

Legislative Council Staff

# **FISCAL NOTE**

Nonpartisan Services for Colorado's Legislature

Drafting Number: Prime Sponsors:	LLS 18-0513 Rep. Herod; Wist Sen. Martinez Humenik; Moreno	Date: Bill Status: Fiscal Analyst:	February 8, 2018 House Public Health Care and Human Services Clare Pramuk   303-866-2677 Clare.Pramuk@state.co.us	
Bill Topic:	CHILDREN AND YOUTH MENTAL HEALTH TREATMENT ACT			
Summary of Fiscal Impact:		<ul> <li>TABOR Refund</li> <li>Local Government</li> <li>Statutory Public Entity</li> <li>he Child Mental Health Treatment Act that is set to he act, and makes a number of changes. It increases bing basis.</li> </ul>		
Appropriation Summary:	For FY 2018-19, the bill requires an appropriation of \$1,286,611 to the Department of Human Services.			
Fiscal Note Status:	The fiscal note reflects the in	troduced bill.		

# Table 1 State Fiscal Impacts Under HB 18-1094

		FY 2018-19	FY 2019-20
Revenue		-	-
Expenditures	General Fund Cash Funds Centrally Appropriated	eneral Fund \$1,286,611 Cash Funds \$0	\$2,865,953 \$304,205 \$28,967
			\$3,199,125 2.0 FTE
Transfers		-	-

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### Summary of Legislation

This bill indefinitely extends the *Child Mental Health Treatment Act* that is set to repeal July 1, 2019, renames it the *Children and Youth Mental Health Treatment Act* and makes a number of changes. Among the changes to the act, the bill:

- expands eligibility for services from age 18 to age 21 and expands service availability statewide;
- requires the Department of Human Services (DHS) to develop a standardized risk stratification tool for use by mental health agencies in determining eligibility;
- requires the DHS to maintain a list of available providers on its website, updated quarterly;
- allows a family advocate, family systems navigator, or county department to assist a family in requesting services, choosing services, and appealing a denial for services; and
- modifies the membership of the advisory board and changes the appointing authority from the Governor to the DHS.

### Background

The Child Mental Health Treatment Act, enacted through House Bill 99-1116, allows families to access community, residential, and transitional mental health treatment services for their child without requiring a dependency and neglect action, in cases where there is no child abuse or neglect. To be eligible, a child must be under the age of 18 and not otherwise eligible for Medicaid, be diagnosed as having a mental health disorder, and be at risk of out-of-home placement.

The program currently has an appropriation of \$1.1 million and provides services to 99 children located in 20 out of 64 counties in FY 2016-17. For FY 2017-18, the Joint Budget Committee has recommended a supplemental General Fund appropriation of \$650,651, to serve an additional 10 children eligible under current law. As of this writing, the supplemental appropriation bill (HB18-1162) is pending in the Senate.

### State Expenditures

The bill increases expenditures for the DHS by \$1,292,923 and 0.5 FTE in FY 2018-19 and \$3,199,125 and 2.0 FTE in FY 2019-20. Costs for FY 2018-19 are paid from the General Fund and costs for FY 2019-20, are funded with both General Fund and cash funds as shown in Table 1. The costs for the bill are detailed in Table 2.

The bill requires 0.5 FTE to administer additional provider contracts required to address the expanded caseload. The contract administrator will also provide training for family advocates, develop and administer a standardized risk stratification tool, and collect and report data. Expenditures increase by \$1.9 million in FY 2019-20 to reflect the impact of extending the program past its repeal date. Table 3 provides a further breakdown of the behavioral health services expenditures expected under the bill.

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#### Table 2 Expenditures Under HB 18-1094

	FY 2018-19	FY 2019-20
Department of Human Services		
Personal Services	\$27,567	\$169,772
Operating Expenses and Capital Outlay Costs	\$5,178	\$1,900
Behavioral Health Services	\$1,253,866	2,998,486
Centrally Appropriated Costs*	\$6,312	\$28,967
FTE – Personal Services	0.5 FTE	2.0 FTE
Total Cost	\$1,292,923	\$3,199,125

\* Centrally appropriated costs are not included in the bill's appropriation.

# Table 3 Behavioral Health Services Expenditures Under HB 18-1094

Cost Components	FY 2018-19	FY 2019-20
Community Based Services for Age Expansion	\$450,737	\$450,737
Community Based Services for Statewide Expansion	\$615,689	\$615,689
Residential Services for Age Expansion	\$87,400	\$87,400
Residential Services for Statewide Expansion	\$52,440	\$52,440
Training for Communities	\$8,000	\$8,000
Family Advocacy for Children	\$39,600	\$39,600
Services for Current Caseload	-	\$1,744,620
Total	\$1,253,866	\$2,998,486

**Centrally appropriated costs.** Pursuant to a Joint Budget Committee policy, certain costs associated with this bill are addressed through the annual budget process and centrally appropriated in the Long Bill or supplemental appropriations bills, rather than in this bill. These costs, which include employee insurance and supplemental employee retirement payments, are estimated to be \$6,312 in FY 2018-19 and \$28,967 for FY 2019-20.

# **Effective Date**

The bill takes effect June 30, 2018.

# **State Appropriations**

For FY 2018-19, the bill requires a General Fund appropriation of \$1,286,611 to the Department of Human Services and an allocation of 0.5 FTE.

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# **State and Local Government Contacts**

Child Protection Ombudsman Governor Human Services Judicial Office of The Child's Representative Counties Health Care Policy and Financing Information Technology Law Public Health and Environment

The revenue and expenditure impacts in this fiscal note represent changes from current law under the bill for each fiscal year. For additional information about fiscal notes, please visit: **leg.colorado.gov/fiscalnotes**.