as provided for in paragraph (a)
of this subsection (1) SUBSECTION (1)(a) OF THIS SECTION and subject to
the same restrictions.

16 (2) Any provision of this article ARTICLE 3 to the contrary 17 notwithstanding, the proximity of premises licensed pursuant to this 18 section to any public or parochial school or the principal campus of a 19 college, university, or seminary shall not, in and of itself, affect the 20 granting or denial of such license by the state and the local licensing 21 authority, but a public or parochial school shall not contain a licensed 22 premises. The campus of a college, university, or seminary may contain 23 a licensed premises.

(3) As used in this section, "nonprofit arts organization" means
only an organization subject to the provisions of articles 121 to 137 of
title 7 C.R.S., and held to be tax-exempt by the federal internal revenue
service.

-129-

(4) (a) Every person selling alcohol beverages as provided in this
 section shall purchase the alcohol beverages only from a wholesaler
 licensed pursuant to this article or article 46 of this title ARTICLE 3 OR
 ARTICLE 4 OF THIS TITLE 44; except that, during a calendar year, a person
 selling alcohol beverages as provided in this section may purchase not
 more than two thousand dollars' worth of:

7 (I) Malt, vinous, and spirituous liquors from a retailer licensed
8 pursuant to section 12-47-407 or 12-47-408 SECTION 44-3-409 OR
9 44-3-410; and

(II) Fermented malt beverages from a retailer licensed pursuant to
 section 12-46-104 (1)(c) SECTION 44-4-104 (1)(c).

12 (b) An arts licensee shall retain evidence of each purchase of malt, 13 vinous, or spirituous liquors from a retailer licensed pursuant to section 14 12-47-407 or 12-47-408 SECTION 44-3-409 OR 44-3-410 and each 15 purchase of fermented malt beverages from a retailer licensed pursuant 16 to section 12-46-104 (1)(c) SECTION 44-4-104 (1)(c), in the form of a 17 purchase receipt showing the name of the licensed retailer, the date of 18 purchase, a description of the alcohol beverages purchased, and the price 19 paid for the alcohol beverages. The licensee shall retain the receipt and 20 make it available to the state and local licensing authorities at all times 21 during business hours.

44-3-420. [Formerly 12-47-418] Racetrack license. (1) A
racetrack licensee may sell alcohol beverages by the drink for
consumption on the licensed premises only to customers of the racetrack
and shall serve food as well as alcohol beverages.

26 (2) (a) Every person selling alcohol beverages as provided in this
27 section shall purchase the alcohol beverages only from a wholesaler

licensed pursuant to this article or article 46 of this title ARTICLE 3 OR
 ARTICLE 4 OF THIS TITLE 44; except that, during a calendar year, a person
 selling alcohol beverages as provided in this section may purchase not
 more than two thousand dollars' worth of:

5 (I) Malt, vinous, and spirituous liquors from a retailer licensed 6 pursuant to section 12-47-407 or 12-47-408 SECTION 44-3-409 OR 7 44-3-410; and

8 (II) Fermented malt beverages from a retailer licensed pursuant to
 9 section 12-46-104 (1)(c) SECTION 44-4-104 (1)(c).

10 (b) A racetrack licensee shall retain evidence of each purchase of 11 malt, vinous, or spirituous liquors from a retailer licensed pursuant to section 12-47-407 or 12-47-408 SECTION 44-3-409 OR 44-3-410 and each 12 13 purchase of fermented malt beverages from a retailer licensed pursuant 14 to section 12-46-104 (1)(c) SECTION 44-4-104 (1)(c), in the form of a 15 purchase receipt showing the name of the licensed retailer, the date of 16 purchase, a description of the alcohol beverages purchased, and the price 17 paid for the alcohol beverages. The licensee shall retain the receipt and 18 make it available to the state and local licensing authorities at all times 19 during business hours.

(3) If any person holds a valid license pursuant to this article
ARTICLE 3 to sell alcohol beverages by the drink for consumption on the
licensed premises, the person is not required to obtain a racetrack class
license pursuant to this section if simulcast races with pari-mutuel
wagering occur on the licensed premises.

(4) It is unlawful for any owner, part owner, shareholder, or
person interested directly or indirectly in a racetrack license to conduct,
own either in whole or in part, or be directly or indirectly interested in any

other business licensed pursuant to this article or article 46 of this title
ARTICLE 3 OR ARTICLE 4 OF THIS TITLE 44; except that a person licensed
under this section may have an interest in a license described in section
12-46-104 (1)(c), 12-47-401 (1)(j) to (1)(t), (1)(v), or (1)(w), or
12-47-410 (1) SECTION 44-3-401 (1)(j) TO (1)(t), (1)(v), OR (1)(w),
44-3-412 (1), OR 44-4-104 (1)(c) or in a financial institution referred to in
section 12-47-308 (4) SECTION 44-3-308 (4).

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44-3-421. [Formerly 12-47-419] Public transportation system license. (1) The state licensing authority shall issue a public transportation system license to every person operating a public transportation system that sells alcohol beverages by the drink to be served and consumed in or upon any dining, club, or parlor car; plane; bus; or other conveyance of the public transportation system. A public transportation system license issued to a commercial airline authorizes the licensee to sell alcohol beverages by the drink in an airport or airport concourse private club room that is in existence and operated by the

17 licensee on or before April 1, 1995. A public transportation system 18 license issued to a common carrier railroad authorizes the licensee to sell 19 alcohol beverages by the drink at any event not open to the public that is 20 held in a museum owned and operated by the licensee if the licensee 21 notifies the appropriate local law enforcement agency of the event no 22 later than fourteen days prior to the scheduled date of the event.

(2) It is unlawful for any owner, part owner, shareholder, or
person interested directly or indirectly in a public transportation system
license to conduct, own either in whole or in part, or be directly or
indirectly interested in any other business licensed pursuant to this article
or article 46 of this title ARTICLE 3 OR ARTICLE 4 OF THIS TITLE 44; except

that a person licensed under this section may be interested in any other
retail license issued pursuant to this article or article 46 of this title
ARTICLE 3 OR ARTICLE 4 OF THIS TITLE 44 or in a financial institution
referred to in section 12-47-308 (4) SECTION 44-3-308 (4).
44-3-422. [Formerly 12-47-420] Vintner's restaurant license.
(1) A vintner's restaurant license may be issued to a person operating a

- 7 vintner's restaurant and also selling alcohol beverages for consumption on8 the premises.
- 9 (2) During the hours established in section 12-47-901 (5)(b) 10 SECTION 44-3-901 (6)(b), vinous liquors manufactured by a vintner's 11 restaurant licensee on the licensed premises may be:
- 12

27

- (a) Furnished for consumption on the premises;
- 13 (b) Sold to independent wholesalers for distribution to licensed14 retailers;
- 15 (c) Sold to the public in sealed containers for off-premises 16 consumption. Only vinous liquors fermented, manufactured, and 17 packaged on the premises by the licensee shall be sold in sealed 18 containers.
- (d) Sold at wholesale to licensed retailers in an amount up to fiftythousand gallons per calendar year.
- (3) (a) Every person selling alcohol beverages pursuant to this
 section shall purchase the alcohol beverages, other than those that are
 manufactured at the licensed vintner's restaurant, from a wholesaler
 licensed pursuant to this article or article 46 of this title ARTICLE 3 OR
 ARTICLE 4 OF THIS TITLE 44; except that, during a calendar year, a person
 may purchase not more than two thousand dollars' worth of:
 - (I) Malt, vinous, and spirituous liquors from a retailer licensed

1 pursuant to section 12-47-407 or 12-47-408 SECTION 44-3-409 OR 2 44-3-410; and

3 (II) Fermented malt beverages from a retailer licensed pursuant to
 4 section 12-46-104 (1)(c) SECTION 44-4-104 (1)(c).

5 (b) The vintner's restaurant licensee shall retain evidence of each 6 purchase of malt, vinous, and spirituous liquors from a retailer licensed 7 pursuant to section 12-47-407 or 12-47-408 SECTION 44-3-409 OR 8 44-3-410 and each purchase of fermented malt beverages from a retailer 9 licensed pursuant to section 12-46-104(1)(c) SECTION 44-4-104(1)(c), in 10 the form of a purchase receipt showing the name of the licensed retailer, 11 the date of purchase, a description of the alcohol beverages purchased, 12 and the price paid for the alcohol beverages. The licensee shall retain the 13 receipt and make it available to state and local licensing authorities at all 14 times during business hours.

(4) A vintner's restaurant licensee may sell alcohol beverages for
on-premises consumption only if at least fifteen percent of the gross
on-premises food and drink income of the business of the licensed
premises is from the sale of food.

(5) (a) Subject to paragraph (b) of this subsection (5) SUBSECTION
(5)(b) OF THIS SECTION, it is unlawful for an owner, part owner,
shareholder, or person interested directly or indirectly in a vintner's
restaurant license to conduct, own either in whole or in part, or be directly
or indirectly interested in another business licensed pursuant to this article
or article 46 of this title ARTICLE 3 OR ARTICLE 4 OF THIS TITLE 44.

(b) A person interested directly or indirectly in a vintner's
restaurant license may conduct, own either in whole or in part, or be
directly or indirectly interested in a license described in section 12-46-104

1 (1)(c), 12-47-401 (1)(j) to (1)(t), (1)(v), or (1)(w), or 12-47-410 (1)2 SECTION 44-3-401 (1)(j) TO (1)(t), (1)(v), OR (1)(w), 44-3-412 (1), OR 3 44-4-104 (1)(c) or in a financial institution referred to in section 4 12-47-308 (4) SECTION 44-3-308 (4). 5 44-3-423. [Formerly 12-47-421] Removal of vinous liquor from licensed premises. (1) Notwithstanding any provision of this article 6 7 ARTICLE 3 to the contrary, a licensee described in subsection (2) of this 8 section may permit a customer of the licensee to reseal and remove from 9 the licensed premises one opened container of partially consumed vinous 10 liquor purchased on the premises so long as the originally sealed 11 container did not contain more than 750 milliliters of vinous liquor. 12 (2) This section applies to a person: 13 (a) That is duly licensed as a: (I) Manufacturer under section 12-47-402 SECTION 44-3-402; 14 15 (II) Limited winery under section 12-47-403 SECTION 44-3-403; 16 (III) Beer and wine licensee under section 12-47-409 SECTION 17 44-3-411; 18 (IV) Hotel and restaurant under section 12-47-411 SECTION 19 44-3-413: 20 (V) Tavern under section 12-47-412 SECTION 44-3-414; 21 (VI) Brew pub under section 12-47-415 SECTION 44-3-417; 22 (VII) Vintner's restaurant under section 12-47-420 SECTION 23 44-3-422: 24 (VIII) Club under section 12-47-416 SECTION 44-3-418; 25 (IX) Distillery pub under section 12-47-424 SECTION 44-3-426; or 26 (X) Lodging and entertainment facility under section 12-47-426 27 SECTION 44-3-428; and

- 1
- (b) That has meals, as defined in section 12-47-103 (20) SECTION 44-3-103 (31), available for consumption on the licensed premises.
- 23

44-3-424. [Formerly 12-47-422] Art gallery permit - definition.

4 (1) A person operating an art gallery that offers complimentary alcohol
5 beverages for consumption only on the premises may be issued an art
6 gallery permit, which shall be renewed annually. An art gallery permittee
7 shall not, directly or indirectly, sell alcohol beverages by the drink, shall
8 not serve alcohol beverages for more than four hours in any one day, and
9 shall not serve alcohol beverages more than fifteen days per year of
10 licensure.

(2) (a) The state or local licensing authority may reject the
application for an art gallery permit if the applicant fails to establish that
the applicant is able to offer complimentary alcohol beverages without
violating this section or creating a public safety risk to the neighborhood.

(b) Upon initial application, and for each renewal, the applicant
shall list each day that alcohol beverages will be served, which days shall
not be changed without a minimum of fifteen days' written notice to the
state and local licensing authority.

(3) An art gallery shall not be denied an art gallery permit based
solely on the art gallery's proximity to any public or private school or the
principal campus of a college, university, or seminary.

(4) An art gallery shall not charge an entrance fee or a cover
charge in connection with offering complimentary alcohol beverages for
consumption only on the premises.

(5) An art gallery permit may be suspended or revoked in
accordance with section 12-47-601 SECTION 44-3-601 if the permittee
violates any provision of this article ARTICLE 3 or any rule adopted

pursuant to this article ARTICLE 3 or fails to truthfully furnish any required
 information in connection with a permit application.

3 (6) It is unlawful for any owner, part owner, shareholder, or 4 person interested directly or indirectly in an art gallery permit to conduct, 5 own either in whole or in part, or be directly or indirectly interested in any 6 other business licensed pursuant to this article or article 46 of this title 7 ARTICLE 3 OR ARTICLE 4 OF THIS TITLE 44; except that a person regulated 8 under this section may have an interest in other art gallery permits; in a 9 license described in section 12-46-104(1)(c), 12-47-401(1)(j) to (1)(t), 10 (1)(v), or (1)(w), or 12-47-410 (1) SECTION 44-3-401 (1)(j) TO (1)(t), 11 (1)(v), OR (1)(w), 44-3-412 (1), OR 44-4-104 (1)(c); or in a financial 12 institution referred to in section 12-47-308 (4) SECTION 44-3-308 (4).

(7) As used in this section, "art gallery" means an establishment
whose primary purpose is to exhibit and offer for sale works of fine art
as defined in section 6-15-101 C.R.S., or precious or semiprecious metals
or stones as defined in section 18-16-102. C.R.S.

17 (8) An art gallery issued a permit shall not intentionally allow
18 more than two hundred fifty people to be on the premises at one time
19 when alcohol beverages are being served.

(9) Nothing in this section shall be construed to abrogate any
insurance coverage required by law; to authorize a licensed art gallery to
violate section 12-47-901 SECTION 44-3-901, including, without
limitation, serving a visibly intoxicated person and taking an alcohol
beverage off the licensed premises; or to violate any zoning or occupancy
ordinances or laws.

44-3-425. [Formerly 12-47-423] Wine packaging permit limitations - rules. (1) (a) The state licensing authority may issue a wine

packaging permit to a winery licensed under section 12-47-402 SECTION
 44-3-402, a limited winery licensed under section 12-47-403 SECTION
 44-3-403, or a wholesaler licensed under section 12-47-406 SECTION
 44-3-407 that allows the licensed winery, limited winery, or wholesaler
 to package tax-paid wine manufactured by another winery or
 manufacturer.

7 (b) A licensed winery, limited winery, or wholesaler that obtains
8 a wine packaging permit under this section shall:

9 (I) Take possession and custody of the tax-paid wine that it 10 packages; and

(II) Return the packaged tax-paid wine either to the original manufacturer of the tax-paid wine or to the original manufacturer's licensed wholesaler; except that, if the original manufacturer's wholesaler obtains a wine packaging permit pursuant to this section, the wholesaler need not return the packaged tax-paid wine to the original manufacturer.

16 (2) A licensed winery or limited winery that obtains a wine 17 packaging permit pursuant to this section shall not sell or distribute 18 tax-paid wine it packages:

19 (a) To a person licensed to sell alcohol beverages at retail, for 20 consumption on or off the licensed premises, under section 12-47-407, 21 12-47-408, 12-47-409, 12-47-410, 12-47-411, 12-47-412, 12-47-413, 22 12-47-414, 12-47-415, 12-47-416, 12-47-417, 12-47-418, 12-47-419, 23 12-47-420, 12-47-422, 12-47-424, or 12-47-426 SECTION 44-3-409, 24 44-3-410, 44-3-411, 44-3-412, 44-3-413, 44-3-414, 44-3-415, 44-3-416, 44-3-417, 44-3-418, 44-3-419, 44-3-420, 44-3-421, 44-3-422, 44-3-424, 25 44-3-426, OR 44-3-428; or 26

27 (b) Directly to a consumer.

(3) The state licensing authority may adopt rules as necessary to
 implement and administer this section.

3 44-3-426. [Formerly 12-47-424] Distillery pub license 4 legislative declaration - definition. (1) The general assembly finds and
5 determines that:

6 (a) Colorado is a state that welcomes and encourages
7 entrepreneurs and new business opportunities;

8 (b) Currently, manufacturing of spirituous liquors by persons 9 licensed as manufacturers pursuant to section 12-47-402 SECTION 10 44-3-402 is a thriving industry, with new distilleries opening throughout 11 the state and increasing the availability of Colorado-produced craft spirits 12 both within and outside the state;

(c) The spirituous liquors manufacturing business focuses
primarily on producing a spirituous liquor product that the licensed spirits
manufacturer can then sell and distribute, through a wholesaler,
throughout the state and in other states to retail outlets;

(d) While licensed spirits manufacturers are permitted to sell their
products directly to consumers, the majority of the manufacturing
business is selling the bulk of a manufacturer's product to retail outlets
that then sell the product to consumers;

(e) On the other hand, the main focus of a distillery pub business
authorized by this section is to operate a local pub in which food and
alcohol beverages, including a small quantity of spirituous liquors
fermented and distilled on site, are sold and served for on-premises
consumption;

26 (f) While a distillery pub is allowed to produce, serve, and27 distribute its own spirituous liquors, unlike a licensed spirits

manufacturer, the production level for a distillery pub is capped, and the
ability to distribute to retail outlets is greatly restricted, thereby
establishing a new business model that is distinct from, and serves a
different clientele than, a licensed spirits manufacturer;

5 (g) Additionally, unlike a licensed spirits manufacturer, which is 6 only required to obtain a license from the state licensing authority, a 7 distillery pub must obtain both a state and local license after 8 demonstrating that the distillery pub meets the reasonable requirements 9 and the desires of the adult inhabitants of the neighborhood in which it 10 will be situated; and

(h) It is important to encourage the new distillery pub business
model, which will add to the thriving craft spirits industry in this state
without disrupting the ever-growing spirituous liquors manufacturing
industry.

15 (2) A distillery pub license may be issued to any person operating 16 a distillery pub and also selling food and alcohol beverages for 17 consumption on the premises. At least fifteen percent of the gross 18 on-premises food and alcohol beverage income of the licensed distillery 19 pub must be from the sale of food. For purposes of this subsection (2), "food" means a quantity of foodstuffs of a nature that is ordinarily 20 21 consumed by an individual at regular intervals for the purpose of 22 sustenance.

(3) During the hours established in section 12-47-901 (5)(b)
SECTION 44-3-901 (6)(b), a licensed distillery pub may, with regard to
spirituous liquors fermented and distilled by the distillery pub licensee on
the licensed premises:

27

(a) Furnish its spirituous liquors for consumption on the premises;

(b) Sell its spirituous liquors to independent wholesalers for
 distribution to licensed retailers;

3 (c) Sell its spirituous liquors to the public in sealed containers for
4 off-premises consumption, as long as the spirituous liquors are fermented,
5 distilled, and packaged on the licensed premises by the licensee; or

6 (d) Sell its spirituous liquors at wholesale to licensed retailers in
7 an amount up to two thousand seven hundred liters per spirituous liquor
8 product per calendar year.

9 (4) (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this subsection (4)
10 SUBSECTION (4)(b) OF THIS SECTION, every person selling alcohol
11 beverages pursuant to this section must purchase alcohol beverages, other
12 than those that are fermented and distilled at the licensed distillery pub,
13 from a wholesaler licensed pursuant to this article or article 46 of this title
14 ARTICLE 3 OR ARTICLE 4 OF THIS TITLE 44.

- (b) (I) During a calendar year, a person selling alcohol beverages
 as provided in this section may purchase not more than two thousand
 dollars' worth of:
- 18 (A) Malt, vinous, and spirituous liquors from a retailer licensed
 19 pursuant to section 12-47-407 or 12-47-408 SECTION 44-3-409 OR
 20 44-3-410; and
- (B) Fermented malt beverages from a retailer licensed pursuant to
 section 12-46-104 (1)(c) SECTION 44-4-104 (1)(c).
- (II) The distillery pub licensee shall retain evidence of each
 purchase of malt, vinous, and spirituous liquors from a retailer licensed
 pursuant to section 12-47-407 or 12-47-408 SECTION 44-3-409 OR
 44-3-410 and each purchase of fermented malt beverages from a retailer
 licensed pursuant to section 12-46-104 (1)(c) SECTION 44-4-104 (1)(c), in

the form of a purchase receipt showing the name of the licensed retailer,
the date of purchase, a description of the alcohol beverages purchased,
and the price paid for the alcohol beverages. The licensee shall retain the
receipt and make it available to state and local licensing authorities at all
times during business hours.

6 (5) (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this subsection (5) 7 SUBSECTION (5)(b) OF THIS SECTION, it is unlawful for any owner, part 8 owner, shareholder, or person interested directly or indirectly in a 9 distillery pub license to conduct, own either in whole or in part, or be 10 directly or indirectly interested in any other business licensed pursuant to 11 this article or article 46 of this title ARTICLE 3 OR ARTICLE 4 OF THIS TITLE 12 44.

(b) A person interested directly or indirectly in a distillery pub
license may conduct, own either in whole or in part, or be directly or
indirectly interested in:

16

(I) Other distillery pub licenses;

17 (II) A license described in section 12-46-104 (1)(c), 12-47-40118 (1)(j) to (1)(t), (1)(v), or (1)(w), or 12-47-410 (1) SECTION 44-3-401 (1)(j) 19 TO (1)(t), (1)(v), OR (1)(w), 44-3-412 (1), OR 44-4-104 (1)(c); or

20 (III) A financial institution referred to in section 12-47-308 (4)
21 SECTION 44-3-308 (4).

44-3-427. [Formerly 12-47-425] Liquor-licensed drugstore
manager's permit. (1) The state licensing authority may issue a
manager's permit to an individual who is employed by a liquor-licensed
drugstore licensed under section 12-47-408 SECTION 44-3-410 and who
will be in actual control of the liquor-licensed drugstore's alcohol
beverage operations.

1 (2) An individual seeking a manager's permit shall apply to the 2 state licensing authority in the form and manner required by the state 3 licensing authority. To obtain a manager's permit, the individual must 4 demonstrate that he or she:

(a) Has not been convicted of a crime involving the sale or
distribution of alcohol beverages within the eight years immediately
preceding the date on which the application is submitted;

8 (b) Has not been convicted of any felony within the five years 9 immediately preceding the date on which the application is submitted; 10 except that in considering the conviction of a felony, the state licensing 11 authority is governed by section 24-5-101; C.R.S.;

12

(c) Is at least twenty-one years of age; and

(d) Has not had a manager's permit or any similar permit issued
by the state, a local jurisdiction, or another state or foreign jurisdiction
revoked by the issuing authority within the three years immediately
preceding the date on which the application is submitted.

17 (3) It is unlawful for an individual who has a manager's permit18 issued under this section to be interested directly or indirectly in:

19 (a) A wholesaler licensed pursuant to section 12-47-406 SECTION
20 44-3-407;

21 (b) A limited winery licensed pursuant to section 12-47-403
22 SECTION 44-3-403;

23 (c) An importer licensed pursuant to section 12-47-404 SECTION
24 44-3-405;

25 (d) A manufacturer licensed pursuant to section 12-47-402 or
 26 12-47-405 SECTION 44-3-402 OR 44-3-406; or

27 (e) Any business licensed under this article ARTICLE 3 that has had

its license revoked by the state licensing authority within the eight years
 immediately preceding the date on which the individual applies for a
 manager's permit under this section.

4 (4) In recognition of the state's flourishing local breweries,
5 wineries, and distilleries that locally produce high-quality malt, vinous,
6 and spirituous liquors, managers of liquor-licensed drugstores are
7 encouraged to purchase and promote locally produced alcohol beverage
8 products in their liquor-licensed drugstores.

9 44-3-428. [Formerly 12-47-426] Lodging and entertainment 10 license. (1) A lodging and entertainment license may be issued to a 11 lodging and entertainment facility selling alcohol beverages by the drink 12 only to customers for consumption on the premises. A lodging and 13 entertainment facility licensee shall have sandwiches and light snacks 14 available for consumption on the premises during business hours but need 15 not have meals available for consumption.

- (2) (a) A lodging and entertainment facility licensed to sell alcohol
 beverages as provided in this section shall purchase alcohol beverages
 only from a wholesaler licensed pursuant to this article or article 46 of
 this title ARTICLE 3 OR ARTICLE 4 OF THIS TITLE 44; except that, during a
 calendar year, a lodging and entertainment facility licensed to sell alcohol
 beverages as provided in this section may purchase not more than two
 thousand dollars' worth of:
- (I) Malt, vinous, and spirituous liquors from a retailer licensed
 pursuant to section 12-47-407 or 12-47-408 SECTION 44-3-409 OR
 44-3-410; and
- 26 (II) Fermented malt beverages from a retailer licensed pursuant to
 27 section 12-46-104 (1)(c) SECTION 44-4-104 (1)(c).

1 (b) A lodging and entertainment facility licensee shall retain 2 evidence of each purchase of malt, vinous, or spirituous liquors from a 3 retailer licensed pursuant to section 12-47-407 or 12-47-408 SECTION 4 44-3-409 OR 44-3-410 and each purchase of fermented malt beverages 5 from a retailer licensed pursuant to section 12-46-104 (1)(c) SECTION 6 44-4-104 (1)(c), in the form of a purchase receipt showing the name of 7 the licensed retailer, the date of purchase, a description of the alcohol 8 beverages purchased, and the price paid for the alcohol beverages. The 9 lodging and entertainment facility licensee shall retain the receipt and 10 make it available to the state and local licensing authorities at all times 11 during business hours.

(3) (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this subsection (3)
SUBSECTION (3)(b) OF THIS SECTION, it is unlawful for any owner, part
owner, shareholder, or person interested directly or indirectly in lodging
and entertainment licenses to conduct, own either in whole or in part, or
be directly or indirectly interested in any other business licensed pursuant
to this article or article 46 of this title ARTICLE 3 OR ARTICLE 4 OF THIS
TITLE 44.

(b) An owner, part owner, shareholder, or person interested
directly or indirectly in a lodging and entertainment license may have an
interest in:

22 (I) A license described in section 12-46-104 (1)(c), 12-47-40123 (1)(j) to (1)(t), (1)(v), or (1)(w), or 12-47-410 (1) SECTION 44-3-401 (1)(j) 24 TO (1)(t), (1)(v), OR (1)(w), 44-3-412 (1), OR 44-4-104 (1)(c); or

25 (II) A financial institution referred to in section 12-47-308 (4)
26 SECTION 44-3-308 (4).

27

(4) (a) Each lodging and entertainment facility licensee shall

-145-

manage or have a separate and distinct manager for each licensed
premises and shall register the manager of each licensed premises with
both the state and the local licensing authority. A person shall not be a
registered manager for more than one lodging and entertainment license.

5 (b) The registered manager for each lodging and entertainment 6 license, the lodging and entertainment facility licensee, or an employee 7 or agent of the lodging and entertainment facility licensee shall purchase 8 alcohol beverages for one licensed premises only, and the purchases shall 9 be separate and distinct from purchases for any other lodging and 10 entertainment license.

(c) When a person ceases to be a registered manager for a lodging
and entertainment license, the lodging and entertainment facility licensee
shall notify the licensing authorities within five days and shall designate
a new registered manager within thirty days.

(d) The state licensing authority or the local licensing authority
may refuse to accept any person as a registered manager unless the person
is satisfactory to the respective licensing authorities as to character,
record, and reputation. In determining a registered manager's character,
record, and reputation, the state or local licensing authority may have
access to criminal history record information furnished by a criminal
justice agency subject to any restrictions imposed by the agency.

(e) The lodging and entertainment facility licensee shall pay a
registration fee, not to exceed seventy-five dollars, for actual and
necessary expenses incurred in determining the character, record, and
reputation of each registered manager. The lodging and entertainment
facility licensee shall pay the fee to both the state and the local licensing
authority.

1	(5) $A_{1,1}$ (5) $A_{2,1}$ (5) $A_{2,1}$ (5) $A_{2,1}$ (5) $A_{2,1}$ (5) $A_{2,1}$ (5) $A_{2,1}$ (7) $A_{2,1}$ (
1	(5) At the time a tavern license issued under section $12-47-412$
2	SECTION 44-3-414 is due for renewal or by one year after August 10,
3	2016, whichever occurs later, a person licensed as a tavern that does not
4	have as its principal business the sale of alcohol beverages, has a valid
5	license on August 10, 2016, and is a lodging and entertainment facility
6	may apply to, and the applicable local licensing authority shall, convert
7	the tavern license to a lodging and entertainment license under this
8	section, and the person may continue to operate as a lodging and
9	entertainment facility licensee. A person applying to convert an existing
10	tavern license to a lodging and entertainment license under this subsection
11	(5) may apply to convert the license, even if the location of the licensed
12	premises is within five hundred feet of any public or parochial school or
13	the principal campus of any college, university, or seminary, so long as
14	the local licensing authority has previously approved the location of the
15	licensed premises in accordance with section 12-47-313 (1)(d) SECTION
16	44-3-313 (1)(d).
17	PART 5
18	LICENSE FEES AND EXCISE TAXES
19	44-3-501. [Formerly 12-47-501] State fees. (1) The applicant
20	shall pay the following license and permit fees to the department of
21	revenue annually in advance:
22	(a) For each resident and nonresident manufacturer's license, the
23	fee shall be:
24	(I) For each brewery, three hundred dollars;
25	(II) For each winery, three hundred dollars;
26	(III) For each distillery or rectifier:
27	(A) On or after August 10, 2016, and before August 10, 2017, six

1 hundred seventy-five dollars; and 2 (B) On or after August 10, 2017, three hundred dollars; 3 (IV) For each limited winery, seventy dollars; 4 (b) For each importer's license, three hundred dollars; 5 (c) For each wholesaler's liquor license: (I) On or after August 10, 2016, and before August 10, 2017, eight 6 7 hundred dollars; and 8 (II) On or after August 10, 2017, five hundred fifty dollars; 9 (d) For each wholesaler's beer license, five hundred fifty dollars; 10 (e) For each retail liquor store license, one hundred dollars; 11 For each liquor-licensed drugstore license, one hundred (f)12 dollars; 13 (g) For each beer and wine license, seventy-five dollars; 14 (h) For each hotel and restaurant license, seventy-five dollars; 15 (h.5) (i) For each resort-complex-related facility permit, 16 seventy-five dollars per related facility, as defined in section 12-47-411 17 (2)(e) SECTION 44-3-413 (2)(e); 18 (h.6) (i) For each related facility permit, seventy-five dollars per 19 related facility, as defined in section 12-47-411 (2.5)(f) SECTION 44-3-413 20 (3)(f);21 (i) (k) For each tavern license, seventy-five dollars; 22 (i) For each optional premises license, seventy-five dollars; 23 (k) (m) For each retail gaming tavern license, seventy-five dollars; 24 (\mathbf{h}) (n) For each brew pub, distillery pub, or vintner's restaurant 25 license, three hundred twenty-five dollars; 26 (m) (o) For each club license, seventy-five dollars; 27 (n) (p) For each arts license, seventy-five dollars;

1 (o) (q) For each racetrack license, seventy-five dollars; 2 (p) (r) For each public transportation system license, seventy-five 3 dollars for each dining, club, or parlor car; plane; bus; or other vehicle in 4 which such liquor is sold. No additional license fee shall be required by 5 any municipality, city and county, or county for the sale of such liquor in 6 dining, club, or parlor cars; planes; buses; or other conveyances. 7 (g) For each bed and breakfast permit, fifty dollars; 8 (r) (t) For each art gallery permit, fifty dollars; 9 (s) (u) For each wine packaging permit, two hundred dollars; 10 (t) (v) For each lodging and entertainment license, seventy-five 11 dollars; 12 (\mathbf{w}) (w) For each manager's permit, one hundred dollars. 13 (1.5) (2) Notwithstanding the amount specified for any fee in 14 subsection (1) of this section, the executive director of the department of 15 revenue by rule, or as otherwise provided by law, may reduce the amount 16 of one or more of the fees if necessary pursuant to section 24-75-402(3)17 C.R.S., to reduce the uncommitted reserves of the fund to which all or any 18 portion of one or more of the fees is credited. After the uncommitted 19 reserves of the fund are sufficiently reduced, the executive director, by 20 rule or as otherwise provided by law, may increase the amount of one or 21 more of the fees as provided in section 24-75-402 (4). C.R.S. 22 (2) (3) (a) The state licensing authority shall establish fees for 23 processing the following types of applications, notices, or reports required 24 to be submitted to the state licensing authority: 25 Applications for new liquor licenses pursuant to section (I) 26 12-47-304 SECTION 44-3-304 and rules adopted pursuant to that section; 27 (II) Applications to change location pursuant to section 12-47-301

1 (9) SECTION 44-3-301 (9) and rules adopted pursuant to that section;

2 (III) Applications for transfer of ownership pursuant to section
 3 12-47-303 (1)(c) SECTION 44-3-303 (1)(c) and rules adopted pursuant to
 4 that section;

5 (IV) Applications for modification of licensed premises pursuant
to section 12-47-301 SECTION 44-3-301 and rules adopted pursuant to that
section;

8 (V) Applications for alternating use of premises pursuant to
9 section 12-46-104 (1)(a), 12-47-402 (2.5), 12-47-403 (2)(a), or 12-47-415
10 (1)(b) SECTION 44-3-402 (3), 44-3-403 (2)(a), 44-3-417 (1)(b), OR
11 44-4-104 (1)(a), and rules adopted pursuant to those sections;

(VI) Applications for branch warehouse permits pursuant to
 section 12-47-406 SECTION 44-3-407 and rules adopted pursuant to that
 section;

(VII) Applications for approval of a contract to sell alcohol
beverages pursuant to section 12-47-411 (3)(c) SECTION 44-3-413 (4)(c);
(VIII) Applications for warehouse storage permits pursuant to
section 12-47-202 SECTION 44-3-202 and rules adopted pursuant to that
section;

20 (IX) Applications for duplicate licenses;

21 (X) Applications for wine shipment permits pursuant to section
 22 12-47-104 SECTION 44-3-104;

23 (XI) Sole source registrations or new product registrations
24 pursuant to section 12-47-901 (3)(b) SECTION 44-3-901 (4)(b);

25 (XII) Hotel and restaurant optional premises registrations;

26 (XIII) Expired license renewal and reissuance applications
27 pursuant to section 12-47-302 SECTION 44-3-302;

(XIV) Notice of change of name or trade name pursuant to section
 12-47-301 SECTION 44-3-301 and rules adopted pursuant to that section;
 (XV) Applications for wine packing permits pursuant to section
 12-47-423 SECTION 44-3-425;

5 (XVI) Applications for transfer of ownership, change of location,
and license merger and conversion pursuant to section 12-47-408 (1)(b)
7 SECTION 44-3-410 (1)(b);

8 (XVII) Applications for manager's permits pursuant to section
9 12-47-425 SECTION 44-3-427.

10 (b) The amounts of such fees, when added to the other fees 11 transferred to the liquor enforcement division and state licensing authority 12 cash fund pursuant to sections 12-46-105, 12-47-502(1), and 12-48-104; 13 SECTIONS 44-4-105, 44-3-502 (1), AND 44-5-104 shall reflect the direct 14 and indirect costs of the liquor enforcement division and the state 15 licensing authority in the administration and enforcement of this article 16 and articles 46 and 48 of this title ARTICLE 3 AND ARTICLES 4 AND 5 OF 17 THIS TITLE 44.

18 (c) The state licensing authority may charge corporate applicants 19 and limited liability companies licensed under articles 46 and 47 of this 20 title THIS ARTICLE 3 AND ARTICLE 4 OF THIS TITLE 44 a fee for the cost of 21 each fingerprint analysis and background investigation undertaken to 22 qualify new officers, directors, stockholders, members, or managers 23 pursuant to the requirements of section 12-47-307 (1) SECTION 44-3-307 24 (1); however, the state licensing authority shall not collect such a fee if 25 the applicant has already undergone a background investigation by and 26 paid a fee to a local licensing authority.

(d) At least annually, the amounts of the fees shall be reviewed

and, if necessary, adjusted to reflect the direct and indirect costs of the
 liquor enforcement division and the state licensing authority.

3 (3) (4) Except as provided in subsection (4) SUBSECTION (5) of 4 this section, the state licensing authority shall establish a basic fee which 5 shall be paid at the time of service of any subpoena upon the state 6 licensing authority or upon any employee of the division, plus a fee for 7 meals and a fee for mileage at the rate prescribed for state officers and 8 employees in section 24-9-104 C.R.S., for each mile actually and 9 necessarily traveled in going to and returning from the place named in the 10 subpoena. If the person named in the subpoena is required to attend the 11 place named in the subpoena for more than one day, there shall be paid, 12 in advance, a sum to be established by the state licensing authority for 13 each day of attendance to cover the expenses of the person named in the 14 subpoena.

15 (4) (5) The subpoena fee established pursuant to subsection (3)
16 SUBSECTION (4) of this section shall not be applicable to any state or local
17 governmental agency.

18 44-3-502. [Formerly 12-47-502] Fees and taxes - allocation. 19 (1) (a) All state license fees and taxes provided for by this article 20 ARTICLE 3 and all fees provided for by section 12-47-501 (2) and (3) 21 SECTION 44-3-501 (3) AND (4) for processing applications, reports, and 22 notices shall be paid to the department of revenue, which shall transmit 23 the fees and taxes to the state treasurer. The state treasurer shall credit 24 eighty-five percent of the fees and taxes to the old age pension fund and 25 the balance to the general fund.

(b) An amount equal to the revenues attributable to fifty dollars
of each state license fee provided for by this article ARTICLE 3 and the

processing fees provided for by section 12-47-501 (2) and (3) SECTION 44-3-501 (3) AND (4) for processing applications, reports, and notices shall be transferred out of the general fund to the liquor enforcement division and state licensing authority cash fund. Such THE transfer shall be made by the state treasurer as soon as possible after the twentieth day of the month following the payment of such fees.

(c) The expenditures of the state licensing authority and the liquor
enforcement division shall be paid out of appropriations from the liquor
enforcement division and state licensing authority cash fund as provided
in section 24-35-401. C.R.S.

(2) Eighty-five percent of the local license fees shall be paid to the
department of revenue, which shall transmit the fees to the state treasurer
to be credited to the old age pension fund.

14 44-3-503. [Formerly 12-47-503] Excise tax - records - rules -15 **definition.** (1) (a) An excise tax at the rate of 8.0 cents per gallon, or the 16 same per unit volume tax applied to metric measure, on all malt liquors, 17 fermented malt beverages, and hard cider, 7.33 cents per liter on all 18 vinous liquors except hard cider, and 60.26 cents per liter on all spirituous 19 liquors is imposed, and such THE taxes shall be collected on all such 20 respective beverages, not otherwise exempt from the tax, sold, offered for 21 sale, or used in this state; except that, upon the same beverages, only one 22 such tax shall be paid in this state. The manufacturer, thereof, the holder 23 of a winery direct shipper's permit, or the first licensee receiving alcohol 24 beverages in this state if shipped from without the state, shall be primarily 25 liable for the payment of any tax or tax surcharge imposed pursuant to 26 this section; but, if such THE beverage is transported by a manufacturer 27 or wholesaler to a point outside of the state and there disposed of there,

then such THE manufacturer or wholesaler, upon the filing with the state licensing authority of a duplicate bill of lading, invoice, or affidavit showing such transaction, shall not be subject to the tax provided in this section on such beverages, and, if such tax has already been paid, it shall be refunded to said manufacturer or wholesaler. For purposes of this section, "manufacturer" includes brew pub, distillery pub, and vintner's restaurant licensees.

8 (a.5) (b) The department of revenue shall promulgate rules 9 concerning the excise tax applied to powdered alcohol at 60.26 cents per 10 liter for the amount of liters of water suggested to be added by the 11 manufacturer's packaging.

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(b) (I) Repealed.

13 (II) (c) (I) Effective July 1, 2000, a wine development fee at the 14 rate of 1.0 cent per liter is imposed on all vinous liquors except hard cider 15 sold, offered for sale, or used in this state. An amount equal to one 16 hundred percent of the wine development fee collected pursuant to this 17 subparagraph (II) SUBSECTION (1)(c)(I) shall be transferred from the 18 general fund to the Colorado wine industry development fund created in 19 section 35-29.5-105. C.R.S. Such transfers shall be made by the state 20 treasurer as soon as possible after the twentieth day of the month 21 following the collection of such wine development fee.

(HI) (II) In addition to the excise tax imposed pursuant to
paragraph (a) of this subsection (1) SUBSECTION (1)(a) OF THIS SECTION,
an additional excise tax surcharge at the rate of 5.0 cents per liter for the
first nine thousand liters, 3.0 cents per liter for the next thirty-six
thousand liters, and 1.0 cent per liter for all additional amounts, is
imposed on all vinous liquors except hard cider produced by Colorado

licensed wineries and sold, offered for sale, or used in this state. An amount equal to one hundred percent of the excise tax surcharge collected pursuant to this subparagraph (III) SUBSECTION (1)(c)(II) shall be transferred from the general fund to the Colorado wine industry development fund created in section 35-29.5-105. C.R.S. Such transfers shall be made by the state treasurer as soon as possible after the twentieth day of the month following the collection of such excise tax surcharge.

8 (c) (d) An excise tax of ten dollars per ton of grapes is imposed 9 upon all grapes of the vinifera varieties or other produce used in the 10 production of wine in this state by a licensed Colorado winery or vintner's 11 restaurant, whether true or hybrid. The excise tax imposed pursuant to this 12 paragraph (c) SUBSECTION (1)(d) shall be paid to the department of 13 revenue by the licensed winery or vintner's restaurant at the time of 14 purchase of the product by the winery or vintner's restaurant or of 15 importation of the product, whichever is later. An amount equal to one 16 hundred percent of such excise tax shall be transferred from the general 17 fund to the Colorado wine industry development fund created in section 18 35-29.5-105. C.R.S. Such transfers shall be made by the state treasurer as 19 soon as possible after the twentieth day of the month following the collection of such excise tax. 20

21 (d) (e) The policy of this state is that alcoholics and intoxicated 22 persons may not be subjected to criminal prosecution because of their 23 consumption of alcohol beverages, but rather should be afforded a 24 continuum of treatment in order that they may lead normal lives as 25 productive members of society. The general assembly finds that the cost 26 of implementing a statewide treatment plan is greater than originally 27 estimated. By increasing the excise tax on alcohol beverages in Colorado, it is the intent of this general assembly that the increased revenues derived from this subsection (1) be viewed as one of the sources of funding for the future development of alcoholism treatment programs under the statute enacted in 1973 and for the payment of other related direct and indirect costs caused by the consumption of alcohol beverages.

(2) The state licensing authority shall make and publish such rules
and regulations to secure and enforce the collection and payment of such
THE tax as it may deem proper if such THE rules and regulations are not
inconsistent with the provisions of this article ARTICLE 3.

10 (3) Except as provided in paragraph (c) of subsection (1) 11 SUBSECTION (1)(d) of this section, the excise taxes and excise tax 12 surcharges provided for in this section shall be paid to the department of 13 revenue upon the filing of the return provided for in subsection (4) of this 14 section and shall be delivered to the department on or before the twentieth 15 day of the month following the month in which such alcohol beverages 16 are first sold in this state. As used in this subsection (3), "first sold" 17 means the sale or disposal that occurs when a licensed wholesaler sells, 18 transfers, or otherwise disposes of a product, when a manufacturer sells 19 to a licensed wholesaler or a consumer, or when a holder of a winery 20 direct shipper's permit ships to a personal consumer in this state.

(4) Each licensed manufacturer and wholesaler of alcohol
beverages within this state shall file, on or before the twentieth day of
each month, an exact, verified return with the state licensing authority
showing for the preceding calendar month the quantities of alcohol
beverages:

26 (a) Constituting the licensee's beginning and ending inventory for
 27 such THE month;

-156-

1 (b) Manufactured by the licensee in this state;

2 (c) Shipped to the licensee from within this state and received by
3 the licensee in this state;

- 4 (d) Shipped to the licensee from outside this state and received by
 5 the licensee in this state;
- 6 (e) Sold or disposed of by the licensee to persons or purchasers in
 7 this state;

8 (f) Sold or disposed of by the licensee to persons or purchasers 9 outside this state, separately indicating those sales or transactions of 10 alcohol beverages to which the excise tax is not applicable; and

(g) For persons licensed pursuant to section 12-46-104 (1)(a),
12 12-47-402 (2.5), 12-47-403 (2)(a), or 12-47-415 (1)(b) SECTION 44-3-402
(3), 44-3-403 (2)(a), 44-3-417 (1)(b), OR 44-4-104 (1)(a), a separate report
of vinous liquors, malt liquors, or fermented malt beverages, as
applicable, that were manufactured or inventoried in, or transferred from,
an alternating proprietor licensed premises.

17 (4.5) (5) Each holder of a winery direct shipper's permit under
section 12-47-104 SECTION 44-3-104 shall file, on or before the twentieth
day of each calendar month, an exact, verified return with the state
licensing authority showing for the preceding calendar month the
quantities of vinous liquor shipped to personal consumers in this state.

(5) (6) The return, on forms prescribed by the state licensing authority, shall also show the amount of excise tax payable, after allowances for all proper deductions, for alcohol beverages sold by the manufacturer, wholesaler, or holder of a winery direct shipper's permit in this state and shall include such ANY additional information as the state licensing authority may require for the proper administration of this 1 article ARTICLE 3. The payment of the excise tax provided for in this 2 section, in the amount disclosed by the return, shall accompany the return 3 and shall be paid to the department of revenue. Each manufacturer, 4 wholesaler, or holder of a winery direct shipper's permit required to file 5 a return shall keep complete and accurate books and records, accounts, 6 and other documents as may be necessary to substantiate the accuracy of 7 his or her return and the amount of excise tax due and shall retain such 8 records for a period of three years.

9 (6) (7) The state licensing authority, after public hearing of which
10 the licensee shall have due notice as provided in this article ARTICLE 3,
11 shall suspend or revoke any license or winery direct shipper's permit
12 issued pursuant to this article ARTICLE 3 for a failure to pay any excise tax
13 required by this article ARTICLE 3 and may suspend or revoke such THE
14 license or permit for a violation of or failure to comply with the rules
15 promulgated by said THE authority.

(7) (8) If the excise tax is not paid when due, there shall be added
to the amount of the tax as a penalty a sum equivalent to ten percent
thereof and, in addition, thereto, interest on the tax and a penalty at the
rate of one percent a month or fraction of a month from the date the tax
became due until paid. Nothing in this section shall be construed to
relieve any person otherwise liable from liability for payment of the
excise tax.

(8) (9) The department of revenue shall make a refund or allow a
credit to the manufacturer, the wholesaler, or the holder of a winery direct
shipper's permit, as the case may be, of the amount of the excise tax paid
on alcohol beverages sold in this state when, after payment of the excise
tax, such THE alcohol beverages are rendered unsalable by reason of

destruction or damage upon submission of evidence satisfactory to the
 state licensing authority that such THE excise tax has actually been paid.
 Such refund or credit shall be made by the department within sixty days
 after the submission of evidence satisfactory to the department.

5 (9) (10) (a) In order to economize and to simplify administrative 6 procedures, the state licensing authority may authorize a procedure 7 whereby a manufacturer or wholesaler of alcohol beverages or holder of 8 a winery direct shipper's permit entitled by law to a refund of the tax 9 provided in this section may instead receive a credit against the tax due 10 on other sales by claiming said credit on the next month's return and 11 attaching a duplicate bill of lading, invoice, or affidavit showing such 12 transaction.

(b) To the extent and so long as federal law precludes this state from collecting its excise tax on vinous and spirituous liquors sold and delivered on ceded federal property, any manufacturer or wholesaler of such liquors making any such sales and deliveries on such federal property within the boundaries of this state may receive a refund of or a credit for the excise tax paid this state on such liquors.

19 44-3-504. [Formerly 12-47-504] Lien to secure payment of 20 taxes - exemptions - recovery. (1) (a) The state of Colorado and the 21 department of revenue shall have a lien, to secure the payment of the 22 taxes, penalties, and interest imposed pursuant to section 12-47-503 23 SECTION 44-3-503 upon all the assets and property of the wholesaler or 24 manufacturer owing such THE tax, including the stock in trade, business 25 fixtures, and equipment owned or used by the wholesaler or manufacturer 26 in the conduct of business, as long as a delinquency in the payment of 27 such THE tax continues. Such THE lien shall be prior to any lien of any 1 kind whatsoever, including existing liens for taxes.

2 (b) Any wholesaler and manufacturer or person in possession shall 3 provide a copy of any lease pertaining to the assets and property described 4 in paragraph (a) of this subsection (1) SUBSECTION (1)(a) OF THIS SECTION 5 to the department of revenue within ten days after seizure by the 6 department of such THE assets and property. The department shall verify 7 that such THE lease is bona fide and notify the owner that such THE lease 8 has been received by the department. The department shall use its best 9 efforts to notify the owner of the real or personal property that might be 10 subject to the lien created in paragraph (a) of this subsection (1) 11 SUBSECTION (1)(a) OF THIS SECTION. The real or personal property of an 12 owner who has made a bona fide lease to a wholesaler or manufacturer 13 shall be exempt from the lien created in paragraph (a) of this subsection 14 (1) SUBSECTION (1)(a) OF THIS SECTION if such THE property can 15 reasonably be identified from the lease description or if the lessee is given 16 an option to purchase in such THE lease and has not exercised such THE 17 option to become the owner of the property leased. This exemption shall 18 be effective from the date of the execution of the lease. Such THE 19 exemption shall also apply if the lease is recorded with the county clerk 20 and recorder of the county where the property is located or based or a 21 memorandum of the lease is filed with the department of revenue on such 22 forms as may be prescribed by said THE department after the execution of 23 the lease at a cost for such THE filing of two dollars and fifty cents per 24 document. Motor vehicles that are properly registered in this state, 25 showing the lessor as owner, thereof, shall be exempt from the lien 26 created in paragraph (a) of this subsection (1) SUBSECTION (1)(a) OF THIS 27 SECTION; except that said lien shall apply to the extent that the lessee has

an earned reserve, allowance for depreciation not to exceed fair market
value, or similar interest which THAT is or may be credited to the lessee.
Where the lessor and lessee are blood relatives or relatives by law or have
twenty-five percent or more common ownership, a lease between such
THE lessee and such THE lessor shall not be considered as bona fide for
the purposes of this section.

7 (2) (a) Any wholesaler or manufacturer who files a return 8 pursuant to section 12-47-503 SECTION 44-3-503 but who fails to 9 accompany it with payment of the excise tax disclosed on the return shall 10 be sent a notice by the executive director of the department of revenue. 11 Such THE notice shall state that the excise tax is due and unpaid and shall 12 state the amount of the tax, penalty, and interest owed pursuant to section 13 12-47-503 SECTION 44-3-503. The notice shall be sent by first-class mail 14 and shall be directed to the last address of such THE wholesaler or 15 manufacturer on file with the department of revenue.

16 (b) (I) If a wholesaler or manufacturer fails to file both the return 17 and the payment required by section 12-47-503 SECTION 44-3-503, the 18 executive director of the department of revenue shall make an estimate, 19 based upon such information as may be available, of the amount of taxes 20 due for the period for which the wholesaler or manufacturer is delinquent 21 and shall add any penalty and interest authorized in section 12-47-503 22 SECTION 44-3-503. The executive director shall give the delinquent 23 taxpayer written notice of such THE estimated tax, penalty, and interest, 24 which notice shall be sent by first-class mail and shall be directed to the 25 last address of such THE person on file with the department of revenue.

(II) The remedies available to a taxpayer pursuant to article 21 of
 title 39 C.R.S., shall be available to any wholesaler or manufacturer who

seeks to contest the estimated tax, penalty, or interest specified in the
 notice mailed pursuant to subparagraph (I) of this paragraph (b)
 SUBSECTION (2)(b)(I) OF THIS SECTION.

(3) If any taxes, penalties, or interest imposed pursuant to section
12-47-503 SECTION 44-3-503 are not paid within ten days after the notice
is mailed pursuant to subsection (2) of this section, the executive director
of the department of revenue may seek to enforce collection of the unpaid
amounts in accordance with the provisions of article 21 of title 39, C.R.S.,
to the extent that such THOSE provisions are not in conflict with or
inconsistent with the provisions of this article ARTICLE 3.

44-3-505. [Formerly 12-47-505] Local license fees. (1) The
applicant shall pay the following license fees to the treasurer of the
municipality, city and county, or county where the licensed premises is
located annually in advance:

(a) (I) For each retail liquor store license for premises located
within any municipality or city and county, one hundred fifty dollars;

(II) For each retail liquor store license for premises located
outside the municipal limits of any municipality or city and county, two
hundred fifty dollars;

(b) (I) For each liquor-licensed drugstore license for premises
located within any municipality or city and county, one hundred fifty
dollars;

(II) For each liquor-licensed drugstore license for premises
located outside the municipal limits of any municipality or city and
county, two hundred fifty dollars;

26 (c) (I) For each beer and wine license for premises located within
27 any municipality or city and county, except as provided in subparagraph

(III) of this paragraph (c) SUBSECTION (1)(c)(III) OF THIS SECTION, three
 hundred twenty-five dollars;

- 3 (II) For each beer and wine license for premises located outside
 4 the municipal limits of any municipality or city and county, except as
 5 provided in subparagraph (III) of this paragraph (c) SUBSECTION
 6 (1)(c)(III) OF THIS SECTION, four hundred twenty-five dollars;
- 7 (III) For each beer and wine license issued to a resort hotel, three
 8 hundred seventy-five dollars;
- 9 (d) For each hotel and restaurant license, five hundred dollars;
- 10 (e) For each tavern license, five hundred dollars;
 - (f) For each optional premises license, five hundred dollars;
 - (g) For each retail gaming tavern license, five hundred dollars;
- (h) For each application for approval of a contract to sell alcohol
 beverages pursuant to section 12-47-411 (3)(c) SECTION 44-3-413 (4)(c),
- 15 three hundred twenty-five dollars;

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- 16 (i) For each brew pub, distillery pub, or vintner's restaurant17 license, five hundred dollars;
- 18 (j) For each club license, two hundred seventy-five dollars;
- 19 (k) For each arts license, two hundred seventy-five dollars;
- 20 (1) For each racetrack license, five hundred dollars;
- 21 (m) For each bed and breakfast permit, twenty-five dollars;
- (n) For each resort-complex-related facility permit, one hundred
 dollars per related facility, as defined in section 12-47-411 (2)(e) SECTION
 44-3-413 (2)(e);
- 25 (o) For each art gallery permit, twenty-five dollars;
- 26 (p) For each lodging and entertainment license, five hundred27 dollars;

(q) For each related facility permit, one hundred dollars per
 related facility, as defined in section 12-47-411 (2.5)(f) SECTION 44-3-413
 (3)(f).

4 (2) No rebate shall be paid by any municipality, city and county,
5 or county of any alcohol beverage license fee paid for any such license
6 issued by it except upon affirmative action by the respective local
7 licensing authority rebating a proportionate amount of such license fee.

8 (3) Eighty-five percent of the local license fees provided for in 9 this article and article 46 of this title shall ARTICLE 3 AND ARTICLE 4 OF 10 THIS TITLE 44 MUST be paid to the department of revenue, which shall 11 transmit said fees to the state treasurer to be credited to the old age 12 pension fund.

(4) (a) Each application for a license provided for in this article
and article 46 of this title ARTICLE 3 AND ARTICLE 4 OF THIS TITLE 44 filed
with a local licensing authority must be accompanied by an application
fee in an amount determined by the local licensing authority to cover
actual and necessary expenses, subject to the following limitations:

(I) For a new license, not to exceed the following:

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(A) On or before July 1, 2008, six hundred twenty-five dollars;
(B) After July 1, 2008, and before July 2, 2009, seven hundred
fifty dollars;

(C) After July 1, 2009, and before July 2, 2010, eight hundred
seventy-five dollars;

(D) After July 2, 2010, one thousand dollars;

(II) For a transfer of location or ownership, not to exceed thefollowing for each:

27 (A) On or before July 1, 2008, six hundred twenty-five dollars;

- 1 (B) After July 1, 2008, seven hundred fifty dollars;
- 2 (III) For a renewal of license, not to exceed the following; except
 3 that an expired license renewal fee shall not exceed five hundred dollars:

(A) On or before July 1, 2008, seventy-five dollars;

4

5

(B) After July 1, 2008, one hundred dollars;

6 (IV) For a new license or renewal application for an art gallery
7 permit, not to exceed one hundred dollars;

8 (V) For a transfer of ownership, change of location, and license
9 merger and conversion pursuant to section 12-47-408 (1)(b) SECTION
10 44-3-410 (1)(b), not to exceed one thousand dollars.

(b) No fees or charges of any kind, except as provided in this
article or article 46 of this title ARTICLE 3 OR ARTICLE 4 OF THIS TITLE 44,
may be charged by the local licensing authority to the license holder or
applicant for the purposes of granting or renewing a license or
transferring ownership or location of a license.

16 (5) The local licensing authority may charge corporate applicants 17 and limited liability companies up to one hundred dollars for the cost of 18 each fingerprint analysis and background investigation undertaken to 19 qualify new officers, directors, stockholders, members, or managers 20 pursuant to the requirements of section 12-47-307 (1) SECTION 44-3-307 21 (1); however, no local licensing authority shall collect such a fee if the 22 applicant has already undergone a background investigation by and paid 23 a fee to the state licensing authority.

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PART 6

DISCIPLINARY ACTIONS

44-3-601. [Formerly 12-47-601] Suspension - revocation fines. (1) Subject to subsection (7.5) SUBSECTION (8) of this section, in

1 addition to any other penalties prescribed by this article 47 or article 46 2 or 48 of this title 12 ARTICLE 3 OR ARTICLE 4 OR 5 OF THIS TITLE 44, the 3 state or any local licensing authority has the power, on its own motion or 4 on complaint, after investigation and public hearing at which the licensee 5 shall be afforded an opportunity to be heard, to suspend or revoke, in 6 whole or in part, any license or permit issued by such authority for any 7 violation by the licensee or by any of the agents, servants, or employees 8 of the licensee of this article 47 ARTICLE 3; any rules authorized by this 9 article 47 ARTICLE 3; or any of the terms, conditions, or provisions of the 10 license or permit issued by such authority. Any licensing authority has the 11 power to administer oaths and issue subpoenas to require the presence of 12 persons and the production of papers, books, and records necessary to the 13 determination of any hearing that the licensing authority is authorized to 14 conduct.

15 (2) Notice of suspension or revocation, as well as any required 16 notice of such hearing, shall be given by mailing the same in writing to 17 the licensee at the address contained in such THE license or permit. No 18 such suspension shall be for a longer period than six months. If any 19 license or permit is suspended or revoked, no part of the fees paid 20 therefor shall be returned to the licensee. Any license or permit may be 21 summarily suspended by the issuing licensing authority without notice 22 pending any prosecution, investigation, or public hearing. Nothing in this 23 section shall prevent the summary suspension of such A license or permit 24 for a temporary period of not more than fifteen days.

(3) (a) Whenever a decision of the state or any local licensing
authority suspending a license or permit becomes final, whether by failure
of the licensee to appeal the decision or by exhaustion of all appeals and

judicial review, the licensee may, before the operative date of the suspension, petition for permission to pay a fine in lieu of the license or permit suspension for all or part of the suspension period. Upon the receipt of the petition, the state or the local licensing authority may, in its sole discretion, stay the proposed suspension and cause any investigation to be made that it deems desirable and may, in its sole discretion, grant the petition if it is satisfied that:

8 (I) The public welfare and morals would not be impaired by 9 permitting the licensee to operate during the period set for suspension and 10 that the payment of the fine will achieve the desired disciplinary 11 purposes; and

(II) The books and records of the licensee are kept in such a
manner that the loss of sales of alcohol beverages that the licensee would
have suffered had the suspension gone into effect can be determined with
reasonable accuracy.

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(III) (Deleted by amendment, L. 2014.)

(b) Subject to subsection (7.5) SUBSECTION (8) of this section, the
fine accepted shall be the equivalent to twenty percent of the licensee's
estimated gross revenues from sales of alcohol beverages during the
period of the proposed suspension; except that the fine must be between
two hundred and five thousand dollars.

(c) Payment of any fine pursuant to the provisions of this
subsection (3) shall be in the form of cash or in the form of a certified
check or cashier's check made payable to the state or local licensing
authority, whichever is appropriate.

26 (4) Upon payment of the fine pursuant to subsection (3) of this27 section, the state or the local licensing authority shall enter its further

order permanently staying the imposition of the suspension. If the fine is paid to a local licensing authority, the governing body of the authority shall cause such moneys MONEY to be paid into the general fund of the local licensing authority. Fines paid to the state licensing authority pursuant to subsection (3) of this section shall be transmitted to the state treasurer who shall credit the same to the general fund.

(5) In connection with any petition pursuant to subsection (3) of
this section, the authority of the state or local licensing authority is limited
to the granting of such stays as are necessary for it to complete its
investigation and make its findings and, if it makes such findings, to the
granting of an order permanently staying the imposition of the entire
suspension or that portion of the suspension not otherwise conditionally
stayed.

(6) If the state or the local licensing authority does not make the
findings required in paragraph (a) of subsection (3) SUBSECTION (3)(a) of
this section and does not order the suspension permanently stayed, the
suspension shall go into effect on the operative date finally set by the state
or the local licensing authority.

19 (7) The provisions of subsections (3) to (6) of this section shall be 20 effective and may be implemented by the state licensing authority upon 21 its decision to accept and adopt the optional procedures set forth in said 22 subsections. The provisions of subsections (3) to (6) of this section shall 23 be effective and may be implemented by a local licensing authority only 24 after the governing body of the municipality, the governing body of the 25 city and county, or the board of county commissioners of the county 26 chooses to do so and acts, by appropriate resolution or ordinance, to 27 accept and adopt the optional procedures set forth in said subsections.

1 Any such actions may be revoked in a similar manner.

8 (I) If the licensing authority decides to accept a fine in lieu of a 9 license suspension, the licensing authority shall only include in the 10 computation of the fine the estimated gross revenues of the retail sales of 11 the sales room where the violation occurred, and not any manufacturing 12 or wholesale activities of the licensee; except that the fine must be 13 between two hundred and five thousand dollars; and

(II) If the licensing authority declines to accept a fine, it shall limit any suspension to the designated premises for the sales room where the violation occurred, and not any manufacturing or wholesale activities of the licensee. In the case of a temporary sales room for not more than three consecutive days, the licensing authority shall apply a suspension issued in accordance with this section only to future temporary sales rooms and not any manufacturing or wholesale activities of the licensee.

(b) The following applies only if the licensing authority has
decided to impose a suspension for a violation of section 12-47-901
(1)(a), (1)(a.5), or (5)(a)(I) SECTION 44-3-901 (1)(a), (1)(b), OR (6)(a)(I)
that occurs in a retail establishment for licensees operating pursuant to
section 12-47-415, 12-47-420, or 12-47-424 SECTION 44-3-417, 44-3-422,
OR 44-3-426:

(I) If the licensing authority decides to accept a fine in lieu of a

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license suspension, the licensing authority shall only include in the
 computation of the fine the estimated gross revenues of the retail
 activities of the licensee, and not any manufacturing or wholesale
 activities of the licensee; except that the fine must be between two
 hundred and five thousand dollars; and

6 (II) If the licensing authority declines to accept a fine, it shall limit
7 any suspension to the retail activities of the licensee, and not any
8 manufacturing or wholesale activities of the licensee.

9

(8) Repealed.

10 (9) When penalizing a vendor who has violated provisions of 11 article 46 of this title and this article ARTICLE 4 OF THIS TITLE 44 AND THIS 12 ARTICLE 3 that prohibit the service of an alcohol beverage to a minor or 13 a visibly intoxicated person, state and local licensing authorities shall 14 consider it a mitigating factor if the vendor is a responsible alcohol 15 beverage vendor as defined by part 10 of this article ARTICLE 3. In 16 addition, the state licensing authority by rule may include other violations 17 of article 46 of this title and this article ARTICLE 4 OF THIS TITLE 44 AND 18 THIS ARTICLE 3 that licensing authorities shall consider for mitigation if 19 the vendor qualifies as a responsible alcohol beverage vendor.

20

PART 7

21

INSPECTION OF BOOKS AND RECORDS

44-3-701. [Formerly 12-47-701] Inspection procedures. Each
licensee shall keep a complete set of books of account, invoices, copies
of orders, shipping instructions, bills of lading, weigh bills,
correspondence, and all other records necessary to show fully the business
transactions of such licensee, all of which shall be open at all times
during business hours for the inspection and examination of said THE state

1 licensing authority or its duly authorized representatives. The state 2 licensing authority may require any licensee to furnish such information 3 as it considers necessary for the proper administration of this article 4 ARTICLE 3, and may require an audit to be made of such THE books of 5 account and records on such ANY occasions as it may consider necessary 6 by an auditor to be selected by said THE state licensing authority, who 7 shall likewise have access to all books and records of such THE licensee, 8 and the expense thereof shall be paid by said THE licensee.

PART 8

9 10

JUDICIAL REVIEW AND CIVIL LIABILITY

11 44-3-801. [Formerly 12-47-801] Civil liability - legislative 12 declaration - definitions. (1) The general assembly hereby finds, 13 determines, and declares that this section shall be interpreted so that any 14 common law cause of action against a vendor of alcohol beverages is 15 abolished and that in certain cases the consumption of alcohol beverages 16 rather than the sale, service, or provision thereof is the proximate cause 17 of injuries or damages inflicted upon another by an intoxicated person, 18 except as otherwise provided in this section.

(2) As used in this section, "licensee" means a person licensed
under the provisions of this article or article 46 or 48 of this title ARTICLE
3 OR ARTICLE 4 OR 5 OF THIS TITLE 44 and the agents or servants of such
THE person.

(3) (a) No licensee is civilly liable to any injured individual or his
or her estate for any injury to such THE individual or damage to any
property suffered because of the intoxication of any person due to the sale
or service of any alcohol beverage to such THE person, except when:

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(I) It is proven that the licensee willfully and knowingly sold or

- served any alcohol beverage to such THE person who was under the age
 of twenty-one years or who was visibly intoxicated; and
- 3 (II) The civil action is commenced within one year after such THE
 4 sale or service.
- (b) No civil action may be brought pursuant to this subsection (3)
 by the person to whom the alcohol beverage was sold or served or by his
 or her estate, legal guardian, or dependent.
- 8 (c) In any civil action brought pursuant to this subsection (3), the 9 total liability in any such action shall not exceed one hundred fifty 10 thousand dollars.
- (4) (a) No social host who furnishes any alcohol beverage is
 civilly liable to any injured individual or his or her estate for any injury
 to such THE individual or damage to any property suffered, including any
 action for wrongful death, because of the intoxication of any person due
 to the consumption of such alcohol beverages, except when:
- (I) It is proven that the social host knowingly served any alcohol
 beverage to such THE person who was under the age of twenty-one years
 or knowingly provided the person under the age of twenty-one a place to
 consume an alcoholic beverage; and
- 20 (II) The civil action is commenced within one year after such THE
 21 service.
- (b) No civil action may be brought pursuant to this subsection (4)
 by the person to whom such THE alcohol beverage was served or by his
 or her estate, legal guardian, or dependent.
- (c) The total liability in any such action shall not exceed onehundred fifty thousand dollars.
- 27 (4.5) (5) An instructor or entity that complies with section

18-13-122 (5)(c) C.R.S., shall not be liable for civil damages resulting
 from the intoxication of a minor due to the minor's unauthorized
 consumption of alcohol beverages during instruction in culinary arts, food
 service, or restaurant management pursuant to section 18-13-122 (5)(c).
 C.R.S.

6 (5) (6) (a) The limitations on damages set forth in paragraph (c) 7 of subsection (3) and paragraph (c) of subsection (4) SUBSECTIONS (3)(c) 8 AND (4)(c) of this section shall be adjusted for inflation as of January 1, 9 1998, and January 1, 2008. The adjustments made on January 1, 1998, 10 and January 1, 2008, shall be based on the cumulative annual adjustment 11 for inflation for each year since the effective date of the damages 12 limitations in paragraph (c) of subsection (3) and paragraph (c) of 13 subsection (4) SUBSECTIONS (3)(c) AND (4)(c) of this section. The 14 adjustments made pursuant to this paragraph (a) SUBSECTION (6)(a) shall 15 be rounded upward or downward to the nearest ten-dollar increment.

(b) As used in this subsection (5) (6), "inflation" means the annual
percentage change in the United States department of labor, bureau of
labor statistics, consumer price index for Denver-Boulder, all items, all
urban consumers, or its successor index.

20 (c) The secretary of state shall certify the adjusted limitation on
21 damages within fourteen days after the appropriate information is
22 available, and:

- (I) The adjusted limitation on damages as of January 1, 1998, shall
 be the limitation applicable to all claims for relief that accrue on or after
 January 1, 1998, and before January 1, 2008; and
- 26 (II) The adjusted limitation on damages as of January 1, 2008,
 27 shall be the limitation applicable to all claims for relief that accrue on and

1 after January 1, 2008.

2 44-3-802. [Formerly 12-47-802] Judicial review. Any person 3 applying to the courts for a review of the state or any local licensing 4 authority's decision shall apply for review within thirty days after the date 5 of decision of refusal by a local licensing authority or, in the case of 6 approval by a local licensing authority, within thirty days after the date of 7 decision by the state licensing authority. and shall be required to pay the 8 cost of preparing a transcript of proceedings before the licensing authority 9 when such a transcript is demanded by the person taking the appeal or 10 when such a transcript is furnished by the licensing authority pursuant to 11 court order. 12 PART 9 13 **UNLAWFUL ACTS - ENFORCEMENT** 14 44-3-901. [Formerly 12-47-901] Unlawful acts - exceptions -15 definitions - repeal. (1) Except as provided in section 18-13-122, 16 C.R.S., it is unlawful for any person: 17 (a) To sell, serve, give away, dispose of, exchange, or deliver, or 18 permit the sale, serving, giving, or procuring of, any alcohol beverage to 19 a visibly intoxicated person or to a known habitual drunkard; 20 (a.5) (b) (I) To sell, serve, give away, dispose of, exchange, or 21 deliver or permit the sale, serving, giving, or procuring of any alcohol 22 beverage to or for any person under the age of twenty-one years. 23 If a person is convicted of an offense pursuant to (II) 24 subparagraph (I) of this paragraph (a.5) SUBSECTION (1)(b)(I) OF THIS 25 SECTION for serving, giving away, disposing of, exchanging, or delivering 26 or permitting the serving, giving, or procuring of any alcohol beverage to 27 a person under the age of twenty-one years, the court shall consider the

1 following in mitigation:

- 2 (A) After consuming the alcohol, the underage person was in need
 3 of medical assistance as a result of consuming alcohol; and
- 4 (B) Within six hours after the underage person consumed the 5 alcohol, the defendant contacted the police or emergency medical 6 personnel to report that the underage person was in need of medical 7 assistance as a result of consuming alcohol.

8 (b) (c) To obtain or attempt to obtain any alcohol beverage by 9 misrepresentation of age or by any other method in any place where 10 alcohol beverages are sold when such A person is under twenty-one years 11 of age;

(c) (d) To possess alcohol beverages in any store, in any public
 place, including public streets, alleys, roads, or highways, or upon
 property owned by the state of Colorado or any subdivision thereof, or
 inside vehicles while upon the public streets, alleys, roads, or highways
 when such A person is under twenty-one years of age;

17 (d) (e) To knowingly, or under conditions that an average parent
18 or guardian should have knowledge of, suffer or permit any person under
19 twenty-one years of age, of whom such person may be a parent or
20 guardian, to violate the provisions of paragraph (b) or (c) of this
21 subsection (1) SUBSECTION (1)(c) OR (1)(d) OF THIS SECTION;

(c) (f) To buy any vinous or spirituous liquor from any person not
licensed to sell at retail as provided by this article ARTICLE 3 except as
otherwise provided in this article ARTICLE 3;

(f) (g) To sell at retail any malt, vinous, or spirituous liquors in
 sealed containers without holding a retail liquor store or liquor-licensed
 drugstore license, except as permitted by section 12-47-301 (6)(b)

1 SECTION 44-3-301 (6)(b) or any other provision of this article ARTICLE 3;

(g) (h) To manufacture, sell, or possess for sale any alcohol
beverage unless licensed to do so as provided by this article or article 46
or 48 of this title ARTICLE 3 OR ARTICLE 4 OR 5 OF THIS TITLE 44 and
unless all licenses required are in full force and effect;

6 (h) (i) (I) To consume malt, vinous, or spirituous liquor in any 7 public place except on any licensed premises permitted under this article 8 ARTICLE 3 to sell such liquor by the drink for consumption thereon; to 9 consume any alcohol beverage upon any premises licensed to sell liquor 10 for consumption on the licensed premises, the sale of which is not 11 authorized by the state licensing authority; to consume alcohol beverages 12 at any time on such premises other than such THE alcohol beverage as is 13 purchased from such establishment; or to consume alcohol beverages in 14 any public room on such premises during such hours as the sale of such 15 beverage is prohibited under this article ARTICLE 3.

16 (II) Notwithstanding subparagraph (I) of this paragraph (h) 17 SUBSECTION (1)(i)(I) OF THIS SECTION, it is not unlawful for a person who 18 is at least twenty-one years of age to consume malt, vinous, or spirituous 19 liquors while the person is a passenger aboard a luxury limousine or a 20 charter bus, as those terms are defined in section 40-10.1-301. C.R.S. 21 Nothing in this subparagraph (II) SUBSECTION (1)(i)(II) authorizes an 22 owner or operator of a luxury limousine or charter bus to sell or distribute 23 alcohol beverages without obtaining a public transportation system 24 license pursuant to section 12-47-419 SECTION 44-3-421.

(III) Notwithstanding subparagraph (I) of this paragraph (h)
SUBSECTION (1)(i)(I) OF THIS SECTION, it shall not be unlawful for adult
patrons of a retail liquor store or liquor-licensed drugstore licensee to

consume malt, vinous, or spirituous liquors on the licensed premises
 when the consumption is conducted within the limitations of the licensee's
 license and is part of a tasting if authorization for the tasting has been
 granted pursuant to section 12-47-301 SECTION 44-3-301.

5 (IV) Notwithstanding subparagraph (I) of this paragraph (h) 6 SUBSECTION (1)(i)(I) OF THIS SECTION, it is not unlawful for adult patrons 7 of an art gallery permittee to consume alcohol beverages on the premises 8 when the consumption is conducted within the limitations of a valid 9 permit granted pursuant to section 12-47-422 SECTION 44-3-424.

10 (V) Notwithstanding subparagraph (I) of this paragraph (h) 11 SUBSECTION (1)(i)(I) OF THIS SECTION, it is not unlawful for adult patrons 12 of the Colorado state fair to consume malt, vinous, or spirituous liquor 13 upon unlicensed areas within the designated fairgrounds of the Colorado 14 state fair authority or at a licensed premises on the fairgrounds when not 15 purchased at the licensed premises, but this subparagraph (V) 16 SUBSECTION (1)(i)(V) does not authorize a patron to remove an alcohol 17 beverage from the fairgrounds.

(VI) Notwithstanding subparagraph (I) of this paragraph (h)
SUBSECTION (1)(i)(I) OF THIS SECTION, it is not unlawful for adult patrons
of a licensed premises that is attached to a common consumption area to
consume alcohol beverages upon unlicensed areas within a common
consumption area, but this subparagraph (VI) SUBSECTION (1)(i)(VI) does
not authorize a patron to remove an alcohol beverage from the common
consumption area.

(i) (j) To regularly provide premises, or any portion thereof
together with soft drinks or other mix, ice, glasses, or containers at a
direct or indirect cost or charge to any person who brings alcohol

beverages upon such THE premises for the purpose of consuming such
THE beverages on said THE premises during the hours in which the sale of
such beverages is prohibited or to consume such beverages upon premises
operated in the manner described in this paragraph (i) SUBSECTION (1)(j);

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(j) (k) To possess any package, parcel, or container on which the excise tax has not been paid;

7 (k) (l) With knowledge, to permit or fail to prevent the use of his
8 or her identification, including a driver's license, by a person who is under
9 twenty-one years of age, for the unlawful purchase of any alcohol
10 beverage;

(f) (m) Who is a common carrier regulated under article 10 or 11
of title 40, C.R.S., or is an agent or employee of such common carrier, to
deliver alcohol beverages for any person who has not been issued a
license or permit pursuant to this article ARTICLE 3;

(m) (n) To remove an alcohol beverage from a licensed premises
where the liquor license for the licensed premises allows only
on-premises consumption of alcohol beverages, except as permitted under
subparagraph (VI) of paragraph (h) of this subsection (1) SUBSECTION
(1)(i)(VI) OF THIS SECTION.

20 (1.5) (2) (a) An underage person is immune from arrest and
21 prosecution under paragraph (b) or (c) of subsection (1) SUBSECTION
22 (1)(c) OR (1)(d) of this section if he or she establishes the following:

(I) The underage person called 911 and reported that another
 underage person was in need of medical assistance due to alcohol
 consumption;

26 (II) The underage person who called 911 provided his or her name
27 to the 911 operator;

-178-

(III) The underage person was the first person to make the 911
 report; and

3 (IV) The underage person who made the 911 call remained on the 4 scene with the underage person in need of medical assistance until 5 assistance arrived and cooperated with medical assistance or law 6 enforcement personnel on the scene.

(b) The immunity described in paragraph (a) of this subsection
(1.5) SUBSECTION (2)(a) OF THIS SECTION also extends to the underage
person who was in need of medical assistance due to alcohol consumption
if the conditions of said paragraph (a) SUBSECTION (2)(a) OF THIS SECTION
are satisfied.

12 (2) (3) It is unlawful for any person licensed as a manufacturer, 13 limited winery, brew pub, or distillery pub pursuant to this article or 14 article 46 of this title ARTICLE 3 OR ARTICLE 4 OF THIS TITLE 44 to 15 manufacture alcohol beverages in any location other than the permanent 16 location specifically designated in the license for manufacturing, except 17 as allowed pursuant to section 12-46-104 (1)(a), 12-47-402 (2.5), 18 12-47-403 (2)(a), or 12-47-415 (1)(b) SECTION 44-3-402 (3), 44-3-403 19 (2)(a), 44-3-417 (1)(b), OR 44-4-104 (1)(a).

(3) (4) (a) It is unlawful for any person to import or sell any
imported alcohol beverage in this state unless such THAT person is the
primary source of supply in the United States for the brand of such liquor
to be imported into or sold within this state and unless such THAT person
holds a valid importer's license issued under the provisions of this article
ARTICLE 3.

(b) If it is determined by the state licensing authority, in itsdiscretion, as not constituting unfair competition or unfair practice, any

1 importer may be authorized by said THE state licensing authority to import 2 and sell under and subject to the provisions of such THE importer's license 3 any brand of alcohol beverage for which he or she is not the primary 4 source of supply in the United States if such THE licensee is the sole 5 source of supply of that brand of alcohol beverage in the state of 6 Colorado and such authorization is determined by the state licensing 7 authority as not constituting a violation of section 12-47-308 SECTION 8 44-3-308.

9 (c) Any such manufacturer or importer shall, at least thirty days 10 before the importation or sale of any such alcohol beverage in this state, 11 file with the state licensing authority notice of intent to import one or 12 more specified brands of such THE ALCOHOL beverage, together with a 13 statement that such THE manufacturer or importer is the primary source 14 of supply in the United States for any such brand, unless exempted 15 pursuant to paragraph (b) of this subsection (3) SUBSECTION (4)(b) OF 16 THIS SECTION, in which case, a statement that such THE manufacturer or 17 importer is the sole source of supply of that brand of beverage in the state 18 of Colorado, and, upon the request of the state licensing authority, a copy 19 of the manufacturer's federal brand label approval form as required by the 20 federal bureau of alcohol, tobacco, and firearms or any of its successor 21 agencies. Thereafter, said THE licensee shall file with the state licensing 22 authority a copy of each sales invoice with a monthly sales report as 23 required by section 12-47-503 (4) and (5) SECTION 44-3-503 (4) AND (6).

(d) As used in this subsection (3) SUBSECTION (4), the term
"primary source of supply in the United States" means the manufacturer,
the producer, the owner of such alcohol beverage at the time it becomes
a marketable product, the bottler in the United States, or the exclusive

agent within the United States, or any of the states, of any such manufacturer, producer, owner, or bottler outside the United States. To be the "primary source of supply in the United States", the said manufacturer or importer must be the first source, such as the manufacturer or the source closest to the manufacturer, in the channel of commerce from which the product can be secured by Colorado alcohol beverage wholesalers.

8 (e) It is unlawful for any person licensed as an importer of alcohol
9 beverages pursuant to this article ARTICLE 3 to deliver any such ALCOHOL
10 beverages to any person not in possession of a valid wholesaler's license.

(4) (5) It is unlawful for any person licensed to sell at wholesale
 pursuant to this article or article 46 of this title ARTICLE 3 OR ARTICLE 4
 OF THIS TITLE 44:

(a) To peddle malt, vinous, or spirituous liquor at wholesale or by
means of a truck or other vehicle if the sale is consummated and delivery
made concurrently, but nothing in this paragraph (a) SUBSECTION (5)(a)
shall prevent delivery from a truck or other vehicle of orders previously
taken;

(b) To deliver fermented malt beverages or malt liquors to any
retail licensee located outside the geographic territory designated on the
license application filed with the state licensing authority if such THE
person holds a wholesaler's beer license;

(c) To purchase or receive any alcohol beverage from any person
not licensed pursuant to this article or article 46 of this title ARTICLE 3 OR
ARTICLE 4 OF THIS TITLE 44, unless otherwise provided in this article
ARTICLE 3;

27

(d) To sell or serve any alcohol beverage to consumers for

consumption on or off the licensed premises during any hours retailers are
 prohibited from selling or serving such liquors pursuant to subsection (5)
 SUBSECTION (6) of this section.

4 (5) (6) It is unlawful for any person licensed to sell at retail
5 pursuant to this article 47 or article 46 of this title 12 ARTICLE 3 OR
6 ARTICLE 4 OF THIS TITLE 44:

(a) (I) To sell an alcohol beverage to any person under the age of
twenty-one years, to a habitual drunkard, or to a visibly intoxicated
person. If a person who, in fact, is not twenty-one years of age exhibits a
fraudulent proof of age, any action relying on such fraudulent proof of
age shall not constitute grounds for the revocation or suspension of any
license issued under this article or article 46 of this title ARTICLE 3 OR
ARTICLE 4 OF THIS TITLE 44.

14 (II) (A) If a licensee or a licensee's employee has reasonable cause 15 to believe that a person is under twenty-one years of age and is exhibiting 16 fraudulent proof of age in an attempt to obtain any alcohol beverage, the 17 licensee or employee shall be authorized to confiscate such THE 18 fraudulent proof of age, if possible, and shall, within seventy-two hours 19 after the confiscation, turn it over to a state or local law enforcement 20 agency. The failure to confiscate such fraudulent proof of age or to turn 21 it over to a state or local law enforcement agency within seventy-two 22 hours after the confiscation shall not constitute a criminal offense, 23 notwithstanding section 12-47-903 (1)(a) SECTION 44-3-904 (1)(a).

(B) If a licensee or a licensee's employee believes that a person is
under twenty-one years of age and is exhibiting fraudulent proof of age
in an attempt to obtain any alcohol beverage, the licensee or the licensee's
employee or any peace or police officer, acting in good faith and upon

1 probable cause based upon reasonable grounds, therefor, may detain and 2 question such THE person in a reasonable manner for the purpose of 3 ascertaining whether the person is guilty of any unlawful act under this 4 section. Such Questioning of a person by a licensee or a licensee's 5 employee or a peace or police officer does not render the licensee, the 6 licensee's employee, or a peace or police officer civilly or criminally 7 liable for slander, false arrest, false imprisonment, malicious prosecution, 8 or unlawful detention.

9 (III) Each licensee shall display a printed card that contains notice 10 of the provisions of this paragraph (a) SUBSECTION (6)(a).

11 (IV) Any licensee or licensee's employee acting in good faith in 12 accordance with the provisions of subparagraph (II) of this paragraph (a) 13 SUBSECTION (6)(a)(II) OF THIS SECTION shall be immune from any 14 liability, civil or criminal; except that a licensee or employee acting 15 willfully or wantonly shall not be immune from liability pursuant to 16 subparagraph (II) of this paragraph (a) SUBSECTION (6)(a)(II) OF THIS 17 SECTION.

18

(b) To sell, serve, or distribute any malt, vinous, or spirituous 19 liquors at any time other than the following:

20 (I) For consumption on the premises on any day of the week, 21 except between the hours of 2 a.m. and 7 a.m.;

22 (II) In sealed containers, beginning at 8 a.m. until 12 midnight 23 each day; except that no malt, vinous, or spirituous liquors shall be sold, 24 served, or distributed in a sealed container on Christmas day;

25 (c) Except as provided in section 18-13-122, C.R.S., to sell 26 fermented malt beverages to any person under the age of twenty-one years 27 or to any person between the hours of 12 midnight and 8 a.m.;

1	(d) To offer for sale or solicit any order for vinous or spirituous
2	liquors in person at retail except within the licensed premises;
3	(e) To have in possession or upon the licensed premises any
4	alcohol beverage, the sale of which is not permitted by said license;
5	(f) To buy any alcohol beverages from any person not licensed to
6	sell at wholesale as provided by this article ARTICLE 3 except as otherwise
7	provided in this article ARTICLE 3;
8	(g) To sell at retail alcohol beverages except in the permanent
9	location specifically designated in the license for such sale;
10	(h) To fail to display at all times in a prominent place a printed
11	card with a minimum height of fourteen inches and a width of eleven
12	inches with each letter to be a minimum of one-half inch in height, which
13	shall read as follows:
14	WARNING
15	IT IS ILLEGAL TO SELL WHISKEY, WINE, OR BEER TO
16	ANY PERSON UNDER TWENTY-ONE YEARS OF AGE, AND IT IS
17	ILLEGAL FOR ANY PERSON UNDER TWENTY-ONE YEARS OF
18	AGE TO POSSESS OR TO ATTEMPT TO PURCHASE THE SAME.
19	IDENTIFICATION CARDS WHICH APPEAR TO BE
20	FRAUDULENT WHEN PRESENTED BY PURCHASERS MAY BE
21	CONFISCATED BY THE ESTABLISHMENT AND TURNED OVER
22	TO A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY.
23	IT IS ILLEGAL IF YOU ARE TWENTY-ONE YEARS OF AGE
24	OR OLDER FOR YOU TO PURCHASE WHISKEY, WINE, OR BEER
25	FOR A PERSON UNDER TWENTY-ONE YEARS OF AGE.
26	FINES AND IMPRISONMENT MAY BE IMPOSED BY THE
27	COURTS FOR VIOLATION OF THESE PROVISIONS.

(i) (I) To sell malt, vinous, or spirituous liquors or fermented malt
 beverages in a place where the alcohol beverages are to be consumed,
 unless the place is a hotel, restaurant, tavern, lodging and entertainment
 facility, racetrack, club, retail gaming tavern, or arts licensed premises or
 unless the place is a dining, club, or parlor car; plane; bus; or other
 conveyance or facility of a public transportation system.

(II) Notwithstanding subparagraph (I) of this paragraph (i)
SUBSECTION (6)(i)(I) OF THIS SECTION, it shall not be unlawful for a retail
liquor store or liquor-licensed drugstore licensee to allow tastings to be
conducted on his or her licensed premises if authorization for the tastings
has been granted pursuant to section 12-47-301 SECTION 44-3-301.

(j) To display or cause to be displayed, on the licensed premises,
any exterior sign advertising any particular brand of malt liquors or
fermented malt beverages, unless the particular brand so designated in the
sign is dispensed on draft or in sealed containers within the licensed
premises wherein the sign is displayed;

(k) (I) To have on the licensed premises, if licensed as a retail 17 18 liquor store or liquor-licensed drugstore, any container that shows 19 evidence of having once been opened or that contains a volume of liquor 20 less than that specified on the label of such container; except that a person 21 holding a retail liquor store or liquor-licensed drugstore license may have 22 upon the licensed premises malt, vinous, or spirituous liquors in open 23 containers, when the open containers were brought on the licensed 24 premises by and remain solely in the possession of the sales personnel of 25 a person licensed to sell at wholesale pursuant to this article ARTICLE 3 for 26 the purpose of sampling malt, vinous, or spirituous liquors by the retail 27 licensee only. Nothing in this paragraph (k) SUBSECTION (6)(k) shall apply

to any liquor-licensed drugstore where the contents, or a portion thereof,
 have been used in compounding prescriptions.

(II) Notwithstanding subparagraph (I) of this paragraph (k)
SUBSECTION (6)(k)(I) OF THIS SECTION, it shall not be unlawful for a retail
liquor store or liquor-licensed drugstore licensee to allow tastings to be
conducted on his or her licensed premises if authorization for the tastings
has been granted pursuant to section 12-47-301 SECTION 44-3-301.

8 (1) To employ or permit, if such THE person is licensed to sell 9 alcohol beverages for on-premises consumption or is the agent or 10 manager of said licensee, any employee, waiter, waitress, entertainer, 11 host, hostess, or agent of said licensee to solicit from patrons in any 12 manner, for himself or herself or for any other employee, the purchase of 13 any food, beverage, or any other thing of value;

(m) To require a wholesaler to make delivery to any premises
other than the specific hotel and restaurant premises where the alcohol
beverage is to be sold and consumed if the person is a hotel and restaurant
licensee or the registered manager of a hotel and restaurant license
requires the delivery;

(n) (I) To authorize or permit any gambling, or the use of any
gambling machine or device, except as provided by the "Bingo and
Raffles Law", part 6 of article 21 of title 24. This subsection (5)(n)
SUBSECTION (6)(n) does not apply to those activities, equipment, and
devices authorized and legally operated pursuant to articles 47.1 and 60
of this title 12.

(II) Any A person who violates any provision of this paragraph (n)
SUBSECTION (6)(n) is guilty of a class 5 felony and, upon conviction,
thereof, shall be punished as provided in section 18-1.3-401. C.R.S.

(o) To authorize or permit toughperson fighting as defined in
 section 12-10-103;

3 (p) (I) (A) To permit a person under eighteen years of age to sell,
dispense, or participate in the sale or dispensing of any alcohol beverage;
or

6 (B) Except as provided in subparagraph (II) of this paragraph (p) 7 SUBSECTION (6)(p)(II) OF THIS SECTION, to employ a person who is at least 8 eighteen years of age but under twenty-one years of age to sell or 9 dispense malt, vinous, or spirituous liquors, unless the employee is 10 supervised by another person who is on the licensed premises and is at 11 least twenty-one years of age;

(II) If licensed as a tavern under section 12-47-412 SECTION
44-3-414 that does not regularly serve meals, a lodging and entertainment
facility under section 12-47-426 SECTION 44-3-428 that does not regularly
serve meals, a retail liquor store under section 12-47-407 SECTION
44-3-409, or a liquor-licensed drugstore under section 12-47-408 SECTION
44-3-410, to permit an employee who is under twenty-one years of age to
sell malt, vinous, or spirituous liquors; or

(III) If licensed as a retail liquor store under section 12-47-407
SECTION 44-3-409 or a liquor-licensed drugstore under section 12-47-408
SECTION 44-3-410, to permit an employee who is under twenty-one years
of age to deliver or otherwise have any contact with malt, vinous, or
spirituous liquors offered for sale on, or sold and removed from, the
licensed premises of the retail liquor store or liquor-licensed drugstore.

(6) (7) It is unlawful for any importer, manufacturer, or brewer to
 sell or to bring into this state for purposes of sale any fermented malt
 beverage or any malt liquor without causing the same to be unloaded and

placed in the physical possession of a licensed wholesaler at the
 wholesaler's licensed premises in this state and to be inventoried for
 purposes of tax collection prior to delivery to a retailer or consumer.

4 (7) (8) (a) It is unlawful for any person licensed pursuant to this
5 article or article 46 of this title ARTICLE 3 OR ARTICLE 4 OF THIS TITLE 44
6 to give away fermented malt beverages for the purpose of influencing the
7 sale of any particular kind, make, or brand of any malt beverage and to
8 furnish or supply any commodity or article at less than its market price for
9 said purpose, except advertising material and signs.

(b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a) of this subsection (7)
SUBSECTION (8)(a) OF THIS SECTION, it shall not be unlawful for a retail
liquor store or liquor-licensed drugstore licensee to allow tastings to be
conducted on his or her licensed premises if authorization for the tastings
has been granted pursuant section 12-47-301 TO SECTION 44-3-301.

15 (8) (9) (a) It is unlawful for any manufacturer or wholesaler licensed pursuant to article 46 of this title ARTICLE 4 OF THIS TITLE 44 to 16 17 sell, deliver, or cause to be delivered to any person licensed pursuant to 18 section 12-47-407 or 12-47-408 SECTION 44-3-409 OR 44-3-410 any 19 beverage containing alcohol in excess of three and two-tenths percent by 20 weight or four percent by volume, or for any fermented malt beverage 21 retailer licensed pursuant to article 46 of this title ARTICLE 4 OF THIS TITLE 22 44 to sell, possess, or permit the consumption on the premises of any of 23 the ALCOHOL beverages containing alcohol in excess of three and 24 two-tenths percent by weight or four percent by volume, or for any 25 fermented malt beverage retail licensee licensed pursuant to article 46 of 26 this title ARTICLE 4 OF THIS TITLE 44 to hold or operate under any license for the sale of any beverages containing alcohol in excess of three and 27

two-tenths percent by weight or four percent by volume for the same premises. Any violation of this subsection (8) SUBSECTION (9) by any fermented malt beverage licensee licensed pursuant to article 46 of this title ARTICLE 4 OF THIS TITLE 44 immediately invalidates the license granted under article 46 of this title ARTICLE 4 OF THIS TITLE 44.

6 (b) This subsection (8) SUBSECTION (9) is repealed, effective
7 January 1, 2019.

8 (9) (10) (a) (I) Except as provided in paragraph (c) of this 9 subsection (9) SUBSECTION (10)(c) OF THIS SECTION, it is unlawful for a 10 person who is licensed to sell alcohol beverages for consumption on the 11 licensed premises to knowingly permit the removal of an alcohol 12 beverage from the licensed premises.

(II) (A) Except as provided in sub-subparagraph (C) of this subparagraph (II) SUBSECTION (10)(a)(II)(C) OF THIS SECTION, the licensee shall not be charged with permitting the removal of an alcohol beverage from the licensed premises when the licensee has posted a sign at least ten inches wide and six inches high by each exit used by the public that contains the following notice in type that is at least one-half inch in height:

20 WARNING 21 DO LEAVE NOT THE PREMISES OF THIS 22 ESTABLISHMENT WITH AN ALCOHOL BEVERAGE. 23 IT IS ILLEGAL TO CONSUME AN ALCOHOL BEVERAGE IN 24 A PUBLIC PLACE. 25 A FINE OF UP TO \$250 MAY BE IMPOSED BY THE COURTS 26 FOR A VIOLATION OF THIS PROVISION. 27 (B) A person licensed pursuant to section 12-47-414 SECTION

44-3-416 must post a sign with the specified notice and in the minimum
 type size required by sub-subparagraph (A) of this subparagraph (II)
 SUBSECTION (10)(a)(II)(A) OF THIS SECTION that is at least twelve inches
 wide and eighteen inches high.

5 (C) Regardless of whether a licensee posts a sign as specified in 6 this subparagraph (II) SUBSECTION (10)(a)(II) OF THIS SECTION, the 7 licensee may be charged with knowingly permitting the removal of an 8 alcohol beverage from the licensed premises if the licensee shows 9 reckless disregard for the prohibition against alcohol beverage removal 10 from the licensed premises, which may include permitting the removal of 11 an alcohol beverage from the licensed premises three times within a 12 twelve-month period, regardless of whether the three incidents occur on 13 the same day or separate days. A licensee may be charged with knowingly 14 permitting the removal of an alcohol beverage from the licensed premises 15 upon the third occurrence of alcohol beverage removal from the licensed 16 premises.

(III) In addition to posting a sign as described in subparagraph (II)
of this paragraph (a) SUBSECTION (10)(a)(II) OF THIS SECTION, a licensee
may also station personnel at each exit used by the public in order to
prevent the removal of an alcohol beverage from the licensed premises.
(b) This subsection (9) SUBSECTION (10) applies to persons

(b) This subsection (9) SUBSECTION (10) applies to persons
licensed or permitted to sell or serve alcohol beverages for consumption
on the licensed premises pursuant to section 12-47-403, 12-47-409,
12-47-410, 12-47-411, 12-47-412, 12-47-413, 12-47-414, 12-47-415,
12-47-416, 12-47-417, 12-47-418, 12-47-419, 12-47-420, 12-47-422,
12-47-424, or 12-47-426 SECTION 44-3-403, 44-3-411, 44-3-412,
44-3-413, 44-3-414, 44-3-415, 44-3-416, 44-3-417, 44-3-418, 44-3-419,

1 44-3-420, 44-3-421, 44-3-422, 44-3-424, 44-3-426, OR 44-3-428.

(c) This subsection (9) SUBSECTION (10) does not preclude a
licensee described in section 12-47-421 (2) SECTION 44-3-423 (2) from
permitting a customer to remove from the licensed premises one opened
container of partially consumed vinous liquor that was purchased on the
licensed premises and has been resealed, as permitted by section
12-47-421 (1) SECTION 44-3-423 (1).

8 (10) (11) (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this 9 subsection (10) SUBSECTION (11)(b) OF THIS SECTION, it is unlawful for 10 a retail licensee or an employee of a retail licensee to sell malt, vinous, or 11 spirituous liquors to a consumer for consumption off the licensed 12 premises unless the retail licensee or employee verifies that the consumer 13 is at least twenty-one years of age by requiring the consumer to present 14 a valid identification, as determined by the state licensing authority by 15 rule. The retail licensee or employee shall make a determination from the 16 information presented whether the purchaser is at least twenty-one years 17 of age.

(b) It is not unlawful for a retail licensee or employee of a retail
licensee to sell malt, vinous, or spirituous liquors to a consumer who is
or reasonably appears to be over fifty years of age and who failed to
present an acceptable form of identification.

(c) As used in this subsection (10) SUBSECTION (11), "retail
licensee" means a person licensed under section 12-46-104 (1)(c),
12-47-407, or 12-47-408 SECTION 44-3-409, 44-3-410, OR 44-4-104 (1)(c).
44-3-902. [Formerly 12-47-902] Testing for intoxication by law
enforcement officers - when prohibited. (1) No person who is
patronizing a licensed premises as defined in sections 12-47-103 (14) and

1 12-46-103 (3) SECTIONS 44-3-103 (24) AND 44-4-103 (3) shall be required 2 or solicited by any law enforcement officer to submit to any mechanical 3 test for the purpose of determining the alcohol content of such THE 4 person's blood or breath while such person HE OR SHE is upon such THE 5 licensed premises except to determine if there is a violation of section 6 42-4-1301 C.R.S., by a driver of a motor vehicle, unless the law 7 enforcement officer is acting pursuant to a court order obtained in the 8 manner described in subsection (2) of this section. No such test may be 9 performed upon any licensed premises to obtain evidence of alleged 10 intoxication, except pursuant to a court order as provided in this section 11 or in case of a medical emergency, regardless of whether such THE 12 alleged intoxication is a violation of any provision of this article ARTICLE 13 3.

14 (2) An ex parte order to permit any law enforcement officer to 15 solicit any person who is patronizing a licensed premises, as defined in 16 sections 12-47-103 (14) and 12-46-103 (3) SECTIONS 44-3-103 (24) AND 17 44-4-103 (3), to submit to any mechanical test for the purpose of 18 determining the alcohol content of such THE person's blood or breath 19 while such person HE OR SHE is upon such licensed premises may be 20 issued by any judge of competent jurisdiction in the state of Colorado, 21 including a district, county, or municipal court judge, upon application of 22 a district attorney or a law enforcement agency showing probable cause 23 to believe that evidence will be obtained of the commission of the crime 24 of providing any alcohol beverage to a visibly intoxicated person or minor 25 in violation of section 12-47-901 (1)(a) or (5)(a)(I) SECTION 44-3-901 26 (1)(a) OR (6)(a)(I).

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(3) Each application for an ex parte order as described in

-192-

subsection (2) of this section shall be made in writing upon oath or affirmation to a judge of competent jurisdiction, including a district, county, or municipal court judge, and shall state the applicant's authority to make such THE application. Each application shall include the following information:

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(a) The identity of the investigative or law enforcement officer making the application, and the officer authorizing the application;

8 (b) A complete statement of the facts and circumstances relied 9 upon by the applicant to justify his or her belief that an order should be 10 issued, which shall include, but not be limited to:

(I) A sufficient description of the licensed premises that is
proposed to be the subject of the court order;

(II) Evidence that shows probable cause to believe that there have
been frequent and continuing violations of section 12-47-901 (1)(a) or
(5)(a)(I) SECTION 44-3-901 (1)(a) OR (6)(a)(I) regarding the crime of
providing any alcohol beverage to a visibly intoxicated person or minor;
and

(III) A complete statement as to whether or not other investigative
procedures have been tried and failed, or why other investigative
procedures reasonably appear to be impractical for economic or other
reasons or unlikely to succeed if tried.

(4) Upon an application being made in accordance with subsection
(3) of this section, the judge may enter an ex parte order, as requested or
as modified, authorizing or approving testing as described in subsection
(2) of this section in a particular licensed premises located within the
territorial jurisdiction of the court in which the judge is sitting, and within
the jurisdiction of the district attorney or law enforcement agency making

the request, if the judge determines on the basis of the facts submitted by
 the applicant that:

3 (a) There is probable cause to believe that there have been
4 frequent and continuing violations of section 12-47-901 (1)(a) or (5)(a)(I)
5 SECTION 44-3-901 (1)(a) OR (6)(a)(I) regarding the crime of providing an
6 alcohol beverage to a visibly intoxicated person or minor; and

7 (b) Normal investigative procedures have been tried and failed, or
8 reasonably appear impractical for economic or other reasons or unlikely
9 to succeed if tried.

10 (5) Any order issued pursuant to subsection (4) of this section, the 11 application for such order, and any information or evidence submitted to 12 the court in support of such order, shall not be disclosed to any person 13 other than the law enforcement officer or agency that applied for the order 14 until the order has been executed at the licensed premises to which the 15 order applies.

16 (6) Any evidence obtained through any violation of this section
17 shall not be admissible in any court of this state or in any administrative
18 proceeding in this state.

19 44-3-903. [Formerly 12-47-902.5] Alcohol-without-liquid
20 devices - legislative declaration - definition - unlawful acts.
21 (1) (a) The general assembly hereby finds and declares that:

(I) Alcohol-without-liquid (AWOL) devices create alcohol vapor
by pouring alcohol into a diffuser capsule connected to an oxygen pipe;
(II) AWOL devices enable individuals to inhale or snort the
alcohol vapor created from certain alcohol beverages through a tube into
the nose or mouth rather than drink the alcohol beverage in its liquid form
through the mouth;

1 (III) Alcohol vapor ingested from an AWOL device bypasses the 2 stomach and the filtering capabilities of the liver and is absorbed through 3 blood vessels in the nose or lungs creating a faster and more intense 4 "high" or intoxicating effect on the brain; 5 (IV) The popularity of AWOL devices is increasing in the nightclub and bar businesses throughout the nation; and 6 7 (V) AWOL devices are being marketed as a way to become 8 intoxicated without a hangover and as a "dieter's dream" because there are 9 no calories associated with inhaling or snorting alcohol vapor. 10 (b) The general assembly, therefore, determines that: 11 (I) AWOL devices will substantially increase the economic costs 12 of alcohol abuse in Colorado; 13 (II) AWOL devices are not conducive to the health, safety, and

14 welfare of the citizens of Colorado; and

(III) The possession, sale, purchase, and use of AWOL devices inthis state should be prohibited.

(2) For purposes of this section, "AWOL device" means a device,
machine, apparatus, or appliance that mixes an alcohol beverage with
pure or diluted oxygen to produce an alcohol vapor that an individual can
inhale or snort. "AWOL device" does not include an inhaler, nebulizer,
atomizer, or other device that is designed and intended by the
manufacturer to dispense a prescribed or over-the-counter medication.

(3) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (5) of this section,
it is unlawful for a person to possess, purchase, sell, offer to sell, or use
an AWOL device in this state. A person who violates this section shall be
punished in accordance with the provisions of section 12-47-903 (2)
SECTION 44-3-904 (2).

1 (4) In addition to the penalty imposed by this section, if a person 2 that violates subsection (3) of this section is a licensee, the state or local 3 licensing authority may suspend or revoke the license of the licensee in 4 accordance with the provisions of section 12-47-601 SECTION 44-3-601.

5 (5) (a) Subsection (3) of this section shall not apply to a hospital 6 that operates primarily for the purpose of conducting scientific research, 7 a state institution conducting bona fide research, a private college or 8 university, as defined in section 23-2-102 (11), C.R.S., conducting bona 9 fide research, or to a pharmaceutical company or biotechnology company 10 conducting bona fide research and that complies with the provisions of 11 this subsection (5).

12 (b) A hospital, state institution, private college or university, 13 pharmaceutical company, or biotechnology company that possesses an 14 AWOL device or that intends to acquire an AWOL device, shall, by 15 September 1, 2005, or within thirty days prior to the acquisition, 16 whichever is later, file with the Colorado department of public health and 17 environment or its designee a notice of possession of AWOL device or a 18 notice of acquisition of AWOL device, as appropriate.

19 44-3-904. [Formerly 12-47-903] Violations - penalties. 20 (1) (a) Any person violating any of the provisions of this article or article 21 46 or 48 of this title ARTICLE 3 OR ARTICLE 4 OR 5 OF THIS TITLE 44 or any 22 of the rules and regulations authorized and adopted pursuant to such 23 articles is guilty of a class 2 petty offense and, upon conviction, thereof, 24 shall be punished by a fine of not more than two hundred fifty dollars for 25 each offense.

26 (b) The penalties provided in this section shall not be affected by 27 the penalties provided in any other section of this article or article 46 or

48 of this title ARTICLE 3 OR ARTICLE 4 OR 5 OF THIS TITLE 44 but shall be
 construed to be in addition to any other penalties.

(2) Any person violating any of the provisions of section
12-47-901 (1)(a), (1)(f), (1)(g), (1)(i), (1)(k), (1)(l), (5)(a)(I), or (5)(b) or
section 12-47-902.5 SECTION 44-3-901 (1)(a), (1)(g), (1)(h), (1)(j), (1)(l),
(1)(m), (6)(a)(I), OR (6)(b) OR SECTION 44-3-903 commits a class 2
misdemeanor and shall be punished as provided in section 18-1.3-501.
C.R.S.

9 (2.5) (3) A person violating the provisions of section 12-47-901
(1)(a.5) SECTION 44-3-901 (1)(b) commits a class 1 misdemeanor and
shall be punished as provided in section 18-1.3-501. C.R.S.

12 (3) (4) Any person violating any of the provisions of section 13 12-47-901 (1)(b) or (1)(c) SECTION 44-3-901 (1)(c) OR (1)(d) commits a 14 class 2 misdemeanor and shall be punished as provided in section 15 18-1.3-501. C.R.S. For the second conviction and for all subsequent 16 convictions of violating the provisions of section 12-47-901 (1)(b) or 17 (1)(c) SECTION 44-3-901 (1)(c) OR (1)(d), the court shall impose at least 18 the minimum fine and shall have no discretion to suspend any fine so 19 imposed; except that the court may provide for the payment of such fine 20 as provided in subsection (4) SUBSECTION (5) of this section.

(4) (5) At the discretion of the court, the fines provided for
violations of section 12-47-901 (1)(b) and (1)(c) SECTION 44-3-901 (1)(c)
AND (1)(d) may be ordered to be paid by public work only at a reasonable
hourly rate to be established by the court, who shall designate the time
within which such THE public work is to be completed.

26 (5) (6) Any person who knowingly violates the provisions of
 27 section 12-47-901 (1)(a.5), (1)(d), or (1)(k) SECTION 44-3-901 (1)(b),

(1)(e), OR (1)(l) or any person who knowingly induces, aids, or
 encourages a person under the age of eighteen years to violate the
 provisions of section 12-47-901 (1)(a.5), (1)(b), or (1)(c) SECTION
 44-3-901 (1)(b), (1)(c), OR (1)(d) may be proceeded against pursuant to
 section 18-6-701 C.R.S., for contributing to the delinquency of a minor.

6 44-3-905. [Formerly 12-47-904] Duties of inspectors and police 7 officers. (1) The inspectors of the liquor enforcement division and their 8 supervisors, while actually engaged in performing their duties and while 9 acting under proper orders or regulations, shall have and exercise all the 10 powers vested in peace officers of this state. In the exercise of their 11 duties, such THE inspectors and their supervisors shall have the power to 12 arrest. Such THE inspectors and their supervisors shall also have the 13 authority to issue summons for violations of the provisions of this article 14 and articles 46 and 48 of this title ARTICLE 3 AND ARTICLES 4 AND 5 OF 15 THIS TITLE 44.

16 (2) It is the duty of all sheriffs and police officers to enforce the 17 provisions of this article and articles 46 and 48 of this title ARTICLE 3 AND 18 ARTICLES 4 AND 5 OF THIS TITLE 44 and the rules and regulations made 19 pursuant to said articles and to arrest and complain against any person 20 violating any of the provisions of this article ARTICLE 3 or rules and 21 regulations pertaining thereto. It is the duty of the district attorney of the 22 respective judicial districts of this state to prosecute all violations of said 23 articles in the manner and form as is now provided by law for the 24 prosecution of crimes and misdemeanors, and it is a violation of said 25 articles for any such person, knowingly, to fail to perform any duties 26 pursuant to this section.

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44-3-906. [Formerly 12-47-905] Warrants - searches and

-198-

1	seizures. (1) If any person makes an affidavit before the judge of any
2	county or district court stating that he or she has reason to and does
3	believe that alcohol beverages are being sold, bartered, exchanged,
4	divided, or unlawfully given away, or kept for such purposes, or carried
5	in violation of this article and article 46 of this title ARTICLE 3 AND
6	ARTICLE 4 OF THIS TITLE 44 within the jurisdiction of such court, and
7	describing in such THE affidavit the premises, wagon, automobile, truck,
8	vehicle, contrivance, thing, or device to be searched, the judge of such
9	THE court shall issue a warrant to any officer, which the complainant may
10	designate, having power to serve original process commanding such THE
11	officer to search the premises (other than a home), wagon, automobile,
12	truck, vehicle, contrivance, thing, or device described in such THE
13	affidavit.
14	(2) Such THE warrant shall be substantially as follows:
15	STATE OF COLORADO)
16) ss.
17	County of)
18	The People of the State of Colorado to
19	Greeting:
20	Whereas, there has been filed with the undersigned an affidavit of
21	which the following is a copy:
22	(Here copy of affidavit)
23	Therefore you are hereby commanded, in the name of the people
24	of the State of Colorado, forthwith, together with the necessary and
25	proper assistance to enter into
26	(Here describe place mentioned in the affidavit)
27	of the said situated in the county of aforesaid and there

1 diligently search for the said alcohol beverages and that you bring the 2 same or any part thereof found in such search, together with such vessels 3 in which such beverages are found and the implements and furniture used 4 in connection therewith, and the wagon, automobile, truck, vehicle, 5 contrivance, thing, or device in which carried, forthwith before me, to be 6 disposed of and dealt with according to law. 7 Given under my hand and seal this day of 8 9 Judge of the Court 10 (3) The officer charged with the execution of said THE warrant, 11 when necessary to obtain entrance or when entrance has been refused, 12 may break open any premises (other than a home), wagon, automobile, 13 truck, vehicle, contrivance, thing, or device which THAT by said warrant 14 the officer is directed to search and may execute said warrant any hour of 15 the day or night. 16 44-3-907. [Formerly 12-47-906] Return on warrant - sale of 17 liquor seized. (1) If any alcohol beverages are there found, said officer 18 shall seize the same and the vessels in which they are contained and all 19 implements and furniture used or kept in connection with such beverages 20 in the illegal selling, bartering, exchanging, giving away, or carrying of 21 same, and any wagon, automobile, truck, vehicle, contrivance, thing, or 22 device used in conveying the same, and safely keep them and make 23 immediate return on such THE warrant. Such THE property shall not be 24 taken from the custody of any officer seizing or holding the same by writ 25 of replevin or other process while the proceedings relating thereto are 26 pending.

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(2) Final judgment of conviction in such proceedings shall be a

1 bar to any suit for the recovery of any such property so seized or the value 2 of same or for damages alleged to arise by reason of such THE seizure and 3 detention. The judgment entered shall find said alcohol beverages to be 4 unlawful and shall direct its destruction or sale forthwith, in the manner 5 provided by subsection (7) of this section. The wagon, automobile, truck, 6 vehicle, contrivance, thing, or device, vessels, implements, and furniture 7 shall likewise be ordered disposed of in the same manner as personal 8 property is sold under execution, and the proceeds therefrom applied, first 9 in the payment of the cost of the prosecution and of any fine imposed, and 10 the balance, if any, paid into the general school fund of the county in 11 which such THE conviction is had.

(3) The officer serving the warrant shall forthwith proceed in the
manner required for the institution of a criminal action in the court issuing
the warrant, charging such A violation of law as the evidence in the case
justifies. If such THE officer refuses or neglects to so proceed as specified,
then the person filing the affidavit for the search warrant, or any other
person, may so proceed.

(4) If, during the trial of a person charged with a violation of this
article ARTICLE 3, the evidence presented discloses that fluids were
poured out, or otherwise destroyed, manifestly for the purpose of
preventing seizure, said fluids shall be held to be prima facie alcohol
beverages and intended for unlawful use, sale, barter, exchange, or gift.

(5) If no person is in possession of the premises where illegal
alcohol beverages are found, the officer seizing such THE ALCOHOL
beverages shall post in a conspicuous place on said premises a copy of the
warrant, and if at the time fixed for any hearing concerning the ALCOHOL
beverages seized, or within thirty days thereafter, no person appears, the

court in which the hearing was to be held shall order such THE ALCOHOL
 beverages destroyed or sold in the manner provided in subsection (7) of
 this section.

4 (6) No warrant issued pursuant to this article ARTICLE 3 shall
authorize the search of any place where a person may lawfully keep
alcohol beverages as provided in this article ARTICLE 3. No warrant shall
be issued to search a home occupied as such, as provided in this section,
unless it or some part of it is used in connection with or as a store, shop,
hotel, boardinghouse, rooming house, or place of public resort.

(7) Any sale of alcohol beverages conducted upon order of court
pursuant to this section shall be conducted in the following manner:

(a) The officer ordered by the court to conduct the sale shall give
notice of the time and place of the sale by posting a notice in a prominent
place in the county for a period of five consecutive days prior to the day
of the sale. The notice shall describe as fully as possible the property to
be sold and shall state the time and place of the sale.

(b) The sale shall be conducted as a public auction in some
suitable public place on the specified day at some time between the hours
of 9 a.m. and 5 p.m., and the time chosen for the sale shall be indicated
in the notice.

44-3-908. [Formerly 12-47-907] Loss of property rights. There
shall be no property rights of any kind in any alcohol beverages, vessels,
appliances, fixtures, bars, furniture, implements, wagons, automobiles,
trucks, vehicles, contrivances, or any other things or devices used in or
kept for the purpose of violating any of the provisions of this article or
article 46 of this title ARTICLE 3 OR ARTICLE 4 OF THIS TITLE 44.

44-3-909. [Formerly 12-47-908] Colorado state fair or

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-202-

1 common consumption area - consumption on premises. 2 Notwithstanding any other provision of this article ARTICLE 3, a person 3 who purchases an alcohol beverage for consumption from a vendor 4 licensed under this article ARTICLE 3 that is either attached to a common 5 consumption area or licensed for the fairgrounds of the Colorado state fair 6 authority may leave the licensed premises with the ALCOHOL beverage 7 and possess and consume the ALCOHOL beverage at any place within the 8 common consumption area or fairgrounds if the person does not remove 9 the ALCOHOL beverage from the common consumption area or 10 fairgrounds. This section does not authorize a person to bring into the 11 common consumption area or fairgrounds an alcohol beverage purchased 12 outside of the common consumption area or fairgrounds.

13

44-3-910. [Formerly 12-47-909] Common consumption areas.

14 (1) A promotional association or attached licensed premises shall not:

(a) Employ a person to serve alcohol beverages or provide
security within the common consumption area unless the server has
completed the server and seller training program established by the
director of the liquor enforcement division of the department of revenue;

(b) Sell or provide an alcohol beverage to a customer for
consumption within the common consumption area but not within the
licensed premises in a container that is larger than sixteen ounces;

(c) Sell or provide an alcohol beverage to a customer for
consumption within the common consumption area but not within the
licensed premises unless the container is disposable and contains the
name of the vendor in at least twenty-four-point font;

26 (d) Permit customers to leave the licensed premises with an
27 alcohol beverage unless the beverage container complies with paragraphs

(b) and (c) of this subsection (1) SUBSECTIONS (1)(b) AND (1)(c) OF THIS
 SECTION;

3 (e) Operate the common consumption area during hours the
4 licensed premises cannot sell alcohol under this article ARTICLE 3 or the
5 limitations imposed by the local licensing authority;

6 (f) Operate the common consumption area in an area that exceeds
7 the maximum authorized by this article ARTICLE 3 or by the local
8 licensing authority;

9 (g) Sell, serve, dispose of, exchange, or deliver, or permit the sale,
10 serving, giving, or procuring of, an alcohol beverage to a visibly
11 intoxicated person or to a known habitual drunkard;

(h) Sell, serve, dispose of, exchange, or deliver, or permit the sale,
serving, or giving of an alcohol beverage to a person under twenty-one
years of age; or

(i) Permit a visibly intoxicated person to loiter within the commonconsumption area.

17 (2) The promotional association shall promptly remove all alcohol
18 beverages from the common consumption area at the end of the hours of
19 operation.

20 (3) A person shall not consume AN alcohol BEVERAGE within the
21 common consumption area unless it was purchased from an attached,
22 licensed premises.

(4) This section does not apply to a special event permit issued
under article 48 of this title ARTICLE 5 OF THIS TITLE 44 or the holder
thereof unless the permit holder desires to use an existing common
consumption area and agrees in writing to the requirements of this article
ARTICLE 3 and the local licensing authority concerning the common

1 consumption area.

2	PART 10
3	RESPONSIBLE ALCOHOL BEVERAGE VENDOR ACT
4	44-3-1001. [Formerly 12-47-1001] Short title. THE SHORT TITLE
5	OF this part 10 shall be known and may be cited as IS the "Responsible
6	Alcohol Beverage Vendor Act".
7	44-3-1002. [Formerly 12-47-1002] Responsible vendors -
8	standards. (1) To be a responsible alcohol beverage vendor, a vendor
9	shall comply with the server and seller training program established by
10	the director of the liquor enforcement division of the department of
11	revenue.
12	(2) The director of the liquor enforcement division shall set
13	standards for compliance with the server and seller training program.
14	When creating standards, the director shall consider input from local and
15	state government, the alcohol beverage industry, and any other state or
16	national seller and server programs.
17	ARTICLE 4
18	Fermented Malt Beverages
19	44-4-101. [Formerly 12-46-101] Short title. This article shall be
20	known and may be cited as THE SHORT TITLE OF THIS ARTICLE 4 IS the
21	"Colorado Beer Code".
22	44-4-102. [Formerly 12-46-102] Legislative declaration.
23	[Editor's note: This version of this section is effective until January 1,
24	2019.] (1) The general assembly hereby declares that it is in the public
25	interest that fermented malt beverages shall be manufactured, imported,
26	and sold only by persons licensed as provided in this article ARTICLE 4.
27	The general assembly further declares that it is lawful to manufacture and

sell fermented malt beverages containing not more than three and
 two-tenths percent alcohol by weight subject to the provisions of this
 article ARTICLE 4 and applicable provisions of articles 47 and 48 of this
 title ARTICLES 3 AND 5 OF THIS TITLE 44.

5 (2) The general assembly recognizes that fermented malt 6 beverages are separate and distinct from malt, vinous, and spirituous 7 liquors, and as such require a separate and distinct regulatory framework 8 under this article ARTICLE 4. To aid administrative efficiency, however, 9 the provisions in article 47 of this title ARTICLE 3 OF THIS TITLE 44 shall 10 apply to the regulation of fermented malt beverages, except when 11 otherwise expressly provided for in this article ARTICLE 4.

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44-4-102. [Formerly 12-46-102] Legislative declaration. [*Editor's note: This version of this section is effective January 1, 2019.*]

(1) The general assembly hereby declares that it is in the public interest
that fermented malt beverages shall be manufactured, imported, and sold
only by persons licensed as provided in this article ARTICLE 4 and article
47 of this title ARTICLE 3 OF THIS TITLE 44. The general assembly further
declares that it is lawful to manufacture and sell fermented malt
beverages subject to this article ARTICLE 4 and applicable provisions of
articles 47 and 48 of this title ARTICLES 3 AND 5 OF THIS TITLE 44.

(2) The general assembly further recognizes that fermented malt
beverages and malt liquors are separate and distinct from, and have a
unique regulatory history in relation to, vinous and spirituous liquors, and
as such require the retention of a separate and distinct regulatory
framework under this article ARTICLE 4. To aid administrative efficiency,
however, article 47 of this title ARTICLE 3 OF THIS TITLE 44 applies to the
regulation of fermented malt beverages, except when otherwise expressly

1 provided for in this article ARTICLE 4.

44-4-103. [Formerly 12-46-103] Definitions. Definitions
applicable to this article ARTICLE 4 also appear in article 47 of this title
ARTICLE 3 OF THIS TITLE 44. As used in this article ARTICLE 4, unless the
context otherwise requires:

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(1) [Editor's note: This version of subsection (1) is effective until January 1, 2019.] "Fermented malt beverage" means any beverage obtained by the fermentation of any infusion or decoction of barley, malt, hops, or any similar product or any combination thereof in water containing not less than one-half of one percent alcohol by volume and not more than three and two-tenths percent alcohol by weight or four percent alcohol by volume; except that "fermented malt beverage" shall

not include confectionery containing alcohol within the limits prescribed
by section 25-5-410 (1)(i)(II). C.R.S.

(1) [*Editor's note: This version of subsection (1) is effective January 1, 2019.*] (a) "Fermented malt beverage" means beer and any
other beverage obtained by the fermentation of any infusion or decoction
of barley, malt, hops, or any similar product or any combination thereof
in water containing not less than one half of one percent alcohol by
volume.

(b) "Fermented malt beverage" does not include confectionery
containing alcohol within the limits prescribed by section 25-5-410
(1)(i)(II). C.R.S.

(2) "License" means a grant to a licensee to manufacture or sell
fermented malt beverages as provided by this article ARTICLE 4.

26 (3) "Licensed premises" means the premises specified in an
27 application for a license under this article which ARTICLE 4 THAT are

owned or in possession of the licensee and within which such THE
 licensee is authorized to sell, dispense, or serve fermented malt beverages
 in accordance with the provisions of this article ARTICLE 4.

4 (4) "Local licensing authority" means the governing body of a
5 municipality or city and county, the board of county commissioners of a
6 county, or any authority designated by municipal or county charter,
7 municipal ordinance, or county resolution.

8 (5) "Sell at wholesale" means selling to any other than the 9 intended consumer of fermented malt beverages. "Sell at wholesale" shall 10 not be construed to prevent a brewer or wholesale beer dealer from selling 11 fermented malt beverages to the intended consumer thereof or to prevent 12 a licensed manufacturer or importer from selling such beverages to a 13 licensed wholesaler.

14 (6) "State licensing authority" means the executive director of the
15 department of revenue or the deputy director of the department of revenue
16 if the executive director so designates.

44-4-104. [Formerly 12-46-104] Licenses - state license fees requirements. (1) The licenses to be granted and issued by the state
licensing authority pursuant to this article ARTICLE 4 for the manufacture,
importation, and sale of fermented malt beverages shall be as follows:

(a) (I) A manufacturer's license shall be granted and issued to any
person, partnership, association, organization, or corporation qualifying
under section 12-47-301 SECTION 44-3-301 and not prohibited from
licensure under section 12-47-307 SECTION 44-3-307 to manufacture and
sell fermented malt beverages upon the payment of an annual license fee
of one hundred fifty dollars to the state licensing authority. A
manufacturer so licensed may have additional warehouses in the state

1 upon payment of the wholesaler's license fee as provided in this section.

(II) A manufacturer that has received a license pursuant to this
paragraph (a) SUBSECTION (1)(a) shall be authorized to manufacture
fermented malt beverages upon an alternating proprietor licensed
premises, as defined in section 12-47-103 SECTION 44-3-103, as approved
by the state licensing authority, but the manufacturer shall not conduct
retail sales of fermented malt beverages from an area licensed or defined
as an alternating proprietor licensed premises.

9 (b) A wholesaler's license shall be granted and issued to any 10 person, partnership, association, organization, or corporation qualifying 11 under section 12-47-301 SECTION 44-3-301 and not prohibited from licensure under section 12-47-307 SECTION 44-3-307 to sell fermented 12 13 malt beverages upon the payment of an annual license fee of one hundred 14 fifty dollars to the state licensing authority. Each wholesaler's license 15 application shall designate the territory within which the licensee may sell 16 the designated products of any manufacturer, as agreed upon by the 17 licensee and the manufacturer of such products.

(c) A retailer's license shall be granted and issued to any person,
partnership, association, organization, or corporation qualifying under
section 12-47-301 SECTION 44-3-301 and not prohibited from licensure
under section 12-47-307 SECTION 44-3-307 to sell at retail the said
fermented malt beverages upon paying an annual license fee of
seventy-five dollars to the state licensing authority.

(d) (I) A nonresident manufacturer's license shall be granted and
issued to any person manufacturing fermented malt beverages outside of
the state of Colorado for the sole purposes listed in subparagraph (III) of
this paragraph (d) SUBSECTION (1)(d)(III) OF THIS SECTION, upon the

1 payment of an annual license fee of one hundred fifty dollars to the state 2 licensing authority.

3 (II) An importer's license shall be granted and issued to any 4 person importing fermented malt beverages into this state for the sole 5 purposes listed in subparagraph (III) of this paragraph (d) SUBSECTION 6 (1)(d)(III) OF THIS SECTION, upon the payment of an annual license fee of 7 one hundred fifty dollars to the state licensing authority.

8 (III) The licenses referred to in subparagraphs (I) and (II) of this 9 paragraph (d) SUBSECTIONS (1)(d)(I) AND (1)(d)(II) OF THIS SECTION shall 10 be issued for the following purposes only:

11 (A) To import and sell fermented malt beverages within this state 12 to a person licensed as a wholesaler pursuant to this section;

13 (B) To maintain stocks of fermented malt beverages and to 14 operate fermented malt beverages warehouses by procuring a wholesaler's 15 license as provided in this section;

16 (C) To solicit orders from retail licensees and fill such orders 17 through licensed wholesalers.

18 (IV) Each applicant for a license as a manufacturer, nonresident 19 manufacturer, or importer of fermented malt beverages shall enter into a 20 written contract with each wholesaler with which the applicant intends to 21 do business, which contract shall designate the territory within which the 22 product of such applicant shall be sold by the respective wholesaler. The 23 contract shall be submitted to the state licensing authority with an application, and such THE applicant, if licensed, shall have a continuing 24 25 duty to submit any subsequent revisions, amendments, or superseding 26 contracts to the state licensing authority.

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(V) A manufacturer, nonresident manufacturer, or importer

licensed to sell fermented malt beverages under this article ARTICLE 4
 shall not contract with more than one wholesaler to sell the products of
 such manufacturer, nonresident manufacturer, or importer in the same
 territory.

5 (1.5) (2) Notwithstanding the amount specified for any fee in 6 subsection (1) of this section, the state licensing authority, by rule or as 7 otherwise provided by law, may reduce the amount of one or more of the 8 fees if necessary pursuant to section 24-75-402 (3) C.R.S., to reduce the 9 uncommitted reserves of the fund to which all or any portion of one or 10 more of the fees is credited. After the uncommitted reserves of the fund 11 are sufficiently reduced, the state licensing authority, by rule or as 12 otherwise provided by law, may increase the amount of one or more of 13 the fees as provided in section 24-75-402 (4). C.R.S.

14 (2) (3) The manufacturer's or wholesaler's licenses provided by 15 this article ARTICLE 4 shall permit the licensee to sell fermented malt 16 beverages in sealed containers to retailers and consumers, thereof, as long 17 as the beverages have been unloaded and placed in the physical 18 possession of a licensed wholesaler at its licensed premises in this state 19 and inventoried for purposes of tax collection before being delivered to 20 any such retailer or consumer. Wholesalers of fermented malt beverages 21 receiving products to be held as required by this subsection (2) 22 SUBSECTION (3) shall be liable for the payment of any tax due on such THE 23 products under section 12-47-503 SECTION 44-3-503.

(3) (4) It is unlawful for any manufacturer or wholesaler or any
person, partnership, association, organization, or corporation interested
financially in or with any of the licensees described in this article ARTICLE
4 to be interested financially, directly or indirectly, in the business of any

retail licensee licensed pursuant to this article ARTICLE 4, or for any retail
licensee under this article ARTICLE 4, to be interested financially, directly
or indirectly, in the business of any manufacturer or wholesaler or any
person, partnership, association, organization, or corporation interested
in or with any of the manufacturers or wholesalers licensed pursuant to
this article ARTICLE 4.

7 44-4-105. [Formerly 12-46-105] Fees and taxes - allocation. 8 (1) (a) The state licensing authority shall establish fees for processing the 9 following types of applications, notices, or reports required to be 10 submitted to the state licensing authority: Applications for new fermented 11 malt beverage licenses pursuant to section 12-47-301 SECTION 44-3-301 12 and regulations RULES thereunder; applications for change of location 13 pursuant to section 12-47-301 SECTION 44-3-301 and regulations RULES 14 thereunder; applications for changing, altering, or modifying licensed 15 premises pursuant to section 12-47-301 SECTION 44-3-301 and regulations 16 RULES thereunder; applications for warehouse or branch house permits 17 pursuant to section 12-46-104 SECTION 44-4-104 and regulations RULES 18 thereunder; applications for duplicate licenses; and notices of change of 19 name or trade name pursuant to section 12-47-301 SECTION 44-3-301 and 20 regulations RULES thereunder. The amounts of such fees, when added to 21 the other fees and taxes transferred to the liquor enforcement division and 22 state licensing authority cash fund pursuant to subsection (2) of this 23 section and section 12-47-502(1) SECTION 44-3-502(1), shall reflect the 24 direct and indirect costs of the liquor enforcement division and the state 25 licensing authority in the administration and enforcement of this article 26 and articles 47 and 48 of this title ARTICLE 4 AND ARTICLES 3 AND 5 OF 27 THIS TITLE 44. At least annually, the amounts of the fees shall be reviewed

1 and, if necessary, adjusted to reflect such direct and indirect costs.

2 (b) Except as provided in paragraph (c) of this subsection (1) 3 SUBSECTION (1)(c) OF THIS SECTION, the state licensing authority shall 4 establish a basic fee that shall be paid at the time of service of any 5 subpoena upon the state licensing authority or upon any employee of the 6 division, plus a fee for meals and a fee for mileage at the rate prescribed 7 for state officers and employees in section 24-9-104 C.R.S., for each mile 8 actually and necessarily traveled in going to and returning from the place 9 named in the subpoena. If the person named in the subpoena is required 10 to attend the place named in the subpoena for more than one day, there 11 shall be paid, in advance, a sum to be established by the state licensing 12 authority for each day of attendance to cover the expenses of the person 13 named in the subpoena.

(c) The subpoena fee established pursuant to paragraph (b) of this
 subsection (1) SUBSECTION (1)(b) OF THIS SECTION shall not be applicable
 to any state or local governmental agency.

(2) (a) All state license fees provided for by this article ARTICLE
4 and all fees provided for by paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (1)
SUBSECTIONS (1)(a) AND (1)(b) of this section for processing applications,
reports, and notices shall be paid to the department of revenue, which
shall transmit the fees and taxes to the state treasurer. The state treasurer
shall credit eighty-five percent of the fees and taxes to the old age pension
fund and the balance to the general fund.

(b) An amount equal to the revenues attributable to fifty dollars
of each state license fee provided for by this article ARTICLE 4 and the
processing fees provided for by paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (1)
SUBSECTIONS (1)(a) AND (1)(b) of this section shall be transferred out of

the general fund to the liquor enforcement division and state licensing
 authority cash fund. Such THE transfer shall be made by the state treasurer
 as soon as possible after the twentieth day of the month following the
 payment of such THE fees.

(c) The expenditures of the state licensing authority and the liquor
enforcement division shall be paid out of appropriations from the liquor
enforcement division and state licensing authority cash fund as provided
in section 24-35-401. C.R.S.

9 (3) Eighty-five percent of the local license fees set forth in section
10 12-46-107 (2) SECTION 44-4-107 (2) shall be paid to the department of
11 revenue, which shall transmit the fees to the state treasurer to be credited
12 to the old age pension fund.

13 44-4-106. [Formerly 12-46-106] Lawful acts. It is lawful for a 14 person under eighteen years of age who is under the supervision of a 15 person on the premises over eighteen years of age to be employed in a 16 place of business where fermented malt beverages are sold at retail in 17 containers for off-premises consumption. During the normal course of 18 such employment, any person under eighteen years of age may handle and 19 otherwise act with respect to fermented malt beverages in the same 20 manner as that person does with other items sold at retail; except that no 21 person under eighteen years of age shall sell or dispense fermented malt 22 beverages, check age identification, or make deliveries beyond the 23 customary parking area for the customers of the retail outlet. This section 24 shall not be construed to permit the violation of any other provisions of 25 this section under circumstances not specified in this section.

44-4-107. [Formerly 12-46-107] Local licensing authority rules - application - fees. (1) The local licensing authority shall issue

-214-

1 only the following classes of fermented malt beverage licenses:

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(a) Sales for consumption off the premises of the licensee;

(b) Sales for consumption on the premises of the licensee;

4 (c) Sales for consumption both on and off the premises of the 5 licensee. A person licensed pursuant to this paragraph (c) SUBSECTION 6 (1)(c) may deliver at retail fermented malt beverages in factory-sealed 7 containers in conjunction with the delivery of food products if such THE 8 person has obtained a permit for the delivery of fermented malt beverages 9 from the state licensing authority. The state licensing authority shall 10 promulgate rules as are necessary for the proper delivery of fermented 11 malt beverages pursuant to this paragraph (c) SUBSECTION (1)(c) and shall 12 have the authority to issue a permit to any person who is licensed 13 pursuant to and delivers fermented malt beverages under this paragraph 14 (c) SUBSECTION (1)(c).

(2) The local licensing authority shall collect an annual license fee
of twenty-five dollars if the licensed premises is located in a municipality
or city and county and fifty dollars if the licensed premises is located
outside the corporate limits of a municipality or city and county.

19 44-4-108. [Formerly 12-46-108] Exemption. This article 20 ARTICLE 4 does not apply to a state institution of higher education when 21 the institution is engaged in the manufacture and tasting, at the place of 22 manufacture or at a licensed premises, of fermented malt beverages for 23 teaching or research purposes, so long as the fermented malt beverages 24 are not sold or offered for sale and are only tasted by a qualified 25 employee, qualified student, or expert taster. Any unused fermented malt 26 beverage product that is produced by a state institution of higher 27 education in accordance with this section must be removed from a

licensed premises at the end of an event if the event is held at a licensed
 premises located off campus.

3 44-4-109. [Formerly 12-46-109] Liquor industry working 4 group - creation - duties - report - repeal. (1) The state licensing 5 authority shall convene a liquor industry working group to develop an 6 implementation process for grocery and convenience stores to apply for 7 a license to sell malt liquor and fermented malt beverages containing at 8 least one-half percent alcohol by volume starting January 1, 2019. The 9 working group shall analyze the impact that removing the alcohol content 10 limit on fermented malt beverages will have on the alcohol beverage 11 industry as a whole, as well as on current retail licensees, and shall 12 consider other legislative, regulatory, or administrative changes necessary 13 to promote the three-tiered distribution system in Colorado. Additionally, 14 the working group shall examine and make recommendations regarding 15 laws governing tastings conducted on retail premises licensed under 16 article 47 of this title ARTICLE 3 OF THIS TITLE 44 and the ability of retail 17 liquor stores licensed under section 12-47-407 SECTION 44-3-409 to sell 18 growlers containing malt liquors.

19 (2) The executive director of the department of revenue shall
20 appoint the following members to serve on the liquor industry working
21 group:

22

(a) A member from the department of revenue;

(b) A member from the liquor enforcement division in thedepartment of revenue;

- 25 (c) A member from the attorney general's office;
- 26 (d) A member representing municipal government;
- 27 (e) A member representing county government;

1	(f) A member representing community prevention;
2	(g) A member representing law enforcement;
3	(h) Two members representing large breweries;
4	(i) Two members representing small breweries;
5	(j) One member representing a national distillery;
6	(k) One member representing a Colorado distillery;
7	(1) Three members representing retail liquor store licensees, one
8	of which must represent a small retail liquor store licensee;
9	(m) One member representing a statewide off-premises retail
10	licensee;
11	(n) Two members representing persons licensed under section
12	12-47-411 section 44-3-413;
13	(o) One member representing persons licensed under section
14	12-47-412 section 44-3-414;
15	(p) Two members representing licensed wholesalers;
16	(q) One member representing a national vinous liquors
17	manufacturer;
18	(r) One member representing a Colorado vinous liquors
19	manufacturer;
20	(s) Two attorneys who practice in the area of liquor law and
21	regulation;
22	(t) One member representing Mothers Against Drunk Driving or
23	its successor organization;
24	(u) Two members representing grocery stores;
25	(v) Two members representing convenience stores; and
26	(w) Two members of the public.
27	(3) The liquor industry working group shall convene as soon as

1 practicable after July 1, 2016, but no later than August 1, 2016, and by 2 January 1, 2018, shall report its findings and recommendations for an 3 implementation process, including any legislative or administrative 4 recommendations, to the senate business, labor, and technology 5 committee and the house of representatives business affairs and labor 6 committee, or their successor committees. 7 (4) This section is repealed, effective July 1, 2019. 8 ARTICLE 5 9 **Special Event Liquor Permits** 44-5-101. [Formerly 12-48-101] Special licenses authorized. 10 11 The state or local licensing authority, as defined in articles 46 and 47 of 12 this title ARTICLES 3 AND 4 OF THIS TITLE 44, may issue a special event 13 permit for the sale, by the drink only, of fermented malt beverages, as 14 defined in section 12-46-103 SECTION 44-4-103, or the sale, by the drink 15 only, of malt, spirituous, or vinous liquors, as defined in section 16 12-47-103 SECTION 44-3-103, to organizations and political candidates 17 qualifying under this article ARTICLE 5, subject to the applicable 18 provisions of articles 46 and 47 of this title ARTICLES 3 AND 4 OF THIS 19 TITLE 44 and to the limitations imposed by this article ARTICLE 5. 20 44-5-102. [Formerly 12-48-102] Qualifications for permit. 21 (1) A special event permit issued under this article ARTICLE 5 may be 22 issued to an organization, whether or not presently licensed under articles

46 and 47 of this title ARTICLES 3 AND 4 OF THIS TITLE 44, which has been
 incorporated under the laws of this state for purposes of a social,
 fraternal, patriotic, political, or athletic nature, and not for pecuniary gain,
 or which is a regularly chartered branch, lodge, or chapter of a national
 organization or society organized for such purposes and being nonprofit

in nature, or which is a regularly established religious or philanthropic
institution, or which is a state institution of higher education; and to any
political candidate who has filed the necessary reports and statements
with the secretary of state pursuant to article 45 of title 1. C.R.S. For
purposes of this article ARTICLE 5, a state institution of higher education
includes each principal campus of a state system of higher education.

7 (2) A special event permit may be issued to any municipality
8 owning arts facilities at which productions or performances of an artistic
9 or cultural nature are presented for use at such facilities, subject to the
10 provisions of this article ARTICLE 5.

(3) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, and subject to this
article 48 ARTICLE 5, the state or local licensing authority may issue a
special event permit to a state agency, the Colorado wine industry
development board, created in section 35-29.5-103, or an instrumentality
of a municipality or county that promotes:

16

(a) Alcohol beverages manufactured in the state; or

17 (b) Tourism in an area of the state where alcohol beverages are18 manufactured.

19 44-5-103. [Formerly 12-48-103] Grounds for issuance of
20 special permits.

21

(1) Repealed.

(2) (1) (a) A special event permit may be issued under this section
notwithstanding the fact that the special event is to be held on premises
licensed under the provisions of section 12-47-403, 12-47-403.5,
12-47-411 (2.5), 12-47-416, 12-47-417, or 12-47-422 SECTION 44-3-403,
44-3-404, 44-3-413 (3), 44-3-418, 44-3-419, OR 44-3-424. The holder of
a special event permit issued pursuant to this subsection (2) SUBSECTION

1 (1) is responsible for any violation of article 47 of this title ARTICLE 3 OF 2 THIS TITLE 44

3 (b) If a violation of this article or of article 47 of this title ARTICLE 4 5 OR ARTICLE 3 OF THIS TITLE 44 occurs during a special event wine 5 festival and the responsible licensee can be identified, such licensee may 6 be charged and the appropriate penalties may apply. If the responsible 7 licensee cannot be identified, the state licensing authority may send 8 written notice to every licensee identified on the permit applications and 9 may fine each the same dollar amount. Such THE fine shall not exceed 10 twenty-five dollars per licensee or two hundred dollars in the aggregate. 11 No joint fine levied pursuant to this paragraph (b) SUBSECTION (1)(b) 12 shall apply to the revocation of a limited wineries license under section 13 12-47-601 SECTION 44-3-601.

14 (3) (2) Nothing in this article ARTICLE 5 shall be construed to 15 prohibit the sale or dispensing of malt, vinous, or spirituous liquors on 16 any closed street, highway, or public byway for which a special event 17 permit has been issued.

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44-5-104. [Formerly 12-48-104] Fees for special permits. 19 (1) Special event permit fees are:

- (a) Ten dollars per day for a malt beverage permit;
- 21 (b) Twenty-five dollars per day for a malt, vinous, and spirituous 22 liquor permit.
- 23 (2) All fees are payable in advance to the department of revenue 24 for applications for special event permits submitted to the state licensing 25 authority for approval.
- 26 44-5-105. [Formerly 12-48-105] Restrictions related to 27 **permits.** (1) Each special event permit shall be issued for a specific

1 location and is not valid for any other location.

2 (2) A special event permit authorizes sale of the beverage or the
3 liquors specified only during the following hours:

4 (a) Between the hours of five a.m. of the day specified in a malt
5 beverage permit and until twelve midnight on the same day;

6 (b) Between the hours of seven a.m. of the day specified in a malt,
7 vinous, and spirituous liquor permit and until two a.m. of the day
8 immediately following.

9 (3) The state or a local licensing authority shall not issue a special 10 event permit to any organization for more than fifteen days in one 11 calendar year.

(4) No issuance of a special event permit shall have the effect of
requiring the state or local licensing authority to issue such a permit upon
any subsequent application by an organization.

(5) Sandwiches or other food snacks shall be available during all
hours of service of malt, spirituous, or vinous liquors, but prepared meals
need not be served.

18

44-5-106. [Formerly 12-48-106] Grounds for denial of special

19 permit. (1) The state or local licensing authority may deny the issuance 20 of a special event permit upon the grounds that the issuance would be 21 injurious to the public welfare because of the nature of the special event, 22 its location within the community, or the failure of the applicant in a past 23 special event to conduct the event in compliance with applicable laws.

(2) Public notice of the proposed permit and of the procedure for
protesting issuance of the permit shall be conspicuously posted at the
proposed location for at least ten days before approval of the permit by
the local licensing authority.

1 44-5-107. [Formerly 12-48-107] Applications for special 2 permit. (1) Applications for a special event permit shall be made with 3 the appropriate local licensing authority on forms provided by the state 4 licensing authority and shall be verified by oath or affirmation of an 5 officer of the organization or of the political candidate making 6 application.

7 (2) In addition to the fees provided in section 12-48-104 SECTION 8 44-5-104, an applicant shall include payment of a fee established by the 9 local licensing authority, not to exceed one hundred dollars, for both 10 investigation and issuance of a permit. Upon approval of any application, 11 the local licensing authority shall notify the state licensing authority of the 12 approval, except as provided by subsection (5) of this section. The state 13 licensing authority shall promptly act and either approve or disapprove 14 the application. In reviewing an application, the local licensing authority 15 shall apply the same standards for approval and denial applicable to the 16 state licensing authority under this article ARTICLE 5.

17 (3) The local licensing authority shall cause a hearing to be held 18 if, after investigation and upon review of the contents of any protest filed 19 by affected persons, sufficient grounds appear to exist for denial of a 20 permit. Any protest shall be filed by affected persons within ten days after 21 the date of notice pursuant to section 12-48-106(2) SECTION 44-5-106(2). 22 Any hearing required by this subsection (3) or any hearing held at the 23 discretion of the local licensing authority shall be held at least ten days 24 after the initial posting of the notice, and notice thereof shall be provided 25 TO the applicant and any person who has filed a protest.

26 (4) The local licensing authority may assign all or any portion of
27 its functions under this article ARTICLE 5 to an administrative officer.

1 (5) (a) A local licensing authority may elect not to notify the state 2 licensing authority to obtain the state licensing authority's approval or 3 disapproval of an application for a special event permit. The local 4 licensing authority is required only to report to the liquor enforcement 5 division, within ten days after it issues a permit, the name of the 6 organization to which a permit was issued, the address of the permitted 7 location, and the permitted dates of alcohol beverage service.

8 (b) A local licensing authority electing not to notify the state 9 licensing authority shall promptly act upon each application and either 10 approve or disapprove each application for a special event permit.

11 (c) The state licensing authority shall establish and maintain a 12 website containing the statewide permitting activity of organizations that 13 receive permits under this article ARTICLE 5. In order to ensure 14 compliance with section 12-48-105 (3) SECTION 44-5-105 (3), which 15 restricts the number of permits issued to an organization in a calendar 16 year, the local licensing authority shall access information made available 17 on the website of the state licensing authority to determine the statewide 18 permitting activity of the organization applying for the permit. The local 19 licensing authority shall consider compliance with section 12-48-105(3)20 SECTION 44-5-105 (3) before approving any application.

44-5-108. [Formerly 12-48-108] Exemptions. An organization
otherwise qualifying under section 12-48-102 SECTION 44-5-102 shall be
exempt from the provisions of this article ARTICLE 5 and shall be deemed
to be dispensing gratuitously and not to be selling fermented malt
beverages or malt, spirituous, or vinous liquors when it serves, by the
drink, fermented malt beverages or malt, spirituous, or vinous liquors to
its members and their guests at a private function held by such THE

1	organization on unlicensed premises, so long as any admission or other
2	charge, if any, required to be paid or given by any such member as a
3	condition to entry or participation in the event is uniform as to all without
4	regard to whether or not a member or such member's guest consumes or
5	does not consume such beverages or liquors. For purposes of this section,
6	all invited attendees at a private function held by a state institution of
7	higher education shall be considered members or guests of the institution.
8	SECTION 3. Repeal of relocated provisions in this act. In
9	Colorado Revised Statutes, repeal articles 46, 47, and 48 of title 12.
10	SECTION 4. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 6-25-201, amend (2)
11	as follows:
12	6-25-201. Definitions. As used in this part 2, unless the context
13	otherwise requires:
14	(2) "Lodging establishment" means a bed and breakfast, as
15	defined in section 12-47-103 (3) SECTION 44-3-103 (4), or a hotel, motel,
16	resort, or public inn, as defined in section 6-25-101 (3).
17	SECTION 5. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 10-3-1104, amend
18	(4)(a) as follows:
19	10-3-1104. Unfair methods of competition - unfair or deceptive
20	acts or practices. (4) The following is defined as an unfair practice in
21	the business of insurance: For an insurer to deny, refuse to issue, refuse
22	to renew, refuse to reissue, cancel, or otherwise terminate a motor vehicle
23	insurance policy, to restrict motor vehicle insurance coverage on any
24	person, or to add any surcharge or rating factor to a premium of a motor
25	vehicle insurance policy solely because of:
26	(a) A conviction under section 12-47-901 (1)(b), C.R.S. SECTION
27	44-3-901 (1)(c), or section 18-13-122 (3), C.R.S., or any counterpart

municipal charter or ordinance offense or because of any driver's license
revocation resulting from such conviction. This paragraph (a)
SUBSECTION (4)(a) includes, but is not limited to, a driver's license
revocation imposed under section 42-2-125 (1)(m). C.R.S.

5 SECTION 6. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 16-2.5-121
6 as follows:

7 16-2.5-121. Executive director of the department of revenue 8 - senior director of enforcement for the department of revenue. The 9 executive director and the senior director of enforcement of the 10 department of revenue are peace officers while engaged in the 11 performance of their duties whose authority includes the enforcement of 12 laws and rules regarding automobile dealers pursuant to section 12-6-105 13 (3), the lottery pursuant to sections 24-35-205 (3) and 24-35-206 (7), 14 medical marijuana pursuant to article 43.3 of title 12, limited gaming 15 pursuant to section 12-47.1-204, liquor pursuant to section 12-47-904 (1) 16 SECTION 44-3-905 (1), and racing events pursuant to section 12-60-203 17 (1), and the enforcement of all laws of the state of Colorado and who may 18 be certified by the P.O.S.T. board.

19 SECTION 7. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 16-2.5-124
20 as follows:

16-2.5-124. Liquor enforcement investigator. A liquor enforcement investigator is a peace officer while engaged in the performance of his or her duties and while acting under proper orders or regulations whose primary authority shall be as stated in sections 12-47-904 (1) SECTIONS 44-3-905 (1) and 24-35-504 C.R.S., and shall also include the enforcement of all laws of the state of Colorado and who may be certified by the P.O.S.T. board.

-225-

SECTION 8. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-8-203, amend
 (1)(a) as follows:

18-8-203. Introducing contraband in the first degree. (1) A
person commits introducing contraband in the first degree if he or she
knowingly and unlawfully:

6 (a) Introduces or attempts to introduce a dangerous instrument; 7 malt, vinous, or spirituous liquor, as defined in section 12-47-103, C.R.S. 8 SECTION 44-3-103; fermented malt beverage, as defined in section 9 12-46-103, C.R.S. SECTION 44-4-103; controlled substance, as defined in 10 section 18-18-102 (5); or marijuana or marijuana concentrate, as defined 11 in section 27-80-203 (15) and (16), C.R.S., into a detention facility or at 12 any location where an inmate is or is likely to be located, while the inmate 13 is in the custody and under the jurisdiction of a political subdivision of 14 the state of Colorado or the department of corrections, but not on parole; 15 or

SECTION 9. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-9-123, amend
(1)(a) introductory portion and (1)(a)(I) as follows:

18 18-9-123. Bringing alcohol beverages, bottles, or cans into the
19 major league baseball stadium. (1) (a) It shall be unlawful for any
20 person to carry or bring into the Denver metropolitan major league
21 baseball stadium district stadium, as defined in section 32-14-103 (5) and
22 (10), C.R.S., and referred to in this section as the "stadium", the
23 following:

24 (I) Any alcohol beverage as defined in section 12-47-103 (2),
 25 C.R.S. SECTION 44-3-103 (2); or

26 SECTION 10. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 24-35-101, amend
27 (1)(d) as follows:

-226-

24-35-101. Functions of department of revenue. (1) There is
 hereby created the department of revenue, the functions of which are the
 collection of the following:

4 (d) Taxes levied and the license fees imposed by the provisions of
5 article 46 and part 5 of article 47 of title 12, C.R.S. ARTICLE 4 AND PART
6 5 OF ARTICLE 3 OF TITLE 44, and the administration and enforcement of
7 said provisions;

8 SECTION 11. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 24-35-401
9 as follows:

10 24-35-401. Liquor enforcement division and state licensing 11 authority cash fund. There is hereby created in the state treasury the 12 liquor enforcement division and state licensing authority cash fund. The 13 fund shall consist of moneys MONEY transferred thereto in accordance 14 with sections 12-46-105 (2) and 12-47-502 (1), C.R.S. SECTIONS 44-3-502 15 (1) AND 44-4-105 (2). The general assembly shall make annual 16 appropriations from the fund for a portion of the direct and indirect costs 17 of the liquor enforcement division and the state licensing authority in the 18 administration and enforcement of articles 46, 47, and 48 of title 12, 19 C.R.S. ARTICLES 3 TO 5 OF TITLE 44. Any money remaining in the fund at 20 the end of each fiscal year shall remain in the fund and shall not revert to 21 the general fund or any other fund. The fund shall be maintained in 22 accordance with section 24-75-402.

23 SECTION 12. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 24-79.5-101,
24 amend the introductory portion, (2) introductory portion, and (2)(g) as
25 follows:

26 24-79.5-101. Definitions. As used in this article ARTICLE 79.5,
27 unless the context otherwise requires:

1	(2) "Delinquency charge" means a separate fee, fine, or penalty
2	levied as a result of the late payment of an amount due. For purposes of
3	this article ARTICLE 79.5, a delinquency charge shall not include any fee,
4	fine, or other penalty imposed:
5	(g) By a local liquor licensing authority pursuant to article 47 of
6	title 12, C.R.S. ARTICLE 3 OF TITLE 44.
7	SECTION 13. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 25-14-203, amend
8	(3) as follows:
9	25-14-203. Definitions. As used in this part 2, unless the context
10	otherwise requires:
11	(3) "Bar" means any indoor area that is operated and licensed
12	under article 47 of title 12, C.R.S. ARTICLE 3 OF TITLE 44, primarily for
13	the sale and service of alcohol beverages for on-premises consumption
14	and where the service of food is secondary to the consumption of such
15	ALCOHOL beverages.
16	SECTION 14. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 26-2-104, amend
17	(2)(a)(II)(C) and (2)(h)(I)(B) as follows:
18	26-2-104. Public assistance programs - electronic benefits
19	transfer service - joint reports with department of revenue - signs -
20	rules - repeal. (2) (a) (II) Only those businesses that offer products or
21	services related to the purpose of the public assistance benefits are
22	allowed to participate in the electronic benefits transfer service through
23	the use of point-of-sale terminals. Clients shall not be allowed to access
24	cash benefits through the electronic benefits transfer service from
25	
	automated teller machines in this state located in:
26	(C) Retail establishments licensed to sell malt, vinous, or

TITLE 44; except that the prohibition in this subsection (2)(a)(II)(C) does
 not apply to establishments licensed as liquor-licensed drugstores under
 section 12-47-408 SECTION 44-3-410;

(h) (I) On or before January 1, 2016, the department of revenue
shall adopt rules pursuant to the "State Administrative Procedure Act",
article 4 of title 24, that relate to a client's use of automated teller
machines at locations where such use is prohibited. The rules must apply
to the following establishments:

9 (B) Retail establishments licensed to sell malt, vinous, or 10 spirituous liquors pursuant to part 3 of article 47 of title 12 ARTICLE 3 OF 11 TITLE 44, excluding establishments licensed as liquor-licensed drugstores 12 under section 12-47-408 SECTION 44-3-410;

SECTION 15. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 26-2-703, amend
(5.5) as follows:

15 26-2-703. Definitions. As used in this part 7, unless the context
16 otherwise requires:

17 (5.5) "Controlled substance" means a substance, a drug, or an
18 immediate precursor included in schedules I to V of part 2 of article 18
19 of title 18, C.R.S., and any "alcohol beverage" as defined in section
20 12-47-103 (2), C.R.S. SECTION 44-3-103 (2).

21 SECTION 16. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 27-80-116, amend
22 (3) as follows:

23 27-80-116. Fetal alcohol spectrum disorders - legislative
24 declaration - health warning signs. (3) Each person licensed pursuant
25 to section 12-47-401 (1)(h) to (1)(t) or 12-47-401 (1)(v), C.R.S., SECTION
26 44-3-401 (1)(h) TO (1)(t) OR 44-3-401 (1)(v) to sell malt, vinous, and
27 spirituous liquors or licensed pursuant to section 12-46-104 (1)(c), C.R.S.,

1	SECTION 44-4-104 (1)(c) to sell fermented malt beverages is hereby
2	encouraged to post a health warning sign informing patrons that the
3	consumption of alcohol during pregnancy may cause birth defects,
4	including fetal alcohol spectrum disorders.
5	SECTION 17. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 29-1-1101, amend
6	(2)(g) as follows:
7	29-1-1101. Definitions. As used in this part 11, unless the context
8	otherwise requires:
9	(2) "Delinquency charge" means a separate fee, fine, or penalty
10	levied as a result of the late payment of an amount due. For purposes of
11	this part 11, a delinquency charge shall not include any fee, fine, or other
12	penalty imposed:
13	(g) By a local liquor licensing authority pursuant to article 47 of
14	title 12, C.R.S. ARTICLE 3 OF TITLE 44.
15	SECTION 18. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 35-29.5-105,
16	amend (1) as follows:
17	35-29.5-105. Colorado wine industry development fund - use
18	of money. (1) There is hereby created in the state treasury the Colorado
19	wine industry development fund. The fund shall consist of moneys
20	MONEY credited thereto pursuant to section 12-47-503 (1)(b) and (1)(c),
21	C.R.S. SECTION 44-3-503 (1)(c) AND (1)(d). All moneys MONEY in such
22	THE fund are IS hereby continuously appropriated to the board for the
23	expenses of the board in implementing the provisions of this article
24	ARTICLE 29.5.
25	SECTION 19. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 39-21-102, amend
26	(1) as follows:
27	39-21-102. Scope. (1) Unless otherwise indicated, the provisions

2	to 35 of this title TITLE 39 and article 60 of title 34, C.R.S., section 21 of
3	article X of the state constitution, article 3 of title 42, part 5 of article 47
4	of title 12 ARTICLE 3 OF TITLE 44, articles 11 and 20 of title 30, article 4
5	of title 43, article 2 of title 40, and part 2 of article 20 of title 8. C.R.S.
6	SECTION 20. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 39-22-104, amend
7	(3)(e)(I) as follows:
8	39-22-104. Income tax imposed on individuals, estates, and
9	trusts - single rate - legislative declaration - definitions - repeal.
10	(3) There shall be added to the federal taxable income:
11	(e) (I) Any expenses incurred by a taxpayer with respect to
12	expenditures made at, or payments made to, a club licensed pursuant to
13	section 12-47-416, C.R.S., which SECTION 44-3-418 THAT has a policy to
14	restrict membership on the basis of sex, sexual orientation, marital status,
15	race, creed, religion, color, ancestry, or national origin. Any such club
16	shall provide on each receipt furnished to a taxpayer a printed statement
17	as follows:
18	The expenditures covered by this receipt are
19	nondeductible for state income tax purposes.
20	SECTION 21. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 39-22-304, amend
21	(2)(e)(I) as follows:
22	39-22-304. Net income of corporation - legislative declaration
23	- definitions - repeal. (2) There shall be added to federal taxable income:
24	(e) (I) Any expenses incurred by a taxpayer with respect to
25	expenditures made at, or payments made to, a club licensed pursuant to
26	section 12-47-416, C.R.S., which SECTION 44-3-418 THAT has a policy to
27	restrict membership on the basis of sex, sexual orientation, marital status,

of this article ARTICLE 21 apply to the taxes or fees imposed by articles 22

1

1	race, creed, religion, color, ancestry, or national origin. Any such club
2	shall provide on each receipt furnished to a taxpayer a printed statement
3	as follows:

4 The expenditures covered by this receipt are
5 nondeductible for state income tax purposes.

6 SECTION 22. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 42-1-206, amend
7 (6) as follows:

8 42-1-206. Records open to inspection - furnishing of copies -9 rules. (6) The record of conviction and actions taken by the department 10 for violating section 18-13-122 or 12-47-901 (1)(c), C.R.S. 44-3-901 11 (1)(d), held by the department of revenue, shall not be a public record 12 after the period of revocation imposed under such sections has been 13 concluded; except that this subsection (6) shall not prevent the department 14 from sharing such information with a criminal justice agency as defined 15 in section 24-72-302 (3). C.R.S.

16 SECTION 23. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 42-2-125, amend 17 (1)(m) as follows:

- 42-2-125. Mandatory revocation of license and permit. (1) The
 department shall immediately revoke the license or permit of any driver
 or minor driver upon receiving a record showing that the driver has:
- (m) (I) Been convicted of violating section 12-47-901 (1)(b) or
 (1)(c) SECTION 44-3-901 (1)(c) OR (1)(d) or 18-13-122 (3) C.R.S., or any
 counterpart municipal charter or ordinance offense to such sections and
 having failed to complete an alcohol evaluation or assessment, an alcohol
 education program, or an alcohol treatment program ordered by the court
 in connection with such conviction; or
- 27 (II) Been convicted of violating section 12-47-901(1)(b) or (1)(c)

SECTION 44-3-901 (1)(c) OR (1)(d) or 18-13-122 (3) C.R.S., or any
 counterpart municipal charter or ordinance offense to such sections and
 has a previous conviction for such offenses;

4 SECTION 24. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 42-2-127.6, amend
5 (1)(a) as follows:

6 42-2-127.6. Authority to suspend license - providing alcohol to 7 an underage person. (1) (a) Whenever the department receives notice 8 that a person, other than a business licensed pursuant to article 46, 47, or 9 48 of title 12, C.R.S. ARTICLE 3, 4, OR 5 OF TITLE 44, or an employee or 10 agent of the business acting in the scope of his or her employment, has 11 been convicted of an offense pursuant to section 12-47-901 (1)(a.5) or 12 (1)(k), C.R.S. SECTION 44-3-901 (1)(b) OR (1)(l), the department shall 13 immediately suspend the license of the person for a period of not less than 14 six months.

15 SECTION 25. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 42-2-131 as
16 follows:

17 42-2-131. Revocation of license or permit for failing to comply 18 with a court order relating to nondriving alcohol convictions. Upon 19 a plea of guilty or nolo contendere or a verdict of guilty by the court or a 20 jury to an offense under section 12-47-901 (1)(b) or (1)(c) SECTION 21 44-3-901 (1)(c) OR (1)(d) or 18-13-122 (3) C.R.S., or any counterpart 22 municipal charter or ordinance offense to such section and upon a failure 23 to complete an alcohol evaluation or assessment, an alcohol education 24 program, or an alcohol treatment program ordered by the court in 25 connection with such plea or verdict, the court shall forward to the 26 department a notice of plea or verdict or such THE failure to complete on the form prescribed by the department. Any revocation pursuant to 27

1	section 42-2-125 (1)(m) shall begin when the department gives notice of
2	the revocation to the person in accordance with section 42-2-119 (2).
3	SECTION 26. Appropriation. (1) For the 2018-19 state fiscal
4	year, \$3,091 is appropriated to the department of revenue for use by the
5	liquor and tobacco enforcement division. This appropriation is from the
6	liquor enforcement division and state licensing authority cash fund
7	created in section 24-35-401, C.R.S. To implement this act, the division
8	may use this appropriation as follows:
9	(a) \$2,400 for personal services; and
10	(b) \$691 for operating expenses.
11	SECTION 27. Act subject to petition - effective date. This
12	act takes effect October 1, 2018; except that, if a referendum petition is
13	filed pursuant to section 1 (3) of article V of the state constitution against
14	this act or an item, section, or part of this act within the ninety-day period
15	after final adjournment of the general assembly, then the act, item,
16	section, or part will not take effect unless approved by the people at the
17	general election to be held in November 2018 and, in such case, will take
18	effect on the date of the official declaration of the vote thereon by the
19	governor.