Second Regular Session Seventy-first General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

INTRODUCED

LLS NO. 18-0489.01 Richard Sweetman x4333

SENATE BILL 18-180

SENATE SPONSORSHIP

Gardner,

HOUSE SPONSORSHIP

Wist and Gray,

Senate Committees Judiciary

101

House Committees

A BILL FOR AN ACT

CONCERNING THE COLORADO TRUST CODE.

Bill Summary

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at http://leg.colorado.gov/.)

Colorado Commission on Uniform State Laws. Under current law, the administration of trusts is generally governed by certain provisions within the probate code. The bill repeals many of these provisions and creates a new Colorado trust code (code) outside the probate code to address trust administration. The new code includes provisions concerning:

- ! Judicial proceedings;
- ! Representation;

Shading denotes HOUSE amendment. <u>Double underlining denotes SENATE amendment.</u>

Capital letters or bold & italic numbers indicate new material to be added to existing statute.

Dashes through the words indicate deletions from existing statute.

1 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado: 2 **SECTION 1.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, **add** article 5 to title 3 15 as follows: 4 ARTICLE 5 5 Colorado Trust Code PART 1 6 7 GENERAL PROVISIONS AND DEFINITIONS 8 **15-5-101. Short title.** THIS ARTICLE 5 IS KNOWN AND MAY BE 9 CITED AS THE "COLORADO TRUST CODE" AND IS REFERRED TO IN THIS 10 ARTICLE 5 AS "THIS CODE" OR "CODE". 11 15-5-102. Scope. This code applies to express trusts, 12 CHARITABLE OR NONCHARITABLE, AND TRUSTS CREATED PURSUANT TO A 13 STATUTE, JUDGMENT, OR DECREE THAT REQUIRES THE TRUST TO BE 14 ADMINISTERED IN THE MANNER OF AN EXPRESS TRUST. THIS CODE DOES 15 NOT APPLY TO A BUSINESS TRUST; A TRUST THAT IS USED PRIMARILY FOR 16 BUSINESS, EMPLOYMENT, INVESTMENT, OR COMMERCIAL TRANSACTIONS; 17 A LAND TRUST; A VOTING TRUST; A COMMON TRUST FUND; A SECURITY 18 ARRANGEMENT; A LIQUIDATION TRUST; A TRUST CREATED BY A DEPOSIT 19 ARRANGEMENT IN A FINANCIAL INSTITUTION; A TRUST CREATED FOR 20 PAYING DEBTS, DIVIDENDS, INTEREST, SALARIES, WAGES, PROFITS, 21 PENSIONS, OR EMPLOYEE BENEFITS OF ANY KIND; OR ANY ARRANGEMENT 22 UNDER WHICH A PERSON IS A NOMINEE OR ESCROWEE FOR ANOTHER. 23

15-5-103. Definitions. AS USED IN THIS ARTICLE 5, UNLESS THE

Creation, validity, modification, and termination of trusts;

Liabilities of trustees and rights of persons dealing with

Duties and powers of trustees; and

The bill also makes conforming amendments.

trustees.

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1	CONTEXT OTHERWISE REQUIRES:
2	(1) "ACTION", WITH RESPECT TO AN ACT OF A TRUSTEE, INCLUDES
3	A FAILURE TO ACT.
4	(2) "ALTERNATIVE DISPUTE RESOLUTION" MEANS A METHOD OF
5	NONJUDICIAL DISPUTE RESOLUTION AS SET FORTH IN THE TRUST
6	INSTRUMENT, WHICH MAY INCLUDE BUT IS NOT LIMITED TO A METHOD
7	PRESCRIBED PURSUANT TO THE UNIFORM ARBITRATION ACT, PART 2 OF
8	ARTICLE 22 OF TITLE 13.
9	(3) "ASCERTAINABLE STANDARD" MEANS A STANDARD RELATING
10	TO AN INDIVIDUAL'S HEALTH, EDUCATION, SUPPORT, OR MAINTENANCE
11	WITHIN THE MEANING OF SECTION 2041 (b)(1)(A) OR 2514 (c)(1) OF THE
12	FEDERAL "INTERNAL REVENUE CODE OF 1986", AS AMENDED.
13	(4) (a) "BENEFICIARY" MEANS A PERSON WHO:
14	(I) HAS A PRESENT OR FUTURE BENEFICIAL INTEREST IN A TRUST,
15	VESTED OR CONTINGENT; OR
16	(II) IN A CAPACITY OTHER THAN THAT OF TRUSTEE, HOLDS A
17	POWER OF APPOINTMENT OVER TRUST PROPERTY.
18	(b) "Beneficiary" does not include an appointee under a
19	POWER OF APPOINTMENT UNLESS AND UNTIL THE POWER IS EXERCISED AND
20	THE TRUSTEE HAS KNOWLEDGE OF THE EXERCISE AND THE IDENTITY OF
21	THE APPOINTEE.
22	(5) "BUSINESS TRUST" HAS THE SAME MEANING AS SET FORTH IN
23	SECTION 15-10-201 (6.5).
24	(6) "Charitable trust" means a trust, or a portion of a
25	TRUST, CREATED FOR A CHARITABLE PURPOSE DESCRIBED IN SECTION
26	15-5-405 (1).
27	(7) "CONSERVATOR" MEANS A PERSON APPOINTED BY A COURT TO

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1	ADMINISTER THE ESTATE OF A MINOR OR ADULT INDIVIDUAL.
2	(8) "Environmental Law" means a federal, state, or local
3	LAW, RULE, REGULATION, OR ORDINANCE RELATING TO PROTECTION OF
4	THE ENVIRONMENT.
5	(9) "GUARDIAN" MEANS A PERSON APPOINTED BY A COURT TO
6	MAKE DECISIONS REGARDING THE SUPPORT, CARE, EDUCATION, HEALTH,
7	AND WELFARE OF A MINOR OR ADULT INDIVIDUAL. THE TERM DOES NOT
8	INCLUDE A GUARDIAN AD LITEM.
9	(10) "INTERESTED PERSON" MEANS A QUALIFIED BENEFICIARY OR
10	OTHER PERSON HAVING A PROPERTY RIGHT IN OR CLAIM AGAINST A TRUST
11	ESTATE, WHICH RIGHT OR CLAIM MAY REASONABLY AND MATERIALLY BE
12	AFFECTED BY A JUDICIAL PROCEEDING PURSUANT TO THIS CODE. THE TERM
13	ALSO INCLUDES FIDUCIARIES AND OTHER PERSONS HAVING AUTHORITY TO
14	ACT UNDER THE TERMS OF THE TRUST.
15	(11) "INTERESTS OF THE BENEFICIARIES" MEANS THE BENEFICIAL
16	INTERESTS PROVIDED IN THE TERMS OF THE TRUST.
17	(12) "JURISDICTION", WITH RESPECT TO A GEOGRAPHICAL AREA,
18	INCLUDES A STATE OR COUNTRY.
19	(13) "PERSON" MEANS AN INDIVIDUAL; CORPORATION; BUSINESS
20	TRUST; ESTATE; TRUST; PARTNERSHIP; LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY;
21	ASSOCIATION; JOINT VENTURE; GOVERNMENT; GOVERNMENTAL
22	SUBDIVISION, AGENCY, OR INSTRUMENTALITY; PUBLIC CORPORATION; OR
23	ANY OTHER LEGAL OR COMMERCIAL ENTITY.
24	(14) "POWER OF WITHDRAWAL" MEANS A PRESENTLY EXERCISABLE
25	GENERAL POWER OF APPOINTMENT OTHER THAN A POWER:
26	(a) Exercisable by a trustee and limited by an
27	ASCERTAINABLE STANDARD; OR

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1	(D) EXERCISABLE BY ANOTHER PERSON ONLY UPON CONSENT OF
2	THE TRUSTEE OR A PERSON HOLDING AN ADVERSE INTEREST.
3	(15) "PROPERTY" MEANS ANYTHING THAT MAY BE THE SUBJECT OF
4	OWNERSHIP, WHETHER REAL OR PERSONAL, LEGAL OR EQUITABLE, OR ANY
5	INTEREST THEREIN.
6	(16) "QUALIFIED BENEFICIARY" MEANS A BENEFICIARY WHO, ON
7	THE DATE THE BENEFICIARY'S QUALIFICATION IS DETERMINED:
8	(a) Is a distributee or permissible distributee of trust
9	INCOME OR PRINCIPAL;
10	(b) Would be a distributee or permissible distributee of
11	TRUST INCOME OR PRINCIPAL IF THE INTERESTS OF THE DISTRIBUTEES
12	DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION $(16)(a)$ OF THIS SECTION TERMINATED ON THAT
13	DATE WITHOUT CAUSING THE TRUST TO TERMINATE; OR
14	(c) Would be a distributee or permissible distributee of
15	TRUST INCOME OR PRINCIPAL IF THE TRUST TERMINATED ON THAT DATE.
16	(17) "REVOCABLE", AS APPLIED TO A TRUST, MEANS REVOCABLE
17	BY THE SETTLOR WITHOUT THE CONSENT OF THE TRUSTEE OR A PERSON
18	HOLDING AN ADVERSE INTEREST.
19	(18) "SETTLOR" MEANS A PERSON, INCLUDING A TESTATOR, WHO
20	CREATES, OR CONTRIBUTES PROPERTY TO, A TRUST. IF MORE THAN ONE
21	PERSON CREATES OR CONTRIBUTES PROPERTY TO A TRUST, EACH PERSON
22	IS A SETTLOR OF THE PORTION OF THE TRUST PROPERTY ATTRIBUTABLE TO
23	THAT PERSON'S CONTRIBUTION EXCEPT TO THE EXTENT ANOTHER PERSON
24	HAS THE POWER TO REVOKE OR HAS A POWER OF WITHDRAWAL OVER THAT
25	PORTION.
26	(19) "SPENDTHRIFT PROVISION" MEANS A TERM OF A TRUST THAT
27	RESTRAINS BOTH VOLUNTARY AND INVOLUNTARY TRANSFER OF A

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1	BENEFICIARY'S INTEREST.
2	(20) "STATE" MEANS A STATE OF THE UNITED STATES, THE
3	DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, PUERTO RICO, THE UNITED STATES VIRGIN
4	ISLANDS, OR ANY TERRITORY OR INSULAR POSSESSION SUBJECT TO THE
5	JURISDICTION OF THE UNITED STATES. THE TERM INCLUDES AN INDIAN
6	TRIBE OR BAND RECOGNIZED BY FEDERAL LAW OR FORMALLY
7	ACKNOWLEDGED BY A STATE.
8	(21) "Terms of a trust" means the manifestation of the
9	SETTLOR'S INTENT REGARDING A TRUST'S PROVISIONS, AS EXPRESSED IN
10	THE TRUST INSTRUMENT, OR AS MAY BE ESTABLISHED BY OTHER EVIDENCE
11	IN A JUDICIAL PROCEEDING, OR IN A NONJUDICIAL SETTLEMENT
12	AGREEMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 15-5-111 OR BY ALTERNATIVE
13	DISPUTE RESOLUTION PURSUANT TO SECTION 15-5-113.
14	(22) "Trust instrument" means an instrument executed by
15	THE SETTLOR THAT CONTAINS TERMS OF THE TRUST, INCLUDING ANY
16	AMENDMENTS THERETO.
17	(23) "Trustee" includes an original, an additional, and a
18	SUCCESSOR TRUSTEE OR A COTRUSTEE.
19	15-5-104. Knowledge. (1) Subject to subsection (2) of this
20	SECTION, A PERSON HAS KNOWLEDGE OF A FACT IF THE PERSON:
21	(a) HAS ACTUAL KNOWLEDGE OF IT;
22	(b) HAS RECEIVED A NOTICE OR NOTIFICATION OF IT; OR
23	(c) FROM ALL THE FACTS AND CIRCUMSTANCES KNOWN TO THE
24	PERSON AT THE TIME IN QUESTION, HAS REASON TO KNOW IT.
25	(2) An organization that conducts activities through
26	EMPLOYEES HAS NOTICE OR KNOWLEDGE OF A FACT INVOLVING A TRUST
27	ONLY FROM THE TIME THE INFORMATION WAS DECEIVED BY AN EMPLOYEE

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1	HAVING RESPONSIBILITY TO ACT FOR THE TRUST, OR WOULD HAVE BEEN
2	BROUGHT TO THE EMPLOYEE'S ATTENTION IF THE ORGANIZATION HAD
3	EXERCISED REASONABLE DILIGENCE. AN ORGANIZATION EXERCISES
4	REASONABLE DILIGENCE IF IT MAINTAINS ROUTINES FOR COMMUNICATING
5	SIGNIFICANT INFORMATION TO THE EMPLOYEE HAVING RESPONSIBILITY TO
6	ACT FOR THE TRUST AND THERE IS REASONABLE COMPLIANCE WITH THE
7	ROUTINES. REASONABLE DILIGENCE DOES NOT REQUIRE AN EMPLOYEE OF
8	THE ORGANIZATION TO COMMUNICATE INFORMATION UNLESS THE
9	COMMUNICATION IS PART OF THE INDIVIDUAL'S REGULAR DUTIES OR THE
10	INDIVIDUAL KNOWS THAT A MATTER INVOLVING THE TRUST WOULD BE
11	MATERIALLY AFFECTED BY THE INFORMATION.
12	15-5-105. Default and mandatory rules. (1) EXCEPT AS
13	OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN THE TERMS OF THE TRUST, THIS CODE GOVERNS
14	THE DUTIES, RIGHTS, AND POWERS OF A TRUSTEE; RELATIONS AMONG
15	TRUSTEES; THE RIGHTS, POWERS, AND INTERESTS OF A BENEFICIARY; THE
16	RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN THE TRUSTEES AND THE BENEFICIARIES; THE
17	PURPOSE OF THE TRUST; AND OTHER MATTERS WITH RESPECT TO THE
18	TRUST OR THE PROPERTY SUBJECT TO THE TRUST.
19	(2) THE TERMS OF A TRUST PREVAIL OVER ANY PROVISION OF THIS
20	CODE EXCEPT:
21	(a) THE MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS FOR CREATING THE TRUST;
22	(b) THE DUTY OF A TRUSTEE TO ACT IN GOOD FAITH AND IN
23	ACCORDANCE WITH THE TERMS AND PURPOSES OF THE TRUST AND THE
24	INTERESTS OF THE BENEFICIARIES;
25	(c) THE REQUIREMENT THAT A TRUST AND ITS TERMS BE FOR THE
26	BENEFIT OF ITS BENEFICIARIES AND THAT THE TRUST HAVE A PURPOSE
27	THAT IS LAWFUL, NOT CONTRARY TO PUBLIC POLICY, AND POSSIBLE TO

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I	ACHIEVE;
2	(d) THE POWER OF THE COURT TO MODIFY OR TERMINATE A TRUST
3	PURSUANT TO SECTIONS 15-5-410 TO 15-5-416;
4	(e) (Reserved)
5	(f) THE POWER OF THE COURT PURSUANT TO SECTION 15-5-702 TO
6	REQUIRE, DISPENSE WITH, MODIFY, OR TERMINATE A BOND;
7	(g) The power of the court pursuant to section 15-5-708 (2)
8	TO ADJUST A TRUSTEE'S COMPENSATION SPECIFIED IN THE TERMS OF THE
9	TRUST THAT IS UNREASONABLY LOW OR HIGH;
10	(h) THE DUTY PURSUANT TO SECTION 15-5-813 (2)(b) AND (2)(c)
11	TO PROVIDE NOTICE OF THE EXISTENCE OF AN IRREVOCABLE TRUST, OF THE
12	IDENTITY OF THE TRUSTEE, AND OF THE RIGHT TO REQUEST TRUSTEE'S
13	REPORTS TO CURRENT DISTRIBUTEES OR PERMISSIBLE DISTRIBUTEES OF
14	SUCH TRUST AT ANY AGE, OR TO OTHER QUALIFIED BENEFICIARIES OF SUCH
15	TRUST WHO HAVE ATTAINED TWENTY-FIVE YEARS OF AGE;
16	(i) THE DUTY PURSUANT TO SECTION 15-5-813 (1) TO RESPOND TO
17	THE REQUEST OF A QUALIFIED BENEFICIARY OF AN IRREVOCABLE TRUST
18	FOR TRUSTEE'S REPORTS AND OTHER INFORMATION REASONABLY RELATED
19	TO THE ADMINISTRATION OF A TRUST;
20	(j) THE EFFECT OF AN EXCULPATORY TERM PURSUANT TO SECTION
21	15-5-1008;
22	(k) The rights pursuant to sections 15-5-1010 to 15-5-1013
23	OF A PERSON OTHER THAN A TRUSTEE OR BENEFICIARY;
24	(1) THE PERIODS OF LIMITATION FOR COMMENCING A JUDICIAL
25	PROCEEDING;
26	(m) Consistent with the terms of the trust and the
7	DROVISIONS OF THIS CODE THE DOWED OF THE COURT TO TAKE SLICE

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I	ACTION AND EXERCISE SUCH JURISDICTION NOT INCONSISTENT WITH A
2	SETTLOR'S INTENT AS MAY BE NECESSARY IN THE INTERESTS OF JUSTICE
3	AND
4	(n) The subject matter jurisdiction of the court and venue
5	FOR COMMENCING A PROCEEDING AS PROVIDED IN SECTIONS 15-5-203 AND
6	15-5-204, UNLESS THE TRUST INSTRUMENT REQUIRES ALTERNATIVE
7	DISPUTE RESOLUTION.
8	15-5-106. Common law of trusts - principles of equity. UNLESS
9	DISPLACED BY THE PARTICULAR PROVISIONS OF THIS CODE, THE COMMON
10	LAW OF TRUSTS AND PRINCIPLES OF LAW AND EQUITY, AND OTHER
11	STATUTES OF THIS STATE, SUPPLEMENT ITS PROVISIONS.
12	15-5-107. Governing law. (1) The Meaning and effect of the
13	TERMS OF A TRUST ARE DETERMINED BY:
14	(a) THE LAW OF THE JURISDICTION DESIGNATED IN THE TERMS OF
15	THE TRUST UNLESS THE DESIGNATION OF THAT JURISDICTION'S LAW IS
16	CONTRARY TO A STRONG PUBLIC POLICY OF THE JURISDICTION HAVING THE
17	MOST SIGNIFICANT RELATIONSHIP TO THE MATTER AT ISSUE; OR
18	(b) IN THE ABSENCE OF A CONTROLLING DESIGNATION IN THE
19	TERMS OF THE TRUST, THE LAW OF THE JURISDICTION HAVING THE MOST
20	SIGNIFICANT RELATIONSHIP TO THE MATTER AT ISSUE.
21	15-5-108. Principal place of administration. (1) WITHOUT
22	PRECLUDING OTHER MEANS FOR ESTABLISHING A SUFFICIENT CONNECTION
23	WITH THE DESIGNATED JURISDICTION, TERMS OF A TRUST DESIGNATING
24	THE PRINCIPAL PLACE OF ADMINISTRATION ARE VALID AND CONTROLLING
25	IF:
26	(a) A TRUSTEE'S PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IS LOCATED IN OF
7	A TRUSTEE IS A DESIDENT OF THE DESIGNATED HIDISDICTION: OR

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1	(0) ALL OR PART OF THE ADMINISTRATION OCCURS IN THE
2	DESIGNATED JURISDICTION.
3	(2) IN THE CASE OF COTRUSTEES, THE PRINCIPAL PLACE OF
4	ADMINISTRATION, IF NOT OTHERWISE DESIGNATED IN THE TRUST
5	INSTRUMENT, IS THE USUAL PLACE OF BUSINESS OF THE CORPORATE
6	TRUSTEE IF THERE IS BUT ONE CORPORATE COTRUSTEE, OR THE USUAL
7	PLACE OF BUSINESS OR RESIDENCE OF THE INDIVIDUAL TRUSTEE WHO IS A
8	PROFESSIONAL FIDUCIARY IF THERE IS BUT ONE SUCH PERSON AND NO
9	CORPORATE COTRUSTEE, AND OTHERWISE THE USUAL PLACE OF BUSINESS
10	OR RESIDENCE OF ANY OF THE COTRUSTEES AS AGREED UPON BY THEM.
11	(3) A TRUSTEE IS UNDER A CONTINUING DUTY TO ADMINISTER THE
12	TRUST AT A PLACE APPROPRIATE TO ITS PURPOSES, ITS ADMINISTRATION,
13	AND THE INTERESTS OF THE BENEFICIARIES.
14	(4) WITHOUT PRECLUDING THE RIGHT OF THE COURT TO ORDER,
15	APPROVE, OR DISAPPROVE A TRANSFER, THE TRUSTEE, IN FURTHERANCE OF
16	THE DUTY PRESCRIBED BY SUBSECTION (2) OF THIS SECTION, MAY
17	TRANSFER THE TRUST'S PRINCIPAL PLACE OF ADMINISTRATION TO
18	ANOTHER STATE OR TO A JURISDICTION OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES.
19	(5) THE TRUSTEE SHALL NOTIFY THE QUALIFIED BENEFICIARIES OF
20	A PROPOSED TRANSFER OF A TRUST'S PRINCIPAL PLACE OF
21	ADMINISTRATION NOT LESS THAN SIXTY DAYS BEFORE INITIATING THE
22	TRANSFER. THE NOTICE OF A PROPOSED TRANSFER MUST INCLUDE:
23	(a) THE NAME OF THE JURISDICTION TO WHICH THE PRINCIPAL
24	PLACE OF ADMINISTRATION IS TO BE TRANSFERRED;
25	(b) THE ADDRESS, E-MAIL ADDRESS, AND TELEPHONE NUMBER AT
26	THE NEW LOCATION AT WHICH THE TRUSTEE CAN BE CONTACTED;
27	(c) An explanation of the reasons for the proposed

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1	TRANSFER;
2	(d) THE DATE ON WHICH THE PROPOSED TRANSFER IS ANTICIPATED
3	TO OCCUR; AND
4	(e) THE DATE, NOT LESS THAN SIXTY DAYS AFTER THE GIVING OF
5	THE NOTICE, BY WHICH THE QUALIFIED BENEFICIARY MUST NOTIFY THE
6	TRUSTEE OF AN OBJECTION TO THE PROPOSED TRANSFER.
7	(6) If a qualified beneficiary notifies the trustee of an
8	OBJECTION TO A PROPOSED TRANSFER OF THE TRUST'S PRINCIPAL PLACE OF
9	ADMINISTRATION, THE AUTHORITY OF A TRUSTEE PURSUANT TO THIS
10	SECTION TO TRANSFER A TRUST'S PRINCIPAL PLACE OF ADMINISTRATION IS
11	SUSPENDED, PENDING RESOLUTION OF THE OBJECTION.
12	(7) IN CONNECTION WITH A TRANSFER OF THE TRUST'S PRINCIPAL
13	PLACE OF ADMINISTRATION, THE TRUSTEE MAY TRANSFER SOME OR ALL OF
14	THE TRUST PROPERTY TO A SUCCESSOR TRUSTEE DESIGNATED IN THE
15	TERMS OF THE TRUST OR APPOINTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 15-5-704.
16	15-5-109. Methods and waiver of notice in matters other than
17	judicial proceedings. (1) NOTICE TO A PERSON PURSUANT TO THIS CODE
18	OR THE SENDING OF A DOCUMENT TO A PERSON PURSUANT TO THIS CODE
19	MUST BE ACCOMPLISHED IN A MANNER REASONABLY SUITABLE UNDER THE
20	CIRCUMSTANCES AND LIKELY TO RESULT IN RECEIPT OF THE NOTICE OR
21	DOCUMENT. PERMISSIBLE METHODS OF NOTICE OR FOR SENDING A
22	DOCUMENT INCLUDE FIRST-CLASS MAIL, PERSONAL DELIVERY, DELIVERY
23	TO THE PERSON'S LAST-KNOWN PLACE OF RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF
24	BUSINESS, OR A PROPERLY DIRECTED ELECTRONIC MESSAGE.
25	(2) A TRUSTEE NEED NOT PROVIDE A NOTICE OR DOCUMENT
26	OTHERWISE REQUIRED PURSUANT TO THIS CODE TO A PERSON WHOSE
27	IDENTITY OR LOCATION IS UNKNOWN TO AND NOT REASONABLY

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2	DOCUMENTATION OF THE TRUSTEE'S REASONABLE EFFORTS TO ASCERTAIN
3	THE IDENTITY OR LOCATION OF SUCH A PERSON.
4	(3) NOTICE PURSUANT TO THIS CODE OR THE SENDING OF A
5	DOCUMENT PURSUANT TO THIS CODE MAY BE WAIVED BY THE PERSON WHO
6	IS TO BE NOTIFIED OR SENT THE DOCUMENT.
7	(4) NOTICE OF A JUDICIAL PROCEEDING MUST BE GIVEN AS
8	PROVIDED IN THE COLORADO RULES OF PROBATE PROCEDURE, THE
9	COLORADO PROBATE CODE, AND, IF APPLICABLE, THE COLORADO RULES
10	OF CIVIL PROCEDURE.
11	15-5-110. Others treated as qualified beneficiaries.
12	(1) Whenever notice to qualified beneficiaries of a trust is
13	REQUIRED PURSUANT TO THIS CODE, THE TRUSTEE SHALL ALSO GIVE
14	NOTICE TO ANY OTHER BENEFICIARY WHO HAS SENT THE TRUSTEE A
15	REQUEST FOR NOTICE.
16	(2) A CHARITABLE ORGANIZATION EXPRESSLY DESIGNATED TO
17	RECEIVE DISTRIBUTIONS UNDER THE TERMS OF A CHARITABLE TRUST HAS
18	THE RIGHTS OF A QUALIFIED BENEFICIARY PURSUANT TO THIS CODE IF THE
19	CHARITABLE ORGANIZATION, ON THE DATE THE CHARITABLE
20	ORGANIZATION'S QUALIFICATION IS BEING DETERMINED:
21	(a) Is a distributee or permissible distributee of trust
22	INCOME OR PRINCIPAL;
23	(b) Would be a distributee or permissible distributee of
24	TRUST INCOME OR PRINCIPAL UPON THE TERMINATION OF THE INTERESTS
25	OF OTHER DISTRIBUTEES OR PERMISSIBLE DISTRIBUTEES THEN RECEIVING
26	OR ELIGIBLE TO RECEIVE DISTRIBUTIONS; OR
27	(c) Would be a distributee or permissible distributee of

ASCERTAINABLE BY THE TRUSTEE. THE TRUSTEE SHALL MAINTAIN

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1	TRUST INCOME OR PRINCIPAL IF THE TRUST TERMINATED ON THAT DATE.
2	(3) A PERSON APPOINTED TO ENFORCE A TRUST CREATED FOR THE
3	CARE OF AN ANIMAL OR ANOTHER NONCHARITABLE PURPOSE AS PROVIDED
4	IN SECTION 15-5-408 OR 15-5-409 HAS THE RIGHTS OF A QUALIFIED
5	BENEFICIARY PURSUANT TO THIS CODE.
6	(4) The attorney general has the rights of a qualified
7	BENEFICIARY WITH RESPECT TO A CHARITABLE TRUST HAVING ITS
8	PRINCIPAL PLACE OF ADMINISTRATION IN THIS STATE.
9	15-5-111. Nonjudicial settlement agreements. (1) EXCEPT AS
10	OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (3) OF THIS SECTION, ANY PERSON
11	MAY ENTER INTO A BINDING NONJUDICIAL SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT WITH
12	RESPECT TO ANY MATTER INVOLVING A TRUST, REGARDLESS OF WHETHER
13	THE SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT IS SUPPORTED BY CONSIDERATION.
14	(2) The required parties to a nonjudicial settlement
15	AGREEMENT ARE THOSE PERSONS WHOSE INTERESTS IN THE TRUST WOULD
16	BE MATERIALLY AFFECTED BY ITS PROVISIONS WERE THE SETTLEMENT
17	AGREEMENT TO BE APPROVED BY THE COURT AT THE TIME IT WAS ENTERED
18	INTO BY THE PARTIES.
19	(3) A NONJUDICIAL SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT IS VALID ONLY TO
20	THE EXTENT IT DOES NOT VIOLATE A MATERIAL PURPOSE OF THE TRUST
21	AND INCLUDES TERMS AND CONDITIONS THAT COULD BE PROPERLY
22	APPROVED BY THE COURT PURSUANT TO THIS CODE OR OTHER APPLICABLE
23	LAW.
24	(4) MATTERS THAT MAY BE RESOLVED BY A NONJUDICIAL
25	SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT INCLUDE BUT ARE NOT LIMITED TO:
26	(a) THE INTERPRETATION OR CONSTRUCTION OF THE TERMS OF THE
27	TRUST;

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1	(b) THE APPROVAL OF A TRUSTEE'S REPORT OR ACCOUNTING;
2	(c) DIRECTION TO A TRUSTEE TO REFRAIN FROM PERFORMING A
3	PARTICULAR ACT OR THE GRANT TO A TRUSTEE OF ANY NECESSARY OR
4	DESIRABLE POWER;
5	(d) THE RESIGNATION OR APPOINTMENT OF A TRUSTEE AND THE
6	DETERMINATION OF A TRUSTEE'S COMPENSATION;
7	(e) TRANSFER OF A TRUST'S PRINCIPAL PLACE OF ADMINISTRATION;
8	AND
9	(f) LIABILITY OF A TRUSTEE FOR AN ACTION RELATING TO THE
10	TRUST.
11	(5) ANY PERSON WHOSE INTEREST IN THE TRUST MAY BE AFFECTED
12	BY A NONJUDICIAL SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT MAY REQUEST THE COURT TO
13	APPROVE OR DISAPPROVE THE NONJUDICIAL SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT, TO
14	DETERMINE WHETHER THE REPRESENTATION AS PROVIDED IN PART 3 OF
15	THIS CODE WAS ADEQUATE, AND TO DETERMINE WHETHER THE
16	AGREEMENT CONTAINS TERMS AND CONDITIONS THE COURT COULD HAVE
17	PROPERLY APPROVED.
18	15-5-112. Rules of construction. Unless the terms of the
19	TRUST INSTRUMENT CONTAIN CONTRARY RULES OF CONSTRUCTION, THE
20	RULES OF CONSTRUCTION THAT APPLY IN THIS STATE TO THE
21	INTERPRETATIONS OF AND DISPOSITION OF PROPERTY BY A WILL OR OTHER
22	GOVERNING INSTRUMENT, AS THAT TERM IS DEFINED IN THE "COLORADO
23	PROBATE CODE", ARTICLES 10 TO 17 OF THIS TITLE 15, ALSO APPLY AS
24	APPROPRIATE TO THE INTERPRETATION OF THE TERMS OF A TRUST AND THE
25	DISPOSITION OF THE TRUST PROPERTY.
26	15-5-113. Alternate dispute resolution. (1) A SETTLOR MAY
27	DESIGNATE IN THE TRUST INSTRUMENT A METHOD OF NONJUDICIAL

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1	ALTERNATE DISPUTE RESOLUTION THAT IS VALID, ENFORCEABLE, AND
2	IRREVOCABLE, EXCEPT ON A GROUND THAT EXISTS AT LAW OR IN EQUITY
3	FOR THE INVALIDATION OF A TRUST. SUCH METHODS OF NONJUDICIAL
4	DISPUTE RESOLUTION MAY INCLUDE RULES OF NOTICE AND PROCEDURE.
5	THE SETTLOR MAY BIND BENEFICIARIES AND ASSIGNS TO THE METHODS OF
6	DISPUTE RESOLUTION.
7	$(2)\ A {\tt METHODOFNONJUDICIALDISPUTERESOLUTIONPROVIDEDBY}$
8	THE SETTLOR IN THE TRUST INSTRUMENT DOES NOT PRECLUDE THE
9	COURT'S AUTHORITY TO ENTER AN ORDER OF ALTERNATE DISPUTE
10	RESOLUTION, WHICH DOES NOT ELIMINATE OR NEGATE THE METHOD OF
11	NONJUDICIAL DISPUTE RESOLUTION PROVIDED BY THE SETTLOR EXCEPT ON
12	A GROUND THAT EXISTS AT LAW OR IN EQUITY FOR THE INVALIDATION OF
13	A TRUST.
14	15-5-114. Insurable interest of trustee - definition. (1) IN THIS
15	SECTION, "SETTLOR" MEANS A PERSON WHO EXECUTES A TRUST
16	INSTRUMENT. THE TERM INCLUDES A PERSON FOR WHICH A FIDUCIARY OR
17	AGENT IS ACTING.
18	(2) A TRUSTEE OF A TRUST HAS AN INSURABLE INTEREST IN THE
19	LIFE OF AN INDIVIDUAL INSURED UNDER A LIFE INSURANCE POLICY THAT
20	IS OWNED BY THE TRUSTEE OF THE TRUST ACTING IN A FIDUCIARY
21	CAPACITY OR THAT DESIGNATES THE TRUST ITSELF AS THE OWNER IF, ON
22	THE DATE THE POLICY ISSUED:
23	(a) The insured is:
24	(I) A SETTLOR OF THE TRUST; OR
25	(II) AN INDIVIDUAL IN WHOM A SETTLOR OF THE TRUST HAS, OR
26	WOULD HAVE HAD IF LIVING AT THE TIME THE POLICY WAS ISSUED, AN
27	INSURABLE INTEREST; AND

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1	(b) The life insurance proceeds are primarily for the
2	BENEFIT OF ONE OR MORE TRUST BENEFICIARIES THAT HAVE:
3	(I) AN INSURABLE INTEREST IN THE LIFE OF THE INSURED; OR
4	(II) A SUBSTANTIAL INTEREST ENGENDERED BY LOVE AND
5	AFFECTION IN THE CONTINUATION OF THE LIFE OF THE INSURED AND, IF
6	NOT ALREADY INCLUDED PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (2)(b)(I) OF THIS
7	SECTION, WHO ARE:
8	(A) RELATED WITHIN THE FIFTH DEGREE OR CLOSER, AS MEASURED
9	BY THE CIVIL LAW SYSTEM OF DETERMINING DEGREES OF RELATION,
10	EITHER BY BLOOD OR LAW, TO THE INSURED;
11	(B) STEPCHILDREN OF THE INSURED OR THEIR DESCENDANTS; OR
12	(C) Individuals who are designated as beneficiaries of
13	INSURANCE POLICIES FOR LIFE INSURANCE COVERAGE ON THE LIFE OF THE
14	INSURED UNDER A DESIGNATED BENEFICIARY AGREEMENT EXECUTED
15	PURSUANT TO ARTICLE 22 OF THIS TITLE 15.
16	(3) This section does not limit or abridge any insurable
17	INTEREST OR RIGHT TO INSURE UNDER THE COMMON LAW OR ANY OTHER
18	STATUTE.
19	PART 2
20	JUDICIAL PROCEEDINGS
21	15-5-201. Role of court in administration of trust. (1) THE
22	COURT MAY INTERVENE IN THE ADMINISTRATION OF A TRUST TO THE
23	EXTENT ITS JURISDICTION IS INVOKED BY AN INTERESTED PERSON OR AS
24	PROVIDED BY LAW.
25	(2) A TRUST IS NOT SUBJECT TO CONTINUING JUDICIAL
26	SUPERVISION UNLESS ORDERED BY THE COURT.
27	(3) A JUDICIAL PROCEEDING INVOLVING A TRUST MAY RELATE TO

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1	ANY MATTER INVOLVING THE TRUST'S ADMINISTRATION. SUCH MATTERS
2	MAY INCLUDE, BUT ARE NOT LIMITED TO, PROCEEDINGS INVOLVING:
3	(a) THE APPOINTMENT OR REMOVAL OF A TRUSTEE;
4	(b) REVIEW OF A TRUSTEE'S FEES AND REVIEW AND SETTLING OF
5	INTERIM OR FINAL ACCOUNTINGS;
6	(c) REQUESTS FOR INSTRUCTION;
7	(d) DECLARATIONS OF RIGHTS;
8	(e) DETERMINATIONS AS TO THE CREATION, EXISTENCE, AND
9	VALIDITY OF ALL OR PART OF A TRUST;
10	(f) THE ASCERTAINMENT OF BENEFICIARIES, AND DETERMINATIONS
11	OF ANY OTHER QUESTIONS ARISING IN THE ADMINISTRATION OF
12	DISTRIBUTION OF ANY TRUST, INCLUDING QUESTIONS OF CONSTRUCTION
13	IN TRUST INSTRUMENTS, AND THE EXISTENCE OR NONEXISTENCE OF ANY
14	IMMUNITY, POWER, PRIVILEGE, DUTY, OR RIGHT;
15	$(g)\ The\ registration\ or\ release\ of\ registration\ of\ a\ trust;$
16	(h) A DIRECTION TO COMPEL OR REFRAIN FROM PERFORMING A
17	PARTICULAR ACT;
18	(i) THE AMENDMENT, MODIFICATION, REVOCATION, OR
19	TERMINATION OF A TRUST;
20	(j) THE COMBINATION OR DIVISION OF TRUSTS; OR
21	(k) Equitable doctrines of CY Pres, equitable deviation,
22	AND OTHER PRINCIPLES OF EQUITY PERTAINING TO CHARITABLE AND
23	OTHER TRUSTS.
24	15-5-202. Jurisdiction over trustee and beneficiary. (1) BY
25	ACCEPTING THE TRUSTEESHIP OF A TRUST HAVING ITS PRINCIPAL PLACE OF
26	ADMINISTRATION IN THIS STATE OR BY MOVING THE PRINCIPAL PLACE OF
7	ADMINISTRATION TO THIS STATE THE TRUSTEE SUBMITS DERSONALLY TO

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1	THE JURISDICTION OF THE COURTS OF THIS STATE REGARDING ANY MATTER
2	INVOLVING THE TRUST.
3	(2) WITH RESPECT TO THEIR INTERESTS IN THE TRUST, THE
4	BENEFICIARIES OF A TRUST THAT HAS ITS PRINCIPAL PLACE OF
5	ADMINISTRATION IN THIS STATE OR THAT IS PROPERLY REGISTERED IN THIS
6	STATE ARE SUBJECT TO THE JURISDICTION OF THE COURTS OF THIS STATE
7	REGARDING ANY MATTER INVOLVING THE TRUST. BY ACCEPTING A
8	DISTRIBUTION FROM SUCH A TRUST, THE RECIPIENT SUBMITS PERSONALLY
9	TO THE JURISDICTION OF THE COURTS OF THIS STATE REGARDING ANY
10	MATTER INVOLVING THE TRUST.
11	(3) This section does not preclude other methods of
12	OBTAINING JURISDICTION OVER A TRUSTEE, BENEFICIARY, OR OTHER
13	PERSON RECEIVING PROPERTY FROM THE TRUST.
14	15-5-203. Subject matter jurisdiction. (1) The district court
15	OR, IN THE CITY AND COUNTY OF DENVER, THE PROBATE COURT, HAS
16	EXCLUSIVE JURISDICTION OF PROCEEDINGS IN THIS STATE BROUGHT BY A
17	$TRUSTEE\ OR\ BENEFICIARY\ CONCERNING\ THE\ ADMINISTRATION\ OF\ A\ TRUST.$
18	(2) THE DISTRICT COURT OR, IN THE CITY AND COUNTY OF DENVER,
19	THE PROBATE COURT, HAS CONCURRENT JURISDICTION WITH OTHER
20	DISTRICT COURTS OF THIS STATE OF OTHER PROCEEDINGS INVOLVING
21	TRUSTS AND THIRD PARTIES, SUCH AS PROCEEDINGS BY OR AGAINST
22	CREDITORS OR DEBTORS OF TRUSTS.
23	(3) THIS SECTION DOES NOT PRECLUDE JUDICIAL OR NONJUDICIAL
24	ALTERNATIVE DISPUTE RESOLUTION.
25	15-5-204. Venue. (1) A JUDICIAL PROCEEDING CONCERNING THE
26	INTERNAL AFFAIRS OF TRUSTS AND INVOLVING TRUSTEES, BENEFICIARIES,
27	OR PERSONS WITH AUTHORITY TO ACT UNDER THE TRUST INSTRUMENT

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1	MUST BE COMMENCED IN THE FOLLOWING ORDER OF PRIORITY.
2	(a) THE COUNTY OF VENUE SPECIFIED BY THE TERMS OF THE TRUST
3	IF THAT COUNTY HAS A SUBSTANTIAL RELATIONSHIP TO THE PRESENT
4	ADMINISTRATION OF THE TRUST;
5	(b) THE COUNTY IN WHICH THE TRUST IS REGISTERED;
6	(c) EITHER:
7	(I) THE COUNTY IN WHICH THE TRUST'S PRINCIPAL PLACE OF
8	ADMINISTRATION IS OR IS TO BE LOCATED; OR
9	(II) IF THE TRUST IS CREATED BY A WILL, THE COUNTY IN WHICH
10	THE DECEDENT'S ESTATE IS BEING ADMINISTERED.
11	(2) IF A TRUST HAS NO TRUSTEE, A JUDICIAL PROCEEDING FOR THE
12	APPOINTMENT OF A TRUSTEE MUST BE COMMENCED IN THE FOLLOWING
13	ORDER OF PRIORITY:
14	(a) THE COUNTY REQUIRED PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS
15	SECTION;
16	(b) EITHER:
17	(I) A COUNTY IN WHICH A BENEFICIARY RESIDES; OR
18	(II) A COUNTY IN WHICH THE TRUST PROPERTY, OR SOME PORTION
19	OF THE TRUST PROPERTY, IS LOCATED.
20	(3) A JUDICIAL PROCEEDING OTHER THAN ONE DESCRIBED IN
21	SUBSECTION (1) OR (2) OF THIS SECTION MUST BE COMMENCED IN
22	ACCORDANCE WITH THE RULES OF VENUE APPLICABLE TO CIVIL ACTIONS
23	15-5-205. Registration of trusts. (1) The trustee of a trust
24	HAVING ITS PRINCIPAL PLACE OF ADMINISTRATION IN THIS STATE MAY
25	AFTER ITS ACCEPTANCE OF THE TRUST, REGISTER THE TRUST IN THE COURT
26	OF THIS STATE AT THE PRINCIPAL PLACE OF ADMINISTRATION UNLESS
2.7	REGISTRATION WOULD BE INCONSISTENT WITH THE RETAINED

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1	JURISDICTION OF A FOREIGN COURT FROM WHICH THE TRUSTEE CANNOT
2	OBTAIN RELEASE.
3	(2) REGISTRATION OF A FULLY AND CONCURRENTLY REVOCABLE
4	INTER VIVOS TRUST SHALL NOT BE MADE UNTIL SUCH A TIME AS THE
5	SETTLOR'S POWER TO REVOKE SUCH A TRUST HAS TERMINATED.
6	(3) A TRUST THAT DIVIDES THE CORPUS INTO MULTIPLE TRUSTS OR
7	A WILL THAT CREATES MULTIPLE TRUSTS NEEDS ONLY ONE REGISTRATION
8	RATHER THAN A REGISTRATION OF EACH SEPARATE TRUST.
9	(4) This section and sections 15-5-206 to 15-5-209 do not
10	APPLY TO ANY TRUST CREATED PURSUANT TO SECTION 15-14-412.5 OR
11	15-14-412.6.
12	15-5-206. Registration procedures and content of statement.
13	(1) REGISTRATION MAY BE ACCOMPLISHED BY FILING A TRUST
14	REGISTRATION STATEMENT WITH THE COURT AS DESCRIBED IN SECTION
15	15-5-205 indicating the name and address of the trustee in which
16	THE TRUSTEE ACKNOWLEDGES THE TRUSTEESHIP. THE STATEMENT MUST
17	INDICATE WHETHER THE TRUST HAS BEEN REGISTERED ELSEWHERE, IF
18	KNOWN.
19	(2) THE STATEMENT MUST IDENTIFY THE TRUST AS FOLLOWS:
20	(a) IN THE CASE OF A TESTAMENTARY TRUST, BY THE NAME OF THE
21	TESTATOR AND THE DATE AND PLACE OF DOMICILIARY PROBATE;
22	(b) IN THE CASE OF A WRITTEN INTER VIVOS TRUST, BY THE NAME
23	OF EACH SETTLOR AND THE ORIGINAL TRUSTEE AND THE DATE OF THE
24	TRUST INSTRUMENT; OR
25	(c) In the case of an oral trust, by information identifying
26	THE SETTLOR OR OTHER SOURCE OF FUNDS OR ASSETS AND DESCRIBING
27	THE TIME AND MANNER OF THE TRUST'S CREATION AND THE TERMS OF THE

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1	TRUST, INCLUDING THE SUBJECT MATTER, BENEFICIARIES, AND TIME OF
2	PERFORMANCE.

- (3) WITHIN SIXTY DAYS AFTER FILING THE TRUST REGISTRATION STATEMENT, THE TRUSTEE SHALL NOTIFY IN WRITING ALL COTRUSTEES, QUALIFIED BENEFICIARIES, AND OTHER FIDUCIARIES AND PERSONS HAVING AUTHORITY TO ACT UNDER THE TERMS OF THE TRUST. FOR PURPOSES OF PRIVACY, THE NAMES OF QUALIFIED BENEFICIARIES MAY BE REDACTED FROM THE COPY OF THE STATEMENT FILED WITH THE COURT OR PROVIDED TO OTHER QUALIFIED BENEFICIARIES.
 - (4) THE TRUST REGISTRATION STATEMENT MUST CONTAIN LANGUAGE INDICATING THAT, BECAUSE A COURT WILL NOT ROUTINELY REVIEW OR ADJUDICATE MATTERS UNLESS IT IS SPECIFICALLY REQUESTED TO DO SO BY A BENEFICIARY, CREDITOR, OR OTHER INTERESTED PERSON, ALL INTERESTED PERSONS, INCLUDING BENEFICIARIES AND CREDITORS, HAVE THE RESPONSIBILITY TO PROTECT THEIR OWN RIGHTS AND INTERESTS IN THE TRUST ESTATE.
 - (5) IF A TRUST HAS BEEN REGISTERED IN A FOREIGN COURT, REGISTRATION IN THIS STATE IS INEFFECTIVE TO THE EXTENT IT IS INCONSISTENT WITH THE FOREIGN REGISTRATION UNTIL THE EARLIER REGISTRATION IS RELEASED, OR AN INSTRUMENT EXECUTED BY THE TRUSTEE AND ALL QUALIFIED BENEFICIARIES IS FILED WITH THE REGISTRATION IN THIS STATE.
 - 15-5-207. Effect of failure to register. A TRUSTEE WHO DOES NOT REGISTER A TRUST IN A PROPER PLACE, FOR PURPOSES OF ANY PROCEEDINGS INITIATED BY A BENEFICIARY OF THE TRUST PRIOR TO REGISTRATION, IS SUBJECT TO THE PERSONAL JURISDICTION OF ANY COURT IN WHICH THE TRUST COULD HAVE BEEN REGISTERED AND OTHERWISE AS

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1	PROVIDED BY SECTION 13-3-203. IN ADDITION, ANY TRUSTEE WHO, WITHIN
2	THIRTY DAYS AFTER RECEIPT OF A WRITTEN DEMAND BY A SETTLOR OR
3	QUALIFIED BENEFICIARY OF THE TRUST, FAILS TO REGISTER A TRUST MAY
4	BE SUBJECT TO REMOVAL OR TO SURCHARGE AS THE COURT MAY DIRECT.
5	15-5-208. Registration - qualification of a foreign trustee. A
6	FOREIGN CORPORATE TRUSTEE IS REQUIRED TO QUALIFY AS A FOREIGN
7	CORPORATION DOING BUSINESS IN THIS STATE IF IT MAINTAINS THE
8	PRINCIPAL PLACE OF ADMINISTRATION OF ANY TRUST WITHIN THIS STATE.
9	A FOREIGN COTRUSTEE IS NOT REQUIRED TO QUALIFY IN THIS STATE
10	SOLELY BECAUSE ITS COTRUSTEE MAINTAINS THE PRINCIPAL PLACE OF
11	ADMINISTRATION IN THIS STATE. UNLESS OTHERWISE DOING BUSINESS IN
12	THIS STATE, LOCAL QUALIFICATION BY A FOREIGN TRUSTEE, CORPORATE
13	OR INDIVIDUAL, IS NOT REQUIRED IN ORDER FOR THE TRUSTEE TO RECEIVE
14	DISTRIBUTION FROM A LOCAL ESTATE OR TO HOLD, INVEST IN, MANAGE, OR
15	ACQUIRE PROPERTY LOCATED IN THIS STATE, OR MAINTAIN LITIGATION.
16	NOTHING IN THIS SECTION AFFECTS A DETERMINATION OF WHAT OTHER
17	ACTS REQUIRE QUALIFICATION AS DOING BUSINESS IN THIS STATE.
18	15-5-209. Release of trust registration statement. (1) IF A
19	TRUST'S PRINCIPAL PLACE OF ADMINISTRATION CHANGES AFTER THE TRUST
20	HAS BEEN REGISTERED IN THIS STATE, THE TRUSTEE MAY WITHDRAW THAT
21	REGISTRATION BY:
22	(a) FILING A NOTICE OF RELEASE OF TRUST REGISTRATION
23	STATEMENT IN THE SAME COURT IN WHICH THE LAST REGISTRATION
24	STATEMENT WAS FILED; AND
25	(b) SERVING THE NOTICE OF RELEASE UPON ALL PERSONS
26	DESCRIBED IN SECTION 15-5-206 (3).
27	(2) THE TRUST REGISTRATION IS DEEMED RELEASED THIRTY-FIVE

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1	DAYS AFTER THE FILING OF THE NOTICE OF RELEASE WITH THE COURT
2	UNLESS AN OBJECTION TO THE RELEASE IS FILED WITH THAT COURT AND
3	THE OBJECTOR FILES A NOTICE TO SET A HEARING ON THE OBJECTION
4	WITHIN SAID PERIOD AND SERVES THE OBJECTION AND THE NOTICE TO SET
5	ON THOSE PERSONS DESCRIBED IN SECTION 15-5-206 (3).
6	15-5-210. Judicially approved settlements. (1) A SETTLEMENT
7	OF ANY CONTROVERSY AS TO THE ADMINISTRATION OF A TRUST; THE
8	CONSTRUCTION, VALIDITY, OR EFFECT OF ANY TRUST; OR THE RIGHTS OR
9	INTERESTS OF THE BENEFICIARIES OR PERSONS HAVING CLAIMS AGAINST
10	A TRUST, IF APPROVED IN A FORMAL PROCEEDING IN THE COURT FOR THAT
11	PURPOSE, IS BINDING ON ALL PARTIES THERETO, INCLUDING AN UNBORN
12	INDIVIDUAL, AN UNASCERTAINED INDIVIDUAL, OR A PERSON WHO COULD
13	NOT BE LOCATED. AN APPROVED SETTLEMENT DOES NOT IMPAIR THE
14	RIGHTS OF CREDITORS OR TAXING AUTHORITIES WHO ARE NOT PARTIES TO
15	IT.
16	(2) NOTICE OF A JUDICIALLY APPROVED SETTLEMENT MUST BE
17	GIVEN TO EVERY INTERESTED PERSON OR TO ONE WHO CAN BIND AN
18	INTERESTED PERSON AS PROVIDED IN THIS CODE.
19	(3) The procedure for securing court approval of a
20	SETTLEMENT IS AS FOLLOWS:
21	(a) The terms of the settlement must be set forth in an
22	AGREEMENT IN WRITING, WHICH MUST BE EXECUTED BY ALL COMPETENT
23	PERSONS AND PARENTS OF ANY MINOR CHILD HAVING A BENEFICIAL
24	INTEREST OR HAVING CLAIMS THAT WILL OR MAY BE AFFECTED BY THE
25	SETTLEMENT. EXECUTION IS NOT REQUIRED BY ANY PERSON WHOSE
26	IDENTITY OR WHEREABOUTS ARE UNKNOWN AND CANNOT BE REASONABLY
27	ASCERTAINED.

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1	(b) ANY INTERESTED PERSON, INCLUDING A TRUSTEE, THEN MAY
2	SUBMIT THE SETTLEMENT TO THE COURT FOR ITS APPROVAL AND FOR
3	EXECUTION BY THE TRUSTEE, THE TRUSTEE OF EVERY AFFECTED
4	TESTAMENTARY TRUST, OTHER FIDUCIARIES, AND REPRESENTATIVES.
5	(c) After notice to all interested persons or their
6	REPRESENTATIVES, THE COURT, IF IT FINDS THAT THE CONTEST OR
7	CONTROVERSY IS IN GOOD FAITH AND THAT THE EFFECT OF THE
8	SETTLEMENT UPON THE INTERESTS OF THE PERSONS REPRESENTED BY THE
9	FIDUCIARIES OR REPRESENTATIVES IS JUST AND REASONABLE, SHALL MAKE
10	AN ORDER APPROVING THE SETTLEMENT AND DIRECTING ALL FIDUCIARIES
11	UNDER ITS SUPERVISION TO EXECUTE THE AGREEMENT. A MINOR CHILD
12	REPRESENTED ONLY BY HIS OR HER PARENTS MAY BE BOUND ONLY IF
13	THERE IS NO CONFLICT OF INTEREST BETWEEN THE PARENT AND THE CHILD.
14	UPON THE MAKING OF THE ORDER AND THE EXECUTION OF THE
15	SETTLEMENT, ALL FURTHER DISPOSITION OF TRUST PROPERTY AFFECTED
16	BY THE SETTLEMENT MUST BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE TERMS OF THE
17	SETTLEMENT.
18	(4) NOTICE TO A PERSON WHO MAY BE REPRESENTED AND BOUND
19	PURSUANT TO THIS CODE OF AN AGREEMENT TO BE APPROVED BY THE
20	COURT MUST BE GIVEN:
21	(a) DIRECTLY TO THE PERSON OR TO ONE WHO MAY BIND THE
22	PERSON IF THE PERSON MAY BE REPRESENTED AND BOUND PURSUANT TO
23	SECTION 15-5-302 OR 15-5-303; OR
24	(b) IN THE CASE OF A PERSON WHO MAY BE REPRESENTED AND
25	BOUND PURSUANT TO SECTION 15-5-304 AND WHO IS UNBORN OR WHOSE
26	IDENTITY OR LOCATION IS UNKNOWN AND NOT REASONABLY
27	ASCERTAINABLE, TO ALL PERSONS WHOSE INTERESTS IN THE JUDICIAL

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I	PROCEEDINGS ARE SUBSTANTIALLY IDENTICAL AND WHOSE IDENTITIES
2	AND LOCATIONS ARE KNOWN; OR, IN THE CASE OF OTHER PERSONS WHO
3	MAY BE REPRESENTED AND BOUND PURSUANT TO SECTION 15-5-304,
4	DIRECTLY TO THE PERSON.
5	PART 3
6	REPRESENTATION
7	15-5-301. Representation - basic effect. (1) NOTICE TO A
8	PERSON WHO MAY REPRESENT AND BIND ANOTHER PERSON PURSUANT TO
9	THIS PART 3 HAS THE SAME EFFECT AS IF NOTICE WERE GIVEN DIRECTLY TO
10	THE OTHER PERSON.
11	(2) THE CONSENT OF A PERSON WHO MAY REPRESENT AND BIND
12	ANOTHER PERSON PURSUANT TO THIS PART 3 IS BINDING ON THE PERSON
13	REPRESENTED UNLESS THE PERSON REPRESENTED OBJECTS TO THE
14	REPRESENTATION BEFORE THE CONSENT WOULD OTHERWISE HAVE BECOME
15	EFFECTIVE.
16	(3) A PERSON WHO PURSUANT TO THIS PART 3 MAY REPRESENT A
17	SETTLOR WHO LACKS CAPACITY MAY RECEIVE NOTICE AND GIVE A BINDING
18	CONSENT ON THE SETTLOR'S BEHALF.
19	(4) A SETTLOR MAY NOT REPRESENT AND BIND A BENEFICIARY
20	PURSUANT TO THIS PART 3 WITH RESPECT TO THE TERMINATION OR
21	MODIFICATION OF A TRUST PURSUANT TO SECTION 15-5-411 (1).
22	15-5-301.5. Scope of representative's authority and duty of
23	certain representatives - definitions. (1) As used in this section,
24	UNLESS THE CONTEXT OTHERWISE REQUIRES, "REPRESENTATIVE" MEANS
25	A REPRESENTATIVE ACTING PURSUANT TO SECTION 15-5-302, 15-5-303,
26	15-5-304, or 15-5-305.
2.7	(2) A REPRESENTATIVE MAY RECEIVE NOTICE GIVE CONSENT AND

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1	OTHERWISE REPRESENT, BIND, AND ACT ON BEHALF OF THE INDIVIDUAL
2	REPRESENTED WITH RESPECT TO ANY MATTER ARISING PURSUANT TO THIS
3	ARTICLE 5, REGARDLESS OF WHETHER A JUDICIAL PROCEEDING
4	CONCERNING THE TRUST IS PENDING.
5	(3) In making decisions, a representative may consider
6	GENERAL BENEFITS ACCRUING TO THE LIVING MEMBERS OF THE
7	REPRESENTED INDIVIDUAL'S FAMILY.
8	(4) A REPRESENTATIVE ACTING PURSUANT TO SECTION 15-5-303
9	$(1)(f) \ \text{OR SECTION} \ 15\text{-}5\text{-}305 \ \text{SHALL} \ \text{ACT IN GOOD FAITH ON BEHALF OF THE}$
10	PERSON REPRESENTED. AS USED IN THIS SUBSECTION (4), WITH RESPECT TO
11	REPRESENTATIVES ACTING PURSUANT TO SECTIONS 15-5-303 (1)(f) AND
12	15-5-305 ONLY, "GOOD FAITH" MEANS HONESTY IN FACT.
13	15-5-302. Representation by a holder of general testamentary
14	power of appointment. To the extent that there is no conflict of
15	INTEREST BETWEEN THE HOLDER OF A GENERAL TESTAMENTARY POWER
16	OF APPOINTMENT AND THE PERSONS REPRESENTED WITH RESPECT TO THE
17	PARTICULAR QUESTION OR DISPUTE, THE HOLDER MAY REPRESENT AND
18	BIND PERSONS WHOSE INTERESTS, AS PERMISSIBLE APPOINTEES, TAKERS IN
19	DEFAULT, OR OTHERWISE, ARE SUBJECT TO THE POWER. FOR PERSONS
20	BOUND BY ORDERS BINDING HOLDERS OF A PRESENTLY EXERCISABLE
21	GENERAL POWER OF APPOINTMENT, SEE SECTION 15-10-403 (3)(a).
22	15-5-303. Representation by fiduciaries and parents. (1) To
23	THE EXTENT THERE IS NO CONFLICT OF INTEREST BETWEEN THE
24	REPRESENTATIVE AND THE PERSON REPRESENTED OR AMONG THOSE BEING
25	REPRESENTED WITH RESPECT TO A PARTICULAR QUESTION OR DISPUTE:
26	(a) A CONSERVATOR MAY REPRESENT AND BIND THE PROTECTED
27	PERSON WHOSE ESTATE THE CONSERVATOR CONTROLS;

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1	(b) A GUARDIAN MAY REPRESENT AND BIND THE WARD IF A
2	CONSERVATOR OF THE WARD'S ESTATE HAS NOT BEEN APPOINTED;
3	(c) AN AGENT HAVING AUTHORITY TO ACT WITH RESPECT TO THE
4	PARTICULAR QUESTION OR DISPUTE MAY REPRESENT AND BIND THE
5	PRINCIPAL;
6	(d) A TRUSTEE MAY REPRESENT AND BIND THE BENEFICIARIES OF
7	THE TRUST;
8	(e) A PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVE OF A DECEDENT'S ESTATE MAY
9	REPRESENT AND BIND PERSONS INTERESTED IN THE ESTATE; AND
10	(f) A PARENT MAY REPRESENT AND BIND, OR APPOINT ANOTHER
11	PERSON TO REPRESENT AND BIND, THE PARENT'S MINOR OR UNBORN CHILD
12	IF A CONSERVATOR OR GUARDIAN FOR THE CHILD HAS NOT BEEN
13	APPOINTED, PROVIDED THAT A PERSON APPOINTED BY A SETTLOR TO
14	REPRESENT THE SETTLOR'S MINOR OR UNBORN CHILD MAY NOT BE
15	RELATED OR SUBORDINATE TO THE SETTLOR WITHIN THE MEANING OF
16	SECTION 672 (c) OF THE FEDERAL "INTERNAL REVENUE CODE OF 1986",
17	AS AMENDED.
18	15-5-304. Representation by person having substantially
19	identical interest. Unless otherwise represented, a minor, an
20	INCAPACITATED PERSON, OR AN UNBORN INDIVIDUAL, OR A PERSON WHOSE
21	IDENTITY OR LOCATION IS UNKNOWN AND NOT REASONABLY
22	ASCERTAINABLE, MAY BE REPRESENTED BY AND BOUND BY ANOTHER
23	HAVING A SUBSTANTIALLY IDENTICAL INTEREST WITH RESPECT TO THE
24	PARTICULAR QUESTION OR DISPUTE, BUT ONLY TO THE EXTENT THERE IS
25	NO CONFLICT OF INTEREST BETWEEN THE REPRESENTATIVE AND THE
26	PERSON REPRESENTED.
27	15-5-305. Appointment of representative. If the COURT

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1	DETERMINES THAT AN INTEREST IS NOT REPRESENTED PURSUANT TO THIS
2	PART 3, OR THAT THE OTHERWISE AVAILABLE REPRESENTATION MIGHT BE
3	INADEQUATE, THE COURT MAY APPOINT A REPRESENTATIVE TO RECEIVE
4	NOTICE, GIVE CONSENT, AND OTHERWISE REPRESENT, BIND, AND ACT ON
5	BEHALF OF A MINOR, AN INCAPACITATED PERSON, A PROTECTED PERSON,
6	OR AN UNBORN INDIVIDUAL, OR A PERSON WHOSE IDENTITY OR LOCATION
7	IS UNKNOWN. A REPRESENTATIVE MAY BE APPOINTED TO REPRESENT
8	SEVERAL PERSONS OR INTERESTS.
9	PART 4
10	CREATION, VALIDITY, MODIFICATION,
11	AND TERMINATION OF TRUST
12	15-5-401. Methods of creating trust. (1) A TRUST MAY BE
13	CREATED BY:
14	(a) Transfer of Property to another Person as Trustee
15	DURING THE SETTLOR'S LIFETIME OR BY WILL OR OTHER DISPOSITION
16	TAKING EFFECT UPON THE SETTLOR'S DEATH;
17	(b) DECLARATION BY THE OWNER OF PROPERTY THAT THE OWNER
18	HOLDS IDENTIFIABLE PROPERTY AS TRUSTEE;
19	(c) Exercise of a power of appointment in favor of a
20	TRUSTEE; OR
21	(d) A STATUTE, JUDGMENT, OR DECREE AUTHORIZING THE
22	CREATION OF A TRUST.
23	15-5-402. Requirements for creation. (1) A TRUST IS CREATED
24	ONLY IF:
25	(a) EITHER:
26	(I) THE SETTLOR HAS CAPACITY TO CREATE A TRUST AND
27	INDICATES AN INTENTION TO CREATE A TRUST; OR

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1	(II) A STATUTE, JUDGMENT, OR DECREE AUTHORIZES CREATION OF
2	A TRUST;
3	(b) THE TRUST HAS A DEFINITE BENEFICIARY OR IS:
4	(I) A CHARITABLE TRUST;
5	(II) A TRUST FOR THE CARE OF AN ANIMAL, AS PROVIDED IN
6	SECTION 15-5-408; OR
7	(III) A TRUST FOR A NONCHARITABLE PURPOSE, AS PROVIDED IN
8	SECTION 15-5-409;
9	(c) THE TRUSTEE HAS DUTIES TO PERFORM; AND
10	(d) The same person is not the sole trustee and sole
11	BENEFICIARY.
12	(2) A BENEFICIARY IS DEFINITE IF THE BENEFICIARY CAN BE
13	ASCERTAINED NOW OR IN THE FUTURE, SUBJECT TO ANY APPLICABLE RULE
14	AGAINST PERPETUITIES.
15	(3) A POWER IN A TRUSTEE TO SELECT A BENEFICIARY FROM AN
16	INDEFINITE CLASS IS VALID. IF THE POWER IS NOT EXERCISED WITHIN A
17	REASONABLE TIME, THE POWER FAILS AND THE PROPERTY SUBJECT TO THE
18	POWER PASSES TO THE PERSONS WHO WOULD HAVE TAKEN THE PROPERTY
19	HAD THE POWER NOT BEEN CONFERRED.
20	15-5-403. Trusts created in other jurisdictions. (1) A TRUST
21	NOT CREATED BY A WILL IS VALIDLY CREATED IF ITS CREATION COMPLIES
22	WITH THE LAW OF THE JURISDICTION IN WHICH THE TRUST INSTRUMENT
23	WAS EXECUTED, OR THE LAW OF THE JURISDICTION IN WHICH, AT THE TIME
24	OF CREATION:
25	(a) THE SETTLOR WAS DOMICILED, HAD A PLACE OF ABODE, OR WAS
26	A NATIONAL;
27	(b) A TRUSTEE WAS DOMICILED OR HAD A PLACE OF BUSINESS; OR

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1	(c) ANY TRUST PROPERTY WAS LOCATED.
2	15-5-404. Trust purposes. A TRUST MAY BE CREATED ONLY TO
3	THE EXTENT ITS PURPOSES ARE LAWFUL, NOT CONTRARY TO PUBLIC
4	POLICY, AND POSSIBLE TO ACHIEVE. A TRUST AND ITS TERMS MUST BE FOR
5	THE BENEFIT OF ITS BENEFICIARIES.
6	15-5-405. Charitable purposes - enforcement. (1) A
7	CHARITABLE TRUST MAY BE CREATED FOR THE RELIEF OF POVERTY; THE
8	ADVANCEMENT OF EDUCATION OR RELIGION; THE PROMOTION OF HEALTH,
9	GOVERNMENTAL, OR MUNICIPAL PURPOSES; OR OTHER PURPOSES THE
10	ACHIEVEMENT OF WHICH IS BENEFICIAL TO THE COMMUNITY.
11	(2) If the terms of a charitable trust do not indicate a
12	PARTICULAR CHARITABLE PURPOSE OR BENEFICIARY, THE TRUSTEE, IF
13	AUTHORIZED BY THE TERMS OF THE TRUST, OR, IF NOT, THE COURT, MAY
14	SELECT ONE OR MORE CHARITABLE PURPOSES OR BENEFICIARIES. THE
15	SELECTION MUST BE CONSISTENT WITH THE SETTLOR'S INTENTION TO THE
16	EXTENT THAT SUCH INTENTION CAN BE ASCERTAINED.
17	(3) THE SETTLOR OF A CHARITABLE TRUST, AMONG OTHERS, MAY
18	MAINTAIN A PROCEEDING TO ENFORCE THE TRUST.
19	15-5-406. Creation of trust induced by fraud, duress, or undue
20	influence. A TRUST IS VOID TO THE EXTENT ITS CREATION WAS INDUCED
21	BY FRAUD, DURESS, OR UNDUE INFLUENCE.
22	15-5-407. Evidence of oral trust. Except as required by a
23	STATUTE OTHER THAN THIS ARTICLE 5, A TRUST NEED NOT BE EVIDENCED
24	BY A TRUST INSTRUMENT, BUT THE CREATION OF AN ORAL TRUST AND ITS
25	TERMS MAY BE ESTABLISHED ONLY BY CLEAR AND CONVINCING EVIDENCE.
26	15-5-408. Trust for care of an animal. Subject to this section
27	AND SECTION 15-5-409 5 A TRUST FOR THE CARE OF DESIGNATED

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1	DOMESTIC OR PET ANIMALS AND THE ANIMALS' OFFSPRING IN GESTATION
2	IS VALID. FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SECTION, THE DETERMINATION OF THE
3	"ANIMALS' OFFSPRING IN GESTATION" IS MADE AT THE TIME THE
4	DESIGNATED DOMESTIC OR PET ANIMALS BECOME PRESENT BENEFICIARIES
5	OF THE TRUST. UNLESS THE TRUST INSTRUMENT PROVIDES FOR AN EARLIER
6	TERMINATION, THE TRUST TERMINATES WHEN NO LIVING ANIMAL IS
7	COVERED BY THE TRUST. A TRUST INSTRUMENT MUST BE LIBERALLY
8	CONSTRUED TO BRING THE TRUST WITHIN THIS SECTION, TO PRESUME
9	AGAINST THE MERELY PRECATORY OR HONORARY NATURE OF ITS
10	DISPOSITION, AND TO CARRY OUT THE GENERAL INTENT OF THE SETTLOR.
11	EXTRINSIC EVIDENCE IS ADMISSIBLE IN DETERMINING THE SETTLOR'S
12	INTENT. ANY TRUST PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION IS AN EXCEPTION TO ANY
13	STATUTORY OR COMMON LAW RULE AGAINST PERPETUITIES.
14	15-5-409. Noncharitable trust without ascertainable
15	beneficiary. Subject to Section 15-5-409.5 and except as provided
16	PURSUANT TO SECTIONS 38-30-110 TO 38-30-112, IF A TRUST IS FOR A
17	SPECIFIC, LAWFUL, NONCHARITABLE PURPOSE OR FOR LAWFUL,
18	NONCHARITABLE PURPOSES TO BE SELECTED BY THE TRUSTEE, AND THERE
19	IS NO DEFINITE OR DEFINITELY ASCERTAINABLE BENEFICIARY DESIGNATED,
20	THE TRUST MAY BE PERFORMED BY THE TRUSTEE FOR TWENTY-ONE YEARS
21	BUT NO LONGER, REGARDLESS OF WHETHER THE TERMS OF TRUST
22	CONTEMPLATE A LONGER DURATION.
23	15-5-409.5. Additional provisions applicable to noncharitable
24	trusts without ascertainable beneficiary and trusts for care of animal.
25	(1) In addition to the provisions of sections 15-5-408 and 15-5-409,
26	A TRUST COVERED BY EITHER OF THOSE SECTIONS IS SUBJECT TO THE
27	FOLLOWING PROVISIONS:

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1	(a) EXCEPT AS EXPRESSLY PROVIDED OTHERWISE IN THE TRUST
2	INSTRUMENT, NO PORTION OF THE PRINCIPAL OR INCOME MAY BE
3	CONVERTED TO THE USE OF THE TRUSTEE, OTHER THAN REASONABLE
4	TRUSTEE FEES AND EXPENSES OF ADMINISTRATION, OR TO ANY USE OTHER
5	THAN FOR THE TRUST'S PURPOSES OR FOR THE BENEFIT OF A COVERED
6	ANIMAL OR ANIMALS;
7	(b) Upon termination, the trustee shall transfer the
8	UNEXPENDED TRUST PROPERTY IN THE FOLLOWING ORDER:
9	(I) AS DIRECTED IN THE TRUST INSTRUMENT;
10	(II) IF THE TRUST WAS CREATED IN A NONRESIDUARY CLAUSE IN
11	THE SETTLOR'S WILL OR IN A CODICIL TO THE SETTLOR'S WILL, UNDER THE
12	RESIDUARY CLAUSE IN THE SETTLOR'S WILL; AND
13	(III) IF NO TAKER IS PRODUCED BY THE APPLICATION OF
14	SUBSECTIONS $(1)(b)(I)$ and $(1)(b)(II)$ of this section, to the settlor's
15	HEIRS PURSUANT TO PART 5 OF ARTICLE 11 OF THIS TITLE 15;
16	(c) (Reserved)
17	(d) THE INTENDED USE OF THE PRINCIPAL OR INCOME CAN BE
18	ENFORCED BY AN INDIVIDUAL DESIGNATED FOR THAT PURPOSE IN THE
19	TRUST INSTRUMENT, BY THE PERSON HAVING CUSTODY OF AN ANIMAL FOR
20	WHICH CARE IS PROVIDED BY THE TRUST INSTRUMENT, BY A REMAINDER
21	BENEFICIARY, OR, IF NONE, BY AN INDIVIDUAL APPOINTED BY A COURT
22	UPON APPLICATION TO IT BY AN INDIVIDUAL;
23	(e) ALL TRUSTS CREATED PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION MAY BE
24	REGISTERED, AND ALL TRUSTEES ARE SUBJECT TO THE LAWS OF THIS STATE
25	APPLYING TO TRUSTS AND TRUSTEES; AND
26	(f) (Reserved)
27	(g) (I) If NO TRUSTEE IS DESIGNATED OR NO DESIGNATED TRUSTEE

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1	IS WILLING OR ABLE TO SERVE, A COURT SHALL NAME A TRUSTEE. A COURT
2	MAY ORDER THE TRANSFER OF THE PROPERTY TO ANOTHER TRUSTEE IF
3	REQUIRED TO ENSURE THAT THE INTENDED USE IS CARRIED OUT AND IF:
4	(A) NO SUCCESSOR TRUSTEE IS DESIGNATED IN THE TRUST
5	INSTRUMENT; OR
6	(B) NO DESIGNATED SUCCESSOR TRUSTEE AGREES TO SERVE OR IS
7	ABLE TO SERVE.
8	(II) A COURT MAY ALSO MAKE SUCH OTHER ORDERS AND
9	DETERMINATIONS AS SHALL BE ADVISABLE TO CARRY OUT THE INTENT OF
10	THE SETTLOR AND THE PURPOSES OF SECTIONS 15-5-408 AND 15-5-409.
11	15-5-410. Modification or termination of trust - proceedings
12	for approval or disapproval. (1) IN ADDITION TO THE METHODS OF
13	TERMINATION PRESCRIBED BY SECTIONS 15-5-411 TO 15-5-414, A TRUST
14	TERMINATES TO THE EXTENT THAT:
15	(a) THE TRUST IS REVOKED OR EXPIRES PURSUANT TO ITS TERMS;
16	(b) NO PURPOSE OF THE TRUST REMAINS TO BE ACHIEVED; OR
17	(c) The purposes of the trust have become unlawful,
18	CONTRARY TO PUBLIC POLICY, OR IMPOSSIBLE TO ACHIEVE.
19	(2) A PROCEEDING TO APPROVE OR DISAPPROVE A PROPOSED
20	MODIFICATION OR TERMINATION PURSUANT TO SECTIONS 15-5-411 TO
21	15-5-416, OR TRUST COMBINATION OR DIVISION PURSUANT TO SECTION
22	15-5-417, MAY BE COMMENCED BY A TRUSTEE OR A BENEFICIARY.
23	15-5-411. Modification or termination of noncharitable
24	irrevocable trust by consent. (1) IF, UPON PETITION, THE COURT FINDS
25	THAT THE SETTLOR AND ALL BENEFICIARIES CONSENT TO THE
26	MODIFICATION OR TERMINATION OF A NONCHARITABLE IRREVOCABLE
27	TRUST, THE COURT SHALL APPROVE THE MODIFICATION OR TERMINATION

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1	EVEN IF THE MODIFICATION OR TERMINATION IS INCONSISTENT WITH A
2	MATERIAL PURPOSE OF THE TRUST. A SETTLOR'S CONSENT TO A TRUST'S
3	MODIFICATION OR TERMINATION MAY BE GIVEN BY AN AGENT UNDER A
4	POWER OF ATTORNEY ONLY TO THE EXTENT EXPRESSLY AUTHORIZED BY
5	THE POWER OF ATTORNEY OR THE TERMS OF THE TRUST, BY THE SETTLOR'S
6	CONSERVATOR WITH THE APPROVAL OF THE COURT SUPERVISING THE
7	CONSERVATORSHIP IF AN AGENT IS NOT SO AUTHORIZED, OR BY THE
8	SETTLOR'S GUARDIAN WITH THE APPROVAL OF THE COURT SUPERVISING
9	THE GUARDIANSHIP IF AN AGENT IS NOT SO AUTHORIZED AND A
10	CONSERVATOR HAS NOT BEEN APPOINTED.
11	(2) OTHER THAN A TRUST ESTABLISHED BY COURT ORDER UNDER
12	TITLE XIX OF THE FEDERAL "SOCIAL SECURITY ACT", 42 U.S.C. SEC.
13	1396p (d)(4), A NONCHARITABLE IRREVOCABLE TRUST MAY:
14	(a) BE TERMINATED UPON CONSENT OF ALL OF THE BENEFICIARIES
15	IF THE COURT CONCLUDES THAT CONTINUANCE OF THE TRUST IS NOT
16	NECESSARY TO ACHIEVE ANY MATERIAL PURPOSE OF THE TRUST; OR
17	(b) BE MODIFIED UPON CONSENT OF ALL OF THE BENEFICIARIES IF
18	THE COURT CONCLUDES THAT MODIFICATION IS NOT INCONSISTENT WITH
19	A MATERIAL PURPOSE OF THE TRUST.
20	(3) A SPENDTHRIFT PROVISION IN THE TERMS OF A TRUST IS NOT
21	PRESUMED TO CONSTITUTE A MATERIAL PURPOSE OF THE TRUST.
22	(4) UPON TERMINATION OF A TRUST PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (1)
23	OR (2) OF THIS SECTION, THE TRUSTEE SHALL DISTRIBUTE THE TRUST
24	PROPERTY AS AGREED BY THE BENEFICIARIES.
25	(5) IF NOT ALL OF THE BENEFICIARIES CONSENT TO A PROPOSED
26	${\tt MODIFICATIONORTERMINATIONOFATRUSTPURSUANTTOSUBSECTION} (1)$
27	OR (2) OF THIS SECTION, THE MODIFICATION OR TERMINATION MAY BE

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1	APPROVED BY THE COURT IF THE COURT IS SATISFIED THAT:
2	(a) IF ALL OF THE BENEFICIARIES HAD CONSENTED, THE TRUST
3	COULD HAVE BEEN MODIFIED OR TERMINATED PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION;
4	AND
5	(b) THE INTERESTS OF A BENEFICIARY WHO DOES NOT CONSENT
6	WILL BE ADEQUATELY PROTECTED.
7	15-5-412. Modification or termination because of
8	unanticipated circumstances or inability to administer trust
9	effectively. (1) The court may modify the administrative or
10	DISPOSITIVE TERMS OF A TRUST OR TERMINATE THE TRUST IF, BECAUSE OF
11	CIRCUMSTANCES NOT ANTICIPATED BY THE SETTLOR, MODIFICATION OR
12	TERMINATION WILL FURTHER THE PURPOSES OF THE TRUST. TO THE
13	EXTENT PRACTICABLE, THE MODIFICATION MUST BE MADE IN ACCORDANCE
14	WITH THE SETTLOR'S PROBABLE INTENTION.
15	(2) THE COURT MAY MODIFY THE ADMINISTRATIVE TERMS OF A
16	TRUST IF CONTINUATION OF THE TRUST ON ITS EXISTING TERMS WOULD BE
17	IMPRACTICABLE OR WASTEFUL OR IMPAIR THE TRUST'S ADMINISTRATION.
18	(3) UPON TERMINATION OF A TRUST PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION,
19	THE TRUSTEE SHALL DISTRIBUTE THE TRUST PROPERTY IN A MANNER
20	CONSISTENT WITH THE PURPOSES OF THE TRUST.
21	15-5-413. Cy pres. (1) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN
22	SUBSECTION (2) OF THIS SECTION, IF A PARTICULAR CHARITABLE PURPOSE
23	BECOMES UNLAWFUL, IMPRACTICABLE, IMPOSSIBLE TO ACHIEVE, OR
24	WASTEFUL:
25	(a) THE TRUST DOES NOT FAIL, IN WHOLE OR IN PART;
26	(b) The trust property does not revert to the settlor or
27	THE SETTLOR'S SUCCESSORS IN INTEREST; AND

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1	(C) THE COURT MAY APPLY CY PRES TO MODIFY OR TERMINATE THE
2	TRUST BY DIRECTING THAT THE TRUST PROPERTY BE APPLIED OR
3	DISTRIBUTED, IN WHOLE OR IN PART, IN A MANNER CONSISTENT WITH THE
4	SETTLOR'S CHARITABLE PURPOSES.
5	(2) A PROVISION IN THE TERMS OF A CHARITABLE TRUST THAT
6	WOULD RESULT IN DISTRIBUTION OF THE TRUST PROPERTY TO A
7	NONCHARITABLE BENEFICIARY PREVAILS OVER THE POWER OF THE COURT
8	PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION TO APPLY CY PRES TO
9	MODIFY OR TERMINATE THE TRUST ONLY IF, WHEN THE PROVISION TAKES
10	EFFECT:
11	(a) THE TRUST PROPERTY IS TO REVERT TO THE SETTLOR AND THE
12	SETTLOR IS STILL LIVING; OR
13	(b) FEWER THAN TWENTY-ONE YEARS HAVE ELAPSED SINCE THE
14	DATE OF THE TRUST'S CREATION.
15	15-5-414. Modification or termination of uneconomic trust.
16	(1) AFTER NOTICE TO THE QUALIFIED BENEFICIARIES, THE TRUSTEE OF A
17	TRUST PROPERTY HAVING A TOTAL VALUE LESS THAN ONE HUNDRED
18	THOUSAND DOLLARS MAY TERMINATE THE TRUST IF THE TRUSTEE
19	CONCLUDES THAT THE VALUE OF THE TRUST PROPERTY IS INSUFFICIENT TO
20	JUSTIFY THE COST OF ADMINISTRATION.
21	(2) THE COURT MAY MODIFY OR TERMINATE A TRUST OR REMOVE
22	THE TRUSTEE AND APPOINT A DIFFERENT TRUSTEE IF IT DETERMINES THAT
23	THE VALUE OF THE TRUST PROPERTY IS INSUFFICIENT TO JUSTIFY THE COST
24	OF ADMINISTRATION.
25	(3) Upon termination of a trust pursuant to this section,
26	THE TRUSTEE SHALL DISTRIBUTE THE TRUST PROPERTY IN A MANNER
27	CONSISTENT WITH THE PURPOSES OF THE TRUST.

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1	(4) THIS SECTION DOES NOT APPLY TO AN EASEMENT FOR
2	CONSERVATION OR PRESERVATION.
3	15-5-415. Reformation to correct mistakes. The Court May
4	REFORM THE TERMS OF A TRUST, EVEN IF UNAMBIGUOUS, TO CONFORM THE
5	TERMS TO THE SETTLOR'S INTENTION IF IT IS PROVED BY CLEAR AND
6	CONVINCING EVIDENCE THAT THE SETTLOR'S INTENT AND THE TERMS OF
7	THE TRUST WERE AFFECTED BY A MISTAKE OF FACT OR LAW, WHETHER IN
8	EXPRESSION OR INDUCEMENT.
9	15-5-416. Modification to achieve settlor's tax objectives. To
10	ACHIEVE THE SETTLOR'S TAX OBJECTIVES, THE COURT MAY MODIFY THE
11	TERMS OF A TRUST IN A MANNER THAT IS NOT CONTRARY TO THE
12	SETTLOR'S PROBABLE INTENTION. THE COURT MAY PROVIDE THAT THE
13	MODIFICATION HAS RETROACTIVE EFFECT.
14	15-5-417. Combination and division of trusts. AFTER NOTICE TO
15	THE QUALIFIED BENEFICIARIES, A TRUSTEE MAY COMBINE TWO OR MORE
16	TRUSTS INTO A SINGLE TRUST OR DIVIDE A TRUST INTO TWO OR MORE
17	SEPARATE TRUSTS, IF THE RESULT DOES NOT IMPAIR THE RIGHTS OF ANY
18	BENEFICIARY OR ADVERSELY AFFECT ACHIEVEMENT OF THE PURPOSES OF
19	THE TRUST.
20	PART 5
21	(RESERVED)
22	PART 6
23	REVOCABLE TRUSTS
24	15-5-601. (Reserved)
25	15-5-602. Revocation or amendment of revocable trust.
26	(1) UNLESS THE TERMS OF A TRUST EXPRESSLY PROVIDE THAT THE TRUST
27	IS IRREVOCABLE, THE SETTLOR MAY REVOKE OR AMEND THE TRUST. THIS

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1	SUBSECTION (1) DOES NOT APPLY TO A TRUST CREATED UNDER AN
2	INSTRUMENT EXECUTED BEFORE AUGUST 7, 2013.
3	(2) Unless the terms of a trust expressly provide
4	OTHERWISE, IF A REVOCABLE TRUST IS CREATED OR FUNDED BY MORE
5	THAN ONE SETTLOR:
6	(a) To the extent the trust consists of community
7	PROPERTY, THE TRUST MAY BE REVOKED BY EITHER SPOUSE ACTING
8	ALONE, WITH REGARD TO THE PORTION OF THE TRUST PROPERTY
9	ATTRIBUTABLE TO THAT SETTLOR'S CONTRIBUTION, BUT MAY BE AMENDED
10	ONLY BY JOINT ACTION OF BOTH SPOUSES;
11	(b) To the extent the trust consists of property other
12	THAN COMMUNITY PROPERTY, EACH SETTLOR MAY REVOKE OR AMEND THE
13	TRUST WITH REGARD TO THE PORTION OF THE TRUST PROPERTY
14	ATTRIBUTABLE TO THAT SETTLOR'S CONTRIBUTION; AND
15	(c) Upon the revocation or amendment of the trust by
16	FEWER THAN ALL OF THE SETTLORS, THE TRUSTEE SHALL PROMPTLY
17	NOTIFY THE OTHER SETTLORS OF THE REVOCATION OR AMENDMENT.
18	(3) THE SETTLOR MAY REVOKE OR AMEND A REVOCABLE TRUST:
19	(a) BY SUBSTANTIAL COMPLIANCE WITH A METHOD PROVIDED IN
20	THE TERMS OF THE TRUST; OR
21	(b) If the terms of the trust do not provide a method or
22	THE METHOD PROVIDED IN THE TERMS IS NOT EXPRESSLY MADE
23	EXCLUSIVE, BY ANY OTHER METHOD MANIFESTING CLEAR AND
24	CONVINCING EVIDENCE OF THE SETTLOR'S INTENT, WHICH MAY INCLUDE
25	A LATER WILL OR CODICIL THAT EXPRESSLY REFERS TO THE TRUST OR
26	SPECIFICALLY DEVISES PROPERTY THAT WOULD OTHERWISE HAVE PASSED
27	ACCORDING TO THE TERMS OF THE TRUST. A PROVISION IN A TRUST

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1	SPECIFYING A METHOD TO REVOKE OR AMEND THE TRUST DOES NOT MAKE
2	THE SPECIFIED METHOD EXCLUSIVE UNLESS THE SPECIFIED METHOD IS
3	REFERRED TO AS THE "SOLE", "EXCLUSIVE", OR "ONLY" METHOD OF
4	REVOKING OR AMENDING THE TRUST OR THE PROVISION INCLUDES SIMILAR
5	LANGUAGE MANIFESTING THE SETTLOR'S INTENT THAT THE TRUST MAY
6	NOT BE REVOKED OR AMENDED BY ANY OTHER METHOD.
7	(4) Upon revocation of a revocable trust, the trustee
8	SHALL DELIVER THE TRUST PROPERTY AS THE SETTLOR DIRECTS.
9	(5) A SETTLOR'S POWERS WITH RESPECT TO REVOCATION,
10	AMENDMENT, OR DISTRIBUTION OF TRUST PROPERTY MAY BE EXERCISED
11	BY AN AGENT UNDER A POWER OF ATTORNEY ONLY TO THE EXTENT
12	EXPRESSLY AUTHORIZED BY THE TERMS OF THE TRUST OR THE POWER.
13	(6) Unless the terms of a trust expressly provide
14	OTHERWISE, OR THE POWER TO DO SO HAS BEEN EXPRESSLY GRANTED TO
15	ANOTHER PERSON, A CONSERVATOR OF THE SETTLOR OR, IF NO
16	CONSERVATOR HAS BEEN APPOINTED, A GUARDIAN OF THE SETTLOR, MAY
17	EXERCISE THE SETTLOR'S POWERS WITH RESPECT TO REVOCATION,
18	AMENDMENT, OR DISTRIBUTION OF TRUST PROPERTY, BUT ONLY WITH THE
19	APPROVAL OF THE COURT SUPERVISING THE CONSERVATORSHIP OR
20	GUARDIANSHIP.
21	(7) A TRUSTEE WHO DOES NOT KNOW THAT A TRUST HAS BEEN
22	REVOKED OR AMENDED IS NOT LIABLE TO THE SETTLOR OR THE SETTLOR'S
23	SUCCESSORS IN INTEREST FOR DISTRIBUTIONS MADE AND OTHER ACTIONS
24	TAKEN ON THE ASSUMPTION THAT THE TRUST HAS NOT BEEN AMENDED OR
25	REVOKED.
26	15-5-603. Settlor's powers. Unless the terms of the trust
27	EXPRESSLY PROVIDE OTHERWISE, WHILE A TRUST IS REVOCABLE, THE

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I	RIGHTS OF THE BENEFICIARIES ARE SUBJECT TO THE CONTROL OF, AND THE
2	DUTIES OF THE TRUSTEE ARE OWED EXCLUSIVELY TO, THE SETTLOR.
3	15-5-604. Limitation on action contesting validity of revocable
4	trust. (1) (a) A PERSON MUST COMMENCE A JUDICIAL PROCEEDING TO
5	CONTEST THE VALIDITY OF A TRUST THAT WAS REVOCABLE AT THE
6	SETTLOR'S DEATH WITHIN THE EARLIER OF:
7	(I) THREE YEARS AFTER THE SETTLOR'S DEATH; OR
8	(II) ONE HUNDRED TWENTY DAYS AFTER THE TRUSTEE SENT THE
9	PERSON A COPY OF THE TRUST INSTRUMENT AND A NOTICE INFORMING THE
10	PERSON OF THE TRUST'S EXISTENCE, OF THE TRUSTEE'S NAME AND
11	ADDRESS, AND OF THE TIME ALLOWED FOR COMMENCING A PROCEEDING.
12	A TRUSTEE IS NOT LIABLE TO ANY PERSON FOR GIVING OR FAILING TO GIVE
13	NOTICE UNDER THIS SECTION.
14	(b) THE APPLICABLE TIME LIMIT DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (1)(a)
15	OF THIS SECTION IS AN ABSOLUTE BAR THAT MAY NOT BE WAIVED OR
16	TOLLED.
17	(2) Upon the death of the settlor of a trust that was
18	REVOCABLE AT THE SETTLOR'S DEATH, THE TRUSTEE MAY PROCEED TO
19	DISTRIBUTE THE TRUST PROPERTY IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE TERMS OF
20	THE TRUST. THE TRUSTEE IS NOT SUBJECT TO LIABILITY FOR DOING SO
21	UNLESS:
22	(a) The trustee knows of a pending judicial proceeding
23	CONTESTING THE VALIDITY OF THE TRUST; OR
24	(b) A POTENTIAL CONTESTANT HAS NOTIFIED THE TRUSTEE OF A
25	POSSIBLE JUDICIAL PROCEEDING TO CONTEST THE TRUST AND A JUDICIAL
26	PROCEEDING IS COMMENCED WITHIN SIXTY DAYS AFTER THE CONTESTANT
7	SENT THE NOTIFICATION

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1	(3) Unless a distribution or payment no longer can be
2	QUESTIONED BECAUSE OF ADJUDICATION, ESTOPPEL, OR LIMITATION, A
3	BENEFICIARY OF A TRUST THAT IS DETERMINED TO HAVE BEEN INVALID, OR
4	A DISTRIBUTEE OF PROPERTY IMPROPERLY DISTRIBUTED OR PAID, OR A
5	CLAIMANT WHO IS IMPROPERLY PAID, IS LIABLE FOR THE RETURN OF THE
6	PROPERTY IMPROPERLY RECEIVED AND ITS INCOME, IF ANY, SINCE THE
7	DISTRIBUTION, IF HE OR SHE HAS THE PROPERTY. IF HE OR SHE DOES NOT
8	HAVE THE PROPERTY, THEN HE OR SHE IS LIABLE FOR THE RETURN OF THE
9	VALUE AS OF THE DATE OF HIS OR HER DISPOSITION OF THE PROPERTY
10	IMPROPERLY RECEIVED, AND ITS INCOME AND GAIN, IF ANY RECEIVED BY
11	HIM OR HER.
12	PART 7
13	OFFICE OF TRUSTEE
14	15-5-701. Accepting or declining trusteeship. (1) EXCEPT AS
15	OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (3) OF THIS SECTION, A PERSON
16	DESIGNATED AS TRUSTEE ACCEPTS THE TRUSTEESHIP:
17	(a) BY SUBSTANTIALLY COMPLYING WITH A METHOD OF
18	ACCEPTANCE PROVIDED IN THE TERMS OF THE TRUST; OR
19	(b) If the terms of the trust do not provide a method or
20	THE METHOD PROVIDED IN THE TERMS IS NOT EXPRESSLY MADE
21	EXCLUSIVE, BY ACCEPTING DELIVERY OF THE TRUST PROPERTY,
22	EXERCISING POWERS OR PERFORMING DUTIES AS A TRUSTEE, OR
23	OTHERWISE INDICATING ACCEPTANCE OF THE TRUSTEESHIP. A PROVISION
24	IN A TRUST SPECIFYING A METHOD TO ACCEPT OR DECLINE TRUSTEESHIP
25	DOES NOT MAKE THE SPECIFIED METHOD EXCLUSIVE UNLESS THE SPECIFIED
26	METHOD IS REFERRED TO AS THE "SOLE", "EXCLUSIVE", OR "ONLY"
27	METHOD OF ACCEPTING OR DECLINING TRUSTEESHIP OR THE PROVISION

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1	INCLUDES SIMILAR LANGUAGE MANIFESTING THAT THE SETTLOR'S INTENT
2	WAS THAT THE TRUSTEESHIP MAY NOT BE ACCEPTED OR DECLINED BY ANY
3	OTHER METHOD.
4	(2) A PERSON DESIGNATED AS TRUSTEE WHO HAS NOT YET
5	ACCEPTED THE TRUSTEESHIP MAY REJECT THE TRUSTEESHIP. A
6	DESIGNATED TRUSTEE WHO DOES NOT ACCEPT THE TRUSTEESHIP WITHIN
7	A REASONABLE TIME AFTER KNOWING OF THE DESIGNATION IS DEEMED TO
8	HAVE REJECTED THE TRUSTEESHIP.
9	(3) A PERSON DESIGNATED AS A TRUSTEE, WITHOUT ACCEPTING
10	THE TRUSTEESHIP, MAY:
11	(a) ACT TO PRESERVE THE TRUST PROPERTY IF, WITHIN A
12	REASONABLE TIME AFTER ACTING, THE PERSON SENDS A REJECTION OF THE
13	TRUSTEESHIP TO THE SETTLOR OR, IF THE SETTLOR IS DEAD OR LACKS
14	CAPACITY, TO ANY ACTING TRUSTEE AND A QUALIFIED BENEFICIARY; AND
15	(b) Inspect or investigate trust property to determine
16	POTENTIAL LIABILITY UNDER ENVIRONMENTAL OR OTHER LAW OR FOR ANY
17	OTHER PURPOSE.
18	15-5-702. Trustee's bond. (1) A TRUSTEE SHALL GIVE BOND TO
19	SECURE PERFORMANCE OF THE TRUSTEE'S DUTIES ONLY IF THE COURT
20	FINDS THAT A BOND IS NEEDED TO PROTECT THE INTERESTS OF THE
21	BENEFICIARIES OR IS REQUIRED BY THE TERMS OF THE TRUST AND THE
22	COURT HAS NOT DISPENSED WITH THE REQUIREMENT.
23	(2) THE COURT MAY SPECIFY THE AMOUNT OF A BOND, ITS
24	LIABILITIES, AND WHETHER SURETIES ARE NECESSARY. THE COURT MAY
25	MODIFY OR TERMINATE A BOND AT ANY TIME.
26	(3) Unless otherwise directed by the court or the terms
27	OF THE TRUST, THE COST OF A BOND IS CHARGED TO THE TRUST.

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1	15-5-703. Cotrustees. (1) COTRUSTEES WHO ARE UNABLE TO
2	REACH A UNANIMOUS DECISION MAY ACT BY MAJORITY DECISION.
3	(2) IF A VACANCY OCCURS IN A COTRUSTEESHIP, THE REMAINING
4	COTRUSTEES MAY ACT FOR THE TRUST.
5	(3) A COTRUSTEE SHALL PARTICIPATE IN THE PERFORMANCE OF A
6	TRUSTEE'S FUNCTION UNLESS THE COTRUSTEE IS UNAVAILABLE TO
7	PERFORM THE FUNCTION BECAUSE OF ABSENCE, ILLNESS,
8	DISQUALIFICATION, OR OTHER TEMPORARY INCAPACITY OR THE
9	COTRUSTEE HAS PROPERLY DELEGATED THE PERFORMANCE OF THE
10	FUNCTION TO ANOTHER TRUSTEE.
11	(4) IF A COTRUSTEE IS UNAVAILABLE TO PERFORM DUTIES BECAUSE
12	OF ABSENCE, ILLNESS, DISQUALIFICATION, OR OTHER TEMPORARY
13	INCAPACITY, AND PROMPT ACTION IS NECESSARY TO ACHIEVE THE
14	PURPOSES OF THE TRUST OR TO AVOID INJURY TO THE TRUST PROPERTY,
15	THE REMAINING COTRUSTEE OR A MAJORITY OF THE REMAINING
16	COTRUSTEES MAY ACT FOR THE TRUST.
17	(5) A TRUSTEE MAY NOT DELEGATE TO A COSTRUSTEE THE
18	PERFORMANCE OF A FUNCTION THE SETTLOR REASONABLY EXPECTED THE
19	TRUSTEES TO PERFORM JOINTLY. UNLESS A DELEGATION WAS
20	IRREVOCABLE, A TRUSTEE MAY REVOKE A DELEGATION PREVIOUSLY
21	MADE.
22	(6) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (7) OF THIS
23	SECTION, A TRUSTEE WHO DOES NOT JOIN IN AN ACTION OF ANOTHER
24	TRUSTEE IS NOT LIABLE FOR THE ACTION.
25	(7) EACH TRUSTEE SHALL EXERCISE REASONABLE CARE TO:
26	(a) PREVENT A COTRUSTEE FROM COMMITTING A SERIOUS BREACH
2.7	OF TRUST: AND

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1	(D) PURSUE A REMEDY, AT TRUST EXPENSE, FOR A COTRUSTEE S
2	SERIOUS BREACH OF TRUST.
3	(8) A dissenting trustee who joins in an action at the
4	DIRECTION OF THE MAJORITY OF THE TRUSTEES AND WHO NOTIFIED ANY
5	COTRUSTEE OF THE DISSENT AT OR BEFORE THE TIME OF THE ACTION IS NOT
6	LIABLE FOR THE ACTION UNLESS THE ACTION IS A SERIOUS BREACH OF
7	TRUST.
8	15-5-704. Vacancy in trusteeship - appointment of successor.
9	(1) A VACANCY IN A TRUSTEESHIP OCCURS IF:
10	(a) A PERSON DESIGNATED AS TRUSTEE REJECTS THE TRUSTEESHIP;
11	(b) A PERSON DESIGNATED AS TRUSTEE CANNOT BE IDENTIFIED OR
12	DOES NOT EXIST;
13	(c) A TRUSTEE RESIGNS;
14	(d) A TRUSTEE IS DISQUALIFIED OR REMOVED;
15	(e) A TRUSTEE DIES; OR
16	(f) A GUARDIAN OR CONSERVATOR IS APPOINTED FOR AN
17	INDIVIDUAL SERVING AS TRUSTEE.
18	(2) IF ONE OR MORE COTRUSTEES REMAIN IN OFFICE, A VACANCY
19	IN A TRUSTEESHIP NEED NOT BE FILLED. A VACANCY IN A TRUSTEESHIP
20	MUST BE FILLED IF THE TRUST HAS NO REMAINING TRUSTEE.
21	(3) A VACANCY IN A TRUSTEESHIP OF A NONCHARITABLE TRUST
22	THAT IS REQUIRED TO BE FILLED MUST BE FILLED IN THE FOLLOWING
23	ORDER OF PRIORITY:
24	(a) BY A PERSON DESIGNATED IN THE TERMS OF THE TRUST TO ACT
25	AS SUCCESSOR TRUSTEE;
26	(b) BY A PERSON APPOINTED BY UNANIMOUS AGREEMENT OF THE
27	QUALIFIED BENEFICIARIES; OR

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1	(c) By a person appointed by the court.
2	(4) A VACANCY IN A TRUSTEESHIP OF A CHARITABLE TRUST THAT
3	IS REQUIRED TO BE FILLED MUST BE FILLED IN THE FOLLOWING ORDER OF
4	PRIORITY:
5	(a) BY A PERSON DESIGNATED IN THE TERMS OF THE TRUST TO ACT
6	AS SUCCESSOR TRUSTEE;
7	(b) BY A PERSON SELECTED BY THE CHARITABLE ORGANIZATIONS
8	EXPRESSLY DESIGNATED TO RECEIVE DISTRIBUTIONS UNDER THE TERMS OF
9	THE TRUST IF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL IS PROVIDED WRITTEN NOTICE OF
10	THE SELECTION AND FAILS TO OBJECT OR CONCURS IN THE SELECTION
11	WITHIN THIRTY DAYS OF SUCH NOTICE; OR
12	(c) BY A PERSON APPOINTED BY THE COURT.
13	(5) REGARDLESS OF WHETHER A VACANCY IN A TRUSTEESHIP
14	EXISTS OR IS REQUIRED TO BE FILLED, THE COURT MAY APPOINT AN
15	ADDITIONAL TRUSTEE OR SPECIAL FIDUCIARY WHENEVER THE COURT
16	CONSIDERS THE APPOINTMENT NECESSARY FOR THE ADMINISTRATION OF
17	THE TRUST.
18	15-5-705. Resignation of trustee. (1) A TRUSTEE MAY RESIGN:
19	(a) Upon at least thirty days' notice to the qualified
20	BENEFICIARIES; THE SETTLOR, IF LIVING; AND ALL COTRUSTEES; OR
21	(b) WITH THE APPROVAL OF THE COURT.
22	(2) IN APPROVING A RESIGNATION PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION, THE
23	COURT MAY ISSUE ORDERS AND IMPOSE CONDITIONS REASONABLY
24	NECESSARY FOR THE PROTECTION OF THE TRUST PROPERTY.
25	(3) ANY LIABILITY OF A RESIGNING TRUSTEE OR OF ANY SURETIES
26	ON THE TRUSTEE'S BOND FOR ACTS OR OMISSIONS OF THE TRUSTEE IS NOT
2.7	DISCHARGED OR AFFECTED BY THE TRUSTEE'S RESIGNATION

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1	15-5-706. Removal of trustee. (1) The Settlor, a Cotrustee,
2	OR A BENEFICIARY MAY REQUEST THE COURT TO REMOVE A TRUSTEE, OR
3	A TRUSTEE MAY BE REMOVED BY THE COURT ON ITS OWN INITIATIVE.
4	(2) THE COURT MAY REMOVE A TRUSTEE IF:
5	(a) THE TRUSTEE HAS COMMITTED A SERIOUS BREACH OF TRUST;
6	(b) LACK OF COOPERATION AMONG COTRUSTEES SUBSTANTIALLY
7	IMPAIRS THE ADMINISTRATION OF THE TRUST;
8	(c) Because of unfitness, unwillingness, or persistent
9	FAILURE OF THE TRUSTEE TO ADMINISTER THE TRUST EFFECTIVELY, THE
10	COURT DETERMINES THAT REMOVAL OF THE TRUSTEE BEST SERVES THE
11	INTERESTS OF THE BENEFICIARIES; OR
12	(d) (I) THERE HAS BEEN A SUBSTANTIAL CHANGE OF
13	CIRCUMSTANCES OR REMOVAL IS REQUESTED BY ALL OF THE QUALIFIED
14	BENEFICIARIES;
15	(II) THE COURT FINDS THAT REMOVAL OF THE TRUSTEE BEST
16	SERVES THE INTERESTS OF ALL OF THE BENEFICIARIES AND IS NOT
17	INCONSISTENT WITH A MATERIAL PURPOSE OF THE TRUST; AND
18	(III) A SUITABLE COTRUSTEE OR SUCCESSOR TRUSTEE IS
19	AVAILABLE.
20	(3) PENDING A FINAL DECISION ON A REQUEST TO REMOVE A
21	TRUSTEE, OR IN LIEU OF OR IN ADDITION TO REMOVING A TRUSTEE, THE
22	COURT MAY ORDER SUCH APPROPRIATE RELIEF PURSUANT TO SECTION
23	15-5-1001 (2) AS MAY BE NECESSARY TO PROTECT THE TRUST PROPERTY
24	OR THE INTERESTS OF THE BENEFICIARIES.
25	15-5-707. Delivery of property by former trustee. (1) UNLESS
26	A COTRUSTEE REMAINS IN OFFICE OR THE COURT OTHERWISE ORDERS, AND
27	LINTIL THE TRUST DRODERTY IS DELIVEDED TO A SUCCESSOR TRUSTEE OR

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1	OTHER PERSON ENTITLED TO IT, A TRUSTEE WHO HAS RESIGNED OR BEEN
2	REMOVED HAS THE DUTIES OF A TRUSTEE AND THE POWERS NECESSARY TO
3	PROTECT THE TRUST PROPERTY.
4	(2) A TRUSTEE WHO HAS RESIGNED OR BEEN REMOVED SHALL
5	PROCEED EXPEDITIOUSLY TO DELIVER THE TRUST PROPERTY WITHIN THE
6	TRUSTEE'S POSSESSION TO THE COTRUSTEE, SUCCESSOR TRUSTEE, OR
7	OTHER PERSON ENTITLED TO IT.
8	15-5-708. Compensation of trustee. (1) If the terms of the
9	TRUST DO NOT SPECIFY THE TRUSTEE'S COMPENSATION, A TRUSTEE'S
10	COMPENSATION IS DETERMINED IN ACCORDANCE WITH PART 6 OF ARTICLE
11	10 of this title 15.
12	(2) If the terms of a trust specify the trustee's
13	COMPENSATION, THE TRUSTEE IS ENTITLED TO BE COMPENSATED AS
14	SPECIFIED, BUT THE COURT MAY ALLOW MORE OR LESS COMPENSATION IF
15	THE COMPENSATION SPECIFIED BY THE TERMS OF THE TRUST WOULD BE
16	UNREASONABLY LOW OR HIGH AS DETERMINED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE
17	FACTORS SET FORTH IN PART 6 OF ARTICLE 10 OF THIS TITLE 15 AND
18	TAKING INTO CONSIDERATION WHETHER THE DUTIES OF THE TRUSTEE ARE
19	SUBSTANTIALLY DIFFERENT FROM THOSE CONTEMPLATED WHEN THE
20	TRUST WAS CREATED.
21	15-5-709. Reimbursement of expenses. (1) A TRUSTEE IS
22	ENTITLED TO BE REIMBURSED OUT OF THE TRUST PROPERTY, WITH
23	INTEREST AS APPROPRIATE, FOR:
24	(a) Expenses that were properly incurred in the
25	ADMINISTRATION OF THE TRUST; AND
26	(b) TO THE EXTENT NECESSARY TO PREVENT UNJUST ENRICHMENT
27	OF THE TRUST, EXPENSES THAT WERE NOT PROPERLY INCURRED IN THE

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1	ADMINISTRATION OF THE TRUST.
2	(2) A REASONABLE ADVANCE BY THE TRUSTEE OF MONEY FOR THE
3	PROTECTION OF THE TRUST GIVES RISE TO A LIEN AGAINST TRUST
4	PROPERTY TO SECURE REIMBURSEMENT WITH REASONABLE INTEREST.
5	PART 8
6	DUTIES AND POWERS OF TRUSTEE
7	15-5-801. Duty to administer trust. Upon acceptance of a
8	TRUSTEESHIP, THE TRUSTEE SHALL ADMINISTER THE TRUST IN GOOD FAITH,
9	IN ACCORDANCE WITH ITS TERMS AND PURPOSES AND THE INTERESTS OF
10	THE BENEFICIARIES, AND IN ACCORDANCE WITH THIS ARTICLE 5.
11	15-5-802. Duty of loyalty. (1) A TRUSTEE SHALL ADMINISTER
12	THE TRUST SOLELY IN THE INTERESTS OF THE BENEFICIARIES.
13	(2) Subject to the rights of persons dealing with or
14	ASSISTING THE TRUSTEE AS PROVIDED IN SECTION 15-5-1012, A SALE,
15	ENCUMBRANCE, OR OTHER TRANSACTION INVOLVING THE INVESTMENT OR
16	MANAGEMENT OF TRUST PROPERTY ENTERED INTO BY THE TRUSTEE FOR
17	THE TRUSTEE'S OWN PERSONAL ACCOUNT OR THAT IS OTHERWISE
18	AFFECTED BY A CONFLICT BETWEEN THE TRUSTEE'S FIDUCIARY AND
19	PERSONAL INTERESTS IS VOIDABLE BY A BENEFICIARY AFFECTED BY THE
20	TRANSACTION UNLESS:
21	(a) THE TRANSACTION WAS AUTHORIZED BY THE TERMS OF THE
22	TRUST;
23	(b) THE TRANSACTION WAS APPROVED BY THE COURT;
24	(c) THE BENEFICIARY DID NOT COMMENCE A JUDICIAL PROCEEDING
25	WITHIN THE TIME ALLOWED BY SECTION 15-5-1005;
26	(d) The Beneficiary consented to the trustee's conduct,
27	RATIFIED THE TRANSACTION, OR RELEASED THE TRUSTEE IN COMPLIANCE

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1	WITH SECTION 15-5-1009; OR
2	(e) THE TRANSACTION INVOLVES A CONTRACT ENTERED INTO OR
3	CLAIM ACQUIRED BY THE TRUSTEE BEFORE THE PERSON BECAME OR
4	CONTEMPLATED BECOMING TRUSTEE.
5	(3) A SALE, ENCUMBRANCE, OR OTHER TRANSACTION INVOLVING
6	THE INVESTMENT OR MANAGEMENT OF TRUST PROPERTY IS PRESUMED TO
7	BE AFFECTED BY A CONFLICT BETWEEN PERSONAL AND FIDUCIARY
8	INTERESTS IF IT IS ENTERED INTO BY THE TRUSTEE WITH:
9	(a) THE TRUSTEE'S SPOUSE;
10	(b) THE TRUSTEE'S DESCENDANTS, SIBLINGS, PARENTS, OR THEIR
11	SPOUSES;
12	(c) AN AGENT OR ATTORNEY OF THE TRUSTEE; OR
13	(d) A CORPORATION OR OTHER PERSON OR ENTERPRISE IN WHICH
14	THE TRUSTEE, OR A PERSON THAT OWNS A SIGNIFICANT INTEREST IN THE
15	TRUSTEE, HAS AN INTEREST THAT MIGHT AFFECT THE TRUSTEE'S BEST
16	JUDGMENT.
17	(4) A TRANSACTION BETWEEN A TRUSTEE AND A BENEFICIARY
18	THAT DOES NOT CONCERN TRUST PROPERTY BUT THAT OCCURS DURING
19	THE EXISTENCE OF THE TRUST OR WHILE THE TRUSTEE RETAINS
20	SIGNIFICANT INFLUENCE OVER THE BENEFICIARY AND FROM WHICH THE
21	TRUSTEE OBTAINS AN ADVANTAGE IS VOIDABLE BY THE BENEFICIARY
22	UNLESS THE TRUSTEE ESTABLISHES THAT THE TRANSACTION WAS FAIR TO
23	THE BENEFICIARY.
24	(5) A TRANSACTION NOT CONCERNING TRUST PROPERTY, AND IN
25	WHICH THE TRUSTEE ENGAGES IN THE TRUSTEE'S INDIVIDUAL CAPACITY,
26	INVOLVES A CONFLICT BETWEEN PERSONAL AND FIDUCIARY INTERESTS IF
27	THE TRANSACTION CONCERNS AN OPPORTUNITY PROPERLY BELONGING TO

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1	THE TRUST.
1	THE INCOM.

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2	(6) An investment by a trustee in securities of an
3	INVESTMENT COMPANY OR INVESTMENT TRUST TO WHICH THE TRUSTEE OR
4	ITS AFFILIATE PROVIDES SERVICES IN A CAPACITY OTHER THAN AS TRUSTEE
5	IS NOT PRESUMED TO BE AFFECTED BY A CONFLICT BETWEEN PERSONAL
6	AND FIDUCIARY INTERESTS IF THE INVESTMENT OTHERWISE COMPLIES
7	WITH THE "COLORADO UNIFORM PRUDENT INVESTOR ACT", ARTICLE 1.1
8	OF THIS TITLE 15. IN ADDITION TO ITS COMPENSATION FOR ACTING AS
9	TRUSTEE, THE TRUSTEE MAY BE COMPENSATED BY THE INVESTMENT
10	COMPANY OR INVESTMENT TRUST FOR PROVIDING THOSE SERVICES OUT OF
11	FEES CHARGED TO THE TRUST. IF THE TRUSTEE RECEIVES COMPENSATION
12	FROM THE INVESTMENT COMPANY OR INVESTMENT TRUST FOR PROVIDING
13	INVESTMENT ADVISORY OR INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT SERVICES, THE
14	TRUSTEE MUST AT LEAST ANNUALLY NOTIFY THE PERSONS ENTITLED
15	PURSUANT TO SECTION 15-5-813 TO RECEIVE A COPY OF THE TRUSTEE'S
16	ANNUAL REPORT OF THE RATE AND METHOD BY WHICH THAT
17	COMPENSATION WAS DETERMINED.
18	(7) IN VOTING SHARES OF STOCK OR IN EXERCISING POWERS OF
19	CONTROL OVER SIMILAR INTERESTS IN OTHER FORMS OF ENTERPRISE, THE
20	TRUSTEE SHALL ACT IN THE BEST INTERESTS OF THE BENEFICIARIES. IF THE
21	TRUST IS THE SOLE OWNER OF A CORPORATION OR OTHER FORM OF
22	ENTERPRISE, THE TRUSTEE SHALL ELECT OR APPOINT DIRECTORS OR OTHER
23	MANAGERS WHO WILL MANAGE THE CORPORATION OR ENTERPRISE IN THE

(a) AN AGREEMENT BETWEEN A TRUSTEE AND A BENEFICIARY

This section does not preclude the following

BEST INTERESTS OF THE BENEFICIARIES.

TRANSACTIONS, IF FAIR TO THE BENEFICIARIES:

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1	RELATING TO THE APPOINTMENT OR COMPENSATION OF THE TRUSTEE;
2	(b) PAYMENT OF REASONABLE COMPENSATION TO THE TRUSTEE;
3	(c) A TRANSACTION BETWEEN A TRUST AND ANOTHER TRUST,
4	DECEDENT'S ESTATE, GUARDIANSHIP, OR CONSERVATORSHIP OF WHICH THE
5	TRUSTEE IS A FIDUCIARY OR IN WHICH A BENEFICIARY HAS AN INTEREST;
6	(d) A DEPOSIT OF TRUST MONEY IN A REGULATED FINANCIAL
7	SERVICE INSTITUTION OPERATED BY THE TRUSTEE; OR
8	(e) AN ADVANCE BY THE TRUSTEE OF MONEY FOR THE PROTECTION
9	OF THE TRUST.
10	(9) THE COURT MAY APPOINT A SPECIAL FIDUCIARY TO MAKE A
11	DECISION WITH RESPECT TO ANY PROPOSED TRANSACTION THAT MIGHT
12	VIOLATE THIS SECTION IF ENTERED INTO BY THE TRUSTEE.
13	15-5-803. Impartiality. If a trust has two or more
14	BENEFICIARIES, THE TRUSTEE SHALL ACT IMPARTIALLY IN INVESTING,
15	MANAGING, AND DISTRIBUTING THE TRUST PROPERTY, TAKING INTO
16	ACCOUNT ANY DIFFERING INTERESTS OF THE BENEFICIARIES.
17	15-5-804. Prudent administration. A TRUSTEE SHALL
18	ADMINISTER THE TRUST AS A PRUDENT PERSON WOULD, BY CONSIDERING
19	THE PURPOSES, TERMS, DISTRIBUTION REQUIREMENTS, AND OTHER
20	CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE TRUST. IN SATISFYING THIS STANDARD, THE
21	TRUSTEE SHALL EXERCISE REASONABLE CARE, SKILL, AND CAUTION.
22	15-5-805. Costs of administration. IN ADMINISTERING A TRUST,
23	THE TRUSTEE MAY INCUR ONLY COSTS THAT ARE APPROPRIATE AND
24	REASONABLE IN RELATION TO THE TRUST PROPERTY, THE PURPOSES OF THE
25	TRUST, AND THE SKILLS OF THE TRUSTEE.
26	15-5-806. Trustee's skills. A TRUSTEE WHO HAS SPECIAL SKILLS
27	OR EXPERTISE, OR IS NAMED TRUSTEE IN RELIANCE UPON THE TRUSTEE'S

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1	REPRESENTATION THAT THE TRUSTEE HAS SPECIAL SKILLS OR EXPERTISE,
2	HAS A DUTY TO USE THOSE SPECIAL SKILLS OR EXPERTISE.
3	15-5-807. Delegation by trustee. (1) A TRUSTEE MAY DELEGATE
4	DUTIES AND POWERS THAT A PRUDENT TRUSTEE OF COMPARABLE SKILLS
5	COULD PROPERLY DELEGATE UNDER THE CIRCUMSTANCES. THE TRUSTEE
6	SHALL EXERCISE REASONABLE CARE, SKILL, AND CAUTION IN:
7	(a) SELECTING AN AGENT;
8	(b) ESTABLISHING THE SCOPE AND TERMS OF THE DELEGATION,
9	CONSISTENT WITH THE PURPOSES AND TERMS OF THE TRUST; AND
10	(c) PERIODICALLY REVIEWING THE AGENT'S ACTIONS IN ORDER TO
11	MONITOR THE AGENT'S PERFORMANCE AND COMPLIANCE WITH THE TERMS
12	OF THE DELEGATION.
13	(2) IN PERFORMING A DELEGATED FUNCTION, AN AGENT OWES A
14	DUTY TO THE TRUST TO EXERCISE REASONABLE CARE TO COMPLY WITH
15	THE TERMS OF THE DELEGATION.
16	(3) A TRUSTEE WHO COMPLIES WITH SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS
17	SECTION IS NOT LIABLE TO THE BENEFICIARIES OR TO THE TRUST FOR THE
18	DECISIONS OR ACTIONS OF THE AGENT TO WHOM THE FUNCTION WAS
19	DELEGATED.
20	(4) BY ACCEPTING A DELEGATION OF POWERS OR DUTIES FROM THE
21	TRUSTEE OF A TRUST THAT IS SUBJECT TO THE LAW OF THIS STATE, AN
22	AGENT SUBMITS TO THE JURISDICTION OF THE COURTS OF THIS STATE.
23	15-5-808. Powers to direct. (Reserved)
24	15-5-809. Control and protection of trust property. A TRUSTEE
25	SHALL TAKE REASONABLE STEPS TO TAKE CONTROL OF AND PROTECT THE
26	TRUST PROPERTY.
27	15-5-810. Record keeping and identification of trust property.

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1	$(1)\ A\ TRUSTEE\ SHALL\ KEEP\ ADEQUATE\ RECORDS\ OF\ THE\ ADMINISTRATION$
2	OF THE TRUST.
3	(2) A TRUSTEE SHALL KEEP TRUST PROPERTY SEPARATE FROM THE
4	TRUSTEE'S OWN PROPERTY.
5	(3) (a) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (4) OF
6	THIS SECTION, A TRUSTEE SHALL CAUSE THE TRUST PROPERTY TO BE
7	DESIGNATED SO THAT THE INTEREST OF THE TRUST, TO THE EXTENT
8	FEASIBLE, APPEARS IN RECORDS MAINTAINED BY A PARTY OTHER THAN A
9	TRUSTEE OR BENEFICIARY.
10	(b) NOTHING IN SUBSECTION (3)(a) OF THIS SECTION MAY BE
11	CONSTRUED AS PREVENTING A TRUSTEE FROM HOLDING A PROPERTY IN
12	THE NAME OF A NOMINEE OR OTHER FORM, WITHOUT DISCLOSURE OF THE
13	TRUST, AS AUTHORIZED IN SECTION 15-5-816 $(1)(g)(II)$ AND IN SECTION
14	15-1-804 (2)(o), PROVIDED THE TRUSTEE MAINTAINS ADEQUATE RECORDS
15	OF ALL TRUST PROPERTY SO HELD.
16	(c) This subsection (3) does not apply to tangible personal
17	PROPERTY OTHER THAN MOTOR VEHICLES, AIRPLANES, AND OTHER
18	PROPERTY THE TITLE OF WHICH IS REGISTERED WITH A GOVERNMENTAL
19	AUTHORITY.
20	(4) IF THE TRUSTEE MAINTAINS RECORDS CLEARLY INDICATING THE
21	RESPECTIVE INTERESTS, A TRUSTEE MAY INVEST AS A WHOLE THE
22	PROPERTY OF TWO OR MORE SEPARATE TRUSTS.
23	15-5-811. Enforcement and defense of claims. A TRUSTEE
24	SHALL TAKE REASONABLE STEPS TO ENFORCE CLAIMS OF THE TRUST AND
25	TO DEFEND CLAIMS AGAINST THE TRUST OF WHICH THE TRUSTEE HAS
26	KNOWLEDGE.
27	15-5-812. Collecting trust property. A TRUSTEE SHALL TAKE

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1	REASONABLE STEPS TO COMPEL A FORMER TRUSTEE OR OTHER PERSON TO
2	DELIVER TRUST PROPERTY TO THE TRUSTEE AND TO REDRESS A BREACH OF
3	TRUST KNOWN TO THE TRUSTEE TO HAVE BEEN COMMITTED BY A FORMER
4	TRUSTEE.
5	15-5-813. Duty to inform and report. (1) A TRUSTEE SHALL
6	KEEP THE QUALIFIED BENEFICIARIES OF THE TRUST REASONABLY
7	INFORMED ABOUT THE ADMINISTRATION OF THE TRUST AND OF THE
8	MATERIAL FACTS NECESSARY FOR THEM TO PROTECT THEIR INTERESTS.
9	UNLESS UNREASONABLE UNDER THE CIRCUMSTANCES, A TRUSTEE SHALL
10	PROMPTLY RESPOND TO A QUALIFIED BENEFICIARY'S REQUEST FOR
11	INFORMATION RELATED TO THE ADMINISTRATION OF THE TRUST.
12	(2) A TRUSTEE:
13	(a) Upon request of a qualified beneficiary, shall
14	PROMPTLY FURNISH TO THE QUALIFIED BENEFICIARY A COPY OF THE
15	PORTIONS OF THE TRUST INSTRUMENT THAT DESCRIBE OR AFFECT THE
16	BENEFICIARY'S INTEREST;
17	(b) WITHIN SIXTY DAYS AFTER ACCEPTING A TRUSTEESHIP, SHALL
18	NOTIFY THE QUALIFIED BENEFICIARIES OF THE ACCEPTANCE AND OF THE
19	TRUSTEE'S NAME, ADDRESS, AND TELEPHONE NUMBER;
20	(c) WITHIN SIXTY DAYS AFTER THE DATE THE TRUSTEE ACQUIRES
21	KNOWLEDGE OF THE CREATION OF AN IRREVOCABLE TRUST, OR THE DATE
22	THE TRUSTEE ACQUIRES KNOWLEDGE THAT A FORMERLY REVOCABLE
23	TRUST HAS BECOME IRREVOCABLE, WHETHER BY THE DEATH OF THE
24	SETTLOR OR OTHERWISE, SHALL NOTIFY THE QUALIFIED BENEFICIARIES OF
25	THE TRUST'S EXISTENCE, OF THE IDENTITY OF THE SETTLOR OR SETTLORS,
26	OF THE RIGHT TO REQUEST PORTIONS OF THE TRUST INSTRUMENT THAT
27	DESCRIBE OR AFFECT THE BENEFICIARY'S INTEREST, AND OF THE RIGHT TO

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1	A TRUSTEE'S REPORT AS PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (3) OF THIS SECTION;
2	AND
3	(d) SHALL NOTIFY THE QUALIFIED BENEFICIARIES IN ADVANCE OF
4	ANY CHANGE IN THE METHOD OR RATE OF THE TRUSTEE'S COMPENSATION.
5	(3) (a) AT LEAST ANNUALLY AND AT THE TERMINATION OF THE
6	TRUST, A TRUSTEE SHALL SEND TO THE DISTRIBUTEES OR PERMISSIBLE
7	DISTRIBUTEES OF TRUST INCOME OR PRINCIPAL, AND TO OTHER QUALIFIED
8	BENEFICIARIES WHO REQUEST IT:
9	(I) A REPORT OF THE TRUST PROPERTY, LIABILITIES, RECEIPTS, AND
10	DISBURSEMENTS, INCLUDING THE SOURCE AND AMOUNT OF THE TRUSTEE'S
11	COMPENSATION; AND
12	(II) A LISTING OF THE TRUST ASSETS AND, IF FEASIBLE, THEIR
13	RESPECTIVE MARKET VALUES.
14	(b) Upon a vacancy in a trusteeship, unless a cotrustee
15	REMAINS IN OFFICE, THE FORMER TRUSTEE SHALL SEND A REPORT TO THE
16	QUALIFIED BENEFICIARIES. A PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVE, CONSERVATOR,
17	OR GUARDIAN MAY SEND THE QUALIFIED BENEFICIARIES A REPORT ON
18	BEHALF OF A DECEASED OR INCAPACITATED TRUSTEE.
19	(4) A QUALIFIED BENEFICIARY MAY WAIVE THE RIGHT TO A
20	TRUSTEE'S REPORT OR OTHER INFORMATION REQUIRED TO BE FURNISHED
21	PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION. A QUALIFIED BENEFICIARY, WITH RESPECT TO
22	FUTURE REPORTS AND OTHER INFORMATION, MAY WITHDRAW A WAIVER
23	PREVIOUSLY GIVEN.
24	(5) Subsections (2)(b) and (2)(c) of this section do not apply
25	TO A TRUSTEE WHO ACCEPTS A TRUSTEESHIP BEFORE THE EFFECTIVE DATE
26	OF THIS ARTICLE 5, TO AN IRREVOCABLE TRUST CREATED BEFORE THE
27	EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS ARTICLE 5, OR TO A REVOCABLE TRUST THAT

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1	BECOMES IRREVOCABLE BEFORE THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS ARTICLE 5.
2	(6) NOTHING IN THIS SECTION MAY BE CONSTRUED TO IMPOSE ON
3	THE TRUSTEE A DUTY TO INFORM OR REPORT TO ANY PERSON OTHER THAN
4	A QUALIFIED BENEFICIARY OR AS DIRECTED BY THE COURT.
5	15-5-814. Discretionary powers - tax savings.
6	(1) (a) NOTWITHSTANDING THE BREADTH OF DISCRETION GRANTED TO A
7	TRUSTEE IN THE TERMS OF THE TRUST, INCLUDING THE USE OF SUCH TERMS
8	AS "ABSOLUTE", "SOLE", OR "UNCONTROLLED", THE TRUSTEE SHALL
9	EXERCISE A DISCRETIONARY POWER IN GOOD FAITH. THE PARAMETERS FOR
10	THAT EXERCISE ARE ESTABLISHED BY THE TERMS AND PURPOSES OF THE
11	TRUST, THE INTERESTS OF THE BENEFICIARIES, AND RELEVANT FIDUCIARY
12	DUTIES. A TRUSTEE DOES NOT ABUSE ITS DISCRETION IF THE TRUSTEE,
13	FOLLOWING THE TERMS AND PURPOSES OF THE TRUST AND CONSIDERING
14	THE INTERESTS OF ITS BENEFICIARIES, EXERCISES ITS JUDGMENT HONESTLY
15	AND WITH A PROPER MOTIVE.
16	(b) Where a trust gives a trustee unlimited discretion,
17	INCLUDING THE USE OF SUCH TERMS AS "ABSOLUTE", "SOLE", OR
18	"UNCONTROLLED", A COURT MAY NOT DETERMINE THAT A TRUSTEE
19	ABUSED ITS DISCRETION MERELY BECAUSE THE COURT WOULD HAVE
20	EXERCISED THE DISCRETION IN A DIFFERENT MANNER OR WOULD NOT HAVE
21	EXERCISED THE DISCRETION.
22	(2) SUBJECT TO SUBSECTION (4) OF THIS SECTION, AND UNLESS THE
23	TERMS OF THE TRUST EXPRESSLY INDICATE THAT A RULE IN THIS
24	SUBSECTION (2) DOES NOT APPLY:
25	(a) A PERSON OTHER THAN A SETTLOR WHO IS A BENEFICIARY AND
26	TRUSTEE OF A TRUST THAT CONFERS ON THE TRUSTEE A POWER TO MAKE
7	DISCRETIONARY DISTRIBITIONS TO OR FOR THE TRUSTEE'S DERSONAL

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1	BENEFIT MAY EXERCISE THE POWER ONLY IN ACCORDANCE WITH AN
2	ASCERTAINABLE STANDARD; AND
3	(b) A TRUSTEE MAY NOT EXERCISE A POWER TO MAKE
4	DISCRETIONARY DISTRIBUTIONS TO SATISFY A LEGAL OBLIGATION OF
5	SUPPORT THAT THE TRUSTEE PERSONALLY OWES ANOTHER PERSON.
6	(3) A POWER WHOSE EXERCISE IS LIMITED OR PROHIBITED BY
7	SUBSECTION (2) OF THIS SECTION MAY BE EXERCISED BY A MAJORITY OF
8	THE REMAINING TRUSTEES WHOSE EXERCISE OF THE POWER IS NOT SO
9	LIMITED OR PROHIBITED. IF THE POWER OF ALL TRUSTEES IS SO LIMITED OR
10	PROHIBITED, THE COURT MAY APPOINT A SPECIAL FIDUCIARY WITH
11	AUTHORITY TO EXERCISE THE POWER.
12	(4) SUBSECTION (2) OF THIS SECTION DOES NOT APPLY TO:
13	(a) A POWER HELD BY THE SETTLOR'S SPOUSE WHO IS THE TRUSTEE
14	OF A TRUST FOR WHICH A MARITAL DEDUCTION, AS DEFINED IN SECTION
15	2056 (b)(5) or 2523 (e) of the federal "Internal Revenue Code of
16	1986", AS AMENDED, WAS PREVIOUSLY ALLOWED;
17	(b) Any trust during any period that the trust may be
18	REVOKED OR AMENDED BY ITS SETTLOR; OR
19	(c) A TRUST, IF CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE TRUST QUALIFY FOR THE
20	$\ \text{Annual exclusion under section 2503 (c) of the federal "Internal}$
21	REVENUE CODE OF 1986", AS AMENDED.
22	15-5-815. General powers of trustee. (1) A TRUSTEE, WITHOUT
23	AUTHORIZATION BY THE COURT, MAY EXERCISE:
24	(a) POWERS CONFERRED BY THE TERMS OF THE TRUST; AND
25	(b) EXCEPT AS LIMITED BY THE TERMS OF THE TRUST:
26	$(I) \ ALL \ POWERS \ OVER \ THE \ TRUST \ PROPERTY \ THAT \ AN \ UNMARRIED$
27	COMPETENT OWNER HAS OVER INDIVIDUALLY OWNED PROPERTY;

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1	(II) ANY OTHER POWERS APPROPRIATE TO ACHIEVE THE PROPER
2	INVESTMENT, MANAGEMENT, AND DISTRIBUTION OF THE TRUST PROPERTY;
3	AND
4	(III) ANY OTHER POWERS CONFERRED BY THIS CODE AND THE
5	"COLORADO FIDUCIARIES' POWERS ACT", PART 8 OF ARTICLE 1 OF THIS
6	TITLE 15.
7	(2) The exercise of a power is subject to the fiduciary
8	DUTIES PRESCRIBED BY THIS CODE.
9	15-5-816. Specific powers of trustee. (1) WITHOUT LIMITING
10	THE AUTHORITY CONFERRED BY SECTION 15-5-815, AND IN ADDITION TO
11	THE POWERS CONFERRED PURSUANT TO THE "COLORADO FIDUCIARIES"
12	POWERS ACT", PART 8 OF ARTICLE 1 OF THIS TITLE 15, A TRUSTEE MAY:
13	(a) COLLECT TRUST PROPERTY AND ACCEPT OR REJECT ADDITIONS
14	TO THE TRUST PROPERTY FROM A SETTLOR OR ANY OTHER PERSON;
15	(b) ACQUIRE OR SELL PROPERTY, FOR CASH OR ON CREDIT, AT
16	PUBLIC OR PRIVATE SALE;
17	(c) EXCHANGE, PARTITION, OR OTHERWISE CHANGE THE
18	CHARACTER OF TRUST PROPERTY;
19	(d) Deposit trust money in an account in a regulated
20	FINANCIAL SERVICE INSTITUTION;
21	(e) BORROW MONEY, WITH OR WITHOUT SECURITY, AND
22	MORTGAGE OR PLEDGE TRUST PROPERTY FOR A PERIOD WITHIN OR
23	EXTENDING BEYOND THE DURATION OF THE TRUST;
24	(f) WITH RESPECT TO AN INTEREST IN A PROPRIETORSHIP,
25	PARTNERSHIP, LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY, BUSINESS TRUST,
26	CORPORATION, OR OTHER FORM OF BUSINESS OR ENTERPRISE, CONTINUE
27	THE BUSINESS OR OTHER ENTERPRISE AND TAKE ANY ACTION THAT MAY BE

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1	TAKEN BY SHAREHOLDERS, MEMBERS, OR PROPERTY OWNERS, INCLUDING
2	MERGING, DISSOLVING, OR OTHERWISE CHANGING THE FORM OF BUSINESS
3	ORGANIZATION OR CONTRIBUTING ADDITIONAL CAPITAL;
4	(g) WITH RESPECT TO STOCKS OR OTHER SECURITIES, EXERCISE
5	THE RIGHTS OF AN ABSOLUTE POWER, INCLUDING THE RIGHT TO:
6	(I) VOTE OR GIVE PROXIES TO VOTE, WITH OR WITHOUT POWER OF
7	SUBSTITUTION, OR ENTER INTO OR CONTINUE A VOTING TRUST
8	AGREEMENT;
9	(II) HOLD A SECURITY IN THE NAME OF A NOMINEE OR IN OTHER
10	FORM WITHOUT DISCLOSURE OF THE TRUST SO THAT TITLE MAY PASS BY
11	DELIVERY;
12	$(III)\ Pay calls, assessments, and other sums chargeable or$
13	ACCRUING AGAINST THE SECURITIES, AND SELL OR EXERCISE STOCK
14	SUBSCRIPTION OR CONVERSION RIGHTS; AND
15	(IV) DEPOSIT THE SECURITIES WITH A DEPOSITARY OR OTHER
16	REGULATED FINANCIAL SERVICE INSTITUTION;
17	(h) WITH RESPECT TO AN INTEREST IN REAL PROPERTY,
18	CONSTRUCT, OR MAKE ORDINARY OR EXTRAORDINARY REPAIRS TO,
19	ALTERATIONS TO, OR IMPROVEMENTS IN, BUILDINGS OR OTHER
20	STRUCTURES; DEMOLISH IMPROVEMENTS; RAZE EXISTING OR ERECT NEW
21	PARTY WALLS OR BUILDINGS; SUBDIVIDE OR DEVELOP LAND; DEDICATE
22	LAND TO PUBLIC USE OR GRANT PUBLIC OR PRIVATE EASEMENTS; AND
23	MAKE OR VACATE PLATS AND ADJUST BOUNDARIES;
24	(i) ENTER INTO A LEASE FOR ANY PURPOSE AS LESSOR OR LESSEE,
25	INCLUDING A LEASE OR OTHER ARRANGEMENT FOR EXPLORATION AND
26	REMOVAL OF NATURAL RESOURCES, WITH OR WITHOUT THE OPTION TO
27	PURCHASE OR RENEW, FOR A PERIOD WITHIN OR EXTENDING BEYOND THE

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1	DURATION OF THE TRUST;
2	(j) Grant an option involving a sale, lease, or other
3	DISPOSITION OF TRUST PROPERTY OR ACQUIRE AN OPTION FOR THE
4	ACQUISITION OF PROPERTY, INCLUDING AN OPTION EXERCISABLE BEYOND
5	THE DURATION OF THE TRUST, AND EXERCISE AN OPTION SO ACQUIRED;
6	(k) Insure the property of the trust against damage or
7	LOSS AND INSURE THE TRUSTEE, THE TRUSTEE'S AGENTS, AND
8	BENEFICIARIES AGAINST LIABILITY ARISING FROM THE ADMINISTRATION OF
9	THE TRUST;
10	(1) ABANDON OR DECLINE TO ADMINISTER PROPERTY OF NO VALUE
11	OR INSUFFICIENT VALUE TO JUSTIFY ITS COLLECTION OR CONTINUED
12	ADMINISTRATION;
13	(m) WITH RESPECT TO POSSIBLE LIABILITY FOR VIOLATION OF
14	ENVIRONMENTAL LAW:
15	(I) INSPECT OR INVESTIGATE PROPERTY THE TRUSTEE HOLDS OR
16	HAS BEEN ASKED TO HOLD, OR PROPERTY OWNED OR OPERATED BY AN
17	ORGANIZATION IN WHICH THE TRUSTEE HOLDS OR HAS BEEN ASKED TO
18	HOLD AN INTEREST, FOR THE PURPOSE OF DETERMINING THE APPLICATION
19	OF ENVIRONMENTAL LAW WITH RESPECT TO THE PROPERTY;
20	(II) TAKE ACTION TO PREVENT, ABATE, OR OTHERWISE REMEDY
21	ANY ACTUAL OR POTENTIAL VIOLATION OF ANY ENVIRONMENTAL LAW
22	AFFECTING PROPERTY HELD DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY BY THE TRUSTEE,
23	WHETHER TAKEN BEFORE OR AFTER THE ASSERTION OF A CLAIM OR THE
24	INITIATION OF GOVERNMENT ENFORCEMENT;
25	(III) DECLINE TO ACCEPT PROPERTY INTO TRUST OR DISCLAIM ANY
26	POWER WITH RESPECT TO PROPERTY THAT IS OR MAY BE BURDENED WITH
27	LIABILITY FOR VIOLATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL LAW;

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1	(IV) COMPROMISE CLAIMS AGAINST THE TRUST THAT MAY BE
2	ASSERTED FOR AN ALLEGED VIOLATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL LAW; AND
3	(V) PAY THE EXPENSE OF ANY INSPECTION, REVIEW, ABATEMENT,
4	OR REMEDIAL ACTION TO COMPLY WITH ENVIRONMENTAL LAW;
5	(n) PAY OR CONTEST ANY CLAIM, SETTLE A CLAIM BY OR AGAINST
6	THE TRUST, AND RELEASE, IN WHOLE IN OR IN PART, A CLAIM BELONGING
7	TO THE TRUST;
8	(o) PAY TAXES, ASSESSMENTS, COMPENSATION OF THE TRUSTEE
9	AND OF EMPLOYEES AND AGENTS OF THE TRUST, AND OTHER EXPENSES
10	INCURRED IN THE ADMINISTRATION OF THE TRUST;
11	(p) Exercise elections with respect to federal, state, and
12	LOCAL TAXES;
13	(q) SELECT A MODE OF PAYMENT UNDER ANY EMPLOYEE BENEFIT
14	OR RETIREMENT PLAN, ANNUITY, OR LIFE INSURANCE PAYABLE TO THE
15	TRUSTEE, EXERCISE RIGHTS THEREUNDER, INCLUDING EXERCISE OF THE
16	RIGHT TO INDEMNIFICATION FOR EXPENSES AND AGAINST LIABILITIES, AND
17	TAKE APPROPRIATE ACTION TO COLLECT THE PROCEEDS;
18	(r) (Reserved)
19	(s) (Reserved)
20	(t) APPOINT A TRUSTEE TO ACT IN ANOTHER JURISDICTION WITH
21	RESPECT TO TRUST PROPERTY LOCATED IN THE OTHER JURISDICTION,
22	CONFER UPON THE APPOINTED TRUSTEE ALL OF THE POWERS AND DUTIES
23	OF THE APPOINTING TRUSTEE, REQUIRE THAT THE APPOINTED TRUSTEE
24	FURNISH SECURITY, AND REMOVE ANY TRUSTEE SO APPOINTED;
25	(u) PAY AN AMOUNT DISTRIBUTABLE TO A BENEFICIARY WHO IS
26	UNDER A LEGAL DISABILITY OR WHO THE TRUSTEE REASONABLY BELIEVES
2.7	IS INCAPACITATED BY PAYING IT DIRECTLY TO THE BENEFICIARY OR

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1	APPLYING IT FOR THE BENEFICIARY'S BENEFIT OR BY:
2	(I) PAYING IT TO THE BENEFICIARY'S CONSERVATOR OR, IF THE
3	BENEFICIARY DOES NOT HAVE A CONSERVATOR, THE BENEFICIARY'S
4	GUARDIAN;
5	(II) PAYING IT TO THE BENEFICIARY'S CUSTODIAN PURSUANT TO
6	THE "COLORADO UNIFORM TRANSFERS TO MINORS ACT", ARTICLE 50 OF
7	TITLE 11, OR CUSTODIAL TRUSTEE PURSUANT TO THE "COLORADO
8	Uniform Custodial Trust Act", article 1.5 of this title 15, and
9	FOR THAT PURPOSE, CREATING A CUSTODIANSHIP OF CUSTODIAL TRUST;
10	(III) IF THE TRUSTEE DOES NOT KNOW OF A CONSERVATOR
11	GUARDIAN, CUSTODIAN, OR CUSTODIAL TRUSTEE, PAYING IT TO AN ADULT
12	RELATIVE OR OTHER PERSON HAVING LEGAL OR PHYSICAL CARE OR
13	CUSTODY OF THE BENEFICIARY, TO BE EXPENDED ON THE BENEFICIARY'S
14	BEHALF; OR
15	(IV) MANAGING IT AS A SEPARATE FUND ON THE BENEFICIARY'S
16	BEHALF, SUBJECT TO THE BENEFICIARY'S CONTINUING RIGHT TO
17	WITHDRAW THE DISTRIBUTION;
18	(v) On distribution of trust property or the division or
19	TERMINATION OF A TRUST, MAKE DISTRIBUTIONS IN DIVIDED OR
20	UNDIVIDED INTERESTS, ALLOCATE PARTICULAR ASSETS IN PROPORTIONATE
21	OR DISPROPORTIONATE SHARES, VALUE THE TRUST PROPERTY FOR THOSE
22	PURPOSES, AND ADJUST FOR RESULTING DIFFERENCES IN VALUATION;
23	(w) RESOLVE A DISPUTE CONCERNING THE INTERPRETATION OF
24	THE TRUST OR ITS ADMINISTRATION BY MEDIATION, ARBITRATION, OR
25	OTHER PROCEDURE FOR ALTERNATE DISPUTE RESOLUTION;
26	(x) Prosecute or defend an action, claim, or judicial
27	PROCEEDING IN ANY JURISDICTION TO PROTECT TRUST PROPERTY AND THE

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1	TRUSTEE IN THE PERFORMANCE OF THE TRUSTEE'S DUTIES;
2	(y) SIGN AND DELIVER CONTRACTS AND OTHER INSTRUMENTS
3	THAT ARE USEFUL TO ACHIEVE OR FACILITATE THE EXERCISE OF THE
4	TRUSTEE'S POWERS; AND
5	(z) On termination of the trust, exercise the powers
6	APPROPRIATE TO WIND UP THE ADMINISTRATION OF THE TRUST AND
7	DISTRIBUTE THE TRUST PROPERTY TO THE PERSONS ENTITLED TO IT.
8	15-5-817. Distribution on termination. (1) UPON TERMINATION
9	OR PARTIAL TERMINATION OF A TRUST, THE TRUSTEE MAY SEND TO THE
10	BENEFICIARIES A PROPOSAL FOR DISTRIBUTION. THE RIGHT OF ANY
11	BENEFICIARY TO OBJECT TO THE PROPOSED DISTRIBUTION TERMINATES IF
12	THE BENEFICIARY DOES NOT NOTIFY THE TRUSTEE OF AN OBJECTION
13	WITHIN THIRTY DAYS AFTER THE PROPOSAL WAS SENT, BUT ONLY IF THE
14	PROPOSAL INFORMED THE BENEFICIARY OF THE RIGHT TO OBJECT AND OF
15	THE TIME ALLOWED FOR OBJECTION.
16	(2) Upon the occurrence of an event terminating or
17	PARTIALLY TERMINATING A TRUST, THE TRUSTEE SHALL PROCEED
18	EXPEDITIOUSLY TO DISTRIBUTE THE TRUST PROPERTY TO THE PERSONS
19	ENTITLED TO IT, SUBJECT TO THE RIGHT OF THE TRUSTEE TO RETAIN A
20	REASONABLE RESERVE FOR THE PAYMENTS OF DEBTS, EXPENSES, AND
21	TAXES.
22	(3) A RELEASE BY A BENEFICIARY OF A TRUSTEE FROM LIABILITY
23	FOR BREACH OF TRUST IS INVALID TO THE EXTENT:
24	(a) IT WAS INDUCED BY IMPROPER CONDUCT OF THE TRUSTEE; OR
25	(b) THE BENEFICIARY, AT THE TIME OF THE RELEASE, DID NOT
26	KNOW OF THE BENEFICIARY'S RIGHTS OR OF THE MATERIAL FACTS
27	RELATING TO THE BREACH.

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1	15-5-818. Reimbursement for taxes - definitions. (1) AS USED
2	IN THIS SECTION:
3	(a) "Independent trustee" means a trustee who is not
4	RELATED OR SUBORDINATE TO THE SETTLOR WITHIN THE MEANING OF
5	SECTION 672 (c) OF THE FEDERAL "INTERNAL REVENUE CODE OF 1986",
6	AS AMENDED.
7	(b) "SETTLOR" MEANS THE GRANTOR OR ANOTHER PERSON
8	Treated as the owner of any portion of a trust under section 671
9	OF THE FEDERAL "INTERNAL REVENUE CODE OF 1986", AS AMENDED.
10	(2) Unless otherwise provided in the governing
11	INSTRUMENT, AN INDEPENDENT TRUSTEE OF A TRUST MAY, FROM TIME TO
12	TIME, IN THE TRUSTEE'S DISCRETION, DISTRIBUTE TO THE SETTLOR AN
13	AMOUNT EQUAL TO ANY INCOME TAXES ON ANY PORTION OF THE TRUST'S
14	TAXABLE INCOME FOR WHICH THE SETTLOR IS LIABLE.
15	(3) A TRUSTEE SHALL NOT EXERCISE OR PARTICIPATE IN THE
16	EXERCISE OF DISCRETION PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION THAT WOULD CAUSE
17	THE INCLUSION OF THE TRUST ASSETS IN THE SETTLOR'S GROSS TAXABLE
18	ESTATE FOR FEDERAL ESTATE TAX PURPOSES AT THE TIME OF EXERCISE OR
19	IN A MANNER INCONSISTENT WITH THE QUALIFICATION OF ALL OR ANY
20	PORTION OF THE TRUST FOR THE FEDERAL GIFT OR ESTATE TAX MARITAL
21	DEDUCTION, TO THE EXTENT THE TRUST IS INTENDED TO QUALIFY FOR
22	SUCH DEDUCTION.
23	(4) THE PROVISIONS OF THIS SECTION DO NOT APPLY TO:
24	(a) Any trust by which a future estate is indefeasibly
25	VESTED IN THE UNITED STATES OR A POLITICAL SUBDIVISION THEREOF FOR
26	EXCLUSIVELY PUBLIC PURPOSES;
27	(b) A CORPORATION ORGANIZED EXCLUSIVELY FOR RELIGIOUS,

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- 1 CHARITABLE, SCIENTIFIC, LITERARY, OR EDUCATIONAL PURPOSES,
- 2 INCLUDING THE ENCOURAGEMENT OF ART AND THE PREVENTION OF
- 3 CRUELTY TO CHILDREN OR ANIMALS, NO PART OF THE NET EARNINGS OF
- 4 WHICH INURES TO THE BENEFIT OF ANY PRIVATE SHAREHOLDER OR
- 5 INDIVIDUAL, AND NO SUBSTANTIAL PART OF THE ACTIVITIES OF WHICH IS
- 6 CARRYING ON PROPAGANDA OR OTHERWISE ATTEMPTING TO INFLUENCE
- 7 LEGISLATION;
- 8 (c) A TRUSTEE, OR A FRATERNAL SOCIETY, ORDER, OR
- 9 ASSOCIATION OPERATING UNDER THE LODGE SYSTEM, PROVIDED THE
- 10 PRINCIPAL OR INCOME OF SUCH TRUST IS TO BE USED BY SUCH TRUSTEE OR
- BY SUCH FRATERNAL SOCIETY, ORDER, OR ASSOCIATION EXCLUSIVELY FOR
- 12 RELIGIOUS, CHARITABLE, SCIENTIFIC, LITERARY, OR EDUCATIONAL
- 13 PURPOSES, OR FOR THE PREVENTION OF CRUELTY TO CHILDREN OR
- 14 ANIMALS, AND NO SUBSTANTIAL PART OF THE ACTIVITIES OF SUCH
- 15 TRUSTEE OR OF SUCH FRATERNAL SOCIETY, ORDER, OR ASSOCIATION IS
- 16 CARRYING ON PROPAGANDA OR OTHERWISE ATTEMPTING TO INFLUENCE
- 17 LEGISLATION; OR
- 18 (d) ANY VETERANS' ORGANIZATION INCORPORATED BY AN ACT OF
- 19 CONGRESS, OR ANY DEPARTMENT OR LOCAL CHAPTERS OR POSTS OF SUCH
- 20 AN ORGANIZATION, NO PART OF THE NET EARNINGS OF WHICH INURES TO
- THE BENEFIT OF ANY PRIVATE SHAREHOLDER OR INDIVIDUAL.
- 22 (5) A CREDITOR OF THE SETTLOR OF AN IRREVOCABLE TRUST IS
- NOT ENTITLED TO ATTACH OR OTHERWISE REACH ANY TRUST PROPERTY
- DUE TO THE POWER GRANTED TO A TRUSTEE OR OTHER THIRD PARTY BY
- 25 THE TERMS OF THE TRUST, COURT ORDER, AGREEMENT OF THE
- 26 BENEFICIARIES, OR ANY OTHER PROVISION OF LAW, INCLUDING
- 27 SUBSECTION (2) OF THIS SECTION, TO REIMBURSE THE SETTLOR OF THE

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1	TRUST AN AMOUNT FOR WHICH THE SETTLOR IS LIABLE FOR INCOME TAX
2	ON THE TAXABLE INCOME OF THE TRUST.
3	(6) The provisions of this section apply to all trusts
4	UNLESS AN INDEPENDENT TRUSTEE OF A TRUST ELECTS OTHERWISE IN
5	WRITING.
6	PART 9
7	(RESERVED)
8	PART 10
9	LIABILITY OF TRUSTEES AND RIGHTS
10	OF PERSONS DEALING WITH TRUSTEES
11	15-5-1001. Remedies for breach of trust. (1) A VIOLATION BY
12	A TRUSTEE OF A DUTY THE TRUSTEE OWES TO A BENEFICIARY IS A BREACH
13	OF TRUST.
14	(2) TO REMEDY A BREACH OF TRUST THAT HAS OCCURRED OR MAY
15	OCCUR, THE COURT MAY:
16	(a) Compel the trustee to perform the trustee's duties;
17	(b) ENJOIN THE TRUSTEE FROM COMMITTING A BREACH OF TRUST;
18	(c) Compel the trustee to redress a breach of trust by
19	PAYING MONEY, RESTORING PROPERTY, BEING SURCHARGED OR
20	SANCTIONED, OR OTHER MEANS;
21	(d) Order a trustee to account, provide a status or
22	FINANCIAL REPORT, OR PROVIDE AN INVENTORY;
23	(e) APPOINT A SPECIAL FIDUCIARY TO TAKE POSSESSION OF THE
24	TRUST PROPERTY AND ADMINISTER THE TRUST;
25	(f) RESTRAIN, RESTRICT, OR SUSPEND THE TRUSTEE;
26	(g) Remove the trustee as provided in Section 15-5-706;
27	(h) REDUCE OR DENY COMPENSATION TO THE TRUSTEE OR REQUIRE

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1	THE TRUSTEE TO DISGORGE COMPENSATION PREVIOUSLY PAID;
2	(i) Subject to section 15-5-1012, void an act of the trustee,
3	IMPOSE A LIEN OR CONSTRUCTIVE TRUST ON TRUST PROPERTY, OR TRACE
4	TRUST PROPERTY WRONGFULLY DISPOSED OF AND RECOVER THE PROPERTY
5	OR ITS PROCEEDS; OR
6	(j) Order other appropriate relief.
7	(3) If a remedy for a breach of trust is sought by a
8	COTRUSTEE, BENEFICIARY, OR INTERESTED PERSON, OR THE COURT ACTS
9	SUA SPONTE, THE PROVISIONS OF PART 5 OF ARTICLE 10 OF THIS TITLE 15
10	APPLY.
11	15-5-1002. Damages for breach of trust. (1) IN ADDITION TO
12	OTHER REMEDIES PROVIDED BY THIS ARTICLE 5, A TRUSTEE WHO COMMITS
13	A BREACH OF TRUST IS LIABLE TO THE BENEFICIARIES AFFECTED FOR THE
14	GREATER OF:
15	(a) THE AMOUNT REQUIRED TO RESTORE THE VALUE OF THE TRUST
16	PROPERTY AND TRUST DISTRIBUTIONS TO WHAT THEY WOULD HAVE BEEN
17	HAD THE BREACH NOT OCCURRED; OR
18	(b) The profit the trustee made, or the benefit the trustee
19	RECEIVED, OTHER THAN REASONABLE COMPENSATION, BY REASON OF THE
20	BREACH.
21	(2) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN THIS SUBSECTION (2), IF
22	MORE THAN ONE TRUSTEE IS LIABLE TO THE BENEFICIARIES FOR A BREACH
23	OF TRUST, A TRUSTEE IS ENTITLED TO CONTRIBUTION FROM THE OTHER
24	TRUSTEE OR TRUSTEES. A TRUSTEE IS NOT ENTITLED TO CONTRIBUTION IF
25	THE TRUSTEE WAS SUBSTANTIALLY MORE AT FAULT THAN ANOTHER
26	TRUSTEE OR IF THE TRUSTEE COMMITTED THE BREACH OF TRUST IN BAD
27	FAITH OR WITH RECKLESS INDIFFERENCE TO THE PURPOSES OF THE TRUST

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1	OR THE INTERESTS OF THE BENEFICIARIES. A TRUSTEE WHO RECEIVED A
2	BENEFIT FROM THE BREACH OF TRUST IS NOT ENTITLED TO CONTRIBUTION
3	FROM ANOTHER TRUSTEE TO THE EXTENT OF THE BENEFIT RECEIVED.
4	15-5-1003. Damages in absence of breach. (1) A TRUSTEE IS
5	ACCOUNTABLE TO AN AFFECTED BENEFICIARY FOR ANY PROFIT MADE BY
6	THE TRUSTEE ARISING FROM THE ADMINISTRATION OF THE TRUST, EVEN
7	ABSENT A BREACH OF TRUST.
8	(2) ABSENT A BREACH OF TRUST, A TRUSTEE IS NOT LIABLE TO A
9	BENEFICIARY FOR A LOSS OR DEPRECIATION IN THE VALUE OF TRUST
10	PROPERTY OR FOR NOT HAVING MADE A PROFIT.
11	15-5-1004. Compensation and costs. EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE
12	PROVIDED IN THIS ARTICLE 5, THE PROVISIONS OF PART 6 OF ARTICLE 10 OF
13	THIS TITLE 15 GOVERN THE ENTITLEMENT TO AND PAYMENT OF
14	COMPENSATION AND COSTS TO TRUSTEES, THEIR ATTORNEYS, AND THIRD
15	PARTIES INVOLVED WITH TRUSTS.
16	15-5-1005. Limitation of actions against trustee. (1) A
17	BENEFICIARY MAY NOT COMMENCE A PROCEEDING AGAINST A TRUSTEE
18	FOR BREACH OF TRUST MORE THAN ONE YEAR AFTER THE DATE THAT THE
19	BENEFICIARY OR A PERSON WHO MAY REPRESENT AND BIND THE
20	BENEFICIARY, AS PROVIDED IN PART 3 OF THIS ARTICLE 5, WAS SENT A
21	REPORT THAT ADEQUATELY DISCLOSED THE EXISTENCE OF A POTENTIAL
22	CLAIM FOR BREACH OF TRUST AND INFORMED THE BENEFICIARY OF THE
23	TIME ALLOWED FOR COMMENCING A PROCEEDING.
24	(2) A REPORT ADEQUATELY DISCLOSES THE EXISTENCE OF A
25	POTENTIAL CLAIM FOR BREACH OF TRUST IF IT PROVIDES SUFFICIENT
26	INFORMATION SO THAT THE BENEFICIARY OR REPRESENTATIVE KNOWS OF
27	THE POTENTIAL CLAIM OR SHOULD HAVE INQUIRED INTO ITS EXISTENCE.

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1	(3) IF SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION DOES NOT APPLY, A
2	JUDICIAL PROCEEDING BY A BENEFICIARY AGAINST A TRUSTEE FOR BREACH
3	OF TRUST MUST BE COMMENCED WITHIN THREE YEARS AFTER THE FIRST TO
4	OCCUR OF:
5	(a) THE REMOVAL OR RESIGNATION OF THE TRUSTEE;
6	(b) The termination of the Beneficiary's interest in the
7	TRUST; OR
8	(c) THE TERMINATION OF THE TRUST.
9	(4) FOR PURPOSES OF SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION, A
10	BENEFICIARY IS DEEMED TO HAVE BEEN SENT A REPORT IF:
11	(a) IN THE CASE OF A BENEFICIARY HAVING CAPACITY, IT IS SENT
12	TO THE BENEFICIARY; OR
13	(b) In the case of a beneficiary who, pursuant to part 3 of
14	THIS ARTICLE 5, MAY BE REPRESENTED AND BOUND BY ANOTHER PERSON,
15	IT IS SENT TO THE OTHER PERSON.
16	(5) This section does not preclude an action to recover
17	FOR FRAUD OR MISREPRESENTATION RELATED TO THE REPORT.
18	15-5-1006. Reliance on trust instrument. A TRUSTEE WHO ACTS
19	IN REASONABLE RELIANCE ON THE TERMS OF THE TRUST IS NOT LIABLE TO
20	A BENEFICIARY FOR A BREACH OF TRUST TO THE EXTENT THE BREACH
21	RESULTED FROM THE RELIANCE.
22	15-5-1007. Event affecting administration or distribution. IF
23	THE HAPPENING OF AN EVENT, INCLUDING MARRIAGE, DIVORCE,
24	PERFORMANCE OF EDUCATIONAL REQUIREMENTS, OR DEATH, AFFECTS THE
25	ADMINISTRATION OR DISTRIBUTION OF A TRUST, A TRUSTEE WHO HAS
26	EXERCISED REASONABLE CARE TO ASCERTAIN THE HAPPENING OF THE
27	EVENT IS NOT LIABLE FOR A LOSS RESULTING FROM THE TRUSTEE'S LACK

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1	OF KNOWLEDGE.
2	15-5-1008. Exculpation of trustee. (1) A TERM OF A TRUST
3	RELIEVING A TRUSTEE OF LIABILITY FOR BREACH OF TRUST IS
4	UNENFORCEABLE TO THE EXTENT THAT IT:
5	(a) Relieves the trustee of liability for Breach of trust
6	COMMITTED IN BAD FAITH OR WITH RECKLESS INDIFFERENCE TO THE
7	PURPOSES OF THE TRUST OR THE INTERESTS OF THE BENEFICIARIES; OR
8	(b) WAS INSERTED AS THE RESULT OF AN ABUSE BY THE TRUSTEE
9	OF A FIDUCIARY OR CONFIDENTIAL RELATIONSHIP TO THE SETTLOR.
10	(2) AN EXCULPATORY TERM DRAFTED OR CAUSED TO BE DRAFTED
11	BY THE TRUSTEE IS INVALID AS AN ABUSE OF A FIDUCIARY OR
12	CONFIDENTIAL RELATIONSHIP UNLESS THE TRUSTEE PROVES THAT THE
13	EXCULPATORY TERM IS FAIR UNDER THE CIRCUMSTANCES AND THAT ITS
14	EXISTENCE AND CONTENTS WERE ADEQUATELY COMMUNICATED TO THE
15	SETTLOR.
16	15-5-1009. Beneficiary's consent, release, or ratification. (1) \boldsymbol{A}
17	TRUSTEE IS NOT LIABLE TO A BENEFICIARY FOR BREACH OF TRUST IF THE
18	BENEFICIARY CONSENTED TO THE CONDUCT CONSTITUTING THE BREACH,
19	RELEASED THE TRUSTEE FROM LIABILITY FOR THE BREACH, OR RATIFIED
20	THE TRANSACTION CONSTITUTING THE BREACH, UNLESS:
21	(a) THE CONSENT, RELEASE, OR RATIFICATION OF THE BENEFICIARY
22	WAS INDUCED BY IMPROPER CONDUCT OF THE TRUSTEE; OR
23	(b) AT THE TIME OF THE CONSENT, RELEASE, OR RATIFICATION, THE
24	BENEFICIARY DID NOT KNOW OF THE BENEFICIARY'S RIGHTS OR OF THE
25	MATERIAL FACTS RELATING TO THE BREACH.
26	15-5-1010. Limitation on personal liability of trustee.
27	(1) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN THE CONTRACT, A TRUSTEE IS

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1	NOT PERSONALLY LIABLE ON A CONTRACT PROPERLY ENTERED INTO IN THE
2	TRUSTEE'S FIDUCIARY CAPACITY IN THE COURSE OF ADMINISTERING THE
3	TRUST IF THE TRUSTEE IN THE CONTRACT DISCLOSED THE FIDUCIARY
4	CAPACITY.
5	(2) A TRUSTEE IS PERSONALLY LIABLE FOR TORTS COMMITTED IN
6	THE COURSE OF ADMINISTERING A TRUST, OR FOR OBLIGATIONS ARISING
7	FROM OWNERSHIP OR CONTROL OF TRUST PROPERTY, INCLUDING LIABILITY
8	FOR VIOLATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL LAW, ONLY IF THE TRUSTEE IS
9	PERSONALLY AT FAULT.
10	(3) A CLAIM BASED ON A CONTRACT ENTERED INTO BY A TRUSTEE
11	IN THE TRUSTEE'S FIDUCIARY CAPACITY, ON AN OBLIGATION ARISING FROM
12	OWNERSHIP OR CONTROL OF TRUST PROPERTY, OR ON A TORT COMMITTED
13	IN THE COURSE OF ADMINISTERING A TRUST, MAY BE ASSERTED IN A
14	JUDICIAL PROCEEDING AGAINST THE TRUSTEE IN THE TRUSTEE'S FIDUCIARY
15	CAPACITY, WHETHER OR NOT THE TRUSTEE IS PERSONALLY LIABLE FOR THE
16	CLAIM.
17	(4) THE QUESTION OF LIABILITY AS BETWEEN THE TRUST ESTATE
18	AND THE TRUSTEE INDIVIDUALLY MAY BE DETERMINED:
19	(a) In a proceeding pursuant to section 15-10-504;
20	(b) IN A PROCEEDING FOR ACCOUNTING, SURCHARGE,
21	INDEMNIFICATION, SANCTIONS, OR REMOVAL; OR
22	(c) IN OTHER APPROPRIATE PROCEEDINGS.
23	(5) A TRUSTEE IS NOT PERSONALLY LIABLE FOR MAKING A
24	DISTRIBUTION OF PROPERTY THAT DOES NOT TAKE INTO CONSIDERATION
25	THE POSSIBLE BIRTH OF A POSTHUMOUSLY CONCEIVED CHILD UNLESS,
26	PRIOR TO THE DISTRIBUTION, THE TRUSTEE RECEIVED NOTICE OR ACQUIRED
27	ACTUAL KNOWLEDGE THAT:

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1	(a) THERE IS OR MAY BE AN INTENTION TO USE AN INDIVIDUAL S
2	GENETIC MATERIAL TO CREATE A CHILD; AND
3	(b) THE BIRTH OF THE CHILD COULD AFFECT THE DISTRIBUTION OF
4	THE TRUST ASSETS.
5	(6) If a trustee has reviewed the records of the county
6	CLERK AND RECORDER IN EVERY COUNTY IN COLORADO IN WHICH THE
7	TRUSTEE HAS ACTUAL KNOWLEDGE THAT THE DECEDENT WAS DOMICILED
8	AT ANY TIME DURING THE THREE YEARS PRIOR TO THE DECEDENT'S DEATH
9	AND THE TRUSTEE DOES NOT HAVE ACTUAL NOTICE OR ACTUAL
10	KNOWLEDGE OF THE EXISTENCE OF A VALID, UNREVOKED DESIGNATED
11	BENEFICIARY AGREEMENT IN WHICH THE DECEDENT GRANTED THE RIGHT
12	OF INTESTATE SUCCESSION, THE TRUSTEE IS NOT INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE
13	FOR DISTRIBUTIONS MADE TO DEVISEES OR HEIRS AT LAW THAT DO NOT
14	TAKE INTO CONSIDERATION THE DESIGNATED BENEFICIARY AGREEMENT.
15	15-5-1011. Interest as a general partner. (1) EXCEPT AS
16	PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (3) OF THIS SECTION, OR UNLESS PERSONAL
17	LIABILITY IS IMPOSED IN THE CONTRACT, A TRUSTEE WHO HOLDS AN
18	INTEREST AS A GENERAL PARTNER IN A GENERAL OR LIMITED PARTNERSHIP
19	IS NOT PERSONALLY LIABLE ON A CONTRACT ENTERED INTO BY THE
20	PARTNERSHIP AFTER THE TRUST'S ACQUISITION OF THE INTEREST IF THE
21	FIDUCIARY CAPACITY WAS DISCLOSED IN THE CONTRACT OR IN A
22	STATEMENT PREVIOUSLY FILED PURSUANT TO THE "COLORADO UNIFORM
23	PARTNERSHIP ACT (1997)", ARTICLE 64 OF TITLE 7, OR THE "COLORADO
24	Uniform Limited Partnership Act of 1981", article 62 of title 7.
25	(2) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (3) OF THIS
26	SECTION, A TRUSTEE WHO HOLDS AN INTEREST AS A GENERAL PARTNER IS
2.7	NOT PERSONALLY LIABLE FOR TORTS COMMITTED BY THE PARTNERSHIP OR

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1	FOR OBLIGATIONS ARISING FROM OWNERSHIP OR CONTROL OF THE
2	INTEREST UNLESS THE TRUSTEE IS PERSONALLY AT FAULT.
3	(3) THE IMMUNITY PROVIDED BY THIS SECTION DOES NOT APPLY IF
4	AN INTEREST IN THE PARTNERSHIP IS HELD BY THE TRUSTEE IN A CAPACITY
5	OTHER THAN THAT OF TRUSTEE OR IS HELD BY THE TRUSTEE'S SPOUSE OR
6	ONE OR MORE OF THE TRUSTEE'S DESCENDANTS, SIBLINGS, OR PARENTS, OR
7	THE SPOUSE OF ANY OF THEM.
8	(4) IF THE TRUSTEE OF A REVOCABLE TRUST HOLDS AN INTEREST
9	AS A GENERAL PARTNER, THE SETTLOR IS PERSONALLY LIABLE FOR
10	CONTRACTS AND OTHER OBLIGATIONS OF THE PARTNERSHIP AS IF THE
11	SETTLOR WERE A GENERAL PARTNER.
12	15-5-1012. Protection of person dealing with trustee. (1) A
13	PERSON OTHER THAN A BENEFICIARY WHO IN GOOD FAITH ASSISTS A
14	TRUSTEE, OR WHO IN GOOD FAITH AND FOR VALUE DEALS WITH A TRUSTEE,
15	WITHOUT KNOWLEDGE THAT THE TRUSTEE IS EXCEEDING OR IMPROPERLY
16	EXERCISING THE TRUSTEE'S POWERS, IS PROTECTED FROM LIABILITY AS IF
17	THE TRUSTEE WERE PROPERLY EXERCISING THE POWER.
18	(2) A PERSON OTHER THAN A BENEFICIARY WHO IN GOOD FAITH
19	DEALS WITH A TRUSTEE IS NOT REQUIRED TO INQUIRE INTO THE EXTENT OF
20	THE TRUSTEE'S POWERS OR THE PROPRIETY OF THEIR EXERCISE.
21	$(3)\ A \text{PERSON WHO} \text{IN} \text{GOOD} \text{FAITH} \text{DELIVERS} \text{ASSETS} \text{TO} \text{A} \text{TRUSTEE}$
22	NEED NOT ENSURE THEIR PROPER APPLICATION.
23	(4) A PERSON OTHER THAN A BENEFICIARY WHO IN GOOD FAITH
24	ASSISTS A FORMER TRUSTEE, OR WHO IN GOOD FAITH AND FOR VALUE
25	DEALS WITH A FORMER TRUSTEE, WITHOUT KNOWLEDGE THAT THE
26	TRUSTEESHIP HAS TERMINATED, IS PROTECTED FROM LIABILITY AS IF THE
27	FORMER TRUSTEE WERE STILL A TRUSTEE.

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1	(5) Comparable protective provisions of other laws
2	RELATING TO COMMERCIAL TRANSACTIONS OR TRANSFER OF SECURITIES
3	BY FIDUCIARIES PREVAIL OVER THE PROTECTION PROVIDED BY THIS
4	SECTION.
5	15-5-1013. Certification of trust. (1) Instead of furnishing A
6	COPY OF THE TRUST INSTRUMENT TO A PERSON OTHER THAN A
7	BENEFICIARY, THE TRUSTEE MAY FURNISH TO THE PERSON A
8	CERTIFICATION OF TRUST CONTAINING THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION:
9	(a) That the trust exists and the date the trust
10	INSTRUMENT WAS EXECUTED;
11	(b) THE IDENTITY OF THE SETTLOR;
12	(c) THE IDENTITY AND ADDRESS OF THE CURRENTLY ACTING
13	TRUSTEE;
14	(d) THE POWERS OF THE TRUSTEE IN THE PENDING TRANSACTION;
15	(e) THE REVOCABILITY OR IRREVOCABILITY OF THE TRUST AND THE
16	IDENTITY OF ANY PERSON HOLDING A POWER TO REVOKE THE TRUST;
17	(f) The authority of cotrustees to sign or otherwise
18	AUTHENTICATE AND WHETHER ALL OR LESS THAN ALL ARE REQUIRED IN
19	ORDER TO EXERCISE POWERS OF THE TRUSTEE; AND
20	$(g) \ The \text{name in which title to trust property may be taken}.$
21	(2) A CERTIFICATION OF TRUST MAY BE SIGNED OR OTHERWISE
22	AUTHENTICATED BY ANY TRUSTEE.
23	(3) A CERTIFICATION OF TRUST MUST STATE THAT THE TRUST HAS
24	NOT BEEN REVOKED, MODIFIED, OR AMENDED IN ANY MANNER THAT
25	WOULD CAUSE THE REPRESENTATIONS CONTAINED IN THE CERTIFICATION
26	OF TRUST TO BE INCORRECT.
7	(1) Λ CERTIFICATION OF TRUST NEED NOT CONTAIN THE

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1	DISPOSITIVE TERMS OF A TRUST.
2	(5) A RECIPIENT OF A CERTIFICATION OF TRUST MAY REQUIRE THE
3	TRUSTEE TO FURNISH COPIES OF THOSE EXCERPTS FROM THE ORIGINAL
4	TRUST INSTRUMENT AND LATER AMENDMENTS THAT DESIGNATE THE
5	TRUSTEE AND CONFER UPON THE TRUSTEE THE POWER TO ACT IN THE
6	PENDING TRANSACTION.
7	(6) A PERSON WHO ACTS IN RELIANCE UPON A CERTIFICATION OF
8	TRUST WITHOUT KNOWLEDGE THAT THE REPRESENTATIONS CONTAINED
9	THEREIN ARE INCORRECT IS NOT LIABLE TO ANY PERSON FOR SO ACTING
10	AND MAY ASSUME WITHOUT INQUIRY THE EXISTENCE OF THE FACTS
11	CONTAINED IN THE CERTIFICATION. KNOWLEDGE OF THE TERMS OF THE
12	TRUST MAY NOT BE INFERRED SOLELY FROM THE FACT THAT A COPY OF
13	ALL OR PART OF THE TRUST INSTRUMENT IS HELD BY THE PERSON RELYING
14	UPON THE CERTIFICATION.
15	(7) A PERSON WHO IN GOOD FAITH ENTERS INTO A TRANSACTION
16	IN RELIANCE UPON A CERTIFICATION OF TRUST MAY ENFORCE THE
17	TRANSACTION AGAINST THE TRUST PROPERTY AS IF THE REPRESENTATIONS
18	CONTAINED IN THE CERTIFICATION WERE CORRECT.
19	(8) A PERSON MAKING A DEMAND FOR THE TRUST INSTRUMENT IN
20	ADDITION TO A CERTIFICATION OF TRUST OR EXCERPTS IS LIABLE FOR
21	COSTS, EXPENSES, ATTORNEY FEES, AND DAMAGES IF THE COURT
22	DETERMINES THAT THE PERSON DID NOT ACT IN GOOD FAITH IN
23	DEMANDING THE TRUST INSTRUMENT.
24	(9) This section does not limit the right of a person to
25	OBTAIN A COPY OF THE TRUST INSTRUMENT IN A JUDICIAL PROCEEDING
26	CONCERNING THE TRUST.
27	PART 11

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I	(Reserved)
2	PART 12
3	(Reserved)
4	PART 13
5	LIFE INSURANCE POLICY OWNED BY A TRUSTEE
6	15-5-1301. Life insurance policy owned by a trustee -
7	definition. (1) NOTWITHSTANDING ANY OTHER PROVISION OF LAW AND
8	THE PROVISIONS OF THE "COLORADO UNIFORM PRUDENT INVESTOR ACT",
9	ARTICLE 1.1 OF THIS TITLE 15, A TRUSTEE MAY NOT ACQUIRE OR HOLD AS
10	A TRUST ASSET A LIFE INSURANCE POLICY ON THE LIFE OF A PERSON
11	UNLESS THE TRUSTEE HAS AN INSURABLE INTEREST, AS DESCRIBED IN
12	SECTION 15-5-114, IN THE PERSON. A TRUSTEE WHO ACQUIRES AS A TRUST
13	ASSET A LIFE INSURANCE POLICY ON THE LIFE OF A PERSON IN WHOM THE
14	TRUSTEE HAS AN INSURABLE INTEREST MAY CONTINUE TO HOLD THE LIFE
15	INSURANCE POLICY WITHOUT LIABILITY FOR LOSS ARISING FROM THE
16	TRUSTEE'S FAILURE TO:
17	(a) DETERMINE WHETHER THE POLICY IS OR REMAINS A PROPER
18	INVESTMENT;
19	(b) INVESTIGATE THE FINANCIAL STRENGTH OF THE LIFE
20	INSURANCE COMPANY;
21	(c) EXERCISE OR NOT EXERCISE ANY OPTION, RIGHT, OR PRIVILEGE
22	AVAILABLE UNDER THE POLICY, INCLUDING FINANCING THE PAYMENT OF
23	PREMIUMS, UNLESS THERE IS SUFFICIENT CASH OR THERE ARE OTHER
24	READILY MARKETABLE TRUST ASSETS FROM WHICH TO PAY PREMIUMS,
25	REGARDLESS OF WHETHER THE EXERCISE OR NONEXERCISE OF THESE
26	POWERS RESULTS IN THE LAPSE OR TERMINATION OF THE POLICY;
27	(d) INQUIRE ABOUT OR INVESTIGATE THE HEALTH OR FINANCIAL

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1	CONDITION OF ANY INSURED UNDER THE POLICY, OR
2	(e) RETAIN THE POLICY WITHOUT REGARD TO ANY LACK OF
3	DIVERSIFICATION OF TRUST ASSETS RESULTING FROM OWNERSHIP OF SUCH
4	POLICY AND WITHOUT REGARD TO THE TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THE
5	POLICY.
6	(2) (a) This section does not relieve a trustee of liability
7	WITH RESPECT TO ANY LIFE INSURANCE POLICY PURCHASED FROM AN
8	AFFILIATED COMPANY, OR WITH RESPECT TO WHICH THE TRUSTEE OR ANY
9	AFFILIATED COMPANY OF THE TRUSTEE RECEIVES ANY COMMISSION,
10	UNLESS EITHER:
11	(I) THE TRUSTEE HAS GIVEN WRITTEN NOTICE OF SUCH INTENDED
12	PURCHASE TO ALL QUALIFIED BENEFICIARIES OF THE TRUST AS DEFINED IN
13	SECTION 15-1-402 (10.5), OR TO THEIR LEGAL REPRESENTATIVES, AND
14	EITHER RECEIVES WRITTEN CONSENT TO SUCH PURCHASE FROM QUALIFIED
15	BENEFICIARIES OR DOES NOT RECEIVE FROM A QUALIFIED BENEFICIARY A
16	RESPONSE TO WRITTEN NOTICE BY THE TRUSTEE WITHIN THIRTY DAYS
17	AFTER THE MAILING OF SUCH NOTICE TO THE QUALIFIED BENEFICIARY OR
18	LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE AT HIS OR HER LAST KNOWN ADDRESS; OR
19	(II) THE TRUST AGREEMENT CONTAINS A PROVISION THAT PERMITS
20	PURCHASES OF LIFE INSURANCE FROM AN AFFILIATE.
21	(b) FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SECTION, AN "AFFILIATED COMPANY"
22	has the same meaning as set forth in 15 U.S.C. sec. $80a-2$ (a)(2).
23	(3) This section applies to a trust established before, on,
24	OR AFTER AUGUST 7, 2013, AND TO A LIFE INSURANCE POLICY ACQUIRED,
25	RETAINED, OR OWNED BY A TRUSTEE BEFORE, ON, OR AFTER AUGUST 7,
26	2013.
27	(4) NOTWITHSTANDING THE PROVISIONS OF THIS SECTION, THIS

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1	SECTION DOES NOT APPLY TO ANY TRUST THAT EXPRESSLY PROVIDES THAT
2	THIS SECTION DOES NOT APPLY TO SUCH TRUST, OR TO ANY TRUST THAT
3	OTHERWISE PROVIDES FOR A DIFFERENT STANDARD OF FIDUCIARY CARE OR
4	OBLIGATION GREATER THAN THAT PROVIDED IN THIS SECTION; EXCEPT
5	THAT A TRUST MAY NOT PERMIT A TRUSTEE TO ACQUIRE OR HOLD AS A
6	TRUST ASSET A LIFE INSURANCE POLICY ON THE LIFE OF A PERSON IN WHOM
7	THE TRUSTEE DOES NOT HOLD AN INSURABLE INTEREST.
8	PART 14
9	MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS
10	15-5-1401. Uniformity of application and construction. IN
11	APPLYING AND CONSTRUING THE LANGUAGE OF THIS ARTICLE 5 THAT IS
12	CONSISTENT WITH UNIFORM LAW, CONSIDERATION MUST BE GIVEN TO THE
13	NEED TO PROMOTE UNIFORMITY OF THE LAW WITH RESPECT TO ITS SUBJECT
14	MATTER AMONG STATES THAT ENACT IT.
15	15-5-1402. Electronic records and signatures. THE PROVISIONS
16	OF THIS ARTICLE 5 GOVERNING THE LEGAL EFFECT, VALIDITY, OR
17	ENFORCEABILITY OF ELECTRONIC RECORDS OR ELECTRONIC SIGNATURES,
18	AND OF CONTRACTS FORMED OR PERFORMED WITH THE USE OF SUCH
19	RECORDS OR SIGNATURES, CONFORM TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF SECTION
20	102 of the federal "Electronic Signatures in Global and
21	NATIONAL COMMERCE ACT", 15 U.S.C. SEC. 7002, AND SUPERSEDE,
22	MODIFY, AND LIMIT THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE FEDERAL "ELECTRONIC
23	SIGNATURES IN GLOBAL AND NATIONAL COMMERCE ACT", 15 U.S.C. SEC.
24	7001 ET SEQ.
25	15-5-1403. Severability clause. If any provision of this
26	ARTICLE 5 OR ITS APPLICATION TO ANY PERSON OR CIRCUMSTANCES IS
27	HELD INVALID, THE INVALIDITY DOES NOT AFFECT OTHER PROVISIONS OF

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1	APPLICATIONS OF THIS ARTICLE 5 THAT CAN BE GIVEN EFFECT WITHOUT
2	THE INVALID PROVISION OR APPLICATION, AND TO THIS END THE
3	PROVISIONS OF THIS ARTICLE 5 ARE SEVERABLE.
4	15-5-1404. Application to existing relationships. (1) EXCEPT AS
5	OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN THIS ARTICLE 5, ON THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS
6	ARTICLE 5:
7	(a) This article 5 applies to all trusts created before, on,
8	OR AFTER THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS ARTICLE 5;
9	(b) This article 5 applies to all judicial proceedings
10	CONCERNING TRUSTS COMMENCED ON OR AFTER THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF
11	THIS ARTICLE 5;
12	(c) This article 5 applies to judicial proceedings
13	CONCERNING TRUSTS COMMENCED BEFORE THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS
14	ARTICLE 5 UNLESS THE COURT FINDS THAT APPLICATION OF A PARTICULAR
15	PROVISION OF THIS ARTICLE 5 WOULD SUBSTANTIALLY INTERFERE WITH
16	THE EFFECTIVE CONDUCT OF THE JUDICIAL PROCEEDINGS OR PREJUDICE
17	THE RIGHTS OF THE PARTIES, IN WHICH CASE THE PARTICULAR PROVISION
18	OF THIS ARTICLE 5 DOES NOT APPLY AND THE SUPERSEDED LAW APPLIES;
19	(d) ANY RULE OF CONSTRUCTION OR PRESUMPTION PROVIDED IN
20	THIS ARTICLE 5 APPLIES TO TRUST INSTRUMENTS EXECUTED BEFORE THE
21	EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS ARTICLE 5 UNLESS THERE IS A CLEAR INDICATION
22	OF A CONTRARY INTENT IN THE TERMS OF THE TRUST; AND
23	(e) An act done before the effective date of this article 5
24	IS NOT AFFECTED BY THIS ARTICLE 5.
25	(2) IF A RIGHT IS ACQUIRED, EXTINGUISHED, OR BARRED UPON THE
26	EXPIRATION OF A PRESCRIBED PERIOD THAT HAS COMMENCED TO RUN
27	PURSUANT TO ANY OTHER STATUTE BEFORE THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS

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1	ARTICLE 5, THEN THE PERIOD PRESCRIBED BY THAT STATUTE AS IT EXISTED
2	PRIOR TO THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS ARTICLE 5 CONTINUES TO APPLY TO
3	THE RIGHT, EVEN IF THE STATUTE HAS BEEN REPEALED OR SUSPENDED.
4	SECTION 2. In Colorado Revised Statutes, repeal parts 1, 2, 3,
5	4, 5, 6, and 7 of article 16 of title 15.
6	SECTION 3. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 10-7-704, amend
7	(1)(d) as follows:
8	10-7-704. Insurable interest. (1) An insurable interest, with
9	reference to insurance on the life of another, exists only as follows:
10	(d) A trustee of a trust has an insurable interest in the life of an
11	insured under a life insurance policy as provided in section 15-16-501,
12	C.R.S. SECTION 15-5-114;
13	SECTION 4. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 11-106-105, amend
14	(1) introductory portion as follows:
15	11-106-105. Substitution of Colorado bank or Colorado trust
16	company. (1) In addition to the procedures initiated by an interested
17	party concerning internal affairs of their THE PARTY'S trust under section
18	15-16-201, C.R.S. PURSUANT TO PART 2 OF ARTICLE 5 OF TITLE 15, or
19	procedures otherwise permitted by Colorado law, and unless a will,
20	agreement, or trust instrument otherwise provides, a company may be
21	substituted as fiduciary for all or a part of the fiduciary business of
22	another company without court approval if:
23	SECTION 5. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 13-32-102, amend
24	(1) introductory portion and (1)(e) as follows:
25	13-32-102. Fees in probate proceedings. (1) On and after July
26	1, 2008, for services rendered by judges and clerks of district or probate
27	courts in all counties of the state of Colorado in proceedings had pursuant

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1	to articles 10 to 17 of title 15, C.R.S., THE COURT SHALL CHARGE the
2	following fees: shall be charged:
3	(e) Registration fee for registration of trust pursuant to article 16
4	ARTICLE 5 of title 15 C.R.S.
5	SECTION 6. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 15-1-1512, amend
6	(1)(b) as follows:
7	15-1-1512. Disclosure of contents of electronic
8	communications held in trust when trustee not original user.
9	(1) Unless otherwise ordered by the court, directed by the user, or
10	provided in a trust, a custodian shall disclose to a trustee that is not an
11	original user of an account the content of an electronic communication
12	sent or received by an original or successor user and carried, maintained,
13	processed, received, or stored by the custodian in the account of the trust
14	if the trustee gives the custodian:
15	(b) A certified copy of the trust instrument or a registration of the
16	trust under part 1 of article 16 PART 2 OF ARTICLE 5 of this title TITLE 15
17	that includes consent to disclosure of the content of electronic
18	communications to the trustee;
19	SECTION 7. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 15-1-1513, amend
20	(1)(b) as follows:
21	15-1-1513. Disclosure of other digital assets held in trust when
22	trustee not original user. (1) Unless otherwise ordered by the court,
23	directed by the user, or provided in a trust, a custodian shall disclose, to
24	a trustee that is not an original user of an account, a catalog of electronic
25	communications sent or received by an original or successor user and
26	stored, carried, or maintained by the custodian in an account of the trust
2.7	and any digital assets other than the content of electronic

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1	communications, in which the trust has a right or interest if the trustee
2	gives the custodian:
3	(b) A certified copy of the trust instrument or a registration of the
4	trust under part 1 of article 16 PART 2 OF ARTICLE 5 of this title TITLE 15;
5	SECTION 8. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 15-10-301, amend
6	(1)(e) as follows:
7	15-10-301. Territorial application. (1) Except as otherwise
8	provided in this code, this code applies to:
9	(e) Trusts subject to administration in this state, TO THE EXTENT
10	SUCH APPLICATION IS NOT INCONSISTENT WITH THE "COLORADO TRUST
11	CODE", ARTICLE 5 OF THIS TITLE 15; and
12	SECTION 9. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 15-10-601, amend
13	(1) as follows:
14	15-10-601. Definitions. As used in this part 6, unless the context
15	otherwise requires:
16	(1) "Estate" means the property of the decedent, trust, or other
17	person whose affairs are subject to this code OR ANY CODE INCLUDED AS
18	PART OF THIS TITLE 15 as the estate is originally constituted and as the
19	estate exists from time to time during administration. "Estate" includes
20	custodial property as described in the "Colorado Uniform Transfers to
21	Minors Act", article 50 of title 11; C.R.S.; custodial trust property as
22	described in the "Colorado Uniform Custodial Trust Act", article 1.5 of
23	this title TITLE 15; and the property of a principal that is subject to a
24	power of attorney.
25	SECTION 10. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 15-11-806
26	as follows:
27	15-11-806. Reformation to correct mistakes. The court may

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1	reform the terms of a governing instrument OTHER THAN A TRUST THAT
2	IS GOVERNED BY SECTION 15-5-415, even if unambiguous, to conform the
3	terms to the transferor's intention if it is proved by clear and convincing
4	evidence that WHAT the transferor's intent WAS and THAT the terms of the
5	governing instrument were affected by a mistake of fact or law, whether
6	in expression or inducement.
7	SECTION 11. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 15-11-807
8	as follows:
9	15-11-807. Modification to achieve transferor's tax objectives.
10	To achieve the transferor's tax objectives, the court may modify the terms
11	of a governing instrument OTHER THAN A TRUST THAT IS GOVERNED BY
12	SECTION 15-5-416 in a manner that is not contrary to the transferor's
13	probable intention. The court may provide that the modification has
14	retroactive effect.
15	SECTION 12. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 15-12-703, amend
16	(1) as follows:
17	15-12-703. General duties - relation and liability to persons
18	interested in estate - duty to search for a designated beneficiary
19	agreement - standing to sue. (1) A personal representative is a fiduciary
20	who shall observe the standards of care applicable to trustees as described
21	by section 15-16-302 PART 8 OF ARTICLE 5 OF THIS TITLE 15. A personal
22	representative is under HAS a duty to settle and distribute the estate of the
23	decedent in accordance with the terms of any probated and effective will
24	and this code, and as expeditiously and efficiently as is consistent with the
25	best interests of the estate. He A PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVE shall use the
26	authority conferred upon him OR HER by this code, the terms of the will,
27	if any, and any order in proceedings to which he OR SHE is party for the

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1	best interests of successors to the estate.
2	SECTION 13. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 15-12-913, amend
3	(1) as follows:
4	15-12-913. Distributions to trustee. (1) Before distributing to
5	a trustee, the personal representative may require that the trust be
6	registered if the state in which it is to be administered provides for
7	registration and that the trustee inform the beneficiaries as provided in
8	section 15-16-303 SECTION 15-5-206.
9	SECTION 14. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 15-16-806, amend
10	(3) as follows:
11	15-16-806. Duty to communicate - no duty to warn. (3) A trust
12	advisor has a duty to keep the beneficiaries of a trust reasonably informed
13	of the trust and its administration, to the extent that such information
14	relates to a duty or function being performed by the trust advisor. This
15	duty is governed by section 15-16-303 SECTION 15-5-206.
16	SECTION 15. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 15-17-101, amend
17	(2) introductory portion as follows:
18	15-17-101. Time of taking effect - provisions for transition
19	(2) Except as provided elsewhere in this code, including but not limited
20	to sections 15-11-601, 15-11-701, 15-11-1106, 15-16-702, and
21	15-17-103, on the effective date of this code or of any amendment to this
22	code:
23	SECTION 16. Act subject to petition - effective date. This act
24	takes effect January 1, 2019; except that, if a referendum petition is filed
25	pursuant to section 1 (3) of article V of the state constitution against this
26	act or an item, section, or part of this act within the ninety-day period
27	after final adjournment of the general assembly, then the act, item

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- section, or part will not take effect unless approved by the people at the
- 2 general election to be held in November 2018 and, in such case, will take
- 3 effect on January 1, 2019, or on the date of the official declaration of the
- 4 vote thereon by the governor, whichever is later.

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