First Regular Session Seventy-fourth General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

ENGROSSED

This Version Includes All Amendments Adopted on Second Reading in the House of Introduction

LLS NO. 23-0916.01 Yelana Love x2295

SENATE BILL 23-248

SENATE SPONSORSHIP

Rodriguez and Liston,

HOUSE SPONSORSHIP

Mabrey and Weinberg,

Senate Committees Business, Labor, & Technology Finance **House Committees**

A BILL FOR AN ACT

101 CONCERNING CONSUMER PROTECTION IN CERTAIN CREDIT

102 TRANSACTIONS.

Bill Summary

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at <u>http://leg.colorado.gov.</u>)

The bill amends the "Uniform Consumer Credit" (code) by:

- Updating the renewal dates for entities required to be licensed under the code from January 31 of each year to July 1 of each year;
- Creating the consumer credit unit cash fund, into which all

SENATE Amended 2nd Reading April 21, 2023 fees collected under the code on and after July 1, 2024, must be deposited; and

Repealing the uniform consumer credit code cash fund and the collection agency cash fund and transferring the balances remaining in the funds to the consumer credit unit cash fund.

The bill amends language in the "Colorado Fair Debt Collection Practices Act" relating to the duty of the code administrator to maintain confidentiality to align with the code and the "Colorado Student Loan Equity Act".

The bill amends the "Colorado Student Loan Equity Act" by:

- Requiring licensed entities to include an annual report upon application for license renewal;
- Amending the term "private education loan" to "private education credit" and updating corresponding terms accordingly;
- Defining the term "refinanced" and excluding student loans subject to refinancing from registration requirements; and
- Including a cosignor within the definition of "borrower".
- 1 *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:*

SECTION 1. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 5-2-301, amend (1)

3 introductory portion and (1)(b) as follows:

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5-2-301. Authority to make supervised loans. (1) Unless a 5 person is a supervised financial organization or has first obtained a 6 license from the administrator authorizing him or her THE PERSON to 7 make supervised loans, he or she THE PERSON shall not engage in the 8 business of:

9 (b) Taking assignments of and undertaking direct collection of 10 payments from or enforcement of rights against consumers arising from 11 supervised loans, INCLUDING SERVICING SUPERVISED LOANS; except that 12 a person who is licensed by the administrator as a collection agency 13 pursuant to article 16 of this title 5 or is licensed by the Colorado supreme 14 court to practice law, and who takes assignment of supervised loans only after such loans are in default, is not required to obtain a supervised
 lender license to engage in the activities described in this subsection
 (1)(b).

4 SECTION 2. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 5-2-302, amend (8);
5 and add (10) and (11) as follows:

6 5-2-302. License to make supervised loans - consumer credit 7 unit cash fund - rules - definition - repeal. (8) Each license shall be 8 renewed by payment of a nonrefundable license fee and the filing of a 9 renewal form. The fee and renewal form shall be ARE due each January 10 31. If a licensee fails to pay the prescribed fee on or before March 1, it 11 shall pay a penalty of five dollars per day per license from March 2 to the 12 date the payment is postmarked. However, JULY 1. If a licensee fails to 13 FILE THE RENEWAL FORM AND pay the appropriate renewal and penalty 14 fees by March 15 JULY 1, its license shall automatically expire EXPIRES. 15 (10) (a) LICENSES ISSUED BY THE ADMINISTRATOR IN 2023 EXPIRE 16 ON JULY 1, 2024. THE ADMINISTRATOR MAY ASSESS AN ADDITIONAL FEE 17 IN JANUARY 2024 TO COVER THE DIRECT AND INDIRECT COSTS OF 18 ADMINISTERING THIS SECTION UNTIL NOTIFICATION RENEWALS ARE DUE 19 JULY 1, 2024.

20 (b) This subsection (10) is repealed, effective July 1, 2026. 21 (11) (a) THERE IS HEREBY CREATED IN THE STATE TREASURY THE 22 CONSUMER CREDIT UNIT CASH FUND, REFERRED TO IN THIS SUBSECTION 23 (11) AS THE "FUND". THE FUND CONSISTS OF ALL FEES COLLECTED 24 PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 2 AND ARTICLES 6, 10, 16, 19, AND 21 OF THIS 25 TITLE 5 ON AND AFTER JULY 1, 2024. THE MONEY IN THE FUND IS 26 CONTINUOUSLY APPROPRIATED TO THE FUND BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY 27 TO BE EXPENDED BY THE ADMINISTRATOR TO PAY FOR THE DIRECT AND

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INDIRECT COSTS OF THE ADMINISTRATION AND ENFORCEMENT OF THIS
 ARTICLE 2 AND ARTICLES 6, 10, 16, 19, AND 21 OF THIS TITLE 5.

3 (b) THE ADMINISTRATOR MAY ESTABLISH A FEE SCHEDULE FOR THE
4 PAYMENT AND COLLECTION OF FEES DESCRIBED IN THIS ARTICLE 2 AND
5 ARTICLES 6, 10, 16, 19, AND 21 OF THIS TITLE 5.

6 (c) ALL INTEREST DERIVED FROM THE DEPOSIT AND INVESTMENT
7 OF MONEY IN THE FUND IS CREDITED TO THE FUND. AT THE END OF EACH
8 FISCAL YEAR, ALL UNEXPENDED AND UNENCUMBERED MONEY IN THE FUND
9 REMAINS IN THE FUND AND SHALL NOT BE CREDITED OR TRANSFERRED TO
10 THE GENERAL FUND OR ANY OTHER FUND.

11 (d) IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 24-75-402 (3)(c), THE
12 ALTERNATIVE MAXIMUM RESERVE FOR THE FUND IS ONE-THIRD OF THE
13 AMOUNT EXPENDED FROM THE FUND DURING EACH FISCAL YEAR.

(e) ON AND AFTER JULY 1, 2024, THE ADMINISTRATOR SHALL
TRANSFER ALL FEES COLLECTED UNDER THIS ARTICLE 2 AND UNDER
ARTICLES 10, 16, 19, AND 21 OF THIS TITLE 5 TO THE STATE TREASURER,
WHO SHALL CREDIT THE FEES TO THE FUND.

18 SECTION 3. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 5-6-201, amend (3)
19 as follows:

5-6-201. Applicability. (3) Sections 5-6-203 (5) and 5-6-204
SECTION 5-6-204 of this part 2 apply APPLIES to all fees collected under
this code.

SECTION 4. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 5-6-202, amend (1)
 introductory portion and (2) as follows:

5-6-202. Notification. (1) Persons subject to this part 2 shall file
notification with, and pay the fee prescribed in section 5-6-203 to, the
administrator within thirty days after commencing business in this state

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1 and, thereafter, on or before January 31 JULY 1 of each year. The 2 notification shall MUST state:

3 (2) If information in a notification becomes inaccurate after filing, 4 no further notification is required until the following January 31 5 NOTIFICATION.

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SECTION 5. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 5-6-203, amend (1), (3), and (4); and **repeal** (5) as follows: 7

8 5-6-203. Fees - repeal. (1) (a) A person required to file 9 notification shall, with the first notification and on or before January 31 10 of JULY 1, 2024, AND ON OR BEFORE JULY 1 each year thereafter, pay to 11 the administrator a nonrefundable annual notification fee. The 12 administrator is entitled to MAY examine the loans, business, and records 13 of such A person without issuance of a subpoena.

14 NOTIFICATIONS ISSUED BY THE ADMINISTRATOR IN (b) (I) 15 CALENDAR YEAR 2023 EXPIRE ON JULY 1, 2024. THE ADMINISTRATOR MAY 16 ASSESS AN ADDITIONAL NOTIFICATION FEE IN JANUARY 2024 TO COVER 17 THE DIRECT AND INDIRECT COSTS OF ADMINISTERING THIS SECTION UNTIL 18 NOTIFICATION RENEWALS ARE DUE JULY 1, 2024.

19 (II) THIS SUBSECTION (1)(b) IS REPEALED, EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026. 20 (3) (a) Persons required to file notification who are assignees of 21 consumer credit sales or consumer leases shall pay an additional 22 nonrefundable annual volume fee on or before January 31 of each year for 23 each JULY 1, 2024, AND ON OR BEFORE JULY 1 EACH YEAR THEREAFTER, FOR one hundred thousand dollars, or part thereof, of the unpaid balances 24 25 at the time of the assignment of obligations arising from consumer credit 26 sales or consumer leases made in this state and taken by assignment 27 during the preceding calendar year. PERSONS REQUIRED TO FILE

NOTIFICATION SHALL REPORT ANY SUCH VOLUME TO THE ADMINISTRATOR
 ON OR BEFORE MARCH 1 IN THE FORM AND MANNER DETERMINED BY THE
 ADMINISTRATOR. THE ADMINISTRATOR MAY CHARGE A LATE FEE FOR
 FAILURE TO REPORT SUCH A VOLUME.

5 (b) (I) A PERSON THAT PAYS A VOLUME FEE IN CALENDAR YEAR 6 2023 IS NOT REQUIRED TO PAY A RENEWAL OF THE VOLUME FEE UNTIL 7 JULY 1, 2024. THE ADMINISTRATOR MAY ASSESS AN ADDITIONAL VOLUME 8 FEE IN JANUARY 2024 TO COVER THE DIRECT AND INDIRECT COSTS OF 9 ADMINISTERING THIS SECTION UNTIL VOLUME FEE RENEWALS ARE DUE ON 10 JULY 1, 2024.

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(II) THIS SUBSECTION (3)(b) IS REPEALED, EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026.

12 (4) THE ADMINISTRATOR SHALL IMPOSE a penalty of five dollars 13 per day shall be imposed on any person failing THAT FAILS to comply with 14 this section. except that, if the fees required by this section are paid on or 15 before March 1 of each year, no penalty shall be imposed. If a person 16 required to file notification and pay a notification fee fails to do so, the 17 consumer shall have HAS no obligation to pay the finance charge due 18 under the consumer credit transaction, and any finance charges paid shall 19 be refunded to the consumer. In addition, if the administrator examines 20 the loans, business, or records of such person, the person shall pay the 21 reasonable and necessary examination expenses of the administrator.

(5) (a) The administrator shall determine the amount of the
notification, volume, and license fees required in this section and in
section 5-2-302 and may periodically reduce or increase the amount of
one or more of the fees if necessary pursuant to section 24-75-402 (3) and
(4), C.R.S., to reduce the uncommitted reserves of the uniform consumer
credit code cash fund created in section 5-6-204 to which all or any

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1 portion of one or more of the fees is credited.

(b) In accordance with section 24-75-402 (3)(c), C.R.S., for fiscal
years prior to July 1, 2018, the uniform consumer credit code cash fund
is subject to an alternative maximum reserve of one-third of the amount
expended during the previous fiscal year. For fiscal years that begin on or
after July 1, 2018, the fund is subject to the maximum reserve established
in section 24-75-402, C.R.S.

8 SECTION 6. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 5-6-204, amend (1);
9 and add (1.5) as follows:

10 5-6-204. Cash fund created - repeal. (1) (a) All fees collected 11 under this code and under article 10 of this title 5 PRIOR TO JULY 1, 2024, 12 shall be credited to the uniform consumer credit code cash fund, which 13 is created and referred to in this section as the "fund", and all money 14 credited to the fund shall be used for the administration and enforcement 15 of this code, article 10 of this title 5, and article 19 of this title 5. Interest 16 earned on the fund shall be credited to the fund. The general assembly 17 shall make annual appropriations out of the fund for the administration 18 and enforcement of this code, article 10 of this title 5, and article 19 of 19 this title 5; except that expenditures by the administrator for consumer 20 and creditor education resulting from the penalties provided in sections 21 5-2-303 (7)(f), 5-6-109 (1), 5-6-110, and 5-6-114 (2) shall not require 22 appropriation by the general assembly if the expenditures do not exceed 23 twenty-five thousand dollars per fiscal year and do not include the hiring 24 of any full-time equivalents.

(b) ON SEPTEMBER 30, 2024, THE STATE TREASURER SHALL
TRANSFER THE UNEXPENDED AND UNENCUMBERED BALANCE OF THE
UNIFORM CONSUMER CREDIT CODE CASH FUND TO THE CONSUMER CREDIT

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1 UNIT CASH FUND CREATED IN SECTION 5-2-302 (11). 2 (c) THIS SUBSECTION (1) IS REPEALED, EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026. 3 (1.5) ON and after July 1, 2024, the state treasurer shall 4 CREDIT ALL FEES COLLECTED UNDER THIS ARTICLE 6 TO THE CONSUMER 5 CREDIT UNIT CASH FUND CREATED IN SECTION 5-2-302 (11). SECTION 7. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 5-10-804, amend 6 (1)(b) as follows: 7 8 5-10-804. Notification by lessors - contents - repeal. (1) A 9 lessor shall file a notification as prescribed in subsection (2) of this 10 section with the administrator: 11 (b) (I) Before February 1 JULY 1 in each subsequent year that the 12 lessor solicits or enters into a rental purchase agreement subject to this 13 article ARTICLE 10. 14 (II) (A) NOTIFICATIONS ISSUED BY THE ADMINISTRATOR IN 15 CALENDAR YEAR 2023 EXPIRE ON JULY 1, 2024. 16 (B) THIS SUBSECTION (1)(b)(II) IS REPEALED, EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 17 2026. 18 **SECTION 8.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 5-10-805, amend (1); 19 **repeal** (3); and **add** (4) as follows: 20 **5-10-805.** Fees. (1) A lessor required to file a notification with 21 the administrator under section 5-10-804 shall pay to the administrator the 22 following fees: 23 (a) Fifty dollars A FEE IN AN AMOUNT TO BE ESTABLISHED BY THE ADMINISTRATOR for each address listed in section 5-10-804 (2)(c), paid 24 25 at the time of the filing of the initial notification with the administrator; 26 (b) Twenty-five dollars A FEE IN AN AMOUNT TO BE ESTABLISHED 27 BY THE ADMINISTRATOR for each address listed in section 5-10-804(2)(c),

paid at the time of the filing of each annual notification subsequently filed
 with the administrator.

3 (3) Notwithstanding the amount specified for any fee in this 4 section, the administrator by rule or as otherwise provided by law may 5 reduce the amount of one or more of the fees if necessary pursuant to section 24-75-402 (3), C.R.S., to reduce the uncommitted reserves of the 6 fund to which all or any portion of one or more of the fees is credited. 7 8 After the uncommitted reserves of the fund are sufficiently reduced, the 9 administrator by rule or as otherwise provided by law may increase the 10 amount of one or more of the fees as provided in section 24-75-402 (4), 11 C.R.S. 12 (4) ON AND AFTER JULY 1, 2024, THE STATE TREASURER SHALL 13 CREDIT ALL FEES COLLECTED UNDER THIS ARTICLE 10 TO THE CONSUMER 14 CREDIT UNIT CASH FUND CREATED IN SECTION 5-2-302 (11). 15 **SECTION 9.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 5-16-119, amend (6) 16 as follows: 17 Collection agency license - requirements -5-16-119. 18 **application - fee - expiration - definition.** (6) (a) A collection agency 19 must obtain a license for its principal place of business, but its branch 20 offices, if any, need not obtain separate licenses. A collection agency with 21 branch offices must notify the administrator in writing of the location of 22 each branch office within thirty days after the branch office commences 23 business. 24 (b) SUBJECT TO RULES ADOPTED BY THE ADMINISTRATOR, 25 NOTHING IN SUBSECTION (6)(a) OF THIS SECTION PROHIBITS A LICENSEE 26 FROM PERMITTING ITS EMPLOYEES TO WORK FROM A REMOTE LOCATION SO 27 LONG AS THE LICENSEE:

1	(I) ENSURES THAT NO IN-PERSON CUSTOMER INTERACTIONS ARE
2	CONDUCTED AT THE REMOTE LOCATION AND DOES NOT DESIGNATE THE
3	REMOTE LOCATION TO CONSUMERS AS A BUSINESS LOCATION;
4	(II) MAINTAINS APPROPRIATE SAFEGUARDS FOR LICENSEE AND
5	CONSUMER DATA, INFORMATION, AND RECORDS, INCLUDING THE USE OF
6	SECURE VIRTUAL PRIVATE NETWORKS, ALSO KNOWN AS "VPNS", WHERE
7	APPROPRIATE;
8	(III) Employs appropriate risk-based monitoring and
9	OVERSIGHT PROCESSES OF WORK PERFORMED FROM A REMOTE LOCATION
10	AND MAINTAINS RECORDS OF THE MONITORING AND OVERSIGHT
11	PROCESSES;
12	(IV) ENSURES CONSUMER INFORMATION AND RECORDS ARE NOT
13	MAINTAINED AT A REMOTE LOCATION;
14	(V) Ensures consumer and licensee information and
15	RECORDS REMAIN ACCESSIBLE AND AVAILABLE FOR REGULATORY
16	OVERSIGHT AND EXAMINATION; AND
17	(VI) PROVIDES APPROPRIATE EMPLOYEE TRAINING TO ENSURE
18	EMPLOYEES WORKING FROM A REMOTE LOCATION KEEP ALL
19	CONVERSATIONS ABOUT AND WITH CONSUMERS THAT ARE CONDUCTED
20	FROM THE REMOTE LOCATION CONFIDENTIAL, AS IF CONDUCTED FROM A
21	COMMERCIAL LOCATION, AND TO ENSURE THAT EMPLOYEES WORKING AT
22	A REMOTE LOCATION WORK IN AN ENVIRONMENT THAT IS CONDUCIVE AND
23	APPROPRIATE TO ENSURING PRIVACY AND CONFIDENTIAL CONVERSATIONS.
24	(c) As used in this subsection (6), "Remote location" means
25	A PRIVATE RESIDENCE OF AN EMPLOYEE OF A LICENSEE OR ANOTHER
26	LOCATION SELECTED BY THE EMPLOYEE AND APPROVED BY THE LICENSEE.
27	SECTION 10. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 5-16-134 amend

1 (1); and **add** (1.5) as follows:

2 5-16-134. Disposition of fees and fines - repeal. (1) (a) All 3 revenue, except fines, collected pursuant to this article 16 BEFORE JULY 4 1,2024, shall be collected by the administrator and transmitted to the state 5 treasurer, who shall credit the same MONEY to the collection agency cash 6 fund, which fund is hereby created and referred to in this section as the 7 "fund". The general assembly shall make annual appropriations from the 8 fund for the uses and purposes of this article 16. All revenue credited to 9 the fund, including earned interest, shall be used for the administration and enforcement of this article 16. 10 11 (b) Notwithstanding any provision of subsection (1)(a) of this 12 section to the contrary, on March 27, 2002, the state treasurer shall deduct 13 four hundred sixty-two thousand dollars from the fund and transfer such 14 sum to the general fund. 15 (c) Notwithstanding any provision of subsection (1)(a) of this 16 section to the contrary, on March 5, 2003, the state treasurer shall deduct 17 one hundred twenty thousand dollars from the fund and transfer such sum 18 to the general fund. 19 (b) ON SEPTEMBER 30, 2024, OR AS SOON AS PRACTICABLE AFTER 20 THAT DATE, THE STATE TREASURER SHALL TRANSFER THE UNEXPENDED 21 AND UNENCUMBERED BALANCE OF THE COLLECTION AGENCY CASH FUND 22 TO THE CONSUMER CREDIT UNIT CASH FUND CREATED IN SECTION 5-2-302 23 (11). 24 (c) THIS SUBSECTION (1) IS REPEALED, EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026. 25 (1.5) ON AND AFTER JULY 1, 2024, THE STATE TREASURER SHALL 26 CREDIT ALL FEES COLLECTED UNDER THIS ARTICLE 16 TO THE CONSUMER 27 CREDIT UNIT CASH FUND CREATED IN SECTION 5-2-302 (11).

SECTION <u>11.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, 5-16-127, add (13)
 as follows:

3	5-16-127. Complaint - investigations - powers of administrator
4	- sanctions. (13) The administrator shall not make public the
5	NAME OR IDENTITY OF A PERSON WHOSE ACTS OR CONDUCT THE
6	ADMINISTRATOR INVESTIGATES PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION OR THE FACTS
7	DISCLOSED IN THE INVESTIGATION. THIS SUBSECTION (13) does not apply
8	TO DISCLOSURES BY THE ADMINISTRATOR IN ACTIONS OR ADMINISTRATIVE
9	ENFORCEMENT PROCEEDINGS PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 16.
10	SECTION <u>12.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, 5-19-205, amend
11	(b)(1) as follows:
12	5-19-205. Application for registration - form, fee, and
13	accompanying documents - repeal. (b) An application for registration
14	as a provider shall be accompanied by:
15	(1) The fee established by the administrator. The administrator
16	shall transmit the fee to the state treasurer, who shall:
17	(A) (i) FOR FEES COLLECTED PRIOR TO JULY 1, 2024, deposit it THE
18	MONEY in the uniform consumer credit code cash fund created in section
19	5-6-204 (1).
20	(ii) This subsection (b)(1)(A) is repealed, effective July 1,
21	2026.
22	(B) FOR FEES COLLECTED ON AND AFTER JULY 1, 2024, DEPOSIT
23	THE MONEY IN THE CONSUMER CREDIT UNIT CASH FUND CREATED IN
24	SECTION 5-2-302 (11).
25	SECTION 13. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 5-19-206.5 as
26	<u>follows:</u>
27	5-19-206.5 Remote work authorized - definition. (1) SUBJECT

1	TO RULES ADOPTED BY THE ADMINISTRATOR, NOTHING IN THIS PART 2
2	PROHIBITS A REGISTERED PROVIDER FROM PERMITTING ITS EMPLOYEES TO
3	WORK FROM A REMOTE LOCATION SO LONG AS THE REGISTERED PROVIDER:
4	(a) Ensures that no in-person customer interactions are
5	CONDUCTED AT THE REMOTE LOCATION AND DOES NOT DESIGNATE THE
6	REMOTE LOCATION TO CONSUMERS AS A BUSINESS LOCATION;
7	(b) MAINTAINS APPROPRIATE SAFEGUARDS FOR REGISTERED
8	PROVIDER AND CONSUMER DATA, INFORMATION, AND RECORDS,
9	INCLUDING THE USE OF SECURE VIRTUAL PRIVATE NETWORKS, ALSO
10	KNOWN AS "VPNS", WHERE APPROPRIATE;
11	(c) EMPLOYS APPROPRIATE RISK-BASED MONITORING AND
12	OVERSIGHT PROCESSES OF WORK PERFORMED FROM A REMOTE LOCATION
13	AND MAINTAINS RECORDS OF THE MONITORING AND OVERSIGHT
14	PROCESSES;
15	(d) Ensures consumer information and records are not
16	MAINTAINED AT A REMOTE LOCATION;
17	(e) ENSURES CONSUMER AND REGISTERED PROVIDER INFORMATION
18	AND RECORDS REMAIN ACCESSIBLE AND AVAILABLE FOR REGULATORY
19	OVERSIGHT AND EXAMINATION; AND
20	(f) Provides appropriate employee training to ensure
21	EMPLOYEES WORKING FROM A REMOTE LOCATION KEEP ALL
22	CONVERSATIONS ABOUT AND WITH CONSUMERS THAT ARE CONDUCTED
23	FROM THE REMOTE LOCATION CONFIDENTIAL, AS IF CONDUCTED FROM A
24	COMMERCIAL LOCATION, AND TO ENSURE THAT EMPLOYEES WORKING AT
25	A REMOTE LOCATION WORK IN AN ENVIRONMENT THAT IS CONDUCIVE AND
26	APPROPRIATE TO ENSURING PRIVACY AND CONFIDENTIAL CONVERSATIONS.
27	(2) As used in this section, "remote location" means a

1	PRIVATE RESIDENCE OF AN EMPLOYEE OF A REGISTERED PROVIDER OR
2	ANOTHER LOCATION SELECTED BY THE EMPLOYEE AND APPROVED BY THE
3	REGISTERED PROVIDER.
4	SECTION 14. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 5-21-106, amend
5	(2) as follows:
6	5-21-106. Fees - repeal. (2) The administrator shall transmit the
7	fees REQUIRED BY SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION to the state treasurer,
8	who shall credit them THE FEES COLLECTED:
9	(a) (I) BEFORE JULY 1, 2024, to the uniform consumer credit code
10	cash fund created in section 5-6-204 (1).
11	(II) This subsection (2)(a) is repealed, effective July $1,2026$.
12	(b) On and after July 1, 2024, to the consumer credit unit
13	CASH FUND CREATED IN SECTION 5-2-302 (11).
14	SECTION 15. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 5-20-102, amend
15	(2) as follows:
16	5-20-102. Scope of article - residence of debtor. (2) Part 2 of
17	this article 20 applies to private education lenders, creditors and
18	collection agencies in connection with those student education loans that
19	are not made, insured, or guaranteed under federal law and that are used
20	for postsecondary education.
21	SECTION 16. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 5-20-106, amend
22	(1)(a), (9), and (10); and add (5)(d) as follows:
23	5-20-106. Licensure of student loan servicers - definition.
24	(1) Automatic issuance of license for federal student loan servicing
25	contractors. (a) A person seeking to act within this state as a student
26	loan servicer is exempt from the application procedures described in
27	subsection (2) of this section upon a determination by the administrator

that the person is a party to a contract awarded by the United States
 secretary of education under 20 U.S.C. sec. 1087f 1078, 1087f, OR
 1087hh, as amended. The administrator shall prescribe the procedure to
 document eligibility for the exemption.

5 (5) License renewal - annual report. (d) ALONG WITH THE 6 APPLICATION FOR RENEWAL, EVERY LICENSEE SHALL FILE WITH THE 7 ADMINISTRATOR, IN THE FORM AND MANNER DETERMINED BY THE 8 ADMINISTRATOR, AN ANNUAL REPORT CONCERNING LOANS SERVICED BY 9 THE LICENSEE. INFORMATION INCLUDED IN AN ANNUAL REPORT FILED 10 PURSUANT TO THIS SUBSECTION (5)(d) IS CONFIDENTIAL AND MAY BE 11 PUBLISHED ONLY IN AGGREGATE FORM, WITH NO PERSONAL IDENTIFYING 12 INFORMATION INCLUDED.

13 (9) Change of license notification. (a) A licensee under this 14 section shall not act within this state as a student loan servicer under any 15 name or at any place of business other than those named in the license. A 16 licensee shall give prior written notice to the administrator of a change of 17 business location. A licensee shall not operate more than one place of 18 business under the same license, but the administrator may issue more 19 than one license to a licensee that complies with this part 1 as to each 20 license. A license is not transferable or assignable. 21 (b) (I) SUBJECT TO RULES ADOPTED BY THE ADMINISTRATOR, 22 NOTHING IN SUBSECTION (9)(a) OF THIS SECTION PROHIBITS A LICENSEE

- 23 FROM PERMITTING ITS EMPLOYEES TO WORK FROM A REMOTE LOCATION SO
- 24 LONG AS THE LICENSEE:
- 25 (A) ENSURES THAT NO IN-PERSON CUSTOMER INTERACTIONS ARE
- 26 <u>CONDUCTED AT THE REMOTE LOCATION AND DOES NOT DESIGNATE THE</u>
- 27 <u>REMOTE LOCATION TO CONSUMERS AS A BUSINESS LOCATION;</u>

1	(B) MAINTAINS APPROPRIATE SAFEGUARDS FOR LICENSEE AND
2	CONSUMER DATA, INFORMATION, AND RECORDS, INCLUDING THE USE OF
3	SECURE VIRTUAL PRIVATE NETWORKS, ALSO KNOWN AS "VPNS", WHERE
4	<u>APPROPRIATE;</u>
5	(C) Employs appropriate risk-based monitoring and
6	OVERSIGHT PROCESSES OF WORK PERFORMED FROM A REMOTE LOCATION
7	AND MAINTAINS RECORDS OF THE MONITORING AND OVERSIGHT
8	PROCESSES;
9	(D) Ensures consumer information and records are not
10	MAINTAINED AT A REMOTE LOCATION;
11	(E) Ensures consumer and licensee information and
12	RECORDS REMAIN ACCESSIBLE AND AVAILABLE FOR REGULATORY
13	OVERSIGHT AND EXAMINATION; AND
14	(F) Provides appropriate employee training to ensure
15	EMPLOYEES WORKING FROM A REMOTE LOCATION KEEP ALL
16	CONVERSATIONS ABOUT AND WITH CONSUMERS THAT ARE CONDUCTED
17	FROM THE REMOTE LOCATION CONFIDENTIAL, AS IF CONDUCTED FROM A
18	COMMERCIAL LOCATION, AND TO ENSURE THAT EMPLOYEES WORKING AT
19	A REMOTE LOCATION WORK IN AN ENVIRONMENT THAT IS CONDUCIVE AND
20	APPROPRIATE TO ENSURING PRIVACY AND CONFIDENTIAL CONVERSATIONS.
21	(II) As used in this subsection (9)(b), "remote location"
22	MEANS A PRIVATE RESIDENCE OF AN EMPLOYEE OF A LICENSEE OR
23	ANOTHER LOCATION SELECTED BY THE EMPLOYEE AND APPROVED BY THE
24	LICENSEE.
25	(10) Records retention - records request. A student loan
26	servicer shall maintain adequate records of each student education loan
27	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

27 transaction AND ALL COMMUNICATIONS IN CONNECTION WITH STUDENT

1 EDUCATION LOAN SERVICING for not less than two years after the final 2 payment on the student education loan or the assignment of the student 3 education loan, whichever occurs first, or except as otherwise required by 4 federal law, a federal student education loan agreement, or a contract 5 between the federal government and a licensee. Upon request by the 6 administrator, a student loan servicer shall make the records available or 7 shall send the records to the administrator by registered or certified mail, 8 return receipt requested, or by any express delivery carrier that provides 9 a dated delivery receipt, not later than five business days after requested 10 by the administrator. Upon a licensee's request, the administrator may 11 grant the licensee additional time to make the records available or to send 12 the records to the administrator. 13 SECTION 17. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 5-20-202, amend

14 (1), (2)(a), (7), and (8); **repeal** (3) and (6); and **add** (7.5) and (8.5) as 15 follows:

16 5-20-202. Definitions. As used in this part 2, unless the context
17 otherwise requires:

(1) "Collection agency" means a collection agency, as defined in
section 5-16-103 (3), that collects or attempts to collect, directly or
indirectly, a consumer debt resulting from a private education loan
<u>CREDIT OBLIGATION</u>. The term includes a debt buyer, as defined in section
5-16-103 (8.5).

(2) (a) "Cosigner" means any individual who is liable for the
 obligation of another without compensation, regardless of how the
 individual is designated in the contract or instrument with respect to that
 obligation, including an obligation under a private education loan <u>CREDIT</u>
 <u>OBLIGATION</u> extended to consolidate a borrower's preexisting student

1	loans. The term includes any individual whose signature is requested as
2	a condition to grant credit or to forbear on collection.
3	(3) "Creditor" means the seller, lessor, lender, or person who
4	makes or arranges a private education loan and to whom the loan is
5	initially payable, or the assignee of a creditor's right to payment, but use
6	of the term does not in itself impose on an assignee any obligation of the
7	assignor. "Creditor" does not include a collection agency as defined in
8	section 5-16-103 (3).
9	(6) (a) "Private education lender" or "lender" means:
10	(I) Any person engaged in the business of making or extending
11	private education loans;
12	(II) A holder of a private education loan; or
13	(III) A creditor.
14	(b) "Private education lender" or "lender" does not include:
15	(I) A bank, as defined in 12 U.S.C. sec. 1841 (c);
16	(II) A credit union; or
17	(III) An industrial bank organized under Title 7, Chapter 8,
18	Financial Institutions Act, Utah Code Annotated, as amended.
19	(7) (a) "Private education loan <u>CREDIT OBLIGATION</u> " means a
20	student education loan CREDIT OBLIGATION that, UNLESS OTHERWISE
21	EXEMPT:
22	(I) Is not made, insured, or guaranteed under Title IV of the
23	FEDERAL "Higher Education Act of 1965", 20 U.S.C. sec. 1070 et seq., as
24	amended; and
25	(II) Is extended to a consumer expressly, in whole or in part, for
26	postsecondary educational expenses, regardless of whether the loan
27	<u>CREDIT OBLIGATION</u> is provided by the postsecondary educational

institution that the student attends, INCLUDING A PAYMENT PLAN OR
 FINANCING.

3 (b) "Private education loan <u>CREDIT OBLIGATION</u>" does not include:
4 (I) A loan that is secured by real property, regardless of the
5 purpose of the loan; or

6 (II) An extension of credit in which the covered postsecondary
7 educational institution is the lender CREDITOR if:

8 (A) The term of the extension of credit is ninety days or less; or 9 (B) An interest rate is not applied to the credit balance and the 10 term of the extension of credit is one year or less, even if the credit is 11 payable in more than four installments.

12 (7.5)(a) "PRIVATE EDUCATION CREDITOR" OR "CREDITOR" MEANS:

13 (I) ANY PERSON ENGAGED IN THE BUSINESS OF MAKING OR
14 EXTENDING PRIVATE EDUCATION <u>CREDIT OBLIGATION;</u>

(II) A HOLDER OF A PRIVATE EDUCATION <u>CREDIT OBLIGATION</u>; OR
(III) A SELLER, LESSOR, LENDER, OR PERSON THAT MAKES OR
ARRANGES A PRIVATE EDUCATION <u>CREDIT OBLIGATION</u> AND TO WHOM THE
PRIVATE EDUCATION <u>CREDIT OBLIGATION</u> IS INITIALLY PAYABLE OR THE
ASSIGNEE OF A CREDITOR'S RIGHT TO PAYMENT.

20 (b) "PRIVATE EDUCATION CREDITOR" OR "CREDITOR" DOES NOT
21 INCLUDE:

22 (I) A BANK, AS DEFINED IN 12 U.S.C. SEC. 1841 (c);

23 (II) A CREDIT UNION;

24 (III) AN INDUSTRIAL BANK ORGANIZED UNDER TITLE 7, CHAPTER
25 8, "FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS ACT", UTAH CODE ANNOTATED, AS
26 AMENDED; OR

27 (IV) A COLLECTION AGENCY, AS DEFINED IN SECTION 5-16-103 (3).

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1 (8) "Private education loan CREDIT borrower" means any resident 2 of Colorado, including a student loan borrower, who has received or 3 agreed to pay a private education loan <u>CREDIT OBLIGATION</u> for the 4 resident's own postsecondary education expenses OR ANY RESIDENT OF 5 COLORADO WHO COSIGNS FOR A PRIVATE EDUCATION CREDIT OBLIGATION. (8.5) "Refinanced" means an existing private education 6 7 CREDIT OBLIGATION IS SATISFIED AND REPLACED BY A NEW PRIVATE 8 EDUCATION CREDIT OBLIGATION UNDERTAKEN BY THE SAME CONSUMER. 9 SECTION 18. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 5-20-203, amend 10 (2) introductory portion, (2)(b)(I), (2)(b)(III), and (2)(b)(IV) as follows: 11 5-20-203. Registration of private education creditors -12 **penalties - rules.** (2) A private education lender CREDITOR shall: 13 (b) Provide the administrator, at the time of registration and not 14 less than once per year thereafter, as established by the administrator by 15 rule, and at other times upon the administrator's request, with the 16 following documents and information: 17 (I) A list of all schools at which the private education lender 18 CREDITOR has provided A private education loans CREDIT OBLIGATION to 19 a private education loan CREDIT borrower; EXCEPT THAT THIS 20 REQUIREMENT DOES NOT APPLY TO A PRIVATE EDUCATION CREDIT 21 OBLIGATION THAT IS REFINANCED; 22 (III) The volume of private education loans <u>CREDIT OBLIGATIONS</u> 23 made annually at each school identified under subsection (2)(b)(I) of this 24 section; EXCEPT THAT THIS REQUIREMENT DOES NOT APPLY TO A PRIVATE 25 EDUCATION CREDIT OBLIGATION THAT IS REFINANCED; 26 (IV) The default rate for private education loan CREDIT borrowers 27 obtaining private education loans CREDIT OBLIGATIONS from the private

education lender CREDITOR, including the default rate for private
 education loans <u>CREDIT OBLIGATIONS</u> made to private education loan
 CREDIT borrowers at each school listed pursuant to subsection (2)(b)(I) of
 this section; EXCEPT THAT THIS REQUIREMENT DOES NOT APPLY TO A
 PRIVATE EDUCATION <u>CREDIT OBLIGATION</u> THAT IS REFINANCED;

6 SECTION <u>19.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 5-20-204 as
7 follows:

5-20-204. Cosigner disclosures. (1) Before extending a private
education loan <u>CREDIT OBLIGATION</u> that requires a cosigner, a private
education lender CREDITOR shall disclose to the cosigner:

(a) How the private education loan CREDIT obligation will appear
on the cosigner's credit;

(b) How the cosigner will be notified if the private education loan
 <u>CREDIT OBLIGATION</u> becomes delinquent, including how the cosigner can
 cure the delinquency in order to avoid negative credit furnishing and loss
 of cosigner release eligibility; and

(c) Eligibility for release of the cosigner's obligation on the private
education loan <u>CREDIT OBLIGATION</u>, including the number of on-time
payments and any other criteria required to approve the release of the
cosigner from the loan CREDIT obligation.

(2) For any private education loan <u>CREDIT OBLIGATION</u> that obligates a cosigner, a lender CREDITOR shall provide the private education loan CREDIT borrower and the cosigner an annual written notice containing information about cosigner release, including the administrative, objective criteria the lender CREDITOR requires to approve the release of the cosigner from the loan CREDIT obligation and the process for applying for cosigner release. If the private education loan

1 CREDIT borrower has met the applicable payment requirement to be 2 eligible for cosigner release, the lender CREDITOR shall send the private 3 education loan CREDIT borrower and the cosigner a written notification by 4 mail, and by electronic mail if a private education loan CREDIT borrower 5 or cosigner has elected to receive electronic communications from the 6 lender CREDITOR, informing the private education loan CREDIT borrower 7 and cosigner that the payments requirement to be eligible for cosigner 8 release has been met. The notification must also include information 9 about any additional criteria to qualify for cosigner release and the 10 procedure to apply for cosigner release.

11 (3) A lender CREDITOR shall provide written notice to a private 12 education loan CREDIT borrower who applies for cosigner release but 13 whose application is incomplete. The written notice must include a 14 description of the information needed to consider the application 15 complete and the date by which the applicant must furnish the missing 16 information in order to complete the application.

17 (4) Within thirty days after a private education loan CREDIT 18 borrower submits a completed application for cosigner release, the lender 19 CREDITOR shall send the private education loan CREDIT borrower and 20 cosigner a written notice that informs the private education loan CREDIT 21 borrower and cosigner whether the lender CREDITOR has approved or 22 denied the cosigner release application. If the lender CREDITOR denies a 23 request for cosigner release, the private education loan CREDIT borrower may request copies of any documents or information used in the 24 25 determination, including the credit score threshold used by the lender 26 CREDITOR, the private education loan CREDIT borrower's consumer report, 27 the private education loan CREDIT borrower's credit score, and any other

documents or information specific to the private education loan CREDIT
 borrower. The lender CREDITOR shall also provide any adverse action
 notices required under applicable federal law if the denial is based in
 whole or in part on any information contained in a consumer report.

5 (5) In response to a written or oral request by the private education
6 loan CREDIT borrower for cosigner release, a lender CREDITOR shall
7 provide to the private education loan CREDIT borrower the information
8 described in subsection (2) of this section.

9 SECTION <u>20.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 5-20-205 as
10 follows:

5-20-205. Cosigner release. (1) A lender CREDITOR shall not
impose any restriction that permanently bars a private education loan
CREDIT borrower from qualifying for cosigner release, including
restricting the number of times a private education loan CREDIT borrower
may apply for cosigner release.

16 A lender CREDITOR shall not impose any negative (2)17 consequences on a private education loan CREDIT borrower or cosigner 18 during the sixty days following the issuance of the notice required 19 pursuant to section 5-20-204 (3) or until the lender CREDITOR makes a 20 final determination about a private education loan CREDIT borrower's 21 cosigner release application, whichever occurs later. As used in this 22 subsection (2), "negative consequences" includes the imposition of 23 additional eligibility criteria, negative credit reporting, lost eligibility for 24 cosigner release, late fees, interest capitalization, or other financial injury.

(3) For any private education loan <u>CREDIT OBLIGATION</u> issued on
 or after June 29, 2021, a lender CREDITOR shall not require proof of more
 than twelve consecutive, on-time payments as part of the criteria for

1 cosigner release. A private education loan CREDIT borrower who has paid 2 the equivalent of twelve months of principal and interest payments within 3 any twelve-month period is deemed to have satisfied the consecutive, 4 on-time payment requirement even if the private education loan CREDIT 5 borrower has not made payments monthly during the twelve-month 6 period. If a private education loan CREDIT borrower or cosigner requests 7 a change in terms that restarts the count of consecutive, on-time payments 8 required for cosigner release, the lender CREDITOR shall notify the private 9 education loan CREDIT borrower and cosigner in writing of the impact of 10 the change and provide the private education loan CREDIT borrower or 11 cosigner the right to withdraw or reverse the request to avoid that impact.

12 (4) A private education loan CREDIT borrower may request an 13 appeal of a lender's CREDITOR'S determination to deny a request for 14 cosigner release, and the lender CREDITOR shall permit the private 15 education loan CREDIT borrower to submit additional documentation 16 evidencing the private education loan CREDIT borrower's ability, 17 willingness, and stability to meet the payment obligations. The private 18 education loan CREDIT borrower may request that another employee of the 19 lender CREDITOR review the cosigner release determination.

20 (5) A lender CREDITOR shall establish and maintain a 21 comprehensive record management system reasonably designed to ensure 22 the accuracy, integrity, and completeness of information about cosigner 23 release applications and to ensure compliance with applicable state and 24 federal laws, including the FEDERAL "Equal Credit Opportunity Act", 15 25 U.S.C. sec. 1691 et seq., as amended, and the FEDERAL "Fair Credit 26 Reporting Act", 15 U.S.C. sec. 1681 et seq., as amended. This system 27 must include the number of cosigner release applications received, the

1 approval and denial rate, and the primary reasons for any denial.

2 SECTION <u>21.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 5-20-206 as
3 follows:

5-20-206. Cosigner rights. (1) A lender CREDITOR shall provide
a cosigner with access to all documents or records related to the cosigned
private education loan <u>CREDIT OBLIGATION</u> that are available to the private
education loan CREDIT borrower.

8 (2) (a) If a lender CREDITOR provides electronic access to
9 documents and records for a private education loan CREDIT borrower, it
10 THE CREDITOR shall provide equivalent electronic access to the cosigner.

(b) Upon the private education loan CREDIT borrower's request,
the lender CREDITOR shall redact the private education loan CREDIT
borrower's contact information from documents and records provided to
a cosigner.

(3) A lender CREDITOR shall not include in a private education
loan <u>CREDIT OBLIGATION</u> executed after June 29, 2021, a provision that
permits the lender CREDITOR to accelerate payments, in whole or in part,
except upon a payment default. A lender CREDITOR shall not place any
loan <u>CREDIT OBLIGATION</u> or account into default or accelerate a loan
<u>CREDIT OBLIGATION</u> for any reason other than payment default.

(4) A private education loan <u>CREDIT OBLIGATION</u> executed before
June 29, 2021, may permit the lender CREDITOR to accelerate payments
only if the promissory note or loan <u>CREDIT OBLIGATION</u> agreement
explicitly authorizes an acceleration and only for the reasons stated in the
note or agreement.

26 SECTION <u>22.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 5-20-207 as
27 follows:

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5-20-207. Bankruptcy or death of cosigner. (1) If a cosigner
 dies, the lender CREDITOR shall not attempt to collect against the
 cosigner's estate other than for payment default.

4 (2) With regard to the death or bankruptcy of a cosigner, if a 5 private education loan CREDITOR is not more than sixty days delinquent 6 at the time the lender CREDITOR is notified of the cosigner's death or 7 bankruptcy, the lender CREDITOR shall not change any terms or benefits 8 under the promissory note, repayment schedule, repayment terms, or 9 monthly payment amount or any other provision associated with the loan 10 <u>CREDIT OBLIGATION</u>.

SECTION <u>23.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 5-20-208 as
 follows:

13 Total and permanent disability of the private 5-20-208. 14 education credit borrower or cosigner. (1) For any private education 15 loan CREDIT OBLIGATION issued on or after June 29, 2021, a private 16 education lender CREDITOR, when notified of the total and permanent 17 disability of a private education loan CREDIT borrower or cosigner, shall 18 release any cosigner from the obligations of the cosigner under a private 19 education loan CREDIT OBLIGATION. The lender CREDITOR shall not 20 attempt to collect a payment from a cosigner following a notification of 21 total and permanent disability of the private education loan CREDIT 22 borrower or cosigner.

(2) A lender CREDITOR shall, when notified of the total and
permanent disability of a private education loan CREDIT borrower,
discharge the liability of the private education loan CREDIT borrower and
cosigner on the loan <u>CREDIT OBLIGATION</u>.

27

(3) After receiving a notification described in subsection (2) of

1 this section, the lender CREDITOR shall not:

2 (a) Attempt to collect on the outstanding liability of the private
3 education loan CREDIT borrower or cosigner; or

4 (b) Monitor the disability status of the private education loan
5 CREDIT borrower at any point after the date of discharge.

6 (4) A lender CREDITOR shall, within thirty days after the release
7 of either a cosigner or private education loan CREDIT borrower from the
8 obligations of a private education loan <u>CREDIT OBLIGATION</u> pursuant to
9 subsection (1) or (2) of this section, notify both the private education loan
10 CREDIT borrower and cosigner of the release.

(5) A lender CREDITOR shall, within thirty days after receiving
notice of the total and permanent disability of a private education loan
CREDIT borrower pursuant to subsection (1) of this section, provide the
private education loan CREDIT borrower an option to designate an
individual to have the legal authority to act on behalf of the private
education loan CREDIT borrower.

17 (6) If a cosigner is released from the obligations of a private
education loan <u>CREDIT OBLIGATION</u> pursuant to subsection (1) of this
section, the lender CREDITOR shall not require the private education loan
CREDIT borrower to obtain another cosigner on the loan CREDIT
21 obligation.

(7) A lender CREDITOR shall not declare a default or accelerate the
debt against the private education loan CREDIT borrower on the sole basis
of the release of the cosigner from the loan CREDIT obligation due to total
and permanent disability pursuant to subsection (1) of this section.

26 SECTION <u>24.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 5-20-209 as
27 follows:

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1 5-20-209. Refinancing - additional disclosures - limitations on 2 default pending approval. (1) Before offering a person a private 3 education loan <u>CREDIT OBLIGATION</u> that is being used to refinance an 4 existing education loan CREDIT OBLIGATION, a private education lender 5 CREDITOR shall provide the person a disclosure explaining that benefits 6 and protections applicable to the existing loan <u>CREDIT OBLIGATION</u> may 7 be lost due to the refinancing. The disclosure must be provided on a 8 one-page information sheet in at least twelve-point type and must be 9 written in simple, clear, understandable, and easily readable language.

(2) If a private education lender CREDITOR offers any private
education loan CREDIT borrower modified or flexible repayment options
in connection with a private education loan <u>CREDIT OBLIGATION</u>, the
lender CREDITOR shall offer those modified or flexible repayment options
to all of its THE CREDITOR'S private education loan CREDIT borrowers. In
addition, the lender CREDITOR shall:

16 (a) Provide on its website a description of any modified or flexible
17 repayment options offered by the lender CREDITOR for private education
18 loans <u>CREDIT OBLIGATIONS;</u>

19 (b) Establish policies and procedures and implement modified or 20 flexible repayment options consistently in order to facilitate the 21 evaluation of private education loan CREDIT OBLIGATION modified or 22 flexible repayment option requests, including providing accurate 23 information regarding any such options that may be available to the 24 private education loan CREDIT borrower through the promissory note or 25 that may have been marketed to the private education loan CREDIT 26 borrower through marketing materials; and

27

(c) Consistently present and offer private education loan <u>CREDIT</u>

<u>OBLIGATION</u> modified or flexible repayment options to private education
 loan CREDIT borrowers with similar financial circumstances, if the lender
 CREDITOR offers such repayment options.

4 (3) A private education lender CREDITOR shall not place a loan 5 CREDIT OBLIGATION or account into default or accelerate a loan CREDIT 6 <u>OBLIGATION</u> while a private education loan CREDIT borrower is seeking 7 a loan CREDIT OBLIGATION modification or enrollment in a modified or 8 flexible repayment plan; except that a lender CREDITOR may place a loan 9 <u>CREDIT OBLIGATION</u> or account into default or accelerate a loan <u>CREDIT</u> 10 OBLIGATION for payment default ninety days after the private education 11 loan CREDIT borrower's default.

SECTION <u>25.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, 5-20-210, amend
(1) introductory portion, (1)(a), and (1)(c) as follows:

14 5-20-210. Prohibited conduct. (1) A private education lender
15 CREDITOR shall not:

(a) Offer any private education loan <u>CREDIT OBLIGATION</u> that is
DOES not in conformity COMPLY with this part 2 or WITH rules or orders
of the administrator THAT ARE ISSUED under this part 2 or that violates any
other state or federal law;

(c) (I) Take an assignment of earnings of the PRIVATE EDUCATION
CREDIT borrower or cosigner for payment or as a security for payment of
a debt arising out of a private education loan <u>CREDIT OBLIGATION</u>. An
assignment of earnings in violation of this section is unenforceable by the
assignee of the earnings and revocable by the borrower or cosigner.

(II) A sale of unpaid earnings made in consideration of the
payment of money to or for the account of the seller of the earnings is
deemed to be a loan <u>CREDIT OBLIGATION</u> to the seller, secured by an

1 assignment of earnings.

2 SECTION <u>26.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, 5-20-211, amend
3 (1) as follows:

4 5-20-211. Record retention - confidentiality. (1) A private 5 education lender CREDITOR shall establish and maintain records and 6 permit the administrator to access and copy any records or records 7 systems required to be maintained pursuant to this part 2 or rules of the 8 administrator adopted to implement this part 2. The lender CREDITOR shall 9 retain loan files, including any records specified for retention under rules 10 of the administrator, for not less than six years after the termination of the 11 loan CREDIT OBLIGATION account.

SECTION <u>27.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, 5-20-212, amend
(1), (1.5)(a), (2), (3), (4)(a), (5), (6) introductory portion, (6)(b), and
(6)(d) as follows:

15 5-20-212. Collection on debt - prerequisites - documentation. 16 (1) Unless the private education loan CREDIT borrower has invoked his or her THE BORROWER'S right to cease communication with the collection 17 18 agency, a collection agency attempting to collect a private education loan 19 CREDIT OBLIGATION shall provide the following information, in addition 20 to any other information required under applicable federal or state law, to 21 the private education loan CREDIT borrower in the debt collection 22 communication immediately following the communication confirming the 23 correct identity of the private education loan CREDIT borrower and at any 24 other time the private education loan CREDIT borrower so requests:

(a) For private education loans <u>CREDIT OBLIGATIONS</u> referred to
collections on or after June 29, 2021, the name of the owner of the private
education loan <u>CREDIT OBLIGATION</u> debt;

(b) The name of the true original lender CREDITOR and every
 subsequent loan <u>CREDIT OBLIGATION</u> holder, if applicable;

(c) The true original lender's CREDITOR'S account number used to
identify the private education loan <u>CREDIT OBLIGATION</u> debt at the time of
default, if the true original lender CREDITOR used an account number to
identify the private education loan debt <u>CREDIT OBLIGATION</u> at the time of
default. The collection agency may rely on account numbers provided by
the lender CREDITOR.

9 (d) The amount due when the private education loan <u>CREDIT</u>
10 <u>OBLIGATION</u> was referred to collections;

(e) For private education loans <u>CREDIT OBLIGATIONS</u> referred to
 collections on or after June 29, 2021, a log of all payments made on the
 student loan <u>CREDIT OBLIGATION</u> account;

(f) A copy of all pages of the contract, application, or other
documents evidencing the private education loan CREDIT borrower's
liability for the private education loan <u>CREDIT OBLIGATION</u>, stating all
terms and conditions applicable to the loan <u>CREDIT OBLIGATION</u>; and

18 (g) A clear and conspicuous statement disclosing that the private 19 education loan CREDIT borrower has a right to request all nonprivileged 20 information possessed by the lender CREDITOR or collection agency 21 related to the defaulted private education loan CREDIT OBLIGATION debt, 22 including the required information described in subsection (2) of this 23 section, and that failure to provide that information within thirty days 24 after such a request precludes the collection agency from collecting or 25 attempting to collect the debt <u>CREDIT OBLIGATION</u>.

26 (1.5) (a) From the information listed in subsection (1) of this
27 section, the collection agency may redact the private education loan

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CREDIT borrower's social security number, all but the last four digits of the private education loan CREDIT borrower's account number, and any other personal identifying information. A collection agency that, in good faith, attempts to validate the identity of the borrower and sends the information required by this section in conjunction with the notice required by 15 U.S.C. sec. 1692g (a) is deemed to have verified the identity of the borrower for purposes of this section.

8 (2) A collection agency shall not collect or attempt to collect a 9 private education loan <u>CREDIT OBLIGATION</u> debt unless the collection 10 agency possesses, and furnishes the following information to the private 11 education loan CREDIT borrower upon request within thirty days after the 12 request; and, for loans <u>CREDIT OBLIGATIONS</u> referred to collections before 13 June 29, 2021, the collection agency shall have thirty days to acquire the 14 information from the private education lender CREDITOR:

15 (a) The name of the owner of the private education loan <u>CREDIT</u>
16 <u>OBLIGATION;</u>

17 (b) The name of the true original lender CREDITOR and every
18 subsequent loan <u>CREDIT OBLIGATION</u> holder, if applicable;

(c) The true original lender's CREDITOR'S account number used to
identify the private education loan <u>CREDIT OBLIGATION</u> at the time of
default, if the true original lender CREDITOR used an account number to
identify the loan <u>CREDIT OBLIGATION</u> at the time of default, and the
account number assigned to the loan <u>CREDIT OBLIGATION</u> by each
subsequent loan <u>CREDIT OBLIGATION</u> holder, if known;

25 (d) The amount due when the private education loan <u>CREDIT</u>
 26 <u>OBLIGATION</u> was referred to collections;

27 (e

(e) An itemization of interest and fees, if any, claimed to be owed

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and whether those were imposed by the true original lender CREDITOR or
 any subsequent owners of the private education loan CREDITOR. The
 collection agency may rely on information provided by the lender
 CREDITOR.

5 (f) The date that the private education loan <u>CREDIT OBLIGATION</u>
6 was incurred;

7 (g) A billing statement or other account record indicating the date
8 of the last payment made on the private education loan <u>CREDIT</u>
9 <u>OBLIGATION</u>, if applicable;

(h) (I) A log of all collection attempts made by the collection
agency in the immediately preceding twelve months, including the date
and time of all calls and letters; and

(II) For private education loans <u>CREDIT OBLIGATIONS</u> referred to
collections on or after June 29, 2021, copies of all settlement letters or,
in the alternative, a statement that the collection agency has not attempted
to settle or otherwise renegotiate the <u>debt CREDIT OBLIGATION</u>;

(i) A copy of all pages of the contract, application, or other
documents evidencing the private education loan CREDIT borrower's
liability for the private education loan <u>CREDIT OBLIGATION</u>, stating all
terms and conditions applicable to the loan <u>CREDIT OBLIGATION</u>; and

(j) Documentation establishing that the collection agency is the
owner, or acting on behalf of the owner, of the specific, individual private
education loan <u>CREDIT OBLIGATION</u> at issue. If the private education loan
CREDIT borrower disputes the ownership or assignment of the loan <u>CREDIT</u>
<u>OBLIGATION</u>, the collection agency shall bear HAS the burden of
establishing the unbroken chain of ownership, beginning with the true
original lender CREDITOR to the first subsequent loan <u>CREDIT OBLIGATION</u>

1 holder and each additional loan <u>CREDIT OBLIGATION</u> holder.

2 (3) Upon a private education loan CREDIT borrower's default in 3 payment on a private education loan CREDIT OBLIGATION, and before a 4 lender CREDITOR may accelerate the maturity of the loan CREDIT 5 OBLIGATION or commence a legal action against the private education 6 loan CREDIT borrower, the lender CREDITOR shall provide to the private education loan CREDIT borrower a notice of intention to accelerate the 7 8 loan CREDIT OBLIGATION. The lender CREDITOR shall provide the notice 9 at least thirty days, but not more than one hundred days, in advance of the 10 action.

(4) (a) A lender CREDITOR or debt buyer that intends to collect or
attempt to collect a private education loan debt <u>CREDIT OBLIGATION</u> shall
provide written notice of that intention to the private education loan
CREDIT borrower by registered or certified mail, return receipt requested,
at the private education loan CREDIT borrower's last-known address.

16 (5) An action to enter a judgment against a private education loan
17 CREDIT borrower must be commenced within six years of the date the
18 private education loan CREDIT borrower failed to make a payment.

(6) A lender CREDITOR or collection agency that, on or after June
20 29, 2021, commences a legal action against a private education loan
21 CREDIT borrower shall attach the following documentation and
22 information to the complaint filed in a court of competent jurisdiction:

(b) The date of the partial or missed payment that led to the
referral of the private education loan <u>CREDIT OBLIGATION</u> to collections;
(d) A statement as to whether the lender CREDITOR or collection
agency is willing to renegotiate the terms of the debt <u>CREDIT OBLIGATION</u>;
SECTION <u>28.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, 5-20-213, **amend**

1 (1)(a), (2) introductory portion, (2)(a), (2)(b), (2)(d), and (2)(g) as 2 follows:

5-20-213. Actions - counterclaims. (1) (a) For litigation
proceedings commenced on or after June 29, 2021, a court shall not enter
a judgment on a private education loan CREDIT obligation if the collection
agency does not comply with the requirements of section 5-20-212.

7 (2) If a lender CREDITOR or collection agency fails to comply with
8 the requirements of this part 2, a private education loan CREDIT borrower
9 may bring an action, including a counterclaim, against the lender
10 CREDITOR or collection agency to recover or obtain:

(a) An order setting aside or vacating any default judgment
 entered against the private education loan CREDIT borrower;

13 (b) A judgment in favor of the private education loan CREDIT
14 borrower;

15 (d) Restitution of all money taken from or paid by the private
16 education loan CREDIT borrower after a judgment was obtained by a
17 creditor;

(g) Correction of the private education loan CREDIT borrower's
credit report;

20 SECTION <u>29.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, 5-20-114, amend
21 (1) introductory portion, (2) introductory portion, (2)(b), (4), and (5) as
22 follows:

5-20-214. Remedies - civil actions - limitations - deceptive
trade practice. (1) In addition to any other remedies provided by this
part 2 or otherwise provided by law, whenever it is proven by a
preponderance of the evidence that a lender CREDITOR or collection
agency has filed with a court or provided to the private education loan

CREDIT borrower information required under this part 2 that is false, the
 court shall award to the private education loan CREDIT borrower the
 greater of:

4 (2) A private education loan CREDIT borrower or cosigner who
5 suffers damage as a result of a violation of this part 2 may bring an action
6 in a court of competent jurisdiction to recover:

7 (b) An order requiring the lender CREDITOR or collection agency
8 to take all actions necessary to correct the private education loan
9 borrower's credit report;

(4) A violation of this part 2 is a deceptive trade practice as
specified in section 6-1-105. A private education lender CREDITOR or
collection agency that fails to comply with any requirement imposed
under this part 2 with respect to a private education loan CREDIT borrower
or cosigner is liable in an amount equal to the sum of:

(a) Any actual damages sustained by the private education loan
CREDIT borrower or cosigner as a result of the failure;

(b) A monetary award equal to three times the total amount the
private education lender CREDITOR or collection agency collected from
the private education loan CREDIT borrower or cosigner in violation of
this part 2;

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(c) Punitive damages as the court may allow; and

(d) In the case of any successful action by a private education loan
CREDIT borrower to enforce the liability set out in this section, the costs
of the action, together with reasonable attorney fees as determined by the
court.

26 (5) The remedies provided in this section are not the exclusive
27 remedies available to a private education loan CREDIT borrower or

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1 cosigner.

2 **SECTION <u>30.</u>** Act subject to petition - effective date. This act 3 takes effect at 12:01 a.m. on the day following the expiration of the 4 ninety-day period after final adjournment of the general assembly; except 5 that, if a referendum petition is filed pursuant to section 1 (3) of article V 6 of the state constitution against this act or an item, section, or part of this act within such period, then the act, item, section, or part will not take 7 8 effect unless approved by the people at the general election to be held in November 2024 and, in such case, will take effect on the date of the 9 official declaration of the vote thereon by the governor. 10