Proposition ?: Additional Local Approval of Expanded Liquor Licenses and Renewals

Placed on the ballot by citizen initiative • Passes with a majority vote

1 Proposition ? proposes amending the <u>Colorado statutes</u> to:

- prohibit any retail liquor license change or modification without local government review and a public hearing; and
- require additional local government review and a public hearing for the renewal of any store's liquor license.

6 What Your Vote Means

YES 7 A "yes" vote on 8 Proposition ? requires

- 9 local governments to review and either
- 10 approve or reject any retail liquor licensing
- 11 changes or modifications and renewals,
- 12 following a public hearing.

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A "no" vote on Proposition? means that liquor license changes or modifications authorized by state law may happen without local government review, while local governments will retain their authority to review liquor license renewals.

1 Summary and Analysis for Proposition?

2 What does this measure do?

This measure prohibits any retail liquor license change or modification, including an automatic conversion or change in the type of alcohol sold that is authorized by a change in state law, without local government review and a public hearing. The measure also requires a public hearing and additional review by a local government before a store's liquor license can be renewed.

What is the current liquor licensing process?

Under current law, retail stores that sell alcohol, including liquor stores, grocery stores, and convenience stores, must be licensed by both state and local governments. Before approving an application for an initial liquor license, licensing authorities must consider the needs and desires of the neighborhood following a public hearing. Liquor licenses must be renewed annually. A local government may hold a public hearing on a renewal application and may refuse to renew any license for good cause.

How does the measure impact liquor license modifications?

This measure requires a local government to hold a public hearing and review any liquor license changes or modifications, including automatic expansions in the types of alcohol being sold. In order for the liquor license change or modification to be granted, the measure requires that a local government find that the change will meet the needs and desires of the neighborhood and that the location meets applicable distance requirements from schools, daycare centers, churches, and other retail stores that sell alcohol.

For example, in 2019, state law allowed grocery and convenience stores that were licensed to sell 3.2 beer to be automatically permitted to begin selling full-strength beer without any additional state or local government approval or action. If this measure had been in place at that time, these conversions would not have been automatic and would have required review and approval by the local government. On the 2022 ballot, Initiative 121 proposes to automatically allow these same stores to also begin selling wine without any state or local government approval or action. This measure would require the relevant local government to hold a public hearing and review these conversions prior to approval.

How does the measure impact liquor license renewals?

This measure would require a local government to hold a public hearing and determine that a store's liquor license renewal would serve the public interest based on the store's operating history.

For information on those issue committees that support or oppose the measures on the ballot at the November 8, 2022, election, go to the Colorado Secretary of State's elections center web site hyperlink for ballot and initiative information:

http://www.sos.state.co.us/pubs/elections/Initiatives/InitiativesHome.html

1 Argument For Proposition?

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 This measure gives local neighborhoods a voice in the process of expanding the types of alcohol that are sold at nearby stores. This measure ensures that liquor licensees continue to be accountable through a transparent public process.

Argument Against Proposition?

 This measure adds unnecessary bureaucracy that will burden local governments and slow down the liquor licensing process. Further, upon renewal of a liquor license, local governments already have the discretion to hold hearings when warranted, and do not need this state-mandated requirement.

Fiscal Impact for Proposition?

State revenue and spending. Because the measure modifies only the local licensing process, it is not expected to affect the revenue or expenditures of the Liquor Enforcement Division in the Department of Revenue. However, to the extent the measure's requirements delay the local process or limit the state's time with an application, workload may increase, and to the extent the measure's requirements reduce the number of overall licensees in the state, revenue and workload may decrease. These impacts will depend on a variety of factors and cannot be estimated.

Local government. The measure will increase workload for local licensing authorities to comply with the hearings and affirmative finding requirements. Similar to the state, if the measure results in nonrenewal of liquor licenses, fee revenue to and workload for local licensing authorities will be reduced; however, this impact cannot be estimated.