Second Regular Session Seventy-third General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

INTRODUCED

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HJR22-1003

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HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION 22-1003

101 CONCERNING THE COMMEMORATION OF THE BIRTHDAY OF THE
 102 REVEREND DR. MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.

WHEREAS, The Reverend Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr., was born
 in Atlanta, Georgia, on January 15, 1929, graduated from Morehouse
 College with a Bachelor of Arts degree in 1948, graduated from Crozer
 Theological Seminary in 1951, and received a Ph.D. from Boston
 University in 1955; and

6 WHEREAS, Rev. Dr. King's faith, resiliency, and commitment to
7 justice became known worldwide through his speeches, writings, and
8 actions; and

9 WHEREAS, Rev. Dr. King declared that the moral responsibility 10 to aid the oppressed did not stop at the edge of his street, town, or state when he wrote, "I cannot sit idly by in Atlanta and not be concerned about
 what happens in Birmingham. Injustice anywhere is a threat to justice
 everywhere."; and

WHEREAS, Rev. Dr. King withstood attacks on his home and family, among numerous other threats and setbacks, standing firm in his conviction that although the arc of the moral universe is long, it bends towards justice; and

8 WHEREAS, Rev. Dr. King led the Montgomery bus boycott, a
9 13-month protest beginning in 1955, against the segregated city bus lines;
10 and

WHEREAS, The Montgomery bus boycott led to the integration
of the Montgomery city bus system and is widely credited as the
beginning of the civil rights movement in America; and

WHEREAS, In 1957, Rev. Dr. King was elected president of the
 Southern Christian Leadership Conference, an organization formed to
 provide leadership for the burgeoning civil rights movement; and

WHEREAS, Between 1957 and 1968, Rev. Dr. King spoke more
than 2,500 times, wrote 5 books as well as numerous articles, led protests,
helped register African American voters, was arrested more than 20
times, was awarded 5 honorary degrees, was named Man of the Year by
Time magazine, and became the symbolic leader of the African American
community as well as a world figure; and

WHEREAS, On August 28, 1963, Rev. Dr. King directed the
March on Washington, wherein more than 200,000 Americans gathered
in the name of equality and civil rights and which culminated in Rev. Dr.
King's historic "I Have a Dream" speech; and

WHEREAS, The leadership of Rev. Dr. King was instrumental in bringing about landmark legislation, such as the "Civil Rights Act of 1964", which prohibited segregation in public accommodations and facilities and banned discrimination based on race, color, or national origin, and the "Voting Rights Act of 1965", which eliminated remaining legal barriers to voting for disenfranchised African American voters; and

WHEREAS, In 1964, Rev. Dr. King was awarded the Nobel Peace
Prize for his tireless and selfless work in the pursuit of justice for African

1 Americans and other oppressed people in America; and

WHEREAS, Rev. Dr. King's 13 years of nonviolent leadership
ended abruptly and tragically when, on April 4, 1968, he was assassinated
while standing on the balcony of the Lorraine Motel in Memphis,
Tennessee; and

6 WHEREAS, Rev. Dr. King's life and work continue to echo in our 7 lives as we strive to reach the lofty goal he set when he said, "Let us all 8 hope that the dark clouds of racial prejudice will soon pass away and the 9 deep fog of misunderstanding will be lifted from our fear-drenched 10 communities, and in some not too distant tomorrow the radiant stars of 11 love and brotherhood will shine over our great nation with all their 12 scintillating beauty."; and

- WHEREAS, The celebration of Martin Luther King, Jr. Day in
 Colorado was championed by Representative Wilma Webb, who
 sponsored the legislation creating the holiday, and on April 4, 1985,
 Colorado Governor Dick Lamm signed the bill into law; and
- WHEREAS, Colorado's enactment of the holiday and the annual
 Marade -- a merging of the words "march" and "parade" -- predated the
 federal holiday designation, and the first celebration in Colorado was on
 January 20, 1986; and
- WHEREAS, Rev. Dr. King's birthday is a federal holiday in the
 United States and a state holiday in the state of Colorado, which is
 celebrated each year on the third Monday in January; and
- WHEREAS, On Monday, January 17, 2022, we celebrate the 36th
 anniversary of Rev. Dr. King's holiday; now, therefore,
- Be It Resolved by the House of Representatives of the Seventy-third
 General Assembly of the State of Colorado, the Senate concurring herein:
- That we, the members of the Colorado General Assembly, hereby encourage appropriate observances, ceremonies, and activities to commemorate the federal and state legal holiday honoring the Rev. Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr., throughout all cities, towns, counties, school districts, and local governments within Colorado.
- 33 *Be It Further Resolved*, That copies of this Joint Resolution be sent

to President Joe Biden, Honorable Governor Jared Polis, the
Congressional Black Caucus, the National Black Caucus of State
Legislators, and the members of Colorado's congressional delegation:
Senators Michael Bennet and John Hickenlooper and Representatives
Diana DeGette, Joe Neguse, Lauren Boebert, Ken Buck, Doug Lamborn,

6 Jason Crow, and Ed Perlmutter.