JBC STAFF FISCAL ANALYSIS SENATE APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE

CONCERNING MEASURES TO MODERNIZE ENERGY DISTRIBUTION SYSTEMS.

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Appropriation Items of Note

Appropriation Required, Amendment in Packet

General Fund/TABOR Impact

New Cash Fund (with Continuous Appropriation)

Fiscal Impact of Bill as Amended to Date

The most recent Legislative Council Staff Fiscal Note (attached) reflects the fiscal impact of the bill as of 04/24/24.

| | No Change: Attached LCS Fiscal Note accurately reflects the fiscal impact of the bill |
|-----|---|
| XXX | Update: Fiscal impact has changed due to new information or technical issues |
| | Update: Fiscal impact has changed due to amendment adopted after LCS Fiscal Note was prepared |
| | Non-Concurrence: JBC Staff and Legislative Council Staff disagree about the fiscal impact of the bill |

Since the Fiscal Note was published, the Department of Regulatory Agencies and Department of Labor and Employment have provided new information to Legislative Council Staff that changed the required appropriation of the bill. This new information is reflected in this packet and the attached amendment. Legislative Council Staff and JBC Staff agree that the required appropriation of the amended bill is \$607,748 cash funds and 5.0 FTE for the Department of Regulatory Agencies.

The Senate Finance Committee Report (04/29/24) includes amendments to the bill, however, Legislative Council Staff and JBC Staff agree that the committee amendments do not change the fiscal impact of the bill.

Amendments in This Packet for Consideration by Appropriations Committee

| Amendment | Description |
|-----------|--|
| J.001 | Staff-prepared appropriation amendment |

Current Appropriations Clause in Bill

The bill requires but does not contain an appropriation clause.

Description of Amendments in This Packet

J.001 Staff has prepared amendment **J.001** (attached) to add a provision appropriating \$607,478 cash funds from the Public Utilities Commission Fixed Utilities Fund to the Department of Regulatory Agencies for FY 2024-25. This provision also states that the appropriation is based on the assumption that the Department will require an additional 5.0 FTE.

Points to Consider

General Fund Impact

The Joint Budget Committee has proposed a budget package for FY 2024-25 based on the March 2024 Office of State Planning and Budgeting (OSPB) revenue forecast. The budget package includes \$63.1 million in set-asides for legislation outside of the package (see table below). The budget package accounts for the 15.0 percent reserve associated with the placeholders (a total of \$9.5 million).

| General Fund Appropriation Placeholders for Other 2024 Legislation | | |
|--|--------------|--|
| Description | FY 2024-25 | |
| General Legislative Priorities | \$21,739,130 | |
| Legislation for Shared Housing Priorities | 12,043,478 | |
| Legislation for Shared Workforce and Education Priorities | 16,152,110 | |
| Legislation for Other Shared Priorities | 10,519,130 | |
| Legislation for Distributions to Rural Hospitals | 2,608,689 | |
| TOTAL Placeholders for Other 2024 Legislation | \$63,062,537 | |

This bill requires a transfer of \$800,000 General Fund to the newly created Line Worker Apprenticeship Grant Program Cash Fund for FY 2024-25, reducing the \$63.1 million set aside by the same amount.

TABOR/ Excess State Revenues Impact

The March 2024 Office of State Planning and Budgeting (OSPB) revenue forecast projects a TABOR surplus liability of \$1.3 billion for FY 2024-25 and \$1.8 billion for FY 2025-26 to be refunded to taxpayers out of the General Fund. Legislation that increases non-exempt revenue (such as cash funds) will increase the TABOR refund from the General Fund. The budget package includes a set aside of \$63.1 million General Fund for appropriations in FY 2024-25.

This bill is estimated to increase cash fund revenues by \$607,478 in FY 2024-25 and by \$679,990 in FY 2025-26, which will reduce the available General Fund in each fiscal year by equal amounts. This bill increases the TABOR refund made out of the General Fund by \$607,478 for FY 2024-25, reducing the \$63.1 million General Fund set aside for FY 2024-25 by the same amount.

Legislative Appropriation Authority

Continuous spending authority, also known as **continuous appropriation**, allows state agencies to spend money for statutorily specified purposes up to the total amount available in a specified fund source without seeking further legislative approval through the budget process.

The term *appropriation* is broadly understood as expressing or conveying legal spending authority. However, the term *appropriation* also inherently expresses fundamental legislative fiscal authority by communicating a *limit* on or maximum amount of spending from a specified fund source for a defined period such as a fiscal year. While continuous spending authority also expresses or conveys legal spending authority it does so by eliminating legislative fiscal authority and oversight.

An annual appropriation provides a limit on spending authority, while a continuous appropriation provides unlimited spending authority. This method of funding moves these expenditures off-budget, and thus expenditures are not reported or accounted for through the budget process.

Is it **not** necessary for the Department of Labor and Employment to seek annual authority from the General Assembly to spend money from the Line Worker Apprenticeship Grant Program Cash Fund?