# First Regular Session Seventy-fourth General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

### **INTRODUCED**

LLS NO. 23-0916.01 Yelana Love x2295

**SENATE BILL 23-248** 

#### SENATE SPONSORSHIP

Rodriguez,

#### **HOUSE SPONSORSHIP**

(None),

## **Senate Committees**

**House Committees** 

Business, Labor, & Technology

#### A BILL FOR AN ACT

101 CONCERNING CONSUMER PROTECTION IN CERTAIN CREDIT 102 TRANSACTIONS.

#### **Bill Summary**

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at <a href="http://leg.colorado.gov">http://leg.colorado.gov</a>.)

The bill amends the "Uniform Consumer Credit" (code) by:

- Updating the renewal dates for entities required to be licensed under the code from January 31 of each year to July 1 of each year;
- Creating the consumer credit unit cash fund, into which all

- fees collected under the code on and after July 1, 2024, must be deposited; and
- Repealing the uniform consumer credit code cash fund and the collection agency cash fund and transferring the balances remaining in the funds to the consumer credit unit cash fund.

The bill amends language in the "Colorado Fair Debt Collection Practices Act" relating to the duty of the code administrator to maintain confidentiality to align with the code and the "Colorado Student Loan Equity Act".

The bill amends the "Colorado Student Loan Equity Act" by:

- Requiring licensed entities to include an annual report upon application for license renewal;
- Amending the term "private education loan" to "private education credit" and updating corresponding terms accordingly;
- Defining the term "refinanced" and excluding student loans subject to refinancing from registration requirements; and
- Including a cosignor within the definition of "borrower".

1 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:

2 **SECTION 1.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 5-2-301, **amend** (1)

3 introductory portion and (1)(b) as follows:

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**5-2-301. Authority to make supervised loans.** (1) Unless a person is a supervised financial organization or has first obtained a license from the administrator authorizing him or her THE PERSON to make supervised loans, he or she THE PERSON shall not engage in the business of:

(b) Taking assignments of and undertaking direct collection of payments from or enforcement of rights against consumers arising from supervised loans, INCLUDING SERVICING SUPERVISED LOANS; except that a person who is licensed by the administrator as a collection agency pursuant to article 16 of this title 5 or is licensed by the Colorado supreme court to practice law, and who takes assignment of supervised loans only

-2-

SB23-248

1 after such loans are in default, is not required to obtain a supervised 2 lender license to engage in the activities described in this subsection 3 (1)(b). 4 **SECTION 2.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 5-2-302, amend (8); 5 and **add** (10) and (11) as follows: 6 5-2-302. License to make supervised loans - consumer credit 7 unit cash fund - rules - definition - repeal. (8) Each license shall be 8 renewed by payment of a nonrefundable license fee and the filing of a 9 renewal form. The fee and renewal form shall be ARE due each January 10 31. If a licensee fails to pay the prescribed fee on or before March 1, it 11 shall pay a penalty of five dollars per day per license from March 2 to the 12 date the payment is postmarked. However, JULY 1. If a licensee fails to 13 FILE THE RENEWAL FORM AND pay the appropriate renewal and penalty 14 fees by March 15 JULY 1, its license shall automatically expire EXPIRES. 15 (10) (a) LICENSES ISSUED BY THE ADMINISTRATOR IN 2023 EXPIRE 16 ON JULY 1, 2024. THE ADMINISTRATOR MAY ASSESS AN ADDITIONAL FEE 17 IN JANUARY 2024 TO COVER THE DIRECT AND INDIRECT COSTS OF 18 ADMINISTERING THIS SECTION UNTIL NOTIFICATION RENEWALS ARE DUE 19 JULY 1, 2024. 20 (b) This subsection (10) is repealed, effective July 1, 2026. 21 (11) (a) THERE IS HEREBY CREATED IN THE STATE TREASURY THE 22 CONSUMER CREDIT UNIT CASH FUND, REFERRED TO IN THIS SUBSECTION 23 (11) AS THE "FUND". THE FUND CONSISTS OF ALL FEES COLLECTED 24 PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 2 AND ARTICLES 6, 10, 16, 19, AND 21 OF THIS 25 TITLE 5 ON AND AFTER JULY 1, 2024. THE MONEY IN THE FUND IS 26 CONTINUOUSLY APPROPRIATED TO THE FUND BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY 27 TO BE EXPENDED BY THE ADMINISTRATOR TO PAY FOR THE DIRECT AND

-3-

SB23-248

2	ARTICLE 2 AND ARTICLES $6$ , $10$ , $16$ , $19$ , and $21$ of this title $5$ .
3	(b) THE ADMINISTRATOR MAY ESTABLISH A FEE SCHEDULE FOR THE
4	PAYMENT AND COLLECTION OF FEES DESCRIBED IN THIS ARTICLE 2 AND
5	ARTICLES 6, 10, 16, 19, AND 21 OF THIS TITLE 5.
6	(c) ALL INTEREST DERIVED FROM THE DEPOSIT AND INVESTMENT
7	OF MONEY IN THE FUND IS CREDITED TO THE FUND. AT THE END OF EACH
8	FISCAL YEAR, ALL UNEXPENDED AND UNENCUMBERED MONEY IN THE FUND
9	REMAINS IN THE FUND AND SHALL NOT BE CREDITED OR TRANSFERRED TO
10	THE GENERAL FUND OR ANY OTHER FUND.
11	(d) IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 24-75-402 (3)(c), THE
12	ALTERNATIVE MAXIMUM RESERVE FOR THE FUND IS ONE-THIRD OF THE
13	AMOUNT EXPENDED FROM THE FUND DURING EACH FISCAL YEAR.
14	(e) On and after July 1, 2024, the administrator shall
15	TRANSFER ALL FEES COLLECTED UNDER THIS ARTICLE 2 AND UNDER
16	ARTICLES 10, 16, 19, AND 21 OF THIS TITLE 5 TO THE STATE TREASURER,
17	WHO SHALL CREDIT THE FEES TO THE FUND.
18	SECTION 3. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 5-6-201, amend (3)
19	as follows:
20	<b>5-6-201.</b> Applicability. (3) Sections 5-6-203 (5) and 5-6-204
21	SECTION 5-6-204 of this part 2 apply APPLIES to all fees collected under
22	this code.
23	SECTION 4. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 5-6-202, amend (1)
24	introductory portion and (2) as follows:
25	<b>5-6-202. Notification.</b> (1) Persons subject to this part 2 shall file
26	notification with, and pay the fee prescribed in section 5-6-203 to, the
27	administrator within thirty days after commencing business in this state

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-4- SB23-248

1 and, thereafter, on or before January 31 JULY 1 of each year. The 2 notification shall MUST state: 3 (2) If information in a notification becomes inaccurate after filing, 4 no further notification is required until the following January 31 5 NOTIFICATION. 6 **SECTION 5.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 5-6-203, amend (1), 7 (3), and (4); and **repeal** (5) as follows: 8 **5-6-203.** Fees - repeal. (1) (a) A person required to file 9 notification shall, with the first notification and on or before January 31 10 of July 1, 2024, AND ON OR BEFORE July 1 each year thereafter, pay to 11 the administrator a nonrefundable annual notification fee. The 12 administrator is entitled to MAY examine the loans, business, and records 13 of such A person without issuance of a subpoena. 14 NOTIFICATIONS ISSUED BY THE ADMINISTRATOR IN (b) (I) 15 CALENDAR YEAR 2023 EXPIRE ON JULY 1, 2024. THE ADMINISTRATOR MAY 16 ASSESS AN ADDITIONAL NOTIFICATION FEE IN JANUARY 2024 TO COVER 17 THE DIRECT AND INDIRECT COSTS OF ADMINISTERING THIS SECTION UNTIL 18 NOTIFICATION RENEWALS ARE DUE JULY 1, 2024. 19 (II) THIS SUBSECTION (1)(b) IS REPEALED, EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026. 20 (3) (a) Persons required to file notification who are assignees of 21 consumer credit sales or consumer leases shall pay an additional 22 nonrefundable annual volume fee on or before <del>January 31 of each year for</del> 23 each July 1, 2024, and on or before July 1 Each year thereafter, FOR one hundred thousand dollars, or part thereof, of the unpaid balances 24 25 at the time of the assignment of obligations arising from consumer credit 26 sales or consumer leases made in this state and taken by assignment

during the preceding calendar year. PERSONS REQUIRED TO FILE

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-5- SB23-248

NOTIFICATION SHALL REPORT ANY SUCH VOLUME TO THE ADMINISTRATOR ON OR BEFORE MARCH 1 IN THE FORM AND MANNER DETERMINED BY THE ADMINISTRATOR. THE ADMINISTRATOR MAY CHARGE A LATE FEE FOR FAILURE TO REPORT SUCH A VOLUME.

- (b) (I) A PERSON THAT PAYS A VOLUME FEE IN CALENDAR YEAR 2023 IS NOT REQUIRED TO PAY A RENEWAL OF THE VOLUME FEE UNTIL JULY 1, 2024. THE ADMINISTRATOR MAY ASSESS AN ADDITIONAL VOLUME FEE IN JANUARY 2024 TO COVER THE DIRECT AND INDIRECT COSTS OF ADMINISTERING THIS SECTION UNTIL VOLUME FEE RENEWALS ARE DUE ON JULY 1, 2024.
  - (II) This subsection (3)(b) is repealed, effective July 1, 2026.
- (4) THE ADMINISTRATOR SHALL IMPOSE a penalty of five dollars per day shall be imposed on any person failing THAT FAILS to comply with this section. except that, if the fees required by this section are paid on or before March 1 of each year, no penalty shall be imposed. If a person required to file notification and pay a notification fee fails to do so, the consumer shall have HAS no obligation to pay the finance charge due under the consumer credit transaction, and any finance charges paid shall be refunded to the consumer. In addition, if the administrator examines the loans, business, or records of such person, the person shall pay the reasonable and necessary examination expenses of the administrator.
- (5) (a) The administrator shall determine the amount of the notification, volume, and license fees required in this section and in section 5-2-302 and may periodically reduce or increase the amount of one or more of the fees if necessary pursuant to section 24-75-402 (3) and (4), C.R.S., to reduce the uncommitted reserves of the uniform consumer credit code cash fund created in section 5-6-204 to which all or any

-6- SB23-248

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portion or	one or more	or the rees	is credited.

(b) In accordance with section 24-75-402 (3)(c), C.R.S., for fiscal years prior to July 1, 2018, the uniform consumer credit code cash fund is subject to an alternative maximum reserve of one-third of the amount expended during the previous fiscal year. For fiscal years that begin on or after July 1, 2018, the fund is subject to the maximum reserve established in section 24-75-402, C.R.S.

**SECTION 6.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 5-6-204, **amend** (1); and **add** (1.5) as follows:

5-6-204. Cash fund created - repeal. (1) (a) All fees collected under this code and under article 10 of this title 5 PRIOR TO JULY 1, 2024, shall be credited to the uniform consumer credit code cash fund, which is created and referred to in this section as the "fund", and all money credited to the fund shall be used for the administration and enforcement of this code, article 10 of this title 5, and article 19 of this title 5. Interest earned on the fund shall be credited to the fund. The general assembly shall make annual appropriations out of the fund for the administration and enforcement of this code, article 10 of this title 5, and article 19 of this title 5; except that expenditures by the administrator for consumer and creditor education resulting from the penalties provided in sections 5-2-303 (7)(f), 5-6-109 (1), 5-6-110, and 5-6-114 (2) shall not require appropriation by the general assembly if the expenditures do not exceed twenty-five thousand dollars per fiscal year and do not include the hiring of any full-time equivalents.

(b) ON SEPTEMBER 30, 2024, THE STATE TREASURER SHALL TRANSFER THE UNEXPENDED AND UNENCUMBERED BALANCE OF THE UNIFORM CONSUMER CREDIT CODE CASH FUND TO THE CONSUMER CREDIT

-7- SB23-248

1	UNIT CASH FUND CREATED IN SECTION 5-2-302 (11).
2	(c) This subsection (1) is repealed, effective July 1, 2026.
3	(1.5) On and after July 1, 2024, the state treasurer shall
4	CREDIT ALL FEES COLLECTED UNDER THIS ARTICLE 6 TO THE CONSUMER
5	CREDIT UNIT CASH FUND CREATED IN SECTION 5-2-302 (11).
6	SECTION 7. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 5-10-804, amend
7	(1)(b) as follows:
8	5-10-804. Notification by lessors - contents - repeal. (1) A
9	lessor shall file a notification as prescribed in subsection (2) of this
10	section with the administrator:
11	(b) (I) Before February 1 JULY 1 in each subsequent year that the
12	lessor solicits or enters into a rental purchase agreement subject to this
13	article ARTICLE 10.
14	(II) (A) NOTIFICATIONS ISSUED BY THE ADMINISTRATOR IN
15	CALENDAR YEAR 2023 EXPIRE ON JULY 1, 2024.
16	(B) This subsection $(1)(b)(II)$ is repealed, effective July 1,
17	2026.
18	<b>SECTION 8.</b> In Colorado Revised Statutes, 5-10-805, amend (1);
19	repeal (3); and add (4) as follows:
20	5-10-805. Fees. (1) A lessor required to file a notification with
21	the administrator under section 5-10-804 shall pay to the administrator the
22	following fees:
23	(a) Fifty dollars A FEE IN AN AMOUNT TO BE ESTABLISHED BY THE
24	ADMINISTRATOR for each address listed in section 5-10-804 (2)(c), paid
25	at the time of the filing of the initial notification with the administrator;
26	(b) Twenty-five dollars A FEE IN AN AMOUNT TO BE ESTABLISHED
27	BY THE ADMINISTRATOR for each address listed in section 5-10-804 (2)(c),

-8- SB23-248

paid at the time of the filing of each annual notification subsequently filed 2 with the administrator. 3 (3) Notwithstanding the amount specified for any fee in this 4 section, the administrator by rule or as otherwise provided by law may 5 reduce the amount of one or more of the fees if necessary pursuant to 6 section 24-75-402 (3), C.R.S., to reduce the uncommitted reserves of the 7 fund to which all or any portion of one or more of the fees is credited. 8 After the uncommitted reserves of the fund are sufficiently reduced, the 9 administrator by rule or as otherwise provided by law may increase the 10 amount of one or more of the fees as provided in section 24-75-402 (4), 11 C.R.S. 12 (4) On and after July 1, 2024, the state treasurer shall 13 CREDIT ALL FEES COLLECTED UNDER THIS ARTICLE 10 TO THE CONSUMER 14 CREDIT UNIT CASH FUND CREATED IN SECTION 5-2-302 (11). 15 **SECTION 9.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 5-16-134 amend (1); 16 and **add** (1.5) as follows: 17 5-16-134. Disposition of fees and fines - repeal. (1) (a) All 18 revenue, except fines, collected pursuant to this article 16 BEFORE JULY 19 1,2024, shall be collected by the administrator and transmitted to the state 20 treasurer, who shall credit the same MONEY to the collection agency cash 21 fund, which fund is hereby created and referred to in this section as the 22 "fund". The general assembly shall make annual appropriations from the 23 fund for the uses and purposes of this article 16. All revenue credited to 24 the fund, including earned interest, shall be used for the administration 25 and enforcement of this article 16. 26 (b) Notwithstanding any provision of subsection (1)(a) of this 27 section to the contrary, on March 27, 2002, the state treasurer shall deduct

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-9-SB23-248

1	Tour numered staty-two thousand donars from the rund and transfer such
2	sum to the general fund.
3	(c) Notwithstanding any provision of subsection (1)(a) of this
4	section to the contrary, on March 5, 2003, the state treasurer shall deduct
5	one hundred twenty thousand dollars from the fund and transfer such sum
6	to the general fund.
7	(b) On September 30, 2024, or as soon as practicable after
8	THAT DATE, THE STATE TREASURER SHALL TRANSFER THE UNEXPENDED
9	AND UNENCUMBERED BALANCE OF THE COLLECTION AGENCY CASH FUND
10	TO THE CONSUMER CREDIT UNIT CASH FUND CREATED IN SECTION 5-2-302
11	(11).
12	(c) This subsection (1) is repealed, effective July 1, 2026.
13	(1.5) On and after July 1, 2024, the state treasurer shall
14	CREDIT ALL FEES COLLECTED UNDER THIS ARTICLE 16 TO THE CONSUMER
15	CREDIT UNIT CASH FUND CREATED IN SECTION 5-2-302 (11).
16	SECTION 10. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 5-16-127, add (13)
17	as follows:
18	5-16-127. Complaint - investigations - powers of administrator
19	- sanctions. (13) The administrator shall not make public the
20	NAME OR IDENTITY OF A PERSON WHOSE ACTS OR CONDUCT THE
21	ADMINISTRATOR INVESTIGATES PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION OR THE FACTS
22	DISCLOSED IN THE INVESTIGATION. THIS SUBSECTION (13) DOES NOT APPLY
23	TO DISCLOSURES BY THE ADMINISTRATOR IN ACTIONS OR ADMINISTRATIVE
24	ENFORCEMENT PROCEEDINGS PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 16.
25	SECTION 11. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 5-19-205, amend
26	(b)(1) as follows:
27	5-19-205. Application for registration - form, fee, and

-10- SB23-248

1	accompanying documents - repeal. (b) An application for registration
2	as a provider shall be accompanied by:
3	(1) The fee established by the administrator. The administrator
4	shall transmit the fee to the state treasurer, who shall:
5	(A) (i) FOR FEES COLLECTED PRIOR TO JULY 1, 2024, deposit it THE
6	MONEY in the uniform consumer credit code cash fund created in section
7	5-6-204 (1).
8	(ii) This subsection (b)(1)(A) is repealed, effective July 1,
9	2026.
10	(B) For fees collected on and after July 1, 2024, deposit
11	THE MONEY IN THE CONSUMER CREDIT UNIT CASH FUND CREATED IN
12	SECTION 5-2-302 (11).
13	SECTION 12. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 5-21-106, amend
14	(2) as follows:
15	<b>5-21-106.</b> Fees - repeal. (2) The administrator shall transmit the
16	fees REQUIRED BY SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION to the state treasurer,
17	who shall credit them THE FEES COLLECTED:
18	(a) (I) BEFORE JULY 1, 2024, to the uniform consumer credit code
19	cash fund created in section 5-6-204 (1).
20	(II) This subsection (2)(a) is repealed, effective July 1, 2026.
21	(b) On and after July $1,2024$ , to the consumer credit unit
22	CASH FUND CREATED IN SECTION 5-2-302 (11).
23	SECTION 13. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 5-20-102, amend
24	(2) as follows:
25	<b>5-20-102.</b> Scope of article - residence of debtor. (2) Part 2 of
26	this article 20 applies to private education lenders, creditors and
2.7	collection agencies in connection with those student education loans that

-11- SB23-248

1 are not made, insured, or guaranteed under federal law and that are used 2 for postsecondary education. 3 **SECTION 14.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 5-20-106, amend 4 (1)(a) and (10); and **add** (5)(d) as follows: 5 5-20-106. Licensure of student loan servicers. (1) Automatic 6 issuance of license for federal student loan servicing contractors. 7 (a) A person seeking to act within this state as a student loan servicer is 8 exempt from the application procedures described in subsection (2) of this 9 section upon a determination by the administrator that the person is a 10 party to a contract awarded by the United States secretary of education 11 under 20 U.S.C. sec. 1087f 1078, 1087f, OR 1087hh, as amended. The 12 administrator shall prescribe the procedure to document eligibility for the 13 exemption. 14 (5) License renewal - annual report. (d) ALONG WITH THE 15 APPLICATION FOR RENEWAL, EVERY LICENSEE SHALL FILE WITH THE 16 ADMINISTRATOR, IN THE FORM AND MANNER DETERMINED BY THE 17 ADMINISTRATOR, AN ANNUAL REPORT CONCERNING LOANS SERVICED BY 18 THE LICENSEE. INFORMATION INCLUDED IN AN ANNUAL REPORT FILED 19 PURSUANT TO THIS SUBSECTION (5)(d) IS CONFIDENTIAL AND MAY BE 20 PUBLISHED ONLY IN AGGREGATE FORM, WITH NO PERSONAL IDENTIFYING 21 INFORMATION INCLUDED. 22 (10) **Records retention - records request.** A student loan 23 servicer shall maintain adequate records of each student education loan 24 transaction AND ALL COMMUNICATIONS IN CONNECTION WITH STUDENT 25 EDUCATION LOAN SERVICING for not less than two years after the final 26 payment on the student education loan or the assignment of the student 27 education loan, whichever occurs first, or except as otherwise required by

-12- SB23-248

1	federal law, a federal student education loan agreement, or a contract
2	between the federal government and a licensee. Upon request by the
3	administrator, a student loan servicer shall make the records available or
4	shall send the records to the administrator by registered or certified mail,
5	return receipt requested, or by any express delivery carrier that provides
6	a dated delivery receipt, not later than five business days after requested
7	by the administrator. Upon a licensee's request, the administrator may
8	grant the licensee additional time to make the records available or to send
9	the records to the administrator.
10	SECTION 15. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 5-20-202, amend
11	(1), (2)(a), (7), and (8); <b>repeal</b> (3) and (6); and <b>add</b> (7.5) and (8.5) as
12	follows:
13	<b>5-20-202. Definitions.</b> As used in this part 2, unless the context
14	otherwise requires:
15	(1) "Collection agency" means a collection agency, as defined in
16	section 5-16-103 (3), that collects or attempts to collect, directly or
17	indirectly, a consumer debt resulting from a private education loan
18	CREDIT. The term includes a debt buyer, as defined in section 5-16-103
19	(8.5).
20	(2) (a) "Cosigner" means any individual who is liable for the
21	obligation of another without compensation, regardless of how the
22	individual is designated in the contract or instrument with respect to that
23	obligation, including an obligation under a private education loan CREDIT

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(3) "Creditor" means the seller, lessor, lender, or person who

grant credit or to forbear on collection.

extended to consolidate a borrower's preexisting student loans. The term

includes any individual whose signature is requested as a condition to

-13-SB23-248

1	makes of affairges a private education roam and to whom the roam is
2	initially payable, or the assignee of a creditor's right to payment, but use
3	of the term does not in itself impose on an assignee any obligation of the
4	assignor. "Creditor" does not include a collection agency as defined in
5	section 5-16-103 (3).
6	(6) (a) "Private education lender" or "lender" means:
7	(I) Any person engaged in the business of making or extending
8	private education loans;
9	(II) A holder of a private education loan; or
10	(HI) A creditor.
11	(b) "Private education lender" or "lender" does not include:
12	(I) A bank, as defined in 12 U.S.C. sec. 1841 (c);
13	(II) A credit union; or
14	(III) An industrial bank organized under Title 7, Chapter 8,
15	Financial Institutions Act, Utah Code Annotated, as amended.
16	(7) (a) "Private education <del>loan</del> CREDIT" means a student education
17	loan CREDIT that, UNLESS OTHERWISE EXEMPT:
18	(I) Is not made, insured, or guaranteed under Title IV of the
19	FEDERAL "Higher Education Act of 1965", 20 U.S.C. sec. 1070 et seq., as
20	amended; and
21	(II) Is extended to a consumer expressly, in whole or in part, for
22	postsecondary educational expenses, regardless of whether the loan
23	CREDIT is provided by the postsecondary educational institution that the
24	student attends, INCLUDING A PAYMENT PLAN OR FINANCING.
25	(b) "Private education loan CREDIT" does not include:
26	(I) A loan that is secured by real property, regardless of the
27	purpose of the loan; or

-14- SB23-248

1	(II) An extension of credit in which the covered postsecondary
2	educational institution is the lender CREDITOR if:
3	(A) The term of the extension of credit is ninety days or less; or
4	(B) An interest rate is not applied to the credit balance and the
5	term of the extension of credit is one year or less, even if the credit is
6	payable in more than four installments.
7	(7.5)(a) "PRIVATE EDUCATION CREDITOR" OR "CREDITOR" MEANS:
8	(I) ANY PERSON ENGAGED IN THE BUSINESS OF MAKING OR
9	EXTENDING PRIVATE EDUCATION CREDIT;
10	(II) A HOLDER OF A PRIVATE EDUCATION CREDIT; OR
11	(III) A SELLER, LESSOR, LENDER, OR PERSON THAT MAKES OR
12	ARRANGES A PRIVATE EDUCATION CREDIT AND TO WHOM THE PRIVATE
13	EDUCATION CREDIT IS INITIALLY PAYABLE OR THE ASSIGNEE OF A
14	CREDITOR'S RIGHT TO PAYMENT.
15	(b) "PRIVATE EDUCATION CREDITOR" OR "CREDITOR" DOES NOT
16	INCLUDE:
17	(I) A BANK, AS DEFINED IN 12 U.S.C. SEC. 1841 (c);
18	(II) A CREDIT UNION;
19	(III) AN INDUSTRIAL BANK ORGANIZED UNDER TITLE 7, CHAPTER
20	8, "Financial Institutions Act", Utah Code Annotated, as
21	AMENDED; OR
22	(IV) A COLLECTION AGENCY, AS DEFINED IN SECTION 5-16-103 (3).
23	(8) "Private education loan CREDIT borrower" means any resident
24	of Colorado, including a student loan borrower, who has received or
25	agreed to pay a private education loan CREDIT for the resident's own
26	postsecondary education expenses OR ANY RESIDENT OF COLORADO WHO
27	COSIGNS FOR A DRIVATE EDUCATION OPEDIT

-15- SB23-248

1	(8.5) "REFINANCED" MEANS AN EXISTING PRIVATE EDUCATION
2	CREDIT IS SATISFIED AND REPLACED BY A NEW PRIVATE EDUCATION
3	CREDIT UNDERTAKEN BY THE SAME CONSUMER.
4	SECTION 16. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 5-20-203, amend
5	(2) introductory portion, (2)(b)(I), (2)(b)(III), and (2)(b)(IV) as follows:
6	5-20-203. Registration of private education creditors -
7	<b>penalties - rules.</b> (2) A private education <del>lender</del> CREDITOR shall:
8	(b) Provide the administrator, at the time of registration and not
9	less than once per year thereafter, as established by the administrator by
10	rule, and at other times upon the administrator's request, with the
11	following documents and information:
12	(I) A list of all schools at which the private education lender
13	CREDITOR has provided A private education loans CREDIT to a private
14	education loan CREDIT borrower; EXCEPT THAT THIS REQUIREMENT DOES
15	NOT APPLY TO A PRIVATE EDUCATION CREDIT THAT IS REFINANCED;
16	(III) The volume of private education loans CREDITS made
17	annually at each school identified under subsection (2)(b)(I) of this
18	section; EXCEPT THAT THIS REQUIREMENT DOES NOT APPLY TO A PRIVATE
19	EDUCATION CREDIT THAT IS REFINANCED;
20	(IV) The default rate for private education loan CREDIT borrowers
21	obtaining private education loans CREDITS from the private education
22	lender CREDITOR, including the default rate for private education loans
23	CREDITS made to private education loan CREDIT borrowers at each school
24	listed pursuant to subsection (2)(b)(I) of this section; EXCEPT THAT THIS
25	REQUIREMENT DOES NOT APPLY TO A PRIVATE EDUCATION CREDIT THAT IS
26	REFINANCED;
27	SECTION 17 In Colorado Revised Statutes amend 5-20-204 as

-16- SB23-248

follows:

**5-20-204. Cosigner disclosures.** (1) Before extending a private education <del>loan</del> CREDIT that requires a cosigner, a private education <del>lender</del> CREDITOR shall disclose to the cosigner:

- (a) How the private education <del>loan</del> CREDIT obligation will appear on the cosigner's credit;
- (b) How the cosigner will be notified if the private education loan CREDIT becomes delinquent, including how the cosigner can cure the delinquency in order to avoid negative credit furnishing and loss of cosigner release eligibility; and
- (c) Eligibility for release of the cosigner's obligation on the private education <del>loan</del> CREDIT, including the number of on-time payments and any other criteria required to approve the release of the cosigner from the <del>loan</del> CREDIT obligation.
- (2) For any private education <del>loan</del> CREDIT that obligates a cosigner, a <del>lender</del> CREDITOR shall provide the private education <del>loan</del> CREDIT borrower and the cosigner an annual written notice containing information about cosigner release, including the administrative, objective criteria the <del>lender</del> CREDITOR requires to approve the release of the cosigner from the <del>loan</del> CREDIT obligation and the process for applying for cosigner release. If the private education <del>loan</del> CREDIT borrower has met the applicable payment requirement to be eligible for cosigner release, the <del>lender</del> CREDITOR shall send the private education <del>loan</del> CREDIT borrower and the cosigner a written notification by mail, and by electronic mail if a private education <del>loan</del> CREDIT borrower or cosigner has elected to receive electronic communications from the <del>lender</del> CREDITOR, informing the private education <del>loan</del> CREDIT borrower and cosigner that

-17- SB23-248

- 1 the payments requirement to be eligible for cosigner release has been met.
- 2 The notification must also include information about any additional
- 3 criteria to qualify for cosigner release and the procedure to apply for
- 4 cosigner release.

- (3) A lender CREDITOR shall provide written notice to a private education loan CREDIT borrower who applies for cosigner release but whose application is incomplete. The written notice must include a description of the information needed to consider the application complete and the date by which the applicant must furnish the missing information in order to complete the application.
- (4) Within thirty days after a private education loan CREDIT borrower submits a completed application for cosigner release, the lender CREDITOR shall send the private education loan CREDIT borrower and cosigner a written notice that informs the private education loan CREDIT borrower and cosigner whether the lender CREDITOR has approved or denied the cosigner release application. If the lender CREDITOR denies a request for cosigner release, the private education loan CREDIT borrower may request copies of any documents or information used in the determination, including the credit score threshold used by the lender CREDITOR, the private education loan CREDIT borrower's consumer report, the private education loan CREDIT borrower's credit score, and any other documents or information specific to the private education loan CREDIT borrower. The lender CREDITOR shall also provide any adverse action notices required under applicable federal law if the denial is based in whole or in part on any information contained in a consumer report.
- (5) In response to a written or oral request by the private education loan CREDIT borrower for cosigner release, a lender CREDITOR shall

-18- SB23-248

provide to the private education loan CREDIT borrower the information described in subsection (2) of this section.

**SECTION 18.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, **amend** 5-20-205 as follows:

- **5-20-205. Cosigner release.** (1) A lender CREDITOR shall not impose any restriction that permanently bars a private education loan CREDIT borrower from qualifying for cosigner release, including restricting the number of times a private education loan CREDIT borrower may apply for cosigner release.
- (2) A lender CREDITOR shall not impose any negative consequences on a private education loan CREDIT borrower or cosigner during the sixty days following the issuance of the notice required pursuant to section 5-20-204 (3) or until the lender CREDITOR makes a final determination about a private education loan CREDIT borrower's cosigner release application, whichever occurs later. As used in this subsection (2), "negative consequences" includes the imposition of additional eligibility criteria, negative credit reporting, lost eligibility for cosigner release, late fees, interest capitalization, or other financial injury.
- (3) For any private education loan CREDIT issued on or after June 29, 2021, a lender CREDITOR shall not require proof of more than twelve consecutive, on-time payments as part of the criteria for cosigner release. A private education loan CREDIT borrower who has paid the equivalent of twelve months of principal and interest payments within any twelve-month period is deemed to have satisfied the consecutive, on-time payment requirement even if the private education loan CREDIT borrower has not made payments monthly during the twelve-month period. If a private education loan CREDIT borrower or cosigner requests a change in

-19- SB23-248

terms that restarts the count of consecutive, on-time payments required for cosigner release, the lender CREDITOR shall notify the private education loan CREDIT borrower and cosigner in writing of the impact of the change and provide the private education loan CREDIT borrower or cosigner the right to withdraw or reverse the request to avoid that impact.

- (4) A private education <del>loan</del> CREDIT borrower may request an appeal of a <del>lender's</del> CREDITOR'S determination to deny a request for cosigner release, and the <del>lender</del> CREDITOR shall permit the private education <del>loan</del> CREDIT borrower to submit additional documentation evidencing the private education <del>loan</del> CREDIT borrower's ability, willingness, and stability to meet the payment obligations. The private education <del>loan</del> CREDIT borrower may request that another employee of the <del>lender</del> CREDITOR review the cosigner release determination.
- (5) A lender CREDITOR shall establish and maintain a comprehensive record management system reasonably designed to ensure the accuracy, integrity, and completeness of information about cosigner release applications and to ensure compliance with applicable state and federal laws, including the FEDERAL "Equal Credit Opportunity Act", 15 U.S.C. sec. 1691 et seq., as amended, and the FEDERAL "Fair Credit Reporting Act", 15 U.S.C. sec. 1681 et seq., as amended. This system must include the number of cosigner release applications received, the approval and denial rate, and the primary reasons for any denial.
- **SECTION 19.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, **amend** 5-20-206 as follows:
  - **5-20-206. Cosigner rights.** (1) A <del>lender</del> CREDITOR shall provide a cosigner with access to all documents or records related to the cosigned private education <del>loan</del> CREDIT that are available to the private education

-20- SB23-248

<del>loan</del>	<b>CREDIT</b>	borrower.
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- (2) (a) If a lender CREDITOR provides electronic access to documents and records for a private education loan CREDIT borrower, it THE CREDITOR shall provide equivalent electronic access to the cosigner.
- (b) Upon the private education <del>loan</del> CREDIT borrower's request, the <del>lender</del> CREDITOR shall redact the private education <del>loan</del> CREDIT borrower's contact information from documents and records provided to a cosigner.
- (3) A lender CREDITOR shall not include in a private education loan CREDIT executed after June 29, 2021, a provision that permits the lender CREDITOR to accelerate payments, in whole or in part, except upon a payment default. A lender CREDITOR shall not place any loan CREDIT or account into default or accelerate a loan CREDIT for any reason other than payment default.
- (4) A private education loan CREDIT executed before June 29, 2021, may permit the lender CREDITOR to accelerate payments only if the promissory note or loan CREDIT agreement explicitly authorizes an acceleration and only for the reasons stated in the note or agreement.
- **SECTION 20.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, **amend** 5-20-207 as follows:
- **5-20-207. Bankruptcy or death of cosigner.** (1) If a cosigner dies, the lender CREDITOR shall not attempt to collect against the cosigner's estate other than for payment default.
- (2) With regard to the death or bankruptcy of a cosigner, if a private education loan CREDITOR is not more than sixty days delinquent at the time the lender CREDITOR is notified of the cosigner's death or bankruptcy, the lender CREDITOR shall not change any terms or benefits

-21- SB23-248

1	under the promissory note, repayment schedule, repayment terms, or
2	monthly payment amount or any other provision associated with the loan
3	CREDIT.
4	SECTION 21. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 5-20-208 as
5	follows:
6	5-20-208. Total and permanent disability of the private
7	education credit borrower or cosigner. (1) For any private education
8	loan CREDIT issued on or after June 29, 2021, a private education lender
9	CREDITOR, when notified of the total and permanent disability of a private
10	education loan CREDIT borrower or cosigner, shall release any cosigner
11	from the obligations of the cosigner under a private education loan
12	CREDIT. The lender CREDITOR shall not attempt to collect a payment from
13	a cosigner following a notification of total and permanent disability of the
14	private education loan CREDIT borrower or cosigner.
15	(2) A lender CREDITOR shall, when notified of the total and
16	permanent disability of a private education loan CREDIT borrower,
17	discharge the liability of the private education loan CREDIT borrower and
18	cosigner on the <del>loan</del> CREDIT.
19	(3) After receiving a notification described in subsection (2) of
20	this section, the lender CREDITOR shall not:
21	(a) Attempt to collect on the outstanding liability of the private
22	education <del>loan</del> CREDIT borrower or cosigner; or
23	(b) Monitor the disability status of the private education <del>loan</del>
24	CREDIT borrower at any point after the date of discharge.
25	(4) A lender CREDITOR shall, within thirty days after the release
26	of either a cosigner or private education <del>loan</del> CREDIT borrower from the
27	obligations of a private education <del>loan</del> CREDIT pursuant to subsection (1)

-22- SB23-248

or (2) of this section, notify both the private education <del>loan</del> CREDIT borrower and cosigner of the release.

- (5) A lender CREDITOR shall, within thirty days after receiving notice of the total and permanent disability of a private education loan CREDIT borrower pursuant to subsection (1) of this section, provide the private education loan CREDIT borrower an option to designate an individual to have the legal authority to act on behalf of the private education loan CREDIT borrower.
- (6) If a cosigner is released from the obligations of a private education <del>loan</del> CREDIT pursuant to subsection (1) of this section, the <del>lender</del> CREDITOR shall not require the private education <del>loan</del> CREDIT borrower to obtain another cosigner on the <del>loan</del> CREDIT obligation.
- (7) A lender CREDITOR shall not declare a default or accelerate the debt against the private education loan CREDIT borrower on the sole basis of the release of the cosigner from the loan CREDIT obligation due to total and permanent disability pursuant to subsection (1) of this section.
- **SECTION 22.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, **amend** 5-20-209 as follows:

**5-20-209. Refinancing - additional disclosures - limitations on default pending approval.** (1) Before offering a person a private education <del>loan</del> CREDIT that is being used to refinance an existing education <del>loan</del> CREDIT, a private education <del>lender</del> CREDITOR shall provide the person a disclosure explaining that benefits and protections applicable to the existing <del>loan</del> CREDIT may be lost due to the refinancing. The disclosure must be provided on a one-page information sheet in at least twelve-point type and must be written in simple, clear, understandable, and easily readable language.

-23- SB23-248

(2) If a private education lender CREDITOR offers any private education loan CREDIT borrower modified or flexible repayment options in connection with a private education loan CREDIT, the lender CREDITOR shall offer those modified or flexible repayment options to all of its THE CREDITOR'S private education loan CREDIT borrowers. In addition, the lender CREDITOR shall:

- (a) Provide on its website a description of any modified or flexible repayment options offered by the lender CREDITOR for private education loans CREDITS;
- (b) Establish policies and procedures and implement modified or flexible repayment options consistently in order to facilitate the evaluation of private education loan CREDIT modified or flexible repayment option requests, including providing accurate information regarding any such options that may be available to the private education loan CREDIT borrower through the promissory note or that may have been marketed to the private education loan CREDIT borrower through marketing materials; and
- (c) Consistently present and offer private education <del>loan</del> CREDIT modified or flexible repayment options to private education <del>loan</del> CREDIT borrowers with similar financial circumstances, if the <del>lender</del> CREDITOR offers such repayment options.
- (3) A private education lender CREDITOR shall not place a loan CREDIT or account into default or accelerate a loan CREDIT while a private education loan CREDIT borrower is seeking a loan CREDIT modification or enrollment in a modified or flexible repayment plan; except that a lender CREDITOR may place a loan CREDIT or account into default or accelerate a loan CREDIT for payment default ninety days after the private education

-24- SB23-248

1	<del>loan</del> CREDIT borrower's default.
2	SECTION 23. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 5-20-210, amend
3	(1) introductory portion, (1)(a), and (1)(c) as follows:
4	5-20-210. Prohibited conduct. (1) A private education lender
5	CREDITOR shall not:
6	(a) Offer any private education loan CREDIT that is DOES not in
7	conformity COMPLY with this part 2 or WITH rules or orders of the
8	administrator THAT ARE ISSUED under this part 2 or that violates any other
9	state or federal law;
10	(c) (I) Take an assignment of earnings of the PRIVATE EDUCATION
11	CREDIT borrower or cosigner for payment or as a security for payment of
12	a debt arising out of a private education loan CREDIT. An assignment of
13	earnings in violation of this section is unenforceable by the assignee of
14	the earnings and revocable by the borrower or cosigner.
15	(II) A sale of unpaid earnings made in consideration of the
16	payment of money to or for the account of the seller of the earnings is
17	deemed to be a loan CREDIT to the seller, secured by an assignment of
18	earnings.
19	SECTION 24. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 5-20-211, amend
20	(1) as follows:
21	5-20-211. Record retention - confidentiality. (1) A private
22	education lender CREDITOR shall establish and maintain records and
23	permit the administrator to access and copy any records or records
24	systems required to be maintained pursuant to this part 2 or rules of the
25	administrator adopted to implement this part 2. The lender CREDITOR shall
26	retain loan files, including any records specified for retention under rules
27	of the administrator, for not less than six years after the termination of the

-25- SB23-248

1	loan CREDIT account.
2	SECTION 25. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 5-20-212, amend
3	(1), (1.5)(a), (2), (3), (4)(a), (5), (6) introductory portion, (6)(b), and
4	(6)(d) as follows:
5	5-20-212. Collection on debt - prerequisites - documentation.
6	(1) Unless the private education <del>loan</del> CREDIT borrower has invoked <del>his</del>
7	or her THE BORROWER'S right to cease communication with the collection
8	agency, a collection agency attempting to collect a private education loan
9	CREDIT shall provide the following information, in addition to any other
10	information required under applicable federal or state law, to the private
11	education loan CREDIT borrower in the debt collection communication
12	immediately following the communication confirming the correct identity
13	of the private education loan CREDIT borrower and at any other time the
14	private education <del>loan</del> CREDIT borrower so requests:
15	(a) For private education <del>loans</del> CREDITS referred to collections on
16	or after June 29, 2021, the name of the owner of the private education
17	<del>loan</del> CREDIT debt;
18	(b) The name of the true original lender CREDITOR and every
19	subsequent loan CREDIT holder, if applicable;
20	(c) The true original lender's CREDITOR'S account number used to
21	identify the private education loan CREDIT debt at the time of default, if
22	the true original lender CREDITOR used an account number to identify the
23	private education loan debt CREDIT at the time of default. The collection
24	agency may rely on account numbers provided by the lender CREDITOR.
25	(d) The amount due when the private education <del>loan</del> CREDIT was
26	referred to collections;
27	(e) For private education loans CREDITS referred to collections on

-26- SB23-248

or after June 29, 2021, a log of all payments made on the student <del>loan</del> CREDIT account;

- (f) A copy of all pages of the contract, application, or other documents evidencing the private education <del>loan</del> CREDIT borrower's liability for the private education <del>loan</del> CREDIT, stating all terms and conditions applicable to the <del>loan</del> CREDIT; and
- (g) A clear and conspicuous statement disclosing that the private education loan CREDIT borrower has a right to request all nonprivileged information possessed by the lender CREDITOR or collection agency related to the defaulted private education loan CREDIT debt, including the required information described in subsection (2) of this section, and that failure to provide that information within thirty days after such a request precludes the collection agency from collecting or attempting to collect the debt CREDIT.
- (1.5) (a) From the information listed in subsection (1) of this section, the collection agency may redact the private education loan CREDIT borrower's social security number, all but the last four digits of the private education loan CREDIT borrower's account number, and any other personal identifying information. A collection agency that, in good faith, attempts to validate the identity of the borrower and sends the information required by this section in conjunction with the notice required by 15 U.S.C. sec. 1692g (a) is deemed to have verified the identity of the borrower for purposes of this section.
- (2) A collection agency shall not collect or attempt to collect a private education <del>loan</del> CREDIT debt unless the collection agency possesses, and furnishes the following information to the private education <del>loan</del> CREDIT borrower upon request within thirty days after the

-27- SB23-248

1 request; and, for loans CREDITS referred to collections before June 29, 2 2021, the collection agency shall have thirty days to acquire the 3 information from the private education lender CREDITOR: 4 (a) The name of the owner of the private education <del>loan</del> CREDIT; 5 (b) The name of the true original lender CREDITOR and every subsequent loan CREDIT holder, if applicable; 6 7 (c) The true original lender's CREDITOR'S account number used to 8 identify the private education loan CREDIT at the time of default, if the 9 true original lender CREDITOR used an account number to identify the loan 10 CREDIT at the time of default, and the account number assigned to the loan 11 CREDIT by each subsequent <del>loan</del> CREDIT holder, if known; 12 (d) The amount due when the private education <del>loan</del> CREDIT was 13 referred to collections: 14 (e) An itemization of interest and fees, if any, claimed to be owed 15 and whether those were imposed by the true original lender CREDITOR or 16 any subsequent owners of the private education loan CREDITOR. The 17 collection agency may rely on information provided by the lender 18 CREDITOR. 19 (f) The date that the private education <del>loan</del> CREDIT was incurred; 20 (g) A billing statement or other account record indicating the date 21 of the last payment made on the private education loan CREDIT, if 22 applicable; 23 (h) (I) A log of all collection attempts made by the collection 24 agency in the immediately preceding twelve months, including the date 25 and time of all calls and letters; and 26 (II) For private education <del>loans</del> CREDITS referred to collections on

or after June 29, 2021, copies of all settlement letters or, in the

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-28- SB23-248

alternative, a statement that the collection agency has not attempted to settle or otherwise renegotiate the debt CREDIT;

- (i) A copy of all pages of the contract, application, or other documents evidencing the private education <del>loan</del> CREDIT borrower's liability for the private education <del>loan</del> CREDIT, stating all terms and conditions applicable to the <del>loan</del> CREDIT; and
- (j) Documentation establishing that the collection agency is the owner, or acting on behalf of the owner, of the specific, individual private education loan CREDIT at issue. If the private education loan CREDIT borrower disputes the ownership or assignment of the loan CREDIT, the collection agency shall bear HAS the burden of establishing the unbroken chain of ownership, beginning with the true original lender CREDITOR to the first subsequent loan CREDIT holder and each additional loan CREDIT holder.
- (3) Upon a private education <del>loan</del> CREDIT borrower's default in payment on a private education <del>loan</del> CREDIT, and before a <del>lender</del> CREDITOR may accelerate the maturity of the <del>loan</del> CREDIT or commence a legal action against the private education <del>loan</del> CREDIT borrower, the <del>lender</del> CREDITOR shall provide to the private education <del>loan</del> CREDIT borrower a notice of intention to accelerate the <del>loan</del> CREDIT. The <del>lender</del> CREDITOR shall provide the notice at least thirty days, but not more than one hundred days, in advance of the action.
- (4) (a) A lender CREDITOR or debt buyer that intends to collect or attempt to collect a private education loan debt CREDIT shall provide written notice of that intention to the private education loan CREDIT borrower by registered or certified mail, return receipt requested, at the private education loan CREDIT borrower's last-known address.

-29- SB23-248

1	(5) An action to enter a judgment against a private education <del>loan</del>
2	CREDIT borrower must be commenced within six years of the date the
3	private education loan CREDIT borrower failed to make a payment.
4	(6) A lender CREDITOR or collection agency that, on or after June
5	29, 2021, commences a legal action against a private education <del>loan</del>
6	CREDIT borrower shall attach the following documentation and
7	information to the complaint filed in a court of competent jurisdiction:
8	(b) The date of the partial or missed payment that led to the
9	referral of the private education loan CREDIT to collections;
10	(d) A statement as to whether the lender CREDITOR or collection
11	agency is willing to renegotiate the terms of the debt CREDIT;
12	SECTION 26. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 5-20-213, amend
13	(1)(a), (2) introductory portion, (2)(a), (2)(b), (2)(d), and (2)(g) as
14	follows:
15	5-20-213. Actions - counterclaims. (1) (a) For litigation
16	proceedings commenced on or after June 29, 2021, a court shall not enter
17	a judgment on a private education loan CREDIT obligation if the collection
18	agency does not comply with the requirements of section 5-20-212.
19	(2) If a lender CREDITOR or collection agency fails to comply with
20	the requirements of this part 2, a private education loan CREDIT borrower
21	may bring an action, including a counterclaim, against the lender
22	CREDITOR or collection agency to recover or obtain:
23	(a) An order setting aside or vacating any default judgment
24	entered against the private education loan CREDIT borrower;
25	(b) A judgment in favor of the private education loan CREDIT
26	borrower;
27	(d) Restitution of all money taken from or paid by the private

-30- SB23-248

1	education <del>loan</del> CREDIT borrower after a judgment was obtained by a
2	creditor;
3	(g) Correction of the private education <del>loan</del> CREDIT borrower's
4	credit report;
5	SECTION 27. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 5-20-114, amend
6	(1) introductory portion, (2) introductory portion, (2)(b), (4), and (5) as
7	follows:
8	5-20-214. Remedies - civil actions - limitations - deceptive
9	trade practice. (1) In addition to any other remedies provided by this
10	part 2 or otherwise provided by law, whenever it is proven by a
11	preponderance of the evidence that a lender CREDITOR or collection
12	agency has filed with a court or provided to the private education loan
13	CREDIT borrower information required under this part 2 that is false, the
14	court shall award to the private education loan CREDIT borrower the
15	greater of:
16	(2) A private education <del>loan</del> CREDIT borrower or cosigner who
17	suffers damage as a result of a violation of this part 2 may bring an action
18	in a court of competent jurisdiction to recover:
19	(b) An order requiring the lender CREDITOR or collection agency
20	to take all actions necessary to correct the private education loan
21	borrower's credit report;
22	(4) A violation of this part 2 is a deceptive trade practice as
23	specified in section 6-1-105. A private education lender CREDITOR or
24	collection agency that fails to comply with any requirement imposed
25	under this part 2 with respect to a private education loan CREDIT borrower
26	or cosigner is liable in an amount equal to the sum of:
27	(a) Any actual damages sustained by the private education loan

-31- SB23-248

CREDIT borrower or cosigner as a result of the failure;

- (b) A monetary award equal to three times the total amount the private education lender CREDITOR or collection agency collected from the private education loan CREDIT borrower or cosigner in violation of this part 2;
  - (c) Punitive damages as the court may allow; and
- (d) In the case of any successful action by a private education loan CREDIT borrower to enforce the liability set out in this section, the costs of the action, together with reasonable attorney fees as determined by the court.
- (5) The remedies provided in this section are not the exclusive remedies available to a private education <del>loan</del> CREDIT borrower or cosigner.

SECTION 28. Act subject to petition - effective date. This act takes effect at 12:01 a.m. on the day following the expiration of the ninety-day period after final adjournment of the general assembly; except that, if a referendum petition is filed pursuant to section 1 (3) of article V of the state constitution against this act or an item, section, or part of this act within such period, then the act, item, section, or part will not take effect unless approved by the people at the general election to be held in November 2024 and, in such case, will take effect on the date of the official declaration of the vote thereon by the governor.

-32- SB23-248