First Regular Session Seventy-third General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

PREAMENDED

This Unofficial Version Includes Committee Amendments Not Yet Adopted on Second Reading

LLS NO. 21-0317.01 Brita Darling x2241

HOUSE BILL 21-1275

HOUSE SPONSORSHIP

Lontine and Will,

SENATE SPONSORSHIP

Ginal and Kirkmeyer,

House Committees Health & Insurance Appropriations **Senate Committees**

A BILL FOR AN ACT

101 **CONCERNING REIMBURSEMENT FOR PHARMACISTS' SERVICES UNDER**

102 THE MEDICAL ASSISTANCE ACT, AND, IN CONNECTION

103 THEREWITH, MAKING AN APPROPRIATION.

Bill Summary

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at <u>http://leg.colorado.gov</u>.)

The bill requires that a pharmacist receive reimbursement under the medical assistance program for providing services authorized in statute, which reimbursement must be equivalent to the reimbursement provided to a physician or advanced practice nurse for the same services rendered, including services delivered by a pharmacist through telemedicine. The department of health care policy and financing is directed to seek any federal authorization necessary to receive federal matching money for the reimbursements.

Further, the bill allows a pharmacist or pharmacy with authority to administer extended-release injectable medications for the treatment of mental health or substance use disorders to seek reimbursement for those medications under the medical assistance program as either a pharmacy benefit or as a medical benefit.

1 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado: 2 SECTION 1. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 25.5-5-511 and 3 25.5-5-512 as follows: 4 Reimbursement for pharmacists' services -25.5-5-511. 5 legislative declaration. (1) (a) THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY FINDS AND 6 DECLARES THAT: 7 **(I)** PHARMACISTS ARE HIGHLY TRAINED AND EDUCATED 8 DOCTORATE-LEVEL HEALTH-CARE PROFESSIONALS SPECIALIZING IN THE 9 EFFECTIVE USE OF MEDICATIONS AND THEIR OUTCOMES; 10 (II) PHARMACISTS PROVIDE HEALTH CARE THROUGHOUT THE 11 ENTIRE HEALTH-CARE SYSTEM, PRACTICING IN COMMUNITY PHARMACIES, 12 HOSPITALS, PROVIDER CLINIC OFFICES, AND SPECIALTY AREAS; 13 (III) WITH NINETY PERCENT OF AMERICANS LIVING WITHIN FIVE 14 MILES OF A PHARMACY, PHARMACISTS ARE ABLE TO PROVIDE VALUABLE 15 PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICES TO COMMUNITIES AND TO PROVIDE THOSE 16 SERVICES IN NOVEL WAYS, INCLUDING DURING NONTRADITIONAL HOURS 17 AND WITHOUT APPOINTMENTS; 18 (IV) AS PART OF AN INTEGRATED TEAM, PHARMACISTS HAVE BEEN 19 PROVEN TO LOWER THE OVERALL COST OF HEALTH CARE AND IMPROVE 20 LONG-TERM CHRONIC DISEASE OUTCOMES; HOWEVER, DESPITE THESE 21 RECOGNIZED BENEFITS, PHARMACISTS ARE NOT CONSIDERED

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1 REIMBURSABLE MEDICAL PROVIDERS;

2 (V) FURTHER, PHARMACISTS IN INTEGRATED MEDICAL HOMES
3 UNDER THE MEDICAL ASSISTANCE PROGRAM ARE NOT SUPPORTED BY THE
4 SAME FUNDING MECHANISMS AS OTHER PROVIDERS, INCLUDING RATE
5 SETTING FOR FEDERALLY QUALIFIED HEALTH CENTERS OR THROUGH
6 FEE-FOR-SERVICE BILLING;

7 (VI) WITHOUT THE ABILITY TO GENERATE REVENUE THROUGH
8 DIRECT REIMBURSEMENT OR NEW VALUE-BASED MODELS, THE SERVICES
9 PHARMACISTS PROVIDE ARE NOT SUSTAINABLE;

10 (VII) COLORADO HAS RECOGNIZED THAT THERE IS A SHORTAGE IN
11 PRIMARY CARE PROVIDERS FOR INDIVIDUALS ENROLLED IN THE MEDICAL
12 ASSISTANCE PROGRAM; AND

(VIII) PHARMACISTS CAN HELP ADDRESS THIS SHORTAGE BY
PROVIDING CERTAIN PRIMARY CARE SERVICES AS A FOLLOW-UP TO
PHYSICIAN CARE THROUGH COLLABORATIVE PRACTICE MODELS,
INCLUDING THE PROVISION OF CHRONIC DISEASE MANAGEMENT.

17 (b) THEREFORE, THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY DECLARES THAT THE
18 ABILITY OF PHARMACISTS TO GENERATE REVENUE FOR THE SAME SERVICES
19 PROVIDED BY OTHER HEALTH-CARE PROVIDERS WOULD BE EQUITABLE,
20 WOULD HELP FUND STAFF AND SERVICES IN MEDICAL HOMES, AND WOULD
21 ALLEVIATE BARRIERS TO ACCESS OF CARE IN COMMUNITY SETTINGS.

(2) (a) A PHARMACIST IS ELIGIBLE TO RECEIVE REIMBURSEMENT
UNDER THE MEDICAL ASSISTANCE PROGRAM FOR MEDICALLY NECESSARY
SERVICES AUTHORIZED IN PART 6 OF ARTICLE 280 OF TITLE 12 THAT ARE
NOT DUPLICATIVE OF OTHER PHARMACIST SERVICES OR PROGRAMS
REIMBURSED UNDER THE MEDICAL ASSISTANCE PROGRAM.

27 (b) The state department shall include the services

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REIMBURSED PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (2)(a) OF THIS SECTION IN THE
 REVIEW OF PROVIDER RATES REQUIRED PURSUANT TO SECTION
 25.5-4-401.5.

4 (3) THE STATE DEPARTMENT SHALL REQUEST ANY FEDERAL
5 AUTHORIZATION NECESSARY TO RECEIVE FEDERAL FINANCIAL
6 PARTICIPATION UNDER THE MEDICAL ASSISTANCE PROGRAM.

7 25.5-5-512. Pharmacy benefit - mental health and substance
8 use disorders - legislative declaration. (1) (a) THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY
9 FINDS AND DECLARES THAT:

(I) IT IS ESTIMATED THAT OVER ONE MILLION COLORADANS
EXPERIENCE A MENTAL HEALTH OR SUBSTANCE USE DISORDER EACH YEAR,
YET LESS THAN HALF OF THE ADULT POPULATION IN THIS STATE RECEIVES
THE CARE IT NEEDS;

14 (II) IT IS WELL DOCUMENTED THAT ACCESS TO APPROPRIATE
15 TREATMENTS, INCLUDING MEDICATION, CAN LEAD TO BETTER OUTCOMES
16 FOR INDIVIDUALS DEALING WITH THESE DIAGNOSES;

17 (III) FOR THIS REASON, POLICIES THAT RESTRICT ACCESS TO
18 MEDICATIONS LEAD TO POORER OUTCOMES AND INCREASED HEALTH-CARE
19 COSTS;

20 (IV) PHARMACISTS ALSO PLAY AN IMPORTANT ROLE IN IMPROVING
 21 ACCESS TO TREATMENTS FOR SERIOUS MENTAL ILLNESS AND SUBSTANCE
 22 USE DISORDERS; AND

(V) THE USE OF EXTENDED-RELEASE INJECTABLE MEDICATIONS
FOR SERIOUS MENTAL ILLNESS AND SUBSTANCE USE DISORDERS HAS
RESEARCH-PROVEN CLINICAL BENEFITS COMPARED TO ORAL MEDICATIONS,
INCLUDING MEDICATION ADHERENCE AND SIGNIFICANT DELAY AND
REDUCTION IN RELAPSE, WHICH DECREASES CRIMINAL RECIDIVISM AND

EMERGENCY ROOM VISITS FOR PATIENTS FROM VULNERABLE
 POPULATIONS, PARTICULARLY THOSE EXPERIENCING HOMELESSNESS.

3 (b) THEREFORE, THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY DECLARES THAT ACCESS
4 TO THESE TREATMENTS THROUGH A PHARMACY BENEFIT UNDER THE
5 MEDICAL ASSISTANCE PROGRAM WILL IMPROVE ACCESS TO MENTAL
6 HEALTH PROVIDERS BY ALLOWING PHARMACISTS TO DISPENSE,
7 ADMINISTER, AND BE REIMBURSED FOR THESE IMPORTANT AND EFFECTIVE
8 MEDICATIONS.

9 (2) A PHARMACIST OR PHARMACY THAT DISPENSES OR 10 ADMINISTERS EXTENDED-RELEASE INJECTABLE MEDICATIONS FOR THE 11 TREATMENT OF MENTAL HEALTH OR SUBSTANCE USE DISORDERS MAY SEEK 12 REIMBURSEMENT FOR THOSE MEDICATIONS UNDER THE MEDICAL 13 ASSISTANCE PROGRAM EITHER AS A PHARMACY BENEFIT OR AS A MEDICAL 14 BENEFIT.

15 SECTION 2. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 25.5-5-327 as
16 follows:

17 Federally qualified health center - clinical 25.5-5-327. 18 pharmacy services - reimbursement - rules. (1) COSTS ASSOCIATED 19 WITH SERVICES PROVIDED BY CLINICAL PHARMACISTS THROUGH A 20 FEDERALLY QUALIFIED HEALTH CENTER, AS DEFINED IN THE FEDERAL 21 "SOCIAL SECURITY ACT", 42 U.S.C. SEC. 1395x (aa)(4), ARE CONSIDERED 22 ALLOWABLE COSTS FOR THE PURPOSE OF A FEDERALLY OUALIFIED HEALTH 23 CENTER'S COST REPORT AND MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE CALCULATION OF 24 THE REIMBURSEMENT RATE FOR A PATIENT VISIT AT A FEDERALLY 25 QUALIFIED HEALTH CENTER.

26 (2) THE STATE DEPARTMENT SHALL PROMULGATE RULES TO
27 IMPLEMENT THE PROVISIONS OF THIS SECTION.

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SECTION 3. Appropriation. (1) For the 2021-22 state fiscal 1 2 year, \$372,554 is appropriated to the department of health care policy and 3 financing. This appropriation consists of \$336,097 from the general fund 4 and \$36,457 cash funds from the healthcare affordability and 5 sustainability fee cash fund created in section 25.5-4-402.4 (5)(a), C.R.S. 6 To implement this act, the department may use this appropriation as 7 follows: 8 \$74,847 from the general fund for use by the executive (a) 9 director's office for personal services, which amount is based on an 10 assumption that the office will require an additional 1.6 FTE; 11 \$7,415 from the general fund for use by the executive (b)12 director's office for operating expenses; 13 (c) \$95,796 from the general fund for use by the executive 14 director's office for Medicaid management information system 15 maintenance and projects; and

(d) \$194,496, consisting of \$158,039 from the general fund,
which amount is subject to the "(M)" notation as defined in the annual
general appropriation act for the same fiscal year, and \$36,457 from the
healthcare affordability and sustainability fee cash fund, for medical and
long-term care services for Medicaid eligible individuals.

(2) For the 2021-22 state fiscal year, the general assembly
anticipates that the department of health care policy and financing will
receive \$1,348,502 in federal funds to implement this act. The
appropriation in subsection (1) of this section is based on the assumption
that the department will receive this amount of federal funds to be used
as follows:

27 (a) \$74,847, which amount is subject to the "(I)" notation as

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defined in the annual general appropriation act for the same fiscal year,
 for personal services;

3 (b) \$7,415, which amount is subject to the "(I)" notation as
4 defined in the annual general appropriation act for the same fiscal year,
5 for operating expenses;

(c) \$862,164, which amount is subject to the "(I)" notation as
defined in the annual general appropriation act for the same fiscal year,
for Medicaid management information system maintenance and projects;
and

10 (d) \$404,076 for medical and long-term care services for11 Medicaid eligible individuals.

12 **SECTION 4.** Act subject to petition - effective date. This act 13 takes effect at 12:01 a.m. on the day following the expiration of the 14 ninety-day period after final adjournment of the general assembly; except 15 that, if a referendum petition is filed pursuant to section 1 (3) of article V 16 of the state constitution against this act or an item, section, or part of this 17 act within such period, then the act, item, section, or part will not take 18 effect unless approved by the people at the general election to be held in 19 November 2022 and, in such case, will take effect on the date of the 20 official declaration of the vote thereon by the governor.