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Revised Fiscal Note

(replaces fiscal note dated April 19, 2021)

Drafting Number:	LLS 21-05
Prime Sponsors:	Sen. Dono
	Rep. Robe

591 ovan perts Date:June 3, 2021Bill Status:Senate Second ReadingFiscal Analyst:Matt Bishop | 303-866-4796Matt.Bishop@state.co.us

Bill Topic:	EXPAND BROADBAND S	ERVICE			
Summary of Fiscal Impact:	 □ State Revenue ⊠ State Expenditure ⊠ State Transfer 	 TABOR Refund Local Government Statutory Public Entity 			
		e bill creates a reimbursement program for broadband expenses. It transfers funds a state cash fund and increases state expenditures on an ongoing basis.			
Appropriation Summary:	For FY 2021-22, the bill requires and includes an appropriation of \$298,883 to the Department of Regulatory Agencies.				
Fiscal Note Status:		ects the introduced bill, as amended by the Senate anology Committee and the Senate Appropriations			

Table 1State Fiscal Impacts Under SB 21-060

		Budget Year FY 2021-22	Out Year FY 2022-23
Revenue		-	-
Expenditures	Broadband Administrative Fund	\$298,883	\$323,133
	Centrally Appropriated	\$14,432	\$23,443
	Total Expenditures	\$313,315	\$346,576
	Total FTE	0.6 FTE	1.0 FTE
Transfers	High Cost Support Mechanism	(\$313,315)	(\$346,576)
	Broadband Administrative Fund	\$313,315	\$346,576
	Net Transfer	\$0	\$0
TABOR Refund		-	-

Summary of Legislation

The bill directs the Broadband Deployment Board (the board) in the Department of Regulatory Agencies (DORA) to contract with a nonprofit organization to create a reimbursement program to subsidize certain households for broadband service, based on household income and local broadband accessibility. The board will determine reporting requirements for the nonprofit organization. The Department of Transportation (CDOT) must submit maps of broadband infrastructure or excess capacity that could be leased for broadband deployment.

The bill authorizes the board to receive and use any federal COVID-19 funding designated for broadband deployment and repeals obsolete provisions.

Background

Broadband Deployment Board. House Bill 14-1328 created the Broadband Deployment Board to award and administer grants from the Broadband Administrative Fund, which receives funding from the High Cost Support Mechanism (most recently pursuant to Senate Bill 18-002). Members of the board are appointed by the Governor and legislative leadership. The board received \$12.8 million from the HCSM in CY 2020. Additionally, up to nearly \$50 million may be awarded to broadband projects as part of the Governor's stimulus proposal, if approved, and additional federal stimulus funding for broadband deployment may become available.

Colorado Broadband Map. The OIT updates the Colorado Broadband Map twice annually. See: <u>https://broadband.co.gov/understanding-the-broadband-map</u> for more information.

State Transfers

The bill requires transfers from the High Cost Support Mechanism to the Broadband Administrative Fund of \$313,315 in FY 2021-22 and \$346,576 in FY 2022-23. The transfer of these funds subjects them to the state TABOR limit.

State Expenditures

The bill increases state expenditures in DORA by \$313,315 and 0.6 FTE in FY 2021-22 and \$346,576 and 1.0 FTE in FY 2022-23 from the Broadband Administrative Fund. The bill also increases workload in CDOT. These costs are summarized in Table 2 and discussed below.

Cost Components		FY 2021-22	FY 2022-23
Department of Regulatory Agencies			
Personal Services		\$41,873	\$71,783
Operating Expenses		\$810	\$1,350
Capital Outlay Costs		\$6,200	-
Nonprofit Contract		\$250,000	\$250,000
Centrally Appropriated Costs ¹		\$14,432	\$23,443
	Total	\$313,315	\$346,576
	Total FTE	0.6 FTE	1.0 FTE

Table 2Expenditures Under SB 21-060

¹ Centrally appropriated costs are not included in the bill's appropriation.

Assumptions. Based on the qualifications for the reimbursement program created by the bill, the fiscal note estimates that 260,000 households may be eligible. The staffing requirements below are based on a 65 percent take-up rate and five minutes per application review.

Department of Regulatory Agencies. The Broadband Deployment Board will develop, solicit, and execute a contract to implement the reimbursement program, which requires 1.0 FTE. The fiscal note assumes a start date of December 1, 2021.

In addition, the bill will increase federal funds expenditures to the extent that federal stimulus funds are received and designated for broadband deployment.

Department of Transportation. Workload will increase to submit maps to the Broadband Development Board. This workload can be accomplished with existing appropriations.

Centrally appropriated costs. Pursuant to a Joint Budget Committee policy, certain costs associated with this bill are addressed through the annual budget process and centrally appropriated in the Long Bill or supplemental appropriations bills, rather than in this bill. These costs, which include employee insurance and supplemental employee retirement payments, are estimated to be \$14,432 in FY 2021-22 and \$23,443 in FY 2022-23.

TABOR refunds. The bill increases state revenue subject to TABOR. For FY 2022-23, the March 2021 LCS forecast projects revenue to fall short of the TABOR limit by \$28.6 million, or 0.2 percent of the limit. If actual revenue exceeds the limit, the bill will increase the amount required to be refunded to taxpayers from the General Fund in FY 2023-24.

Federal ARPA funds. This bill increases state revenue, which may impact the state's flexibility in spending federal American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) funds. For more information, see the LCS memo, titled "Legislative Changes and Flexibility in Use of American Rescue Plan Funds," available online at: <u>https://leg.colorado.gov/node/2211881</u>.

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Effective Date

The bill takes effect upon signature of the Governor, or upon becoming law without his signature.

State Appropriations

For FY 2021-22, the bill requires and includes an appropriation of \$298,883 from the Broadband Administrative Fund to the Department of Regulatory Agencies and 0.6 FTE.

State and Local Government Contacts

Counties Local Affairs Transportation Information Technology Municipalities Law Regulatory Agencies

The revenue and expenditure impacts in this fiscal note represent changes from current law under the bill for each fiscal year. For additional information about fiscal notes, please visit: <u>leg.colorado.gov/fiscalnotes</u>.