# First Regular Session Seventy-third General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

## **PREAMENDED**

This Unofficial Version Includes Committee Amendments Not Yet Adopted on Second Reading

LLS NO. 21-0914.01 Michael Dohr x4347

**HOUSE BILL 21-1317** 

### **HOUSE SPONSORSHIP**

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#### **House Committees**

### **Senate Committees**

Public & Behavioral Health & Human Services Finance Appropriations

# A BILL FOR AN ACT

101	CONCERNING	THE	REGULATION	OF	MARIJUANA	FOR	SAFE
102	CONSUM	PTION	, AND, IN CONNI	ECTIO	N THEREWITH	, MAKI	NG AN
103	APPROPI	RIATIO	N.				

## **Bill Summary**

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at <a href="http://leg.colorado.gov">http://leg.colorado.gov</a>.)

The bill requires the Colorado school of public health to do a systematic review of the scientific research related to the physical and mental health effects of high-potency THC marijuana and concentrates. The bill creates a scientific review council (council) to review the report and make recommendations to the general assembly. Based on the

research and findings, the Colorado school of public health shall produce a public education campaign for the general public, to be approved by the council, regarding the effect of high-potency THC marijuana on the developing brain and mental health.

Current law requires a doctor to conduct a full assessment of the patient's medical history when making a medical marijuana recommendation. The bill requires that assessment to include the patient's mental health history. If the recommending physician is not the patient's primary care physician, the bill directs the recommending physician to review the records of a diagnosing physician or licensed mental health provider. When a practitioner makes a medical marijuana authorization, the practitioner must certify that authorization to the department of public health and environment. The bill requires the certification to include:

- The date of issue and the effective date of the recommendation;
- The patient's name and address;
- The recommending physician's name, address, and federal drug enforcement agency number;
- The THC potency level of medical marijuana being recommended;
- The dosage form;
- The daily authorized quantity;
- Directions for use; and
- The recommending physician's signature.

The bill prohibits a physician for charging an additional fee for recommending an extended plant count or making a recommendation related to an exception to a medical marijuana requirement.

The bill imposes the following requirements on medical marijuana patients ages 18 to 20 years old:

- Two physicians from different medical practices have to diagnose the patient as having a debilitating or disabling medical condition after an in-person consultation;
- One of the physicians must explain the possible risks and benefits of the medical use of marijuana to the patient;
- One physician must provide the patient with the written documentation specifying that the patient has been diagnosed with a debilitating or disabling medical condition and the physician has concluded that the patient might benefit from the medical use of marijuana; and
- The patient attends follow-up appointments every 6 months after the initial visit with one of the physicians.

The bill requires the department of public health and environment (department) to create a report from emergency room and hospital discharge data of patients who presented with conditions or a diagnosis that reflect marijuana use and provide that report at the department's

-2- 1317

annual "State Measurement for Accountable, Responsive, and Transparent (SMART) Government Act" hearing.

The bill requires the coroner in each case of a suicide, overdose death, or accidental death to order a toxicology screen. The coroner shall report the results of the toxicology screen to the Colorado violent death reporting system. The department then produces an annual report of the data beginning January 2, 2022, and annually each year thereafter.

The bill prohibits medical marijuana advertising that is specifically directed to those ages 18 to 20 years old and requires medical and retail marijuana concentrate advertising to include a warning regarding the risks of medical marijuana concentrate overconsumption.

A medical and retail marijuana store shall provide a notice at the time of sale regarding the criminal penalties associated with marijuana diversion. A medical marijuana store and retail marijuana store shall provide a patient with a pamphlet regarding the risks of overconsumption of medical marijuana concentrate when selling concentrate.

The bill requires medical marijuana stores to immediately record transactions in the seed-to-sale inventory tracking system to allow the system to:

- Continuously monitor entry of patient data to identify discrepancies with daily purchase limits and potency authorizations;
- Access and retrieve real-time sales data based on patient identification number; and
- Respond with a user error message if a sale to a patient or caregiver will exceed the patient's allowed purchase limit for that business day or potency authorization.

The bill limits the amount of medical marijuana concentrate that a patient can purchase in one day to 8 grams, unless the patient is 18 to 20 years old then the limit is 2 grams, except in the case of a homebound patient or if the patient's certification states that the patients needs more than 8 grams or 2 grams respectively.

Beginning January 1, 2023, the bill requires medical marijuana concentrate and retail marijuana concentrate to be sold in a package containing one gram separated into no less than 10 equal portioned amounts. The bill limits the amount of retail marijuana concentrate that a patient can purchase in one day to 8 grams.

- 1 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:
- 2 **SECTION 1.** In Colorado Revised Statutes **add** 23-20-141 as
- 3 follows:
- 4 23-20-141. High-potency THC marijuana and marijuana

-3-

1	concentrate research. (1) (a) THE COLORADO SCHOOL OF PUBLIC
2	HEALTH SHALL CONDUCT A SYSTEMATIC REVIEW OF ALL AVAILABLE
3	SCIENTIFIC EVIDENCE-BASED RESEARCH REGARDING THE POSSIBLE
4	PHYSICAL AND MENTAL HEALTH EFFECTS OF HIGH-POTENCY THC
5	MARIJUANA AND MARIJUANA CONCENTRATES REGARDLESS OF THE
6	LOCATION OF THE RESEARCH.
7	(b) THE RESEARCH MUST STUDY THE EFFECT OF HIGH-POTENCY
8	THC MARIJUANA ON THE DEVELOPING BRAIN AND THE EFFECT OF
9	MARIJUANA CONCENTRATES ON PHYSICAL AND MENTAL HEALTH. THE
10	RESEARCH MUST SYSTEMATICALLY CURATE AND SYNTHESIZE EXISTING
11	RESEARCH, IDENTIFY EVIDENCE GAPS, AND IDENTIFY NEW RESEARCH THAT
12	IS NEEDED TO BETTER UNDERSTAND THE HEALTH IMPLICATIONS OF
13	HIGH-POTENCY THC MARIJUANA PRODUCTS AND THE SPECIFIC THC
14	POTENCY LEVELS AND AMOUNTS AT WHICH VARIOUS HEALTH CONCERNS
15	ARISE. THE COLORADO SCHOOL OF PUBLIC HEALTH SHALL REPORT BY
16	JANUARY 31, 2022, TO THE FINANCE COMMITTEE AND PUBLIC AND
17	BEHAVIORAL HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES COMMITTEE OF THE HOUSE OF
18	REPRESENTATIVES AND THE FINANCE COMMITTEE AND HEALTH AND
19	HUMAN SERVICES COMMITTEE OF THE SENATE, OR THEIR SUCCESSOR
20	COMMITTEES, WHETHER THEY HAVE IDENTIFIED ANY GAPS IN THE
21	RESEARCH, AND, IF THERE ARE GAPS, WHAT THOSE GAPS ARE, WHAT
22	STUDIES ARE NEEDED TO FILL THOSE GAPS, THE FUNDING NEEDED TO
23	COMPLETE THOSE STUDIES, AND THE TIMELINE FOR COMPLETION OF THE
24	NECESSARY STUDIES.
25	(c) The research must be conducted independently
26	WITHOUT ANY PREDETERMINED OUTCOMES OR UNDUE INFLUENCE FROM
27	ANY PARTY.

-4- 1317

(2) (a) THE COLORADO SCHOOL OF PUBLIC HEALTH SHALL
PRODUCE AN INITIAL REPORT OF ITS FINDINGS BY JULY 1, 2022, AND SHALL
PROVIDE THAT REPORT TO THE SCIENTIFIC REVIEW COUNCIL CREATED IN
SUBSECTION (2)(b) OF THIS SECTION AND THE FINANCE COMMITTEE AND
PUBLIC AND BEHAVIORAL HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES COMMITTEE OF
THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES AND THE FINANCE COMMITTEE AND
HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES COMMITTEE OF THE SENATE, OR THEIR
SUCCESSOR COMMITTEES. IF AT ANY POINT PRIOR TO THE COMPLETION OF
THE FINAL REPORT THE COLORADO SCHOOL OF PUBLIC HEALTH BELIEVES
THERE IS SUFFICIENT SCIENTIFIC EVIDENCE TO MAKE A RECOMMENDATION
REGARDING APPROPRIATE REGULATATORY MEASURES, THE COLORADO
SCHOOL OF PUBLIC HEALTH SHALL PROVIDE THOSE RECOMMENDATIONS TO
THE SCIENTIFIC REVIEW COUNCIL CREATED IN SUBSECTION (2)(b) OF THIS
SECTION AND THE FINANCE COMMITTEE AND PUBLIC AND BEHAVIORAL
HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES COMMITTEE OF THE HOUSE OF
REPRESENTATIVES AND THE FINANCE COMMITTEE AND HEALTH AND
HUMAN SERVICES COMMITTEE OF THE SENATE, OR THEIR SUCCESSOR
COMMITTEES. IF AFTER SUBMITTING THE INITIAL REPORT THE COLORADO
SCHOOL OF PUBLIC HEALTH BELIEVES ADDITIONAL RESEARCH AND
REPORTING IS NECESSARY, THE COLORADO SCHOOL OF PUBLIC HEALTH
MAY, SUBJECT TO AVAILABLE APPROPRIATIONS, CONDUCT ADDITIONAL
RESEARCH AND ISSUE ADDITIONAL REPORTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS TO
THE SCIENTIFIC REVIEW COUNCIL CREATED IN SUBSECTION (2)(b) OF THIS
SECTION AND THE FINANCE COMMITTEE AND PUBLIC AND BEHAVIORAL
HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES COMMITTEE OF THE HOUSE OF
REPRESENTATIVES AND THE FINANCE COMMITTEE AND HEALTH AND
HUMAN SERVICES COMMITTEE OF THE SENATE, OR THEIR SUCCESSOR

-5- 1317

1	COMMITTEES.
2	(b) THE COLORADO SCHOOL OF PUBLIC HEALTH SHALL ESTABLISH
3	A SCIENTIFIC REVIEW COUNCIL TO REVIEW THE REPORT PRODUCED
4	PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (2)(a) OF THIS SECTION AND MAKE
5	RECOMMENDATIONS TO THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY REGARDING
6	APPROPRIATE EVIDENCE-BASED REGULATORY CHANGES AND THE FUNDING
7	OF ADDITIONAL NECESSARY EVIDENCE-BASED RESEARCH. THE DEAN OF
8	THE COLORADO SCHOOL OF PUBLIC HEALTH, IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE
9	DEAN OF THE MEDICAL SCHOOL AT THE UNIVERSITY OF COLORADO AND
10	THE DEAN OF THE SCHOOL OF PHARMACY AT THE UNIVERSITY OF
11	COLORADO, SHALL APPOINT MEMBERS TO THE SCIENTIFIC REVIEW COUNCIL
12	WHO DO NOT HAVE A CONFLICT OF INTEREST OR ANYONE IN THEIR
13	IMMEDIATE FAMILY WHO DOES NOT HAVE A CONFLICT OF INTEREST AS
14	FOLLOWS:
15	(I) AN EPIDEMIOLOGIST;
16	(II) A CLINICIAN FAMILIAR WITH THE ADMINISTRATION OF
17	MEDICAL MARIJUANA UNDER CURRENT STATE LAWS;
18	(III) A MEDICAL TOXICOLOGIST;
19	(IV) A NEUROLOGIST;
20	(V) A PEDIATRICIAN;
21	(VI) A PSYCHIATRIST;
22	(VII) AN INTERNAL MEDICINE PHYSICIAN OR OTHER SPECIALIST IN
23	ADULT MEDICINE;
24	(VIII) A PREVENTIVE MEDICINE SPECIALIST OR PUBLIC HEALTH
25	PROFESSIONAL; AND
26	(IX) A LICENSED SUBSTANCE USE DISORDER SPECIALIST.
27	(c) THE SCIENTIFIC REVIEW COUNCIL SHALL POST PUBLIC NOTICE

-6- 1317

1	OF EACH COMMITTEE MEETING AT LEAST TWO WEEKS BEFORE THE
2	MEETING. THE COMMITTEE SHALL ALLOW THE PUBLIC TO SUBMIT WRITTEN
3	COMMENTS AT EACH MEETING.
4	(3) Based on its research and findings, the Colorado
5	SCHOOL OF PUBLIC HEALTH SHALL PRODUCE A PUBLIC EDUCATION
6	CAMPAIGN FOR THE GENERAL PUBLIC REGARDING THE EFFECT OF
7	HIGH-POTENCY THC MARIJUANA ON THE DEVELOPING BRAIN AND ON
8	PHYSICAL AND MENTAL HEALTH. THE SCIENTIFIC REVIEW COUNCIL
9	CREATED IN SUBSECTION (2)(b) OF THIS SECTION SHALL APPROVE THE
10	PUBLIC EDUCATION CAMPAIGN.
11	
12	SECTION 2. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 25-1.5-106, amend
13	(2)(a.5)(I), $(5)(b)$ , $(5)(c)$ , $(5)(d)(III)$ , $(5)(d)(IV)$ , and $(6)(a)$ ; and add
14	(5)(d)(V), (5)(f), (5)(g), and (5.5) as follows:
15	25-1.5-106. Medical marijuana program - powers and duties
16	of state health agency - rules - medical review board - medical
17	marijuana program cash fund - subaccount - created - "Ethan's
18	Law" - definitions - repeal. (2) Definitions. In addition to the
19	definitions set forth in section 14 (1) of article XVIII of the state
20	constitution, as used in this section, unless the context otherwise requires:
21	(a.5) "Bona fide physician-patient relationship", for purposes of
22	the medical marijuana program, means:
23	(I) A physician and a patient have a treatment or counseling
24	relationship, in the course of which the physician has completed $a$ THE
25	IN-PERSON full assessment of the patient's medical history, including AN
26	ASSESSMENT OF THE PATIENT'S MEDICAL AND MENTAL HEALTH HISTORY
27	TO DETERMINE WHETHER THE PATIENT HAS A MEDICAL OR MENTAL

-7- 1317

MARIJUANA AND reviewing a previous diagnosis for a debilitating or disabling medical condition, and current medical condition, including an appropriate personal physical examination. If the recommending Physician is not the patient's primary care physician, the recommending physician shall review the existing records of the diagnosing physician or a licensed mental health provider. This subsection (2)(a.5)(I) does not require a mental health examination prior to making a recommendation.

- (5) **Physicians.** A physician who certifies a debilitating medical condition or disabling medical condition for an applicant to the medical marijuana program shall comply with all of the following requirements:
- (b) (I) After a physician, who has a bona fide physician-patient relationship with the patient applying for the medical marijuana program, determines, for the purposes of making a recommendation, that the patient has a debilitating medical condition or disabling medical condition and that the patient may benefit from the use of medical marijuana, the physician shall certify to the state health agency that the patient has a debilitating medical condition or disabling medical condition and that the patient may benefit from the use of medical marijuana. If the physician certifies that the patient would benefit from the use of medical marijuana based on a chronic or debilitating disease or medical condition or disabling medical condition or debilitating disease or medical condition and, if known, the cause or source of the chronic or debilitating disease or medical condition or disabling medical condition. THE PHYSICIAN MAY ONLY AUTHORIZE MEDICAL MARIJUANA IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE

-8-

2	THIS SECTION, ARTICLE 220 OF TITLE 12 AND ANY RULES PROMULGATED
3	PURSUANT TO THAT ARTICLE FOR A DENTIST, ARTICLE 240 OF TITLE 12 AND
4	ANY RULES PROMULGATED PURSUANT TO THAT ARTICLE, AND ARTICLE 255
5	OF TITLE 12 AND ANY RULES PROMULGATED PURSUANT TO THAT ARTICLE
6	FOR AN ADVANCED PRACTICE REGISTERED NURSE.
7	(II) THE CERTIFICATION MUST INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING:
8	(A) THE DATE OF ISSUE AND THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THE
9	RECOMMENDATION;
10	(B) THE PATIENT'S NAME AND ADDRESS;
11	(C) THE AUTHORIZING PHYSICIAN'S NAME, ADDRESS, AND FEDERAL
12	DRUG ENFORCEMENT AGENCY NUMBER;
13	(D) THE MAXIMUM THC POTENCY LEVEL OF MEDICAL MARIJUANA
14	BEING RECOMMENDED;
15	(E) THE RECOMMENDED PRODUCT, IF ANY;
16	(F) THE PATIENT'S DAILY AUTHORIZED QUANTITY;
17	(G) DIRECTIONS FOR USE; AND
18	(H) THE AUTHORIZING PHYSICIAN'S SIGNATURE.
19	(III) THE AUTHORIZING PHYSICIAN SHALL PROVIDE THE PATIENT
20	WITH A COPY OF THE CERTIFICATION.
21	(c) The physician shall maintain a record-keeping system,
22	INCLUDING A COPY OF THE CERTIFICATION, AND for all patients for whom
23	the physician has recommended AUTHORIZED the medical use of
24	marijuana, and, pursuant to an investigation initiated pursuant to section
25	12-240-125, the physician shall produce such medical records to the
26	Colorado medical board after redacting any patient or primary caregiver
27	identifying information. THE PHYSICIAN SHALL MAINTAIN THE MEDICAL

PROVISIONS OF THIS SECTION, ANY RULES PROMULGATED PURSUANT TO

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-9- 1317

2	A TREATING PHYSICIAN'S REQUEST FOR MEDICAL RECORDS TO TREAT THE
3	PATIENT WITH THE CERTIFICATION WITH THE PATIENT'S PERMISSION.
4	(d) A physician shall not:
5	(III) Examine a patient for purposes of diagnosing a debilitating
6	medical condition or a disabling medical condition at a location where
7	medical marijuana is sold or distributed; or
8	(IV) Hold an economic interest in an enterprise that provides or
9	distributes medical marijuana if the physician certifies the debilitating
10	medical condition or disabling medical condition of a patient for
11	participation in the medical marijuana program; OR
12	(V) CHARGE A PATIENT AN ADDITIONAL FEE TO RECOMMEND AN
13	EXTENDED PLANT COUNT OR FOR A RECOMMENDATION THAT IS AN
14	EXCEPTION TO ANY REQUIREMENT IN THIS SECTION OR ARTICLE 10 OF
15	TITLE 44.
16	(f) A PHYSICIAN WHO MAKES MEDICAL MARIJUANA
17	RECOMMENDATIONS SHALL TAKE A MEDICAL CONTINUING EDUCATION
18	COURSE REGARDING MEDICAL MARIJUANA THAT IS AT LEAST FIVE HOURS
19	EVERY TWO YEARS OR EIGHT HOURS EVERY THREE YEARS.
20	(g) THE DEPARTMENT SHALL REPORT ON OR BEFORE JANUARY 31
21	OF EACH YEAR THE NUMBER OF PHYSICIANS WHO MADE MEDICAL
22	MARIJUANA RECOMMENDATIONS IN THE PREVIOUS YEAR AND WITHOUT
23	IDENTIFYING THE PHYSICIAN THE NUMBER OF RECOMMENDATIONS EACH
24	PHYSICIAN MADE AND THE AGGREGATE NUMBER OF HOMEBOUND PATIENTS
25	AGES EIGHTEEN TO TWENTY IN THE REGISTRY.
26	(5.5) Patients eighteen to twenty years of age.
27	NOTWITHSTANDING ANY OTHER PROVISIONS OF THIS SECTION TO THE

RECORDS OF THE PATIENT'S VISIT AND THE PHYSICIAN SHALL RESPOND TO

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-10-

1	CONTRARY, A PATIENT WITH A DEBILITATING OR DISABLING MEDICAL
2	CONDITION WHO IS EIGHTEEN TO TWENTY YEARS OF AGE IS NOT ELIGIBLE
3	FOR THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA PROGRAM UNLESS:
4	(a) TWO PHYSICIANS FROM SEPARATE MEDICAL PRACTICES HAVE
5	DIAGNOSED THE PATIENT AS HAVING A DEBILITATING OR DISABLING
6	MEDICAL CONDITION AFTER AN IN-PERSON CONSULTATION. IF ONE OF THE
7	RECOMMENDING PHYSICIANS IS NOT THE PATIENT'S PRIMARY CARE
8	PHYSICIAN, THE RECOMMENDING PHYSICIAN SHALL REVIEW THE RECORDS
9	OF A DIAGNOSING PHYSICIAN OR A LICENSED MENTAL HEALTH PROVIDER
10	ACTING WITHIN THE PHYSICIAN'S OR PROVIDER'S SCOPE OF PRACTICE. THE
11	REQUIREMENT THAT THE TWO PHYSICIANS BE FROM SEPARATE MEDICAL
12	PRACTICES DOES NOT APPLY IF THE PATIENT IS HOMEBOUND OR IF THE
13	PATIENT HAD A MEDICAL MARIJUANA REGISTRATION CARD BEFORE AGE
14	EIGHTEEN.
15	(b) ONE OF THE PHYSICIANS REFERRED TO IN SUBSECTION (5.5)(a)
16	OF THIS SECTION HAS EXPLAINED THE POSSIBLE RISKS AND BENEFITS OF
17	THE MEDICAL USE OF MARIJUANA TO THE PATIENT;
18	(c) The physician referred to in subsection $(5.5)(b)$ of this
19	SECTION HAS PROVIDED THE PATIENT WITH THE WRITTEN DOCUMENTATION
20	SPECIFYING THAT THE PATIENT HAS BEEN DIAGNOSED WITH A
21	DEBILITATING OR DISABLING MEDICAL CONDITION AND THE PHYSICIAN HAS
22	CONCLUDED THAT THE PATIENT MIGHT BENEFIT FROM THE MEDICAL USE
23	OF MARIJUANA; AND
24	(d) THE PATIENT ATTENDS FOLLOW-UP APPOINTMENTS EVERY SIX
25	MONTHS AFTER THE INITIAL APPOINTMENT WITH ONE OF THE PHYSICIANS
26	REFERRED TO IN SUBSECTION $(5.5)(a)$ OF THIS SECTION; EXCEPT THAT THIS
27	SUBSECTION $(5.5)(d)$ DOES NOT APPLY TO A HOMEBOUND PATIENT.

-11- 1317

1	(b) This subsection $(5.5)$ does not apply to a patient
2	EIGHTEEN TO TWENTY YEARS OF AGE IF THE PATIENT HAD A REGISTRY
3	IDENTIFICATION CARD PRIOR TO EIGHTEEN YEARS OF AGE.
4	(6) <b>Enforcement.</b> (a) If the state health agency has reasonable
5	cause to believe that a physician has violated section 14 of article XVIII
6	of the state constitution, subsection (5)(a), (5)(b), or (5)(c) (5) of this
7	section, or the rules promulgated by the state health agency pursuant to
8	subsection (3) of this section, the state health agency may refer the matter
9	to the Colorado medical board created in section 12-240-105 for an
10	investigation and determination.
11	SECTION 3. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 25-3-126 as
12	follows:
13	25-3-126. Emergency room intake data marijuana use -
14	annual report. The department of public health and environment
15	SHALL CREATE A DE-IDENTIFIED REPORT FROM HOSPITAL AND EMERGENCY
16	ROOM DISCHARGE DATA OF PATIENTS PRESENTING WITH CONDITIONS OR
17	A DIAGNOSIS THAT REFLECT MARIJUANA USE, INCLUDING AND IDENTIFYING
18	IF THE MARIJUANA USE WAS IN CONJUNCTION WITH ALCOHOL OR OTHER
19	DRUGS, AND PROVIDE THAT REPORT AT THE DEPARTMENT'S
20	PRESENTATIONS TO THE LEGISLATIVE COMMITTEES OF REFERENCE
21	PURSUANT TO SECTION 2-7-203 IN 2022, AND ANNUALLY EACH YEAR
22	THEREAFTER. THE REPORT CAN BE PRODUCED IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE
23	REPORT REQUIRED PURSUANT TO SECTION 30-10-624 (2).
24	<b>SECTION 4.</b> In Colorado Revised Statutes, <b>add</b> 30-10-624 as
25	follows:
26	30-10-624. Required toxicology screening for a suicide,
27	overdose death, or accidental death - annual report. (1) (a) THE

-12- 1317

1	CORONER SHALL ORDER A TOXICOLOGY SCREEN TO TEST FOR THE
2	PRESENCE AND QUANTITY OF THC, INCLUDING AND IDENTIFYING IF THE
3	PRESENCE OF THC WAS IN CONJUNCTION WITH ALCOHOL OR OTHER
4	DRUGS, AND ITS METABOLITE IN EACH CASE OF A NON-NATURAL DEATH OF
5	A PERSON UNDER TWENTY-FIVE YEARS OF AGE.
6	(b) THE CORONER SHALL REPORT THE DE-IDENTIFIED RESULTS OF
7	THE TOXICOLOGY SCREEN REQUIRED BY SUBSECTION (1)(a) OF THIS
8	SECTION TO THE COLORADO VIOLENT DEATH REPORTING SYSTEM.
9	(c) NOTHING IN THIS SECTION PREVENTS A CORONER FROM
10	ORDERING A TOXICOLOGY SCREEN IN ANY OTHER CASE.
11	(2) The department of public health and environment
12	SHALL PRODUCE AN ANNUAL REPORT OF THE INFORMATION REPORTED IN
13	SUBSECTION (1)(b) OF THIS SECTION BEGINNING JANUARY 2, 2022, AND
14	ANNUALLY EACH YEAR THEREAFTER. THE REPORT CAN BE PRODUCED IN
15	CONJUNCTION WITH THE REPORT REQUIRED PURSUANT TO SECTION
16	25-3-126.
17	SECTION 5. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 39-28.8-501, add
18	(4.7) as follows:
19	39-28.8-501. Marijuana tax cash fund - creation - distribution
20	- legislative declaration - repeal. (4.7) (a) (I) THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY
21	SHALL APPROPRIATE ONE MILLION DOLLARS FROM THE FUND IN FISCAL
22	YEAR 2021-22 TO THE COLORADO SCHOOL OF PUBLIC HEALTH TO
23	CONDUCT THE RESEARCH REQUIRED BY SECTION 23-20-141. ANY MONEY
24	APPROPRIATED PURSUANT TO THIS SUBSECTION $(4.7)(a)(I)$ THAT REMAINS
25	AT THE END OF THE FISCAL YEAR MAY BE RETAINED BY THE COLORADO
26	SCHOOL OF PUBLIC HEALTH TO CONTINUE RESEARCH IN THE NEXT FISCAL
27	YEAR.

-13-

1	(II) THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY SHALL APPROPRIATE ONE MILLION
2	DOLLARS FROM THE FUND IN FISCAL YEAR 2022-23 TO THE COLORADO
3	SCHOOL OF PUBLIC HEALTH TO CONDUCT THE RESEARCH REQUIRED BY
4	SECTION 23-20-141. ANY MONEY APPROPRIATED PURSUANT TO THIS
5	SUBSECTION (4.7)(a)(II) THAT REMAINS AT THE END OF THE FISCAL YEAR
6	MAY BE RETAINED BY THE COLORADO SCHOOL OF PUBLIC HEALTH TO
7	CONTINUE RESEARCH IN THE NEXT FISCAL YEAR.
8	(III) THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY SHALL APPROPRIATE ONE MILLION
9	DOLLARS FROM THE FUND IN FISCAL YEAR 2023-24 TO THE COLORADO
10	SCHOOL OF PUBLIC HEALTH TO CONDUCT THE RESEARCH REQUIRED BY
11	SECTION 23-20-141. ANY MONEY APPROPRIATED PURSUANT TO THIS
12	SUBSECTION (4.7)(a) THAT REMAINS AT THE END OF THE FISCAL YEAR
13	SHALL BE RETURNED TO THE GENERAL FUND.
14	(b) This subsection (4.7) is repealed, effective January 1,
15	2025.
16	SECTION 6. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-10-103, add
17	(36.5) and (59.5) as follows:
18	44-10-103. Definitions. As used in this article 10, unless the
19	context otherwise requires:
20	(36.5) "MEDICAL MARIJUANA CONCENTRATE" MEANS A SUBSET OF
21	MEDICAL MARIJUANA THAT IS SEPARATED FROM THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA
22	PLANT AND RESULTS IN MATTER WITH A HIGHER CONCENTRATION OF
23	CANNABINOIDS THAN NATURALLY OCCUR IN THE PLANT. MEDICAL
24	MARIJUANA CONCENTRATE CONTAINS CANNABINOIDS AND MAY CONTAIN
25	TERPENES AND OTHER CHEMICALS THAT ARE NATURALLY OCCURRING IN
26	MEDICAL MARIJUANA PLANTS THAT HAVE BEEN SEPARATED FROM
27	MEDICAL MARIJUANA. MEDICAL MARIJUANA CONCENTRATE MAY ALSO

-14- 1317

1	INCLUDE RESIDUAL AMOUNTS OF THE TYPES OF SOLVENTS, AS PERMITTED
2	BY THE MARIJUANA RULES. THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY
3	FURTHER DEFINE BY RULE SUBCATEGORIES OF MEDICAL MARIJUANA
4	CONCENTRATE AND AUTHORIZE LIMITED INGREDIENTS BASED ON THE
5	METHOD OF PRODUCTION OF MEDICAL MARIJUANA CONCENTRATE. UNLESS
6	THE CONTEXT OTHERWISE REQUIRES, MEDICAL MARIJUANA CONCENTRATE
7	is included when this article $\overline{10}$ refers to medical marijuana
8	PRODUCT.
9	(59.5) "RETAIL MARIJUANA CONCENTRATE" MEANS A SUBSET OF
10	RETAIL MARIJUANA THAT IS SEPARATED FROM THE RETAIL MARIJUANA
11	PLANT AND RESULTS IN MATTER WITH A HIGHER CONCENTRATION OF
12	CANNABINOIDS THAN NATURALLY OCCUR IN THE PLANT. RETAIL
13	MARIJUANA CONCENTRATE CONTAINS CANNABINOIDS AND MAY CONTAIN
14	TERPENES AND OTHER CHEMICALS THAT ARE NATURALLY OCCURRING IN
15	RETAIL MARIJUANA PLANTS THAT HAVE BEEN SEPARATED FROM RETAIL
16	MARIJUANA. RETAIL MARIJUANA CONCENTRATE MAY ALSO INCLUDE
17	RESIDUAL AMOUNTS OF THE TYPES OF SOLVENTS, AS PERMITTED BY THE
18	MARIJUANA RULES. THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY FURTHER
19	DEFINE BY RULE SUBCATEGORIES OF RETAIL MARIJUANA CONCENTRATE
20	AND AUTHORIZE LIMITED INGREDIENTS BASED ON THE METHOD OF
21	PRODUCTION OF RETAIL MARIJUANA CONCENTRATE. UNLESS THE CONTEXT
22	OTHERWISE REQUIRES, RETAIL MARIJUANA CONCENTRATE IS INCLUDED
23	WHEN THIS ARTICLE $10$ REFERS TO RETAIL MARIJUANA PRODUCT.
24	SECTION 7. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-10-203, amend
25	(2)(dd)(IX), (2)(ff)(VII), and (3)(a)(V); and add (2)(hh), (2)(ii), (2)(jj),
26	(2)(kk), (3)(a)(VII), and (3)(a)(VIII) as follows:
2.7	44-10-203. State licensing authority - rules. (2) Mandatory

-15- 1317

1	rule-making. Rules promulgated pursuant to section 44-10-202 (1)(c)
2	must include but need not be limited to the following subjects:
3	(dd) Requirements for medical marijuana and medical marijuana
4	products delivery as described in section 44-10-501 (11) and section
5	44-10-505 (5) and retail marijuana and retail marijuana products delivery
6	as described in section 44-10-601 (13) and section 44-10-605 (5),
7	including:
8	(IX) Inventory tracking system requirements, WHICH INCLUDE THE
9	ABILITY TO DETERMINE THE AMOUNT OF MEDICAL MARIJUANA A PATIENT
10	HAS PURCHASED THAT DAY IN REAL TIME BY SEARCHING A PATIENT
11	REGISTRATION NUMBER;
12	(ff) (VII) Rules to ensure compliance with section 42-4-1305.5;
13	<del>and</del>
14	
15	(hh) THE CIRCUMSTANCES THAT CONSTITUTE A SIGNIFICANT
16	PHYSICAL OR GEOGRAPHIC HARDSHIP AS USED IN SECTION 44-10-501 (13);
17	
18	(ii) Effective January 1, 2023, A uniform certification form
19	TO BE USED BY RECOMMENDING PHYSICIANS WHEN AUTHORIZING THE
20	PATIENT TO PURCHASE MORE THAN THE STATUTORILY ALLOWED
21	QUANTITIES, AS REQUIRED BY SECTION 25-1.5-106 (5), WHICH MAY BE
22	RELIED UPON BY MEDICAL MARIJUANA STORES. THE FORM MUST CONTAIN
23	A UNIFORM WEIGHT AND UNIFORM POTENCY DESCRIPTION TO ENABLE A
24	MEDICAL MARIJUANA STORE TO FULFILL ITS OBLIGATIONS WITHOUT THE
25	NEED TO MAKE A FURTHER CALCULATION OR EXAMINE OTHER
26	DOCUMENTS. THE FORM SHALL NOT CONTAIN ANY INFORMATION
27	CONCERNING THE PATIENT'S MEDICAL CONDITION OR DIAGNOSIS.

-16- 1317

1	(jj) A TANGIBLE EDUCATIONAL RESOURCE REGARDING THE USE OF
2	REGULATED MARIJUANA CONCENTRATE. THE EDUCATIONAL RESOURCE
3	MUST PROVIDE INFORMATION AS DETERMINED BY RULE AND EDUCATION
4	INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO:
5	(I) EXAMPLES OF VISUAL REPRESENTATION OF A SERVING SIZE
6	RECOMMENDED FOR EACH TYPE OF CONCENTRATE;
7	(II) RISKS AND PRECAUTIONS;
8	(III) OTHER STATUTORY AND REGULATORY LABELING
9	REQUIREMENTS MANDATED ON MARIJUANA PRODUCTS; AND
10	(IV) A NOTICE THAT DESCRIBES THE PENALTIES ASSOCIATED WITH
11	MARIJUANA DIVERSION.
12	(kk) Effective January 1, 2023, requirements for medical
13	AND RETAIL MARIJUANA CONCENTRATE TO PROMOTE CONSUMER HEALTH
14	AND AWARENESS, WHICH SHALL INCLUDE A RECOMMENDED SERVING SIZE,
15	INDIVIDUAL IDENTIFIED SERVINGS, LABELING REQUIREMENTS, AND MAY
16	INCLUDE A MEASURING DEVICE THAT IS A COMPONENT OF THE PACKAGE
17	AND OTHER REQUIREMENTS.
18	(3) In promulgating rules pursuant to this section, the state
19	licensing authority may seek the assistance of the department of public
20	health and environment when necessary before promulgating rules on the
21	following subjects:
22	(a) Signage, marketing, and advertising, including but not limited
23	to a prohibition on mass-market campaigns that have a high likelihood of
24	reaching persons under eighteen years of age for medical marijuana and
25	have a high likelihood of reaching persons under twenty-one years of age
26	for retail marijuana and other such rules that may include:
2.7	(V) Prohibiting ont-in marketing that does not permit an easy and

-17- 1317

1	permanent opt-out feature; and
2	(VII) PROHIBITING ADVERTISING AND MARKETING BY A MEDICAL
3	MARIJUANA BUSINESS THAT IS SPECIFICALLY DIRECTED AT PERSONS WHO
4	ARE UNDER TWENTY-ONE YEARS OF AGE; AND
5	(VIII) REQUIREMENTS THAT ANY ADVERTISING OR MARKETING
6	SPECIFIC TO MEDICAL MARIJUANA CONCENTRATE OR RETAIL MARIJUANA
7	CONCENTRATE INCLUDE A NOTICE REGARDING THE POTENTIAL RISKS OF
8	MEDICAL MARIJUANA CONCENTRATE OR RETAIL MARIJUANA
9	CONCENTRATE OVERCONSUMPTION.
10	SECTION 8. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-10-501, amend
11	(1)(b), (4), and (10)(b)(II); and <b>add</b> (3)(g) and (13) as follows:
12	44-10-501. Medical marijuana store license. (1) (b) (I) The
13	medical marijuana store shall track all of its medical marijuana and
14	medical marijuana products from the point that they are transferred from
15	a medical marijuana cultivation facility or medical marijuana products
16	manufacturer to the point of sale. WHEN COMPLETING A PATIENT SALES
17	TRANSACTION, THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA STORE SHALL IMMEDIATELY
18	RECORD EACH SALES TRANSACTION IN THE SEED-TO-SALE INVENTORY
19	TRACKING SYSTEM IN ORDER TO ALLOW THE SEED-TO-SALE INVENTORY
20	TRACKING SYSTEM TO:
21	(A) CONTINUOUSLY MONITOR ENTRY OF PATIENT DATA TO
22	IDENTIFY DISCREPANCIES WITH DAILY AUTHORIZED QUANTITY LIMITS AND
23	THC POTENCY AUTHORIZATIONS;
24	(B) ACCESS AND RETRIEVE REAL-TIME SALES DATA BASED ON
25	PATIENT IDENTIFICATION NUMBER; AND
26	(C) RESPOND WITH A USER ERROR MESSAGE IF A SALE TO A
27	PATIENT OR CAREGIVER WILL EXCEED THE PATIENT'S DAILY AUTHORIZED

-18-

1	QUANTITY LIMIT FOR THAT BUSINESS DAY OR THC POTENCY
2	AUTHORIZATION.
3	(II) IN THE EVENT OF A TEMPORARY OUTAGE OF THE SEED-TO-SALE
4	TRACKING SYSTEM, A MEDICAL MARIJUANA STORE MAY RELY UPON THE
5	PHYSICIAN'S CERTIFICATION REQUIRED BY SECTION 25-1.5-106, AND IS NOT
6	RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY UNINTENTIONAL SALE IN EXCESS OF THE
7	AUTHORIZED QUANTITY LIMIT THAT OCCURS DURING THE OUTAGE,
8	PROVIDED HOWEVER THAT THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA STORE UPLOADS ITS
9	SALES DATA INTO THE SEED-TO-SALE TRACKING SYSTEM AS SOON AS
10	REASONABLY PRACTICAL AFTER THE END OF THE OUTAGE.
11	
12	(3) (g) When completing a sale of medical marijuana
13	CONCENTRATE, THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA STORE SHALL PROVIDE THE
14	PATIENT WITH THE TANGIBLE EDUCATIONAL RESOURCE CREATED BY THE
15	STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY THROUGH RULE-MAKING PURSUANT TO
16	SECTION $44-10-203$ (2)(jj) regarding the use of medical marijuana
17	CONCENTRATE.
18	(4) (a) Prior to initiating a sale, the employee of the medical
19	marijuana store making the sale shall verify:
20	(I) That the purchaser has a valid registry identification card
21	issued pursuant to section 25-1.5-106 or a copy of a current and complete
22	new application for the medical marijuana registry administered by the
23	department of public health and environment that is documented by proof
24	as having been submitted to the department of public health and
25	environment within the preceding thirty-five days; and
26	(II) A valid picture identification card that matches the name on
27	the registry identification card; AND

-19-

(III) THAT THE PATIENT'S OR CAREGIVER'S PURCHASE WILL NOT
EXCEED THE PATIENT'S DAILY AUTHORIZED QUANTITY LIMIT WITH THE
SEED-TO-SALE TRACKING SYSTEM.

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- (b) A purchaser may not provide a copy of a renewal application in order to make a purchase at a medical marijuana store. A purchaser may only make a purchase using a copy of his or her THE PURCHASER'S application from 8 a.m. to 5 p.m., Monday through Friday. If the purchaser presents a copy of his or her THE PURCHASER'S application at the time of purchase, the employee must contact the department of public health and environment to determine whether the purchaser's application has been denied. The employee shall not complete the transaction if the purchaser's application has been denied. If the purchaser's application has been denied, the employee is authorized to confiscate the purchaser's copy of the application and the documentation of proof of submittal, if possible, and shall, within seventy-two hours after the confiscation, turn it over to the department of public health and environment or a local law enforcement agency. The failure to confiscate the copy of the application and document of proof of submittal or to turn it over to the state health department or a state or local law enforcement agency within seventy-two hours after the confiscation is not a criminal offense.
- (c) THE PATIENT SHALL PRESENT THE PATIENT'S CERTIFICATION AT THE TIME OF PURCHASE AND THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA STORE SHALL NOT EXCEED STATUTORILY ALLOWED QUANTITIES OR THE QUANTITIES SPECIFIED IN THE CERTIFICATION.
- (10) (b) (II) A medical marijuana store may sell medical marijuana concentrate or medical marijuana products in an amount that exceeds the sales limitation pursuant to subsection (10)(a) of this section

-20-

only to a patient who has a physician exemption from the sales limitation and is registered with the medical marijuana store; EXCEPT THAT THE LIMITATIONS IN SUBSECTION (13) OF THIS SECTION APPLY REGARDLESS OF THE AMOUNT IN THE PHYSICIAN EXEMPTION. A physician making medical marijuana recommendations for a debilitating medical condition or disabling medical condition pursuant to article 1.5 of title 25 may exempt a patient from the medical marijuana concentrate or medical marijuana products sales limitation established in subsection (10)(a) of this section. A physician providing an exemption shall document and maintain the exemption in the physician's record-keeping system for the patient and shall provide written documentation to the patient to allow a medical marijuana store to verify the exemption. The written documentation of the exemption provided to a patient must, at a minimum, include the patient's name and registry number, the physician's name, valid license number, physical business address, any electronic mailing address, and phone number. The state health agency may require a physician providing an exemption to the sales limitation to document the exemption in the medical marijuana registry. (13) (a) A MEDICAL MARIJUANA STORE OR MEDICAL MARIJUANA STORES SHALL NOT SELL ANY MORE THAN EIGHT GRAMS OF MEDICAL MARIJUANA CONCENTRATE TO A PATIENT IN A SINGLE DAY; EXCEPT THAT THIS SUBSECTION (13)(a) DOES NOT APPLY IF THE PATIENT IS HOMEBOUND, IF THE PHYSICIAN'S CERTIFICATION SPECIFICALLY STATES THAT THE PATIENT NEEDS MORE THAN EIGHT GRAMS OF MEDICAL MARIJUANA CONCENTRATE, IF IT WOULD BE A SIGNIFICANT PHYSICAL OR GEOGRAPHIC HARDSHIP FOR THE PATIENT TO MAKE A DAILY PURCHASE, OR IF THE PATIENT HAD A REGISTRY IDENTIFICATION CARD PRIOR TO EIGHTEEN

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1	YEARS OF AGE.
2	(b) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (13)(a) of
3	THIS SECTION, IF THE PATIENT IS EIGHTEEN TO TWENTY YEARS OF AGE A
4	MEDICAL MARIJUANA STORE OR MEDICAL MARIJUANA STORES SHALL NOT
5	SELL ANY MORE THAN TWO GRAMS OF MEDICAL MARIJUANA CONCENTRATE
6	TO A PATIENT IN A SINGLE DAY; EXCEPT THAT THIS SUBSECTION (13)(b)
7	DOES NOT APPLY IF THE PATIENT IS HOMEBOUND, IF THE PHYSICIAN'S
8	CERTIFICATION SPECIFICALLY STATES THE PATIENT NEEDS MORE THAN
9	TWO GRAMS OF MEDICAL MARIJUANA CONCENTRATE, OR IF IT WOULD BE
10	A SIGNIFICANT PHYSICAL OR GEOGRAPHIC HARDSHIP FOR THE PATIENT TO
11	MAKE A DAILY PURCHASE, OR IF THE PATIENT HAD A REGISTRY
12	IDENTIFICATION CARD PRIOR TO EIGHTEEN YEARS OF AGE.
13	
14	SECTION 9. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-10-601, add
15	(3)(d), (3)(e), and (17) as follows:
16	44-10-601. Retail marijuana store license - rules - definitions.
17	
18	(3) (d) When completing a sale of retail marijuana
19	CONCENTRATE, THE RETAIL MARIJUANA STORE SHALL PROVIDE THE
20	CUSTOMER WITH THE TANGIBLE EDUCATIONAL RESOURCE CREATED BY THE
21	STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY THROUGH RULE-MAKING PURSUANT TO
22	SECTION 44-10-203 (2)(jj) REGARDING THE USE OF MEDICAL MARIJUANA
23	CONCENTRATE.
24	
25	(17) A RETAIL MARIJUANA STORE OR RETAIL MARIJUANA STORES
26	SHALL NOT SELL ANY MORE THAN EIGHT GRAMS OF RETAIL MARIJUANA
27	CONCENTRATE TO A PERSON IN A SINGLE DAY.

-22-

1	<b>SECTION 10.</b> Appropriation. (1) For the 2021-22 state fiscal
2	year, \$4,000,000 is appropriated to the department of higher education.
3	This appropriation is from the marijuana tax cash fund created in section
4	39-28.8-501 (1), C.R.S. To implement this act, the department may use
5	this appropriation for regents of the university of Colorado for use by the
6	school of public health. Any money appropriated in this section but not
7	expended prior to July 1, 2022 is further appropriated to the department
8	for the 2022-23 fiscal year for the same purpose.
9	(2) For the 2021-22 state fiscal year, \$460,227 is appropriated to
10	the department of public health and environment for use by the center for
11	health and environmental information This appropriation consists of
12	\$173,250 from the general fund and \$286,977 from the medical marijuana
13	program cash fund created in section 25-1.5-106 (16)(a), C.R.S. To
14	implement this act, the center may use this appropriation as follows:
15	(a) \$102,417 from the medical marijuana program cash fund for
16	personal services related to the medical marijuana registry, which amount
17	is based on an assumption that the registry will require an additional 1.6
18	FTE;
19	(b) \$184,560 from the medical marijuana program cash fund for
20	operating expenses related to the medical marijuana registry;
21	(c) \$118,150 from the general fund for personal services related
22	to health statistics and vital records, which amount is based on an
23	assumption that the registry will require an additional 1.8 FTE; and
24	(d) \$55,100 from the general fund for operating expenses related
25	to health statistics and vital records.
26	(3) For the 2021-22 state fiscal year, \$255,167 is appropriated to
27	the department of revenue. This appropriation is from the marijuana cash

-23- 1317

1	fund created in section 44-10-801 (1)(a), C.R.S. To implement this act
2	the department may use this appropriation as follows:
3	(a) \$159,461 for use by the specialized business group for
4	marijuana enforcement, which amount is based on an assumption that the
5	subdivision will require an additional 1.5 FTE; and
6	(b) \$95,706 for the purchase of legal services.
7	(4) For the 2021-22 state fiscal year, \$95,706 is appropriated to
8	the department of law. This appropriation is from reappropriated funds
9	received from the department of revenue under subsection (3)(b) of this
10	section and is based on an assumption that the department of law will
11	require an additional 0.5 FTE. To implement this act, the department of
12	law may use this appropriation to provide legal services for the
13	department of revenue.
14	SECTION 11. Safety clause. The general assembly hereby finds
15	determines, and declares that this act is necessary for the immediate
16	preservation of the public peace, health, or safety.

-24- 1317