## First Regular Session Seventy-third General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

# **INTRODUCED**

LLS NO. 21-0914.01 Michael Dohr x4347

HOUSE BILL 21-1317

**HOUSE SPONSORSHIP** 

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House Committees Public & Behavioral Health & Human Services Senate Committees

### A BILL FOR AN ACT

101CONCERNING THE REGULATION OF MARIJUANA FOR SAFE102CONSUMPTION.

#### **Bill Summary**

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at <u>http://leg.colorado.gov.</u>)

The bill requires the Colorado school of public health to do a systematic review of the scientific research related to the physical and mental health effects of high-potency THC marijuana and concentrates. The bill creates a scientific review council (council) to review the report and make recommendations to the general assembly. Based on the research and findings, the Colorado school of public health shall produce

a public education campaign for the general public, to be approved by the council, regarding the effect of high-potency THC marijuana on the developing brain and mental health.

Current law requires a doctor to conduct a full assessment of the patient's medical history when making a medical marijuana recommendation. The bill requires that assessment to include the patient's mental health history. If the recommending physician is not the patient's primary care physician, the bill directs the recommending physician to review the records of a diagnosing physician or licensed mental health provider. When a practitioner makes a medical marijuana authorization, the practitioner must certify that authorization to the department of public health and environment. The bill requires the certification to include:

- The date of issue and the effective date of the recommendation;
- The patient's name and address;
- The recommending physician's name, address, and federal drug enforcement agency number;
- The THC potency level of medical marijuana being recommended;
- The dosage form;
- The daily authorized quantity;
- Directions for use; and
- The recommending physician's signature.

The bill prohibits a physician for charging an additional fee for recommending an extended plant count or making a recommendation related to an exception to a medical marijuana requirement.

The bill imposes the following requirements on medical marijuana patients ages 18 to 20 years old:

- Two physicians from different medical practices have to diagnose the patient as having a debilitating or disabling medical condition after an in-person consultation;
- One of the physicians must explain the possible risks and benefits of the medical use of marijuana to the patient;
- One physician must provide the patient with the written documentation specifying that the patient has been diagnosed with a debilitating or disabling medical condition and the physician has concluded that the patient might benefit from the medical use of marijuana; and
- The patient attends follow-up appointments every 6 months after the initial visit with one of the physicians.

The bill requires the department of public health and environment (department) to create a report from emergency room and hospital discharge data of patients who presented with conditions or a diagnosis that reflect marijuana use and provide that report at the department's annual "State Measurement for Accountable, Responsive, and Transparent (SMART) Government Act" hearing.

The bill requires the coroner in each case of a suicide, overdose death, or accidental death to order a toxicology screen. The coroner shall report the results of the toxicology screen to the Colorado violent death reporting system. The department then produces an annual report of the data beginning January 2, 2022, and annually each year thereafter.

The bill prohibits medical marijuana advertising that is specifically directed to those ages 18 to 20 years old and requires medical and retail marijuana concentrate advertising to include a warning regarding the risks of medical marijuana concentrate overconsumption.

A medical and retail marijuana store shall provide a notice at the time of sale regarding the criminal penalties associated with marijuana diversion. A medical marijuana store and retail marijuana store shall provide a patient with a pamphlet regarding the risks of overconsumption of medical marijuana concentrate when selling concentrate.

The bill requires medical marijuana stores to immediately record transactions in the seed-to-sale inventory tracking system to allow the system to:

- Continuously monitor entry of patient data to identify discrepancies with daily purchase limits and potency authorizations;
- Access and retrieve real-time sales data based on patient identification number; and
- Respond with a user error message if a sale to a patient or caregiver will exceed the patient's allowed purchase limit for that business day or potency authorization.

The bill limits the amount of medical marijuana concentrate that a patient can purchase in one day to 8 grams, unless the patient is 18 to 20 years old then the limit is 2 grams, except in the case of a homebound patient or if the patient's certification states that the patients needs more than 8 grams or 2 grams respectively.

Beginning January 1, 2023, the bill requires medical marijuana concentrate and retail marijuana concentrate to be sold in a package containing one gram separated into no less than 10 equal portioned amounts. The bill limits the amount of retail marijuana concentrate that a patient can purchase in one day to 8 grams.

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SECTION 1. In Colorado Revised Statutes add 23-20-141 as

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## 23-20-141. High-potency THC marijuana and marijuana

<sup>1</sup> Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:

<sup>3</sup> follows:

concentrate research. (1) (a) THE COLORADO SCHOOL OF PUBLIC
 HEALTH SHALL CONDUCT A SYSTEMATIC REVIEW OF ALL AVAILABLE
 SCIENTIFIC EVIDENCE-BASED RESEARCH REGARDING THE PHYSICAL AND
 MENTAL HEALTH EFFECTS OF HIGH-POTENCY THC MARIJUANA AND
 MARIJUANA CONCENTRATES REGARDLESS OF THE LOCATION OF THE
 RESEARCH.

7 (b) THE RESEARCH MUST STUDY THE EFFECT OF HIGH-POTENCY 8 THC MARIJUANA ON THE DEVELOPING BRAIN AND THE EFFECT OF 9 MARIJUANA CONCENTRATES ON PHYSICAL AND MENTAL HEALTH. THE 10 RESEARCH MUST SYSTEMATICALLY CURATE AND SYNTHESIZE EXISTING 11 RESEARCH, IDENTIFY EVIDENCE GAPS, AND IDENTIFY NEW RESEARCH THAT 12 IS NEEDED TO BETTER UNDERSTAND THE HEALTH IMPLICATIONS OF 13 HIGH-POTENCY THC MARIJUANA PRODUCTS AND THE SPECIFIC THC 14 POTENCY LEVELS AND AMOUNTS AT WHICH VARIOUS HEALTH CONCERNS 15 ARISE. THE COLORADO SCHOOL OF PUBLIC HEALTH SHALL REPORT BY 16 JANUARY 31, 2022, TO THE FINANCE COMMITTEE AND PUBLIC AND 17 BEHAVIORAL HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES COMMITTEE OF THE HOUSE OF 18 REPRESENTATIVES AND THE FINANCE COMMITTEE AND HEALTH AND 19 HUMAN SERVICES COMMITTEE OF THE SENATE, OR THEIR SUCCESSOR 20 COMMITTEES, WHETHER THEY HAVE IDENTIFIED ANY GAPS IN THE 21 RESEARCH, AND, IF THERE ARE GAPS, WHAT THOSE GAPS ARE AND WHEN 22 RESEARCH TO FILL THOSE GAPS CAN BE COMPLETED.

(c) THE RESEARCH MUST BE CONDUCTED INDEPENDENTLY
WITHOUT ANY PREDETERMINED OUTCOMES OR UNDUE INFLUENCE FROM
ANY PARTY.

26 (2) (a) THE COLORADO SCHOOL OF PUBLIC HEALTH SHALL
27 PRODUCE AN INITIAL REPORT OF ITS FINDINGS BY JULY 1, 2022, AND SHALL

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1 PROVIDE THAT REPORT TO THE SCIENTIFIC REVIEW COUNCIL CREATED IN 2 SUBSECTION (2)(b) OF THIS SECTION AND THE FINANCE COMMITTEE AND 3 PUBLIC AND BEHAVIORAL HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES COMMITTEE OF 4 THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES AND THE FINANCE COMMITTEE AND 5 HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES COMMITTEE OF THE SENATE, OR THEIR 6 SUCCESSOR COMMITTEES. IF AT ANY POINT PRIOR TO THE COMPLETION OF 7 THE FINAL REPORT THE COLORADO SCHOOL OF PUBLIC HEALTH BELIEVES 8 THERE IS SUFFICIENT SCIENTIFIC EVIDENCE TO MAKE A RECOMMENDATION 9 REGARDING APPROPRIATE REGULATATORY MEASURES, THE COLORADO 10 SCHOOL OF PUBLIC HEALTH SHALL PROVIDE THOSE RECOMMENDATIONS TO 11 THE SCIENTIFIC REVIEW COUNCIL CREATED IN SUBSECTION (2)(b) OF THIS 12 SECTION AND THE FINANCE COMMITTEE AND PUBLIC AND BEHAVIORAL 13 HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES COMMITTEE OF THE HOUSE OF 14 REPRESENTATIVES AND THE FINANCE COMMITTEE AND HEALTH AND 15 HUMAN SERVICES COMMITTEE OF THE SENATE, OR THEIR SUCCESSOR 16 COMMITTEES. IF AFTER SUBMITTING THE INITIAL REPORT THE COLORADO 17 SCHOOL OF PUBLIC HEALTH BELIEVES ADDITIONAL RESEARCH AND 18 REPORTING IS NECESSARY, THE COLORADO SCHOOL OF PUBLIC HEALTH 19 MAY, SUBJECT TO AVAILABLE APPROPRIATIONS, CONDUCT ADDITIONAL 20 RESEARCH AND ISSUE ADDITIONAL REPORTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS TO 21 THE SCIENTIFIC REVIEW COUNCIL CREATED IN SUBSECTION (2)(b) OF THIS 22 SECTION AND THE FINANCE COMMITTEE AND PUBLIC AND BEHAVIORAL 23 HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES COMMITTEE OF THE HOUSE OF 24 REPRESENTATIVES AND THE FINANCE COMMITTEE AND HEALTH AND 25 HUMAN SERVICES COMMITTEE OF THE SENATE, OR THEIR SUCCESSOR 26 COMMITTEES.

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(b) THE COLORADO SCHOOL OF PUBLIC HEALTH SHALL ESTABLISH

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1 A SCIENTIFIC REVIEW COUNCIL TO REVIEW THE REPORT PRODUCED 2 PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (2)(a) OF THIS SECTION AND MAKE 3 RECOMMENDATIONS TO THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY REGARDING 4 APPROPRIATE EVIDENCE-BASED REGULATORY CHANGES AND THE FUNDING 5 OF ADDITIONAL NECESSARY EVIDENCE-BASED RESEARCH. THE DEAN OF 6 THE COLORADO SCHOOL OF PUBLIC HEALTH, IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE 7 DEAN OF THE MEDICAL SCHOOL AT THE UNIVERSITY OF COLORADO AND 8 THE DEAN OF THE SCHOOL OF PHARMACY AT THE UNIVERSITY OF 9 COLORADO, SHALL APPOINT MEMBERS TO THE SCIENTIFIC REVIEW COUNCIL 10 WHO DO NOT HAVE A CONFLICT OF INTEREST OR ANYONE IN THEIR 11 IMMEDIATE FAMILY WHO DOES NOT HAVE A CONFLICT OF INTEREST AS 12 FOLLOWS:

13 (I) AN EPI

(I) AN EPIDEMIOLOGIST;

(II) A CLINICIAN FAMILIAR WITH THE PRESCRIPTION, DOSAGE, AND
 ADMINISTRATION OF MEDICAL MARIJUANA UNDER CURRENT STATE LAWS;

- 16 (III) A MEDICAL TOXICOLOGIST;
- 17 (IV) A NEUROLOGIST;
- 18 (V) A PEDIATRICIAN;
- 19 (VI) A psychiatrist;

20 (VII) AN INTERNAL MEDICINE PHYSICIAN OR OTHER SPECIALIST IN
 21 ADULT MEDICINE;

- (VIII) A PREVENTIVE MEDICINE SPECIALIST OR PUBLIC HEALTH
   PROFESSIONAL; AND
- 24 (IX) A SUBSTANCE ABUSE SPECIALIST.

(3) BASED ON ITS RESEARCH AND FINDINGS, THE COLORADO
SCHOOL OF PUBLIC HEALTH SHALL PRODUCE A PUBLIC EDUCATION
CAMPAIGN FOR THE GENERAL PUBLIC REGARDING THE EFFECT OF

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HIGH-POTENCY THC MARIJUANA ON THE DEVELOPING BRAIN AND MENTAL
 HEALTH. THE SCIENTIFIC REVIEW COUNCIL CREATED IN SUBSECTION (2)(b)
 OF THIS SECTION SHALL APPROVE THE PUBLIC EDUCATION CAMPAIGN.

4 (4) THE SCIENTIFIC REVIEW COUNCIL SHALL CREATE A PAMPHLET
5 THAT DESCRIBES THE POSSIBLE RISKS ASSOCIATED WITH MEDICAL
6 MARIJUANA CONCENTRATE AND RETAIL MARIJUANA CONCENTRATE AND
7 THE USAGE OF MEDICAL MARIJUANA CONCENTRATE AND RETAIL
8 MARIJUANA CONCENTRATE.

9 SECTION 2. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 25-1.5-106, amend
10 (2)(a.5)(I), (5)(b), (5)(c), (5)(d)(III), (5)(d)(IV), and (6)(a); and add
11 (5)(d)(V), (5)(f), and (5.5) as follows:

12 25-1.5-106. Medical marijuana program - powers and duties 13 of state health agency - rules - medical review board - medical 14 marijuana program cash fund - subaccount - created - "Ethan's 15 Law" - definitions - repeal. (2) Definitions. In addition to the 16 definitions set forth in section 14 (1) of article XVIII of the state 17 constitution, as used in this section, unless the context otherwise requires:

18 (a.5) "Bona fide physician-patient relationship", for purposes of19 the medical marijuana program, means:

20 (I) A physician and a patient have a treatment or counseling 21 relationship, in the course of which the physician has completed a THE 22 IN-PERSON full assessment of the patient's medical history, including AN 23 ASSESSMENT OF THE PATIENT'S MEDICAL AND MENTAL HEALTH HISTORY 24 TO DETERMINE WHETHER THE PATIENT HAS A MEDICAL OR MENTAL 25 HEALTH ISSUE THAT COULD BE EXACERBATED BY THE USE OF MEDICAL 26 MARIJUANA AND reviewing a previous diagnosis for a debilitating or 27 disabling medical condition, and current medical condition, including an appropriate personal physical examination. IF THE RECOMMENDING
 PHYSICIAN IS NOT THE PATIENT'S PRIMARY CARE PHYSICIAN, THE
 RECOMMENDING PHYSICIAN SHALL REVIEW THE RECORDS OF THE
 DIAGNOSING PHYSICIAN OR A LICENSED MENTAL HEALTH PROVIDER
 ACTING WITHIN THE PHYSICIAN'S OR PROVIDER'S SCOPE OF PRACTICE;

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(5) **Physicians.** A physician who certifies a debilitating medical condition or disabling medical condition for an applicant to the medical marijuana program shall comply with all of the following requirements:

9 (b) (I) After a physician, who has a bona fide physician-patient 10 relationship with the patient applying for the medical marijuana program, 11 determines, for the purposes of making a recommendation, that the 12 patient has a debilitating medical condition or disabling medical condition 13 and that the patient may benefit from the use of medical marijuana, the 14 physician shall certify to the state health agency that the patient has a 15 debilitating medical condition or disabling medical condition and that the 16 patient may benefit from the use of medical marijuana. If the physician 17 certifies that the patient would benefit from the use of medical marijuana 18 based on a chronic or debilitating disease or medical condition or 19 disabling medical condition, the physician shall specify the chronic or 20 debilitating disease or medical condition or disabling medical condition 21 and, if known, the cause or source of the chronic or debilitating disease 22 or medical condition or disabling medical condition. THE PHYSICIAN MAY 23 ONLY AUTHORIZE MEDICAL MARIJUANA WITHIN THE SCOPE OF THE 24 PHYSICIAN'S PRACTICE OR SPECIALTY.

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(II) THE CERTIFICATION MUST INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING:

26 (A) THE DATE OF ISSUE AND THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THE27 RECOMMENDATION;

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- (B) THE PATIENT'S NAME AND ADDRESS;
- 2 (C) THE AUTHORIZING PHYSICIAN'S NAME, ADDRESS, AND FEDERAL
  3 DRUG ENFORCEMENT AGENCY NUMBER;
- 4 (D) THE THC POTENCY LEVEL OF MEDICAL MARIJUANA BEING
  5 RECOMMENDED;
  - (E) THE DOSAGE FORM;

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- (F) THE PATIENT'S DAILY AUTHORIZED QUANTITY;
- 8 (G) DIRECTIONS FOR USE; AND
- 9 (H) THE AUTHORIZING PHYSICIAN'S SIGNATURE.
- (III) THE AUTHORIZING PHYSICIAN SHALL PROVIDE THE PATIENT
  WITH A COPY OF THE CERTIFICATION.
- 12 The physician shall maintain a record-keeping system, (c) 13 INCLUDING A COPY OF THE CERTIFICATION, AND for all patients for whom 14 the physician has recommended AUTHORIZED the medical use of 15 marijuana, and, pursuant to an investigation initiated pursuant to section 12-240-125, the physician shall produce such medical records to the 16 17 Colorado medical board after redacting any patient or primary caregiver 18 identifying information. THE PHYSICIAN SHALL MAINTAIN THE MEDICAL 19 RECORDS OF THE PATIENT'S VISIT AND THE PHYSICIAN SHALL RESPOND TO 20 A TREATING PHYSICIAN'S REQUEST FOR MEDICAL RECORDS TO TREAT THE 21 PATIENT WITH THE CERTIFICATION WITH THE PATIENT'S PERMISSION. 22 (d) A physician shall not:
- (III) Examine a patient for purposes of diagnosing a debilitating
   medical condition or a disabling medical condition at a location where
   medical marijuana is sold or distributed; or
- 26 (IV) Hold an economic interest in an enterprise that provides or
   27 distributes medical marijuana if the physician certifies the debilitating

medical condition or disabling medical condition of a patient for
 participation in the medical marijuana program; OR

3 (V) CHARGE A PATIENT AN ADDITIONAL FEE TO RECOMMEND AN
4 EXTENDED PLANT COUNT OR FOR A RECOMMENDATION THAT IS AN
5 EXCEPTION TO ANY REQUIREMENT IN THIS SECTION OR ARTICLE 10 OF
6 TITLE 44.

7 (f) A PHYSICIAN WHO REGULARLY MAKES MEDICAL MARIJUANA
8 RECOMMENDATIONS SHALL TAKE A MEDICAL CONTINUING EDUCATION
9 COURSE REGARDING MEDICAL MARIJUANA THAT IS AT LEAST FIVE HOURS
10 EVERY TWO YEARS OR EIGHT HOURS EVERY THREE YEARS.

(5.5) Patients eighteen to twenty years of age.
(a) NOTWITHSTANDING ANY OTHER PROVISIONS OF THIS SECTION TO THE
CONTRARY, A PATIENT WITH A DEBILITATING OR DISABLING MEDICAL
CONDITION WHO IS EIGHTEEN TO TWENTY YEARS OF AGE IS NOT ELIGIBLE
FOR THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA PROGRAM UNLESS:

16 (I) TWO PHYSICIANS FROM SEPARATE MEDICAL PRACTICES HAVE 17 DIAGNOSED THE PATIENT AS HAVING A DEBILITATING OR DISABLING 18 MEDICAL CONDITION AFTER AN IN-PERSON CONSULTATION. IF ONE OF THE 19 RECOMMENDING PHYSICIANS IS NOT THE PATIENT'S PRIMARY CARE 20 PHYSICIAN, THE RECOMMENDING PHYSICIAN SHALL REVIEW THE RECORDS 21 OF A DIAGNOSING PHYSICIAN OR A LICENSED MENTAL HEALTH PROVIDER 22 ACTING WITHIN THE PHYSICIAN'S OR PROVIDER'S SCOPE OF PRACTICE. THE 23 REQUIREMENT THAT THE TWO PHYSICIANS BE FROM SEPARATE MEDICAL 24 PRACTICES DOES NOT APPLY IF THE PATIENT IS HOMEBOUND OR IF THE 25 PATIENT HAD A MEDICAL MARIJUANA REGISTRATION CARD BEFORE AGE 26 EIGHTEEN.

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(II) ONE OF THE PHYSICIANS REFERRED TO IN SUBSECTION

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(5.5)(a)(I) OF THIS SECTION HAS EXPLAINED THE POSSIBLE RISKS AND
 BENEFITS OF THE MEDICAL USE OF MARIJUANA TO THE PATIENT;

(III) THE PHYSICIAN REFERRED TO IN SUBSECTION (5.5)(a)(II) OF
THIS SECTION HAS PROVIDED THE PATIENT WITH THE WRITTEN
DOCUMENTATION SPECIFYING THAT THE PATIENT HAS BEEN DIAGNOSED
WITH A DEBILITATING OR DISABLING MEDICAL CONDITION AND THE
PHYSICIAN HAS CONCLUDED THAT THE PATIENT MIGHT BENEFIT FROM THE
MEDICAL USE OF MARIJUANA; AND

9 (IV) THE PATIENT ATTENDS FOLLOW-UP APPOINTMENTS EVERY SIX
10 MONTHS AFTER THE INITIAL APPOINTMENT WITH ONE OF THE PHYSICIANS
11 REFERRED TO IN SUBSECTION (5.5)(a)(I) OF THIS SECTION.

12 (6) **Enforcement.** (a) If the state health agency has reasonable 13 cause to believe that a physician has violated section 14 of article XVIII 14 of the state constitution, subsection (5)(a), (5)(b), or (5)(c) (5) of this 15 section, or the rules promulgated by the state health agency pursuant to 16 subsection (3) of this section, the state health agency may refer the matter 17 to the Colorado medical board created in section 12-240-105 for an 18 investigation and determination.

SECTION 3. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 25-3-126 as
follows:

21 25-3-126. Emergency room intake data marijuana use 22 annual report. The DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT
23 SHALL CREATE A DE-IDENTIFIED REPORT FROM HOSPITAL AND EMERGENCY
24 ROOM DISCHARGE DATA OF PATIENTS PRESENTING WITH CONDITIONS OR
25 A DIAGNOSIS THAT REFLECT MARIJUANA USE, INCLUDING AND IDENTIFYING
26 IF THE MARIJUANA USE WAS IN CONJUNCTION WITH ALCOHOL OR OTHER
27 DRUGS, AND PROVIDE THAT REPORT AT THE DEPARTMENT'S

PRESENTATIONS TO THE LEGISLATIVE COMMITTEES OF REFERENCE
 PURSUANT TO SECTION 2-7-203 IN 2022, AND ANNUALLY EACH YEAR
 THEREAFTER. THE REPORT CAN BE PRODUCED IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE
 REPORT REQUIRED PURSUANT TO SECTION 30-10-624 (2).

5 SECTION 4. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 30-10-624 as
6 follows:

30-10-624. Required toxicology screening for a suicide,
overdose death, or accidental death - annual report. (1) (a) THE
CORONER SHALL ORDER A TOXICOLOGY SCREEN TO TEST FOR THE
PRESENCE AND QUANTITY OF THC, INCLUDING AND IDENTIFYING IF THE
PRESENCE OF THC WAS IN CONJUNCTION WITH ALCOHOL OR OTHER
DRUGS, AND ITS METABOLITE IN EACH CASE OF A NON-NATURAL DEATH OF
A PERSON UNDER TWENTY-FIVE YEARS OF AGE.

(b) THE CORONER SHALL REPORT THE DE-IDENTIFIED RESULTS OF
THE TOXICOLOGY SCREEN REQUIRED BY SUBSECTION (1)(a) OF THIS
SECTION TO THE COLORADO VIOLENT DEATH REPORTING SYSTEM.

17 (c) NOTHING IN THIS SECTION PREVENTS A CORONER FROM18 ORDERING A TOXICOLOGY SCREEN IN ANY OTHER CASE.

19 (2) THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT
20 SHALL PRODUCE AN ANNUAL REPORT OF THE INFORMATION REPORTED IN
21 SUBSECTION (1)(b) OF THIS SECTION BEGINNING JANUARY 2, 2022, AND
22 ANNUALLY EACH YEAR THEREAFTER. THE REPORT CAN BE PRODUCED IN
23 CONJUNCTION WITH THE REPORT REQUIRED PURSUANT TO SECTION
24 25-3-126.

25 SECTION 5. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 39-28.8-501, add
26 (4.7) as follows:

27 **39-28.8-501.** Marijuana tax cash fund - creation - distribution

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1 - legislative declaration - repeal. (4.7) (a) (I) THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY 2 SHALL APPROPRIATE ONE MILLION DOLLARS FROM THE FUND IN FISCAL 3 YEAR 2021-22 TO THE COLORADO SCHOOL OF PUBLIC HEALTH TO 4 CONDUCT THE RESEARCH REQUIRED BY SECTION 23-20-141. ANY MONEY 5 APPROPRIATED PURSUANT TO THIS SUBSECTION (4.7)(a)(I) THAT REMAINS 6 AT THE END OF THE FISCAL YEAR MAY BE RETAINED BY THE COLORADO 7 SCHOOL OF PUBLIC HEALTH TO CONTINUE RESEARCH IN THE NEXT FISCAL 8 YEAR.

9 (II) THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY SHALL APPROPRIATE ONE MILLION 10 DOLLARS FROM THE FUND IN FISCAL YEAR 2022-23 TO THE COLORADO 11 SCHOOL OF PUBLIC HEALTH TO CONDUCT THE RESEARCH REQUIRED BY 12 SECTION 23-20-141. ANY MONEY APPROPRIATED PURSUANT TO THIS 13 SUBSECTION (4.7)(a)(II) THAT REMAINS AT THE END OF THE FISCAL YEAR 14 MAY BE RETAINED BY THE COLORADO SCHOOL OF PUBLIC HEALTH TO 15 CONTINUE RESEARCH IN THE NEXT FISCAL YEAR.

(III) THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY SHALL APPROPRIATE ONE MILLION
DOLLARS FROM THE FUND IN FISCAL YEAR 2023-24 TO THE COLORADO
SCHOOL OF PUBLIC HEALTH TO CONDUCT THE RESEARCH REQUIRED BY
SECTION 23-20-141. ANY MONEY APPROPRIATED PURSUANT TO THIS
SUBSECTION (4.7)(a) THAT REMAINS AT THE END OF THE FISCAL YEAR
SHALL BE RETURNED TO THE GENERAL FUND.

(b) This subsection (4.7) is repealed, effective January 1,
2025.

SECTION 6. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-10-103, add
(36.5) and (59.5) as follows:

26 44-10-103. Definitions. As used in this article 10, unless the
27 context otherwise requires:

1 (36.5) "MEDICAL MARIJUANA CONCENTRATE" MEANS A SUBSET OF 2 MEDICAL MARIJUANA THAT IS SEPARATED FROM THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA 3 PLANT AND RESULTS IN MATTER WITH A HIGHER CONCENTRATION OF 4 CANNABINOIDS THAN NATURALLY OCCUR IN THE PLANT. MEDICAL 5 MARIJUANA CONCENTRATE CONTAINS CANNABINOIDS AND MAY CONTAIN 6 TERPENES AND OTHER CHEMICALS THAT ARE NATURALLY OCCURRING IN 7 MEDICAL MARIJUANA PLANTS THAT HAVE BEEN SEPARATED FROM 8 MEDICAL MARIJUANA.

9 (59.5) "RETAIL MARIJUANA CONCENTRATE" MEANS A SUBSET OF 10 RETAIL MARIJUANA THAT IS SEPARATED FROM THE RETAIL MARIJUANA 11 PLANT AND RESULTS IN MATTER WITH A HIGHER CONCENTRATION OF 12 CANNABINOIDS THAN NATURALLY OCCUR IN THE PLANT. RETAIL 13 MARIJUANA CONCENTRATE CONTAINS CANNABINOIDS AND MAY CONTAIN 14 TERPENES AND OTHER CHEMICALS THAT ARE NATURALLY OCCURRING IN 15 RETAIL MARIJUANA PLANTS THAT HAVE BEEN SEPARATED FROM RETAIL 16 MARIJUANA.

SECTION 7. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-10-203, amend
(2)(ff)(VII) and (3)(a)(V); and add (2)(hh), (2)(ii), (2)(jj), (3)(a)(VII), and
(3)(a)(VIII) as follows:

44-10-203. State licensing authority - rules. (2) Mandatory
rule-making. Rules promulgated pursuant to section 44-10-202 (1)(c)
must include but need not be limited to the following subjects:

23 (ff) (VII) Rules to ensure compliance with section 42-4-1305.5;
24 and

(hh) A NOTICE THAT DESCRIBES THE PENALTIES ASSOCIATED WITH
 MARIJUANA DIVERSION;

27 (ii) The circumstances that constitute a significant

1 PHYSICAL OR GEOGRAPHIC HARDSHIP AS USED IN SECTION 44-10-501 (13);

2 AND

3 (jj) A UNIFORM CERTIFICATION FORM TO BE USED BY
4 RECOMMENDING PHYSICIANS AS REQUIRED BY SECTION 25-1.5-106 (5)
5 WHICH MAY BE RELIED UPON BY MEDICAL MARIJUANA STORES.

6 (3) In promulgating rules pursuant to this section, the state 7 licensing authority may seek the assistance of the department of public 8 health and environment when necessary before promulgating rules on the 9 following subjects:

(a) Signage, marketing, and advertising, including but not limited
to a prohibition on mass-market campaigns that have a high likelihood of
reaching persons under eighteen years of age for medical marijuana and
have a high likelihood of reaching persons under twenty-one years of age
for retail marijuana and other such rules that may include:

(V) Prohibiting opt-in marketing that does not permit an easy and
permanent opt-out feature; and

17 (VII) PROHIBITING ADVERTISING AND MARKETING BY A MEDICAL
18 MARIJUANA BUSINESS THAT IS SPECIFICALLY DIRECTED AT PERSONS WHO
19 ARE UNDER TWENTY-ONE YEARS OF AGE; AND

20 (VIII) REQUIREMENTS THAT ANY ADVERTISING OR MARKETING
21 SPECIFIC TO MEDICAL MARIJUANA CONCENTRATE OR RETAIL MARIJUANA
22 CONCENTRATE INCLUDE A NOTICE REGARDING THE POTENTIAL RISKS OF
23 MEDICAL MARIJUANA CONCENTRATE OR RETAIL MARIJUANA
24 CONCENTRATE OVERCONSUMPTION.

25 SECTION 8. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-10-501, amend
 26 (1)(b), (4), and (10)(b)(II); and add (3)(g), (3)(h), and (13) as follows:
 27 44-10-501. Medical marijuana store license. (1) (b) (I) The

44-10-501. Medical marijuana store license. (1) (b) (I) The

1 medical marijuana store shall track all of its medical marijuana and 2 medical marijuana products from the point that they are transferred from 3 a medical marijuana cultivation facility or medical marijuana products 4 manufacturer to the point of sale. WHEN COMPLETING A PATIENT SALES 5 TRANSACTION, THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA STORE SHALL IMMEDIATELY 6 RECORD EACH SALES TRANSACTION IN THE SEED-TO-SALE INVENTORY 7 TRACKING SYSTEM IN ORDER TO ALLOW THE SEED-TO-SALE INVENTORY 8 TRACKING SYSTEM TO:

9 (A) CONTINUOUSLY MONITOR ENTRY OF PATIENT DATA TO
10 IDENTIFY DISCREPANCIES WITH DAILY AUTHORIZED QUANTITY LIMITS AND
11 THC POTENCY AUTHORIZATIONS;

12 (B) ACCESS AND RETRIEVE REAL-TIME SALES DATA BASED ON
13 PATIENT IDENTIFICATION NUMBER; AND

14 (C) RESPOND WITH A USER ERROR MESSAGE IF A SALE TO A
15 PATIENT OR CAREGIVER WILL EXCEED THE PATIENT'S DAILY AUTHORIZED
16 QUANTITY LIMIT FOR THAT BUSINESS DAY OR THC POTENCY
17 AUTHORIZATION.

18 (II) IN THE EVENT OF A TEMPORARY OUTAGE OF THE SEED-TO-SALE 19 TRACKING SYSTEM, A MEDICAL MARIJUANA STORE MAY RELY UPON THE 20 PHYSICIAN'S CERTIFICATION REQUIRED BY SECTION 25-1.5-106, AND IS NOT 21 RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY UNINTENTIONAL SALE IN EXCESS OF THE 22 AUTHORIZED QUANTITY LIMIT THAT OCCURS DURING THE OUTAGE, 23 PROVIDED HOWEVER THAT THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA STORE UPLOADS ITS 24 SALES DATA INTO THE SEED-TO-SALE TRACKING SYSTEM AS SOON AS 25 REASONABLY PRACTICAL AFTER THE END OF THE OUTAGE.

26 (3) (g) WHEN COMPLETING A SALE, A MEDICAL MARIJUANA STORE
27 SHALL PROVIDE THE PATIENT WITH A NOTICE REGARDING THE CRIMINAL

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PENALTIES ASSOCIATED WITH MARIJUANA DIVERSION DEVELOPED
 PURSUANT TO SECTION 44-10-203 (2)(hh).

3 (h) WHEN COMPLETING A SALE OF MEDICAL MARIJUANA 4 CONCENTRATE, THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA STORE SHALL PROVIDE THE 5 PATIENT WITH THE PAMPHLET DEVELOPED PURSUANT TO SECTION 6 23-20-141 (4) REGARDING THE USE OF MEDICAL MARIJUANA 7 CONCENTRATE.

8 (4) (a) Prior to initiating a sale, the employee of the medical
9 marijuana store making the sale shall verify:

10 (I) That the purchaser has a valid registry identification card 11 issued pursuant to section 25-1.5-106 or a copy of a current and complete 12 new application for the medical marijuana registry administered by the 13 department of public health and environment that is documented by proof 14 as having been submitted to the department of public health and 15 environment within the preceding thirty-five days; and

(II) A valid picture identification card that matches the name on
the registry identification card; AND

(III) THAT THE PATIENT'S OR CAREGIVER'S PURCHASE WILL NOT
EXCEED THE PATIENT'S DAILY AUTHORIZED QUANTITY LIMIT WITH THE
SEED-TO-SALE TRACKING SYSTEM.

(b) A purchaser may not provide a copy of a renewal application
in order to make a purchase at a medical marijuana store. A purchaser
may only make a purchase using a copy of his or her THE PURCHASER'S
application from 8 a.m. to 5 p.m., Monday through Friday. If the
purchaser presents a copy of his or her THE PURCHASER'S application at
the time of purchase, the employee must contact the department of public
health and environment to determine whether the purchaser's application

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1 has been denied. The employee shall not complete the transaction if the 2 purchaser's application has been denied. If the purchaser's application has 3 been denied, the employee is authorized to confiscate the purchaser's copy 4 of the application and the documentation of proof of submittal, if 5 possible, and shall, within seventy-two hours after the confiscation, turn 6 it over to the department of public health and environment or a local law 7 enforcement agency. The failure to confiscate the copy of the application 8 and document of proof of submittal or to turn it over to the state health 9 department or a state or local law enforcement agency within seventy-two 10 hours after the confiscation is not a criminal offense.

11 (c) THE PATIENT SHALL PRESENT THE PATIENT'S CERTIFICATION AT
12 THE TIME OF PURCHASE AND THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA STORE SHALL NOT
13 EXCEED QUANTITIES SPECIFIED IN THE CERTIFICATION.

14 (10) (b) (II) A medical marijuana store may sell medical 15 marijuana concentrate or medical marijuana products in an amount that 16 exceeds the sales limitation pursuant to subsection (10)(a) of this section 17 only to a patient who has a physician exemption from the sales limitation 18 and is registered with the medical marijuana store; EXCEPT THAT THE 19 LIMITATIONS IN SUBSECTION (13) OF THIS SECTION APPLY REGARDLESS OF 20 THE AMOUNT IN THE PHYSICIAN EXEMPTION. A physician making medical 21 marijuana recommendations for a debilitating medical condition or 22 disabling medical condition pursuant to article 1.5 of title 25 may exempt 23 a patient from the medical marijuana concentrate or medical marijuana products sales limitation established in subsection (10)(a) of this section. 24 25 A physician providing an exemption shall document and maintain the 26 exemption in the physician's record-keeping system for the patient and 27 shall provide written documentation to the patient to allow a medical

marijuana store to verify the exemption. The written documentation of the exemption provided to a patient must, at a minimum, include the patient's name and registry number, the physician's name, valid license number, physical business address, any electronic mailing address, and phone number. The state health agency may require a physician providing an exemption to the sales limitation to document the exemption in the medical marijuana registry.

8 (13) (a) A MEDICAL MARIJUANA STORE OR MEDICAL MARIJUANA 9 STORES SHALL NOT SELL ANY MORE THAN EIGHT GRAMS OF MEDICAL 10 MARIJUANA CONCENTRATE TO A PATIENT IN A SINGLE DAY; EXCEPT THAT 11 THIS SUBSECTION (13)(a) DOES NOT APPLY IF THE PATIENT IS HOMEBOUND, 12 IF THE PHYSICIAN'S CERTIFICATION SPECIFICALLY STATES THAT THE 13 PATIENT NEEDS MORE THAN EIGHT GRAMS OF MEDICAL MARIJUANA 14 CONCENTRATE, OR IF IT WOULD BE A SIGNIFICANT PHYSICAL OR 15 GEOGRAPHIC HARDSHIP FOR THE PATIENT TO MAKE A DAILY PURCHASE.

16 (b) NOTWITHSTANDING THE PROVISIONS OF SUBSECTION (13)(a) OF 17 THIS SECTION, IF THE PATIENT IS EIGHTEEN TO TWENTY YEARS OF AGE A 18 MEDICAL MARIJUANA STORE OR MEDICAL MARIJUANA STORES SHALL NOT 19 SELL ANY MORE THAN TWO GRAMS OF MEDICAL MARIJUANA CONCENTRATE 20 TO A PATIENT IN A SINGLE DAY; EXCEPT THAT THIS SUBSECTION (13)(b) 21 DOES NOT APPLY IF THE PATIENT IS HOMEBOUND OR IF THE PHYSICIAN'S 22 CERTIFICATION SPECIFICALLY STATES THE PATIENT NEEDS MORE THAN 23 TWO GRAMS OF MEDICAL MARIJUANA CONCENTRATE.

(c) BEGINNING NO LATER THAN JANUARY 1, 2023, A MEDICAL
MARIJUANA STORE SHALL SELL MEDICAL MARIJUANA CONCENTRATE IN
PACKAGING THAT SEPARATES EACH GRAM OF MEDICAL MARIJUANA
CONCENTRATE INTO NO LESS THAN TEN EQUAL SEPARATE PORTIONED

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AMOUNTS; EXCEPT THAT THIS SUBSECTION (13)(c) DOES NOT APPLY TO
 MEDICAL MARIJUANA CONCENTRATES IN LIQUID FORM.

3 SECTION 9. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-10-601, add
4 (3)(d), (3)(e), (3)(f), and (17) as follows:

5 44-10-601. Retail marijuana store license - rules - definitions.
(3) (d) WHEN COMPLETING A SALE, A RETAIL MARIJUANA STORE SHALL
7 PROVIDE THE CUSTOMER WITH A NOTICE REGARDING THE CRIMINAL
8 PENALTIES ASSOCIATED WITH MARIJUANA DIVERSION DEVELOPED
9 PURSUANT TO SECTION 44-10-203 (2)(hh).

10 (e) WHEN COMPLETING A SALE OF RETAIL MARIJUANA
11 CONCENTRATE, THE RETAIL MARIJUANA STORE SHALL PROVIDE THE
12 CUSTOMER WITH THE PAMPHLET DEVELOPED PURSUANT TO SECTION
13 23-20-141 (4), REGARDING THE USE OF RETAIL MARIJUANA CONCENTRATE.

(f) BEGINNING NO LATER THAN JANUARY 1, 2023, A RETAIL
MARIJUANA STORE SHALL SELL RETAIL MARIJUANA CONCENTRATE IN
PACKAGING THAT SEPARATES EACH GRAM OF RETAIL MARIJUANA
CONCENTRATE INTO NO LESS THAN TEN EQUAL SEPARATE PORTIONED
AMOUNTS; EXCEPT THAT THIS SUBSECTION (3)(f) DOES NOT APPLY TO
MEDICAL MARIJUANA CONCENTRATES IN LIQUID FORM.

20 (17) A RETAIL MARIJUANA STORE OR RETAIL MARIJUANA STORES
21 SHALL NOT SELL ANY MORE THAN EIGHT GRAMS OF RETAIL MARIJUANA
22 CONCENTRATE TO A PERSON IN A SINGLE DAY.

SECTION 10. Safety clause. The general assembly hereby finds,
 determines, and declares that this act is necessary for the immediate
 preservation of the public peace, health, or safety.

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