Second Regular Session Seventy-second General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

REREVISED

This Version Includes All Amendments Adopted in the Second House HOUSE BILL 20-1020

LLS NO. 20-0234.01 Pierce Lively x2059

HOUSE SPONSORSHIP

Snyder and Benavidez, Herod, Melton

SENATE SPONSORSHIP

Moreno, Gonzales, Hansen, Lee, Rodriguez, Winter

House Committees Finance Senate Committees Finance

A BILL FOR AN ACT

101 CONCERNING THE RESTRICTION OF THE STATE SALES TAX EXEMPTION

102 FOR LONG-TERM LODGING.

Bill Summary

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at <u>http://leg.colorado.gov/</u>.)

Tax Expenditure Evaluation Interim Study Committee. Under current law, the sales tax exemption for long-term lodging exempts stays of 30 days or more at hotels, apartment hotels, lodging houses, motor hotels, guesthouses, guest ranches, trailer coaches, mobile homes, auto camps, or trailer courts and parks from the state sales tax on lodgings. The bill limits this exemption so it only applies to natural persons. Reading Unamended March 3, 2020

2nd

SENATE





1 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:

2 **SECTION 1. Legislative declaration.** (1) The general assembly 3 finds and declares that:

4 (a) The sales tax exemption for long-term lodging exempts stays 5 of thirty days or more at hotels, apartment hotels, lodging houses, motor 6 hotels, guesthouses, guest ranches, trailer coaches, mobile homes, auto 7 camps, or trailer courts and parks from the state sales tax on lodgings.

8 (b) This sales tax exemption has remained largely unchanged 9 since it was enacted in 1959.

10 (c) The exemption does not state whether it can be claimed in the 11 case where the lodgings are paid for by the same payer for at least 30 12 days, but multiple persons stay in the lodging during that period of time 13 and none of those persons stay for longer than 30 days. The department of revenue has allowed the exemption to be claimed in this circumsance. 14 15 However, this application of the long-term lodging exemption expands 16 the use of the exemption beyond its presumed original purpose of 17 providing equal tax treatment for persons who enter into residential leases 18 of 30 days or more and persons who stay for more than 30 days in 19 lodgings that are typically used for short-term stays.

20 (d) The department of revenue does not collect data specifically 21 for the long-term lodging exemption.

22 (2) Therefore, it is the intent of the general assembly to simplify 23 the collection and administration of taxes for the state of Colorado and to 24 relieve taxpayers' confusion and vendors' administrative burdens by 25 repealing tax expenditures that are not meeting their original purpose and 26 which are not tracked by the department of revenue.

SECTION 2. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 39-26-704, amend
(3) as follows:

3 **39-26-704.** Miscellaneous sales tax exemptions - governmental 4 entities - hotel residents - schools - exchange of property. 5 (3) (a) There shall be exempt from taxation under the provisions of part 6 1 of this article 26 all sales and purchases of commodities and services 7 under the provisions of section 39-26-102 (11) to any occupant NATURAL 8 PERSON who is a permanent resident of any hotel, apartment hotel, 9 lodging house, motor hotel, guesthouse, guest ranch, trailer coach, mobile 10 home, auto camp, or trailer court or park and who enters into or has 11 entered into a written agreement for occupancy of a room or 12 accommodations for a period of at least thirty consecutive days during the 13 calendar year or preceding year.

14 NOTWITHSTANDING ANY PROVISION OF LAW TO THE (b) 15 CONTRARY, ON OR AFTER JANUARY 1, 2021, FOR ANY LOCAL GOVERNMENT 16 OR POLITICAL SUBDIVISION OF THE STATE THAT LEVIES A SALES OR USE 17 TAX BASED ON THE SALES OR USE TAX LEVIED BY THE STATE PURSUANT TO 18 THIS ARTICLE 26, ALL SALES AND PURCHASES OF COMMODITIES AND 19 SERVICES UNDER THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION 39-26-102 (11) TO ANY 20 OCCUPANT WHO IS A PERMANENT RESIDENT OF ANY HOTEL, APARTMENT 21 HOTEL, LODGING HOUSE, MOTOR HOTEL, GUESTHOUSE, GUEST RANCH, 22 TRAILER COACH, MOBILE HOME, AUTO CAMP, OR TRAILER COURT OR PARK 23 AND WHO ENTERS INTO OR HAS ENTERED INTO A WRITTEN AGREEMENT FOR 24 OCCUPANCY OF A ROOM OR ACCOMMODATIONS FOR A PERIOD OF AT LEAST 25 THIRTY CONSECUTIVE DAYS DURING THE CALENDAR YEAR OR PRECEDING 26 CALENDAR YEAR SHALL BE EXEMPT FROM THE SALES OR USE TAX OF SUCH 27 LOCAL GOVERNMENT OR POLITICAL SUBDIVISION, UNLESS THE LOCAL

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GOVERNMENT OR POLITICAL SUBDIVISION EXPRESSLY SUBJECTS SUCH SALE
TO ITS SALES OR USE TAX FOR THE APPLICABLE PERIOD AT THE TIME OF
ADOPTION OF ITS INITIAL SALES OR USE TAX ORDINANCE OR RESOLUTION
OR SUBSEQUENT AMENDMENT THERETO.

5 **SECTION 3.** Act subject to petition - effective date -6 **applicability.** (1) This act takes effect at 12:01 a.m. on the day following 7 the expiration of the ninety-day period after final adjournment of the 8 general assembly (August 5, 2020, if adjournment sine die is on May 6, 9 2020); except that, if a referendum petition is filed pursuant to section 1 10 (3) of article V of the state constitution against this act or an item, section, 11 or part of this act within such period, then the act, item, section, or part 12 will not take effect unless approved by the people at the general election 13 to be held in November 2020 and, in such case, will take effect on the 14 date of the official declaration of the vote thereon by the governor.

15 (2) This act applies to sales taxes levied on or after January 1,16 2021.