

Received
Legislative Council Staff
4/10/19 8:57am

Be it Enacted by the People of the State of Colorado:

SECTION 1. In the constitution of the state of Colorado, **amend** section 20 of article X as follows:

Section 20. THE TAXPAYER'S BILL OF RIGHTS

(1) **General provisions.** This section takes effect December 31, 1992 or as stated. Its preferred interpretation shall reasonably restrain most the growth of state government. All provisions are self-executing and severable and supersede conflicting state constitutional, state statutory, ~~charter,~~ or other state ~~or local~~ provisions. ~~Other limits on district revenue, spending, and debt may be weakened only by future voter approval.~~ Individual or class action enforcement suits may be filed and shall have the highest civil priority of resolution. Successful plaintiffs are allowed costs and reasonable attorney fees, but ~~a district~~ THE STATE is not unless a suit against it be ruled frivolous. ~~Revenue collected, kept, or spent illegally since four full fiscal years before a suit is filed shall be refunded with 10% annual simple interest from the initial conduct. Subject to judicial review, districts may use any reasonable method for refunds under this section, including temporary tax credits or rate reductions. Refunds need not be proportional when prior payments are impractical to identify or return. When annual district revenue is less than annual payments on general obligation bonds, pensions, and final court judgments, (4) (a) and (7) shall be suspended to provide for the deficiency.~~

(2) **Term definitions.** Within this section:

- (a) "Ballot issue" means a non-recall petition or referred measure in an election.
- (b) "~~District~~STATE" means the state ~~or any local~~ government, excluding enterprises.
- (c) "~~Emergency~~" ~~excludes economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or district salary or fringe benefit increases.~~
- (d) "Enterprise" means a government-owned business authorized to issue its own revenue bonds and receiving under 10% of annual revenue in grants from all Colorado state and local governments combined.
- (e) "Fiscal year spending" means all ~~district~~ STATE expenditures and reserve increases except, as to both, those for refunds made in the current or next fiscal year or those from gifts, federal funds, collections for another government, pension contributions by employees and pension fund earnings, reserve transfers or expenditures, damage awards, or property sales.
- (f) "~~Inflation~~" ~~means the percentage change in the United States Bureau of Labor Statistics Consumer Price Index for Denver-Boulder, all items, all urban consumers, or its successor index.~~
- (g) "~~Local growth~~" ~~for a non-school district means a net percentage change in actual value of all real property in a district from construction of taxable real property improvements,~~

~~minus destruction of similar improvements, and additions to, minus deletions from, taxable real property. For a school district, it means the percentage change in its student enrollment.~~

(h) "PHASED-IN TAX" MEANS A TAX MEASURE THAT TAKES EFFECT IN INCREMENTS IN MORE THAN ONE FISCAL YEAR.

(i) "STATE" MEANS THE STATE GOVERNMENT, EXCLUDING ENTERPRISES.

(j) "TAX MEASURE" MEANS ANY OF THE FOLLOWING:

(I) NEW TAX;

(II) TAX RATE INCREASE;

(III) MILL LEVY ABOVE THAT FOR THE PRIOR YEAR;

(IV) EXTENSION OF AN EXPIRING TAX; AND

(V) A TAX POLICY CHANGE DIRECTLY CAUSING A NET TAX REVENUE GAIN TO THE STATE.

(k) "TOTAL PROJECTED REVENUE FROM TAX MEASURES" MEANS THE TOTAL OF:

(I) THE REVENUE THAT THE STATE PROJECTS ANY PROPOSED TAX MEASURE WILL GENERATE IN THE FIRST FULL FISCAL YEAR AFTER THE TAX MEASURE IS TO TAKE EFFECT OR, IF A PHASED-IN TAX, THE REVENUE THAT THE STATE PROJECTS WILL BE GENERATED IN THE FIRST FULL FISCAL YEAR AFTER THE FISCAL YEAR IN WHICH AN INCREMENT OF THE PHASED-IN TAX TAKES EFFECT AND

(II) THE REVENUE THAT THE STATE HAS PROJECTED WILL BE GENERATED IN THE FIRST FULL FISCAL YEAR AFTER ALL OTHER TAX MEASURES THAT ARE TO TAKE EFFECT IN THE SAME FISCAL YEAR.

(3) Election provisions.

(a) Ballot issues shall be decided in a state general election, biennial local district election, or on the first Tuesday in November of odd-numbered years. ~~Except for petitions, bonded debt, or charter or constitutional provisions, districts may consolidate ballot issues and voters may approve a delay of up to four years in voting on ballot issues. District actions taken during such a delay shall not extend beyond that period.~~

(b) ~~At least 30 days before a ballot issue election, districts shall mail at the least cost, and as a package where districts with ballot issues overlap, a titled notice or set of notices addressed to "All Registered Voters" at each address of one or more active registered electors. The districts may coordinate the mailing required by this paragraph (b) with the distribution of the ballot information booklet required by section 1 (7.5) of article V of this constitution in order to have mailing costs. Titles shall have this order of preference: "NOTICE OF ELECTION TO INCREASE TAXES/TO INCREASE DEBT/ON A CITIZEN PETITION/ON A REFERRED MEASURE."~~ Except for district voter-approved additions, notices shall include only:

(i) ~~The election date, hours, ballot title, text, and local election office address and telephone number.~~

(ii) ~~For proposed district tax or bonded debt increases, the estimated or actual total of district fiscal year spending for the current year and each of the past four years, and the overall percentage and dollar change.~~

(iii) ~~For the first full fiscal year of each proposed district tax increase, district estimates of the maximum dollar amount of each increase and of district fiscal year spending without the increase.~~

(iv) ~~For proposed district bonded debt, its principal amount and maximum annual and total district repayment cost, and the principal balance of total current district bonded debt and its maximum annual and remaining total district repayment cost.~~

(v) ~~Two summaries, up to 500 words each, one for and one against the proposal, of written comments filed with the election officer by 45 days before the election. No summary shall mention names of persons or private groups, nor any endorsements of or resolutions against the proposal. Petition representatives following these rules shall write this summary for their petition. The election officer shall maintain and accurately summarize all other relevant written comments. The provisions of this subparagraph (v) do not apply to a statewide ballot issue, which is subject to the provisions of section 1 (7.5) of article V of this constitution.~~

(c) ~~Except by later voter approval, if a tax increase or fiscal year spending exceeds any estimate in (b) (iii) for the same fiscal year, the tax increase is thereafter reduced up to 100% in proportion to the combined dollar excess, and the combined excess revenue refunded in the next fiscal year. District bonded debt shall not issue on terms that could exceed its share of its maximum repayment costs in (b) (iv). Ballot titles for tax or bonded debt increases shall begin, "SHALL (DISTRICT) TAXES BE INCREASED (first, or if phased in, final, full fiscal year dollar increase) ANNUALLY...?" or "SHALL (DISTRICT) DEBT BE INCREASED (principal amount), WITH A REPAYMENT COST OF (maximum total district cost), ...?"~~

(4) Required elections

Starting November 4, 1992, ~~districts~~ THE STATE must have voter approval in advance for:

(a) ~~Unless (1) or (6) applies, any new tax, tax rate increase, mill levy above that for the prior year, valuation for assessment ratio increase for a property class, or extension of an expiring tax, or a tax policy change directly causing a net tax revenue gain to any district. A TAX MEASURE TO BECOME LAW; EXCEPT THAT IF IN ANY FISCAL YEAR THE STATE'S TOTAL PROJECTED REVENUE FROM TAX MEASURES IS FIVE PERCENT OR LESS OF THE FISCAL YEAR SPENDING IN THE LAST COMPLETE FISCAL YEAR, VOTER APPROVAL IN ADVANCE IS NOT REQUIRED.~~

(b) Except for refinancing ~~district~~ bonded debt at a lower interest rate or adding new employees to existing ~~district~~ STATE pension plans, creation of any multiple-fiscal year direct or indirect ~~district~~ debt or other financial obligation whatsoever without adequate present cash reserves pledged irrevocably and held for payments in all future fiscal years.

(5) ~~Emergency reserves.~~

~~To use for declared emergencies only, each district shall reserve for 1993 1% or more, for 1994 2% or more, and for all later years 3% or more of its fiscal year spending excluding bonded debt service. Unused reserves apply to the next year's reserve.~~

~~(6) Emergency taxes.~~

~~This subsection grants no new taxing power. Emergency property taxes are prohibited. Emergency tax revenue is excluded for purposes of (3) (c) and (7), even if later ratified by voters. Emergency taxes shall also meet all of the following conditions:~~

- ~~(a) A 2/3 majority of the members of each house of the general assembly or of a local district board declares the emergency and imposes the tax by separate recorded roll call votes.~~
- ~~(b) Emergency tax revenue shall be spent only after emergency reserves are depleted, and shall be refunded within 180 days after the emergency ends if not spent on the emergency.~~
- ~~(c) A tax not approved on the next election date 60 days or more after the declaration shall end with that election month.~~

~~(7) Spending limits.~~

- ~~(a) The maximum annual percentage change in state fiscal year spending equals inflation plus the percentage change in state population in the prior calendar year, adjusted for revenue changes approved by voters after 1991. Population shall be determined by annual federal census estimates and such number shall be adjusted every decade to match the federal census.~~
- ~~(b) The maximum annual percentage change in each local district's fiscal year spending equals inflation in the prior calendar year plus annual local growth, adjusted for revenue changes approved by voters after 1991 and (8) (b) and (9) reductions.~~
- ~~(c) The maximum annual percentage change in each district's property tax revenue equals inflation in the prior calendar year plus annual local growth, adjusted for property tax revenue changes approved by voters after 1991 and (8) (b) and (9) reductions.~~
- ~~(d) If revenue from sources not excluded from fiscal year spending exceeds these limits in dollars for that fiscal year, the excess shall be refunded in the next fiscal year unless voters approve a revenue change as an offset. Initial district bases are current fiscal year spending and 1991 property tax collected in 1992. Qualification or disqualification as an enterprise shall change district bases and future year limits. Future creation of district bonded debt shall increase, and retiring or refinancing district bonded debt shall lower, fiscal year spending and property tax revenue by the annual debt service so funded. Debt service changes, reductions, (1) and (3) (c) refunds, and voter approved revenue changes are dollar amounts that are exceptions to, and not part of, any district base. Voter approved revenue changes do not require a tax rate change.~~

~~(8) Revenue limits.~~ CUMULATIVE UNIFORM EXEMPTIONS AND VALUATION NOTICES.

- ~~(a) New or increased transfer tax rates on real property are prohibited. No new state real property tax or local district income tax shall be imposed. Neither an income tax rate increase nor a new state definition of taxable income shall apply before the next tax year.~~

~~Any income tax law change after July 1, 1992 shall also require all taxable net income to be taxed at one rate, excluding refund tax credits or voter approved tax credits, with no added tax or surcharge.~~

(b) ~~Each district~~ THE STATE may enact cumulative uniform exemptions and credits to reduce or end business personal property taxes.

(c) Regardless of reassessment frequency, valuation notices shall be mailed annually and may be appealed annually, with no presumption in favor of any pending valuation. Past or future sales by a lender or government shall also be considered as comparable market sales and their sales prices kept as public records. Actual value shall be stated on all property tax bills and valuation notices and, for residential real property, determined solely by the market approach to appraisal.

(9) State mandates.

Except for public education through grade 12 or as required of a local district by federal law, a local district may reduce or end its subsidy to any program delegated to it by the general assembly for administration. For current programs, the state may require 90 days notice and that the adjustment occur in a maximum of three equal annual installments.

SECTION 2. In the constitution of the state of Colorado, **amend** section 3(1)(b) of Article X as follows:

Section 3. Uniform Taxation - Exemptions

(1)

(b) Residential real property, ~~which~~ shall include all residential dwelling units and the land, as defined by law, on which such units are located, and mobile home parks, but shall not include hotels and motels. ~~shall be valued for assessment at twenty one percent of its actual value. For the property tax year commencing January 1, 1985, the general assembly shall determine the percentage of the aggregate statewide valuation for assessment which is attributable to residential real property. For each subsequent year, the general assembly shall again determine the percentage of the aggregate statewide valuation for assessment which is attributable to each class of taxable property, after adding in the increased valuation for assessment attributable to new construction and to increased volume of mineral and oil and gas production. For each year in which there is a change in the level of value used in determining actual value, the general assembly shall adjust the ratio of valuation for assessment for residential real property which is set forth in this paragraph (b) as is necessary to insure that the percentage of the aggregate statewide valuation for assessment which is attributable to residential real property shall remain the same as it was in the year immediately preceding the year in which such change occurs. Such adjusted ratio shall be the ratio of valuation for assessment for residential real property for those years for which such new level of value is used. In determining the adjustment to be made in the ratio of~~

~~valuation for assessment for residential real property, the aggregate statewide valuation for assessment that is attributable to residential real property shall be calculated as if the full actual value of all owner-occupied primary residences that are partially exempt from taxation pursuant to section 3.5 of this article was subject to taxation. All other taxable property shall be valued for assessment at twenty-nine percent of its actual value. However,~~
The valuation for assessment for producing mines, as defined by law, and lands or leaseholds producing oil or gas, as defined by law, shall be a portion of the actual annual or actual average annual production therefrom, based upon the value of the unprocessed material, according to procedures prescribed by law for different types of minerals. Non-producing unpatented mining claims, which are possessory interests in real property by virtue of leases from the United States of America, shall be exempt from property taxation.

SECTION 3: In the constitution of the state of Colorado, **repeal** section 17 of article IX.

~~Section 17. EDUCATION—FUNDING~~

~~(1) **PURPOSE.** In state fiscal year 2001–2002 through state fiscal year 2010–2011, the statewide base per pupil funding, as defined by the Public School Finance Act of 1994, article 54 of title 22, Colorado Revised Statutes on the effective date of this section, for public education from preschool through the twelfth grade and total state funding for all categorical programs shall grow annually at least by the rate of inflation plus an additional one percentage point. In state fiscal year 2011–2012, and each fiscal year thereafter, the statewide base per pupil funding for public education from preschool through the twelfth grade and total state funding for all categorical programs shall grow annually at a rate set by the general assembly that is at least equal to the rate of inflation.~~

~~(2) **DEFINITIONS.** For purposes of this section: (a) "Categorical programs" include transportation programs, English language proficiency programs, expelled and at-risk student programs, special education programs (including gifted and talented programs), suspended student programs, vocational education programs, small attendance centers, comprehensive health education programs, and other current and future accountable programs specifically identified in statute as a categorical program.~~

~~(b) "Inflation" has the same meaning as defined in article X, section 20, subsection (2), paragraph (f) of the Colorado constitution.~~

~~(3) **IMPLEMENTATION.** In state fiscal year 2001–2002 and each fiscal year thereafter, the general assembly may annually appropriate, and school districts may annually expend, monies from the state education fund created in subsection (4) of this section. Such appropriations and expenditures shall not be subject to the statutory limitation on general fund appropriations growth, the limitation on fiscal year spending set forth in article X, section 20 of the Colorado constitution, or any other spending limitation existing in law.~~

~~(4) **STATE EDUCATION FUND CREATED.** (a) There is hereby created in the department of the treasury the state education fund. Beginning on the effective date of this measure, all state revenues collected from a tax of one-third of one percent on federal taxable income, as modified by law, of every individual, estate, trust and corporation, as~~

~~defined in law, shall be deposited in the state education fund. Revenues generated from a tax of one-third of one percent on federal taxable income, as modified by law, of every individual, estate, trust and corporation, as defined in law, shall not be subject to the limitation on fiscal year spending set forth in article X, section 20 of the Colorado constitution. All interest earned on monies in the state education fund shall be deposited in the state education fund and shall be used before any principal is depleted. Monies remaining in the state education fund at the end of any fiscal year shall remain in the fund and not revert to the general fund.~~

~~(b) In state fiscal year 2001-2002, and each fiscal year thereafter, the general assembly may annually appropriate monies from the state education fund. Monies in the state education fund may only be used to comply with subsection (1) of this section and for accountable education reform, for accountable programs to meet state academic standards, for class size reduction, for expanding technology education, for improving student safety, for expanding the availability of preschool and kindergarten programs, for performance incentives for teachers, for accountability reporting, or for public school building capital construction.~~

~~**(5) MAINTENANCE OF EFFORT.** Monies appropriated from the state education fund shall not be used to supplant the level of general fund appropriations existing on the effective date of this section for total program education funding under the Public School Finance Act of 1994, article 54 of title 22, Colorado Revised Statutes, and for categorical programs as defined in subsection (2) of this section. In state fiscal year 2001-2002 through state fiscal year 2010-2011, the general assembly shall, at a minimum, annually increase the general fund appropriation for total program under the "Public School Finance Act of 1994," or any successor act, by an amount not below five percent of the prior year general fund appropriation for total program under the "Public School Finance Act of 1994," or any successor act. This general fund growth requirement shall not apply in any fiscal year in which Colorado personal income grows less than four and one half percent between the two previous calendar years.~~

2019-20 #49

Proposal 18 – TABOR-Gallagher-Amendment 23 - Repeal (Partial TABOR Repeal) –
Replace (Local Districts Exempt)