



## Legislative Council Staff

Nonpartisan Services for Colorado's Legislature

# Final Fiscal Note

---

<b>Drafting Number:</b>	LLS 24-0904	<b>Date:</b>	July 15, 2024
<b>Prime Sponsors:</b>	Rep. Titone; McCormick Sen. Hansen; Priola	<b>Bill Status:</b>	Signed into Law
		<b>Fiscal Analyst:</b>	Matt Bishop   303-866-4796 matt.bishop@coleg.gov

---

<b>Bill Topic:</b>	<b>ENERGY &amp; CARBON MANAGEMENT REGULATION</b>
--------------------	--

---

<b>Summary of Fiscal Impact:</b>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> State Revenue	<input type="checkbox"/> State Transfer	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Local Government
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> State Expenditure	<input type="checkbox"/> TABOR Refund	<input type="checkbox"/> Statutory Public Entity

The bill requires the Energy and Carbon Management Commission to regulate geologic storage activities. It increases state and local revenue and expenditures beginning in FY 2024-25.

---

<b>Appropriation Summary:</b>	No appropriation is required.
-------------------------------	-------------------------------

---

<b>Fiscal Note Status:</b>	The final fiscal note reflects the enacted bill.
----------------------------	--

---

## Summary of Legislation

[Senate Bill 23-016](#) gives the Energy and Carbon Management Commission (ECMC) in the Department of Natural Resources the authority to pursue Class VI injection well primacy from the federal Environmental Protection Agency for the purposes of carbon sequestration, including geologic storage. The bill updates these provisions as follows:

- The bill specifies ownership rights and responsibilities for property used for carbon sequestration and any injected carbon dioxide. Upon request, the ECMC must provide technical assistance to local governments in land use and siting regulations for carbon sequestration.
- The Department of Public Health and Environment (CDPHE) must account for net greenhouse gas emissions changes from geologic storage operations, with collaboration from the ECMC.
- Under current law, violations of ECMC rules have a statute of limitation of one year from the violation. The bill extends the statute of limitations to three years from the discovery of the violation. In addition, the bill authorizes the ECMC to hire administrative law judges to conduct hearings on behalf of the commission.

## Background

Carbon capture and sequestration is a climate change mitigation strategy that involves storing greenhouse gases to prevent them from reaching or persisting in the atmosphere. Geologic storage, as used in the bill, refers to storing carbon dioxide in porous rocks deep underground via a Class VI injection well.

## State Revenue

The bill increases fee revenue to the Energy and Carbon Management Cash Fund from operators of geologic storage operations. The fee amount will be established by the ECMC by rule based on the anticipated number of permit applicants. Because the development of these projects often requires years of planning, and because the number of applicants is expected to be low in the near term, any fee revenue is expected to be minimal for FY 2024-25 and FY 2025-26. This revenue is subject to TABOR.

## State Expenditures

The bill increase state workload in multiple agencies to adopt rules and to regulate geologic storage activities. While no change in appropriations is required for FY 2024-25, the bill is expected to increase cash fund expenditures in future years as this industry develops.

**ECMC—Department of Natural Resources.** The bill increases workload for rulemaking, hearings, and to establish a new regulatory program. In future fiscal years, resources will be requested through the annual budget process and paid from the Energy and Carbon Management Cash Fund.

- **Rulemaking.** The ECMC will adopt rules to regulate geologic storage operations in FY 2024-25. This effort, which requires legal services support from the Department of Law, can be accomplished within existing appropriations. Additional rulemaking will likely be required in future years.
- **Administrative law judges.** Appeals of the ECMC's enforcement actions come before hearings officers in the commission. The ECMC will convert one hearings officer to an administrative law judge in FY 2024-25, which can be accomplished within existing appropriations.
- **Regulating geologic storage activities.** Expenditures will increase to create a regulatory program to review permit applications for geologic storage operations and to provide technical assistance to local governments. These impacts are expected to be minimal for several years. As the industry develops and workload increases, resources will be requested through the annual budget process.

**Department of Public Health and Environment.** The bill increases workload in the department to develop carbon dioxide accounting procedures for geologic storage operations and to coordinate with the ECMC. This can be accomplished within existing appropriations. Any rulemaking, which requires support from the Department of Law, can be accomplished within existing legal services appropriations.

**Colorado Energy Office.** The office participates in rulemaking proceedings of both the ECMC and CDPHE. To the extent that the bill requires those agencies to adopt or update rules, workload will increase. Any such effort in FY 2024-25 can be accomplished within existing appropriations.

## Local Government

The bill may increase revenue and expenditures in any local government that regulates geologic storage siting within its jurisdiction. The extent of the impact will depend on any regulations developed by the local government and the number of projects that companies pursue in its jurisdiction.

## Effective Date

This bill was signed into law by the Governor and took effect on May 21, 2024.

## State and Local Government Contacts

Colorado Energy Office  
Natural Resources

Counties  
Personnel

Law  
Public Health and Environment

---

The revenue and expenditure impacts in this fiscal note represent changes from current law under the bill for each fiscal year. For additional information about fiscal notes, please visit the [General Assembly website](#).