

# **FINAL FISCAL NOTE**

**Drafting Number: Prime Sponsors:** 

LLS 18-0856 Rep. Rankin

Date: May 11, 2018 Bill Status: Signed into Law Sen. Moreno

Fiscal Analyst: Erin Reynolds | 303-866-4146

Erin.Reynolds@state.co.us

**Bill Topic:** 

BROADBAND DEPLOYMENT BOARD APPLY FOR FEDERAL FUNDS

Summary of **Fiscal Impact:**  □ TABOR Refund

□ State Transfer

□ Statutory Public Entity

The bill authorizes the Broadband Deployment Board to apply for and allocate federal rural broadband funding. It may increase state and local government revenue in future years, and creates a minimal state workload increase beginning in the current

FY 2017-18.

**Appropriation Summary:** 

No appropriation is required.

**Fiscal Note** Status:

This fiscal note reflects the final bill, which was recommended by the Joint Budget

Committee.

# **Summary of Legislation**

The bill authorizes the Broadband Deployment Board in the Department of Regulatory Agencies (DORA) to apply for and allocate federal money to its approved projects. Under the bill, the board must petition the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) for a waiver from FCC rules, which currently prohibit a state entity from applying for federal broadband money.

## **Background**

Broadband deployment grants. The Broadband Deployment Board in DORA administers "last-mile" broadband deployment grants to telecommunications providers from the TABOR-exempt Broadband Fund.

The FCC's Connect America Fund Connect America Fund Phase II Auction. Phase II Auction has \$1.98 billion available for nationwide broadband deployment over a ten-vear period. If this bill passes, the State of Colorado can compete with telecommunications providers for these funds, currently estimated at a total of \$150 million for the state, based on the FCC's rural area model and mapped here: https://www.fcc.gov/reports-research/maps/caf-2-accepted-map. For more information on this topic, see the Joint Budget Committee staff briefing for DORA, under Issue: Rural Broadband, online here: http://leg.colorado.gov/sites/default/files/fy2018-19 regbrf.pdf.

#### **State Revenue**

If federal money is received, it will be a TABOR-exempt source of revenue deposited into the Broadband Fund, which is held by a third-party administrator and allocated by the board.

## **State Expenditures**

The bill will minimally increase workload for the Broadband Deployment Board and the Public Utilities Commission (PUC) in DORA. The bill requires coordination between the board and the FCC and allows the PUC, by rule, to establish requirements that comply with FCC conditions. Most workload will fall to the board to apply for a waiver, determine grant recipients, and manage the grant process. It is expected that any legal services required can be accomplished within the existing legal budget. There may be a small amount of additional work by the fund's third-party administrator to assist the board in assuring consistency with potential FCC payments, but this will not increase state costs.

## **Local Government and School District Impact**

Certain local governments may receive new revenue from grants or property taxes, as discussed below.

**Local government internet providers.** Local governments that provide internet service (only the City of Longmont, currently) may see an increase in revenue and workload if they receive new grant funding. Local governments that do not act as internet service providers are not eligible for the new grant money under the bill.

**Property tax collections.** If grants available under this bill increase the construction of broadband facilities, property tax collections will increase in that jurisdiction. A portion of property taxes go toward the local share of school finance. Increases in property tax collections decrease the state share under the School Finance Act. Property tax impacts have not been estimated.

## **Effective Date**

The bill was signed into law by the Governor and took effect on January 29, 2018.

#### **State and Local Government Contacts**

Counties Economic Development Governor Information Technology Law Local Affairs Municipalities Regulatory Agencies