Â			HB 19-1088		
C C	egislative Council Staff Inpartisan Services for Colorado's Legis		FINAL SCAL NOTE		
Drafting Number: Prime Sponsors:	LLS 19-0324 Rep. Buck; Valdez D. Sen. Donovan	Date: Bill Status: Fiscal Analyst:	Signed into Law		
Bill Topic:	MODIFY INCOME TAX CREDIT HEALTH CARE PRECEPTORS				
Summary of Fiscal Impact:	 State Revenue State Expenditure (minimal) State Transfer 	□ Lo	ABOR Refund cal Government atutory Public Entity		
	This bill extends the income tax credit for health care preceptors working in health care professional shortage areas through 2022. It reduces state revenue over the term for which the tax credit is extended.				
Appropriation Summary:	No appropriation is required.				
Fiscal Note Status:	This fiscal note reflects the bill	as enacted.			

Table 1State Fiscal Impacts Under HB 19-1088

		FY 2019-20	FY 2020-21
Revenue	General Fund	(\$37,000)	(\$74,000)
Expenditures		-	-
Transfers		-	-
TABOR Refund	General Fund	-	-

Page 2 July 11, 2019

Summary of Legislation

The income tax credit for health care preceptors working in health care professional shortage areas is available through tax year 2019 under current law. This bill extends the credit through tax year 2022. It also modifies the definition of a preceptorship. Under current law, a preceptorship must last four weeks; the bill modifies this definition such that the preceptorship must last four working weeks, or 20 business days.

Background and Assumptions

The income tax credit for health care preceptors working in health care professional shortage areas was created pursuant to House Bill 16-1142 and was first available for tax year 2017. This credit is available for licensed health care professionals who provide uncompensated personalized instruction, training, and supervision to one or more graduate students seeking a medical degree at a Colorado institution of higher education. Instruction, training, and supervision must last at least four weeks during the income tax year in which the credit is claimed. A qualifying health care professional must be practicing in a designated rural or frontier county and must provide a certification form with their income tax return certifying that he or she has satisfied the requirements for the tax credit. The certification form may be provided by an institution of higher education, hospital, or area health education center.

The credit is available to up to 200 qualifying taxpayers each year and equal to \$1,000 per taxpayer. In tax year 2017, 74 taxpayers claimed credits worth a total of \$74,000. This fiscal note assumes that the population of health care preceptors working in health care professional shortage areas will remain constant through 2022. To the extent that more preceptors participate in the program, the state revenue impact will be greater than estimated but will not exceed \$200,000 in any year.

State Revenue

The bill is expected to reduce General Fund revenue by \$37,000 in FY 2019-20 and \$74,000 in FY 2020-21. The decrease for FY 2019-20 represents a half-year impact for tax year 2020 on an accrual accounting basis. The bill reduces individual income tax revenue, which is subject to TABOR. Revenue reductions will continue through FY 2022-23 as shown in Table 2.

	General Fund Revenue Impacts under HB 19-1088			
	FY 2019-20	FY 2020-21	FY 2021-22	FY 2022-23
General Fund	(\$37,000)	(\$74,000)	(\$74,000)	(\$37,000)

Table 2General Fund Revenue Impacts under HB 19-1088

State Expenditures

The bill minimally increases state expenditures for tax administration.

Page 3 July 11, 2019

Tax administration. The bill will increase the number of state income tax credits claimed for tax years 2020 through 2022, increasing Department of Revenue workload to process tax returns in FY 2020-21 through FY 2022-23. Based on the number of taxpayers who qualify for the credit, the workload increase is assumed to be minimal and can be accomplished within existing appropriations.

Effective Date

The bill was signed into law by the Governor on May 30, 2019, and takes effect August 2, 2019, assuming no referendum petition is filed.

State and Local Government Contacts

Information Technology Personnel Revenue

The revenue and expenditure impacts in this fiscal note represent changes from current law under the bill for each fiscal year. For additional information about fiscal notes, please visit: **leg.colorado.gov/fiscalnotes**.