

## Legislative Council Staff

Nonpartisan Services for Colorado's Legislature

# **Final Fiscal Note**

**Drafting Number:** LLS 21-0547 **Date:** June 21, 2021 **Prime Sponsors:** Rep. Ortiz; Lynch Bill Status: Signed into Law Sen. Garcia; Gardner Fiscal Analyst: Sonia Hatfield | 303-866-5851 Sonia.Hatfield@state.co.us **Bill Topic:** TRANSFER JURISDICTION TO VETERAN'S SPECIALITY COURT Summary of ☐ State Revenue ☐ TABOR Refund **Fiscal Impact:** ☐ State Transfer ☐ Statutory Public Entity This bill allows a veteran defendant to petition that their case be transferred to a jurisdiction with a veteran's specialty court, if such a court is unavailable in their jurisdiction. If the court has the capacity to provide services, it shall grant the petition. Beginning in FY 2021-22, the bill will increase state and local expenditures on an ongoing basis. **Appropriation** No appropriation is required. **Summary:** This fiscal note reflects the enacted bill. **Fiscal Note** Status:

## **Summary of Legislation**

Under current law, a court is required to inform veteran defendants that they are in a jurisdiction with a veteran's specialty court, and that they may be entitled to receive services from this court. This bill allows a veteran defendant whose case is not in a jurisdiction with a veteran's court to petition to transfer their probation supervision to a jurisdiction with a veteran's court after a plea or sentence, and requires the courts to inform them of this right. A defendant filing a petition must identify the jurisdiction they would like to transfer to, and the post-disposition services in that particular jurisdiction they would like to access. The court shall grant the petition to transfer the case if the veteran's court in that jurisdiction has the capacity to provide services and support to the defendant, and with the consent of the district attorney and any victim in the case.

## **Background**

There are currently six veteran's specialty courts in Colorado. They cover the counties of Adams, Arapahoe, Denver, Douglas, El Paso, Elbert, Gilpin, Jefferson, Lincoln, Pueblo, and Teller. According to data from the American Community Survey, approximately 70 percent of Colorado's veterans live in a district with a veteran's court. Veteran's courts exist to serve veterans who are struggling with

substance abuse, PTSD, or other mental health issues that may be tied to their service, and who may be committing crimes because of these untreated issues. The purpose of the veteran's courts is to offer treatment instead of incarceration.

### **State Expenditures**

Beginning in FY 2021-22, the bill will transfer workload and potential costs between jurisdictions for the Judicial Department.

Judicial Department. If veteran defendants successfully petition to transfer their cases, workload and costs in the original courts will decrease, and will increase for the new jurisdictions handling the cases. The changes are expected to be minimal and can be accomplished within existing appropriations. It is expected the number of cases transferred will remain low, due to most existing veteran's courts already being at or near capacity. If a case is successfully transferred, it could require travel for victims and witnesses to appear in court. Crime victims have the right to attend trials, with necessary expenses covered by the Crime Victim's Compensation Fund. Witnesses will also need to be reimbursed for travel to trials and evidentiary hearings. As data on the number of veteran defendants that appear in the court system annually is unavailable, a precise impact has not been determined. If necessary, the Judicial Department will seek additional cash fund spending authority through the annual budget process.

#### **Local Government**

Similar to the state, if court petitions to transfer cases are successful, costs and workload will decrease for counties and district attorney's offices that transfer their cases, and increase for those with veteran's specialty courts.

#### **Effective Date**

This bill was signed into law by the Governor on June 7, 2021, and takes effect September 7, 2021, assuming no referendum petition is filed.

#### **State and Local Government Contacts**

Counties District Attorneys Information Technology Judicial Military Affairs