First Regular Session Seventy-fourth General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

PREAMENDED

This Unofficial Version Includes Committee Amendments Not Yet Adopted on Second Reading

LLS NO. 23-0927.01 Megan McCall x4215

HOUSE BILL 23-1259

HOUSE SPONSORSHIP

Daugherty and Evans,

SENATE SPONSORSHIP

(None),

House Committees

Senate Committees

State, Civic, Military, & Veterans Affairs

	A BILL FOR AN ACT
101	CONCERNING PROVISIONS IN THE OPEN MEETINGS LAW FOR AN
102	EXECUTIVE SESSION OF A LOCAL PUBLIC BODY, AND, IN
103	CONNECTION THEREWITH, CREATING A LOCAL PUBLIC BODY'S
104	RIGHT TO CURE A VIOLATION OF THE OPEN MEETINGS LAW FOR
105	AN EXECUTIVE SESSION, ADDING PREREQUISITES FOR A PERSON
106	TO CHALLENGE A VIOLATION BY A LOCAL PUBLIC BODY OF THE
107	OPEN MEETINGS LAW FOR AN EXECUTIVE SESSION, AND
108	PERMITTING A LOCAL PUBLIC BODY TO RECOVER COSTS AND
109	ATTORNEY FEES IN AN ACTION FOR A VIOLATION BY A LOCAL
110	PUBLIC BODY OF THE EXECUTIVE SESSION PROVISIONS IF THE
111	PREREQUISITES ARE NOT MET OR IF THE LOCAL PUBLIC BODY
112	HAS CURED THE VIOLATION.

Bill Summary

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at http://leg.colorado.gov.)

The bill creates a right for a local public body to cure a violation of the open meetings law with respect to an executive session if the local public body takes the corrective action at its next meeting after the meeting at which the violation occurred or at the local public body's next meeting that is held at least 14 days after receiving notice by a person who intends to challenge the violation. The bill requires that, in order to have standing, a person who intends to challenge a violation of the open meetings law by a local public body in connection with an executive session must first provide notice to the secretary or clerk of the local public body and the parties must meet or communicate before the next meeting of the local public body to determine if the challenge can be resolved without filing with the court. If the local public body cures the violation, a person does not have standing to challenge the violation.

Under current law, if the court finds a violation of the open meetings law, a prevailing citizen is entitled to costs and reasonable attorney fees. If the court does not find a violation, the prevailing party may recover costs and reasonable attorney fees if the court finds that the action was frivolous, vexatious, or groundless. The bill creates an additional allowance in connection with a challenge filed that concerns an action by a local public body for an executive session to allow a local public body to recover costs and reasonable attorney fees if the court determines the person filing the challenge has not complied with the notice requirements or that the local public body has cured the violation.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:

2 SECTION 1. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 24-6-402, add (4.5)

3 as follows:

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4 24-6-402. Meetings - open to public - legislative declaration -

definitions. (4.5) (a) (I) A LOCAL PUBLIC BODY HAS THE RIGHT TO CURE

6 A VIOLATION OF SUBSECTION (4) OF THIS SECTION. AS USED IN THIS

7 SUBSECTION (4.5), "CURE" MEANS THE LOCAL PUBLIC BODY SATISFIES THE

-2- 1259

1	REQUIREMENTS SET FORTH IN SUBSECTIONS $(4.5)(a)(11)$ AND $(4.5)(a)(111)$
2	OF THIS SECTION.
3	(II) A LOCAL PUBLIC BODY CURES A VIOLATION OF SUBSECTION (4)
4	OF THIS SECTION BY REVISING ITS ANNOUNCEMENT OF THE TOPIC FOR
5	DISCUSSION THAT WAS PREVIOUSLY IN VIOLATION OF SUBSECTION (4) OF
6	THIS SECTION EITHER:
7	(A) AT THE NEXT MEETING OF THE LOCAL PUBLIC BODY AFTER THE
8	MEETING AT WHICH THE VIOLATION OCCURRED; OR
9	(B) AT THE NEXT MEETING OF THE LOCAL PUBLIC BODY THAT IS
10	HELD AT LEAST FOURTEEN DAYS AFTER RECEIPT OF THE NOTICE REQUIRED
11	PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION $(4.5)(b)(I)$ OF THIS SECTION.
12	(III) THE REVISED ANNOUNCEMENT AND VOTE TO HOLD THE
13	EXECUTIVE SESSION MUST COMPLY WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THIS
14	SECTION AND IDENTIFY THE PURPOSE OF THE EXECUTIVE SESSION AND
15	PROVIDE ADEQUATE DETAIL REGARDING THE EXECUTIVE SESSION AS
16	REQUIRED BY SUBSECTION (4) OF THIS SECTION.
17	(IV) AN EXECUTIVE SESSION THAT IS ENTERED INTO FOR A
18	PURPOSE NOT AUTHORIZED BY SUBSECTION (4) OF THIS SECTION CANNOT
19	BE CURED.
20	(b) (I) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (9)(a)
21	OF THIS SECTION, A PERSON DOES NOT HAVE STANDING TO CHALLENGE A
22	LOCAL PUBLIC BODY'S ACTION TAKEN PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (4) OF
23	THIS SECTION UNTIL THE PERSON FILES WRITTEN NOTICE WITH THE
24	SECRETARY OR CLERK OF THE LOCAL PUBLIC BODY AT LEAST FOURTEEN
25	DAYS BEFORE A REGULAR MEETING OF THE PUBLIC BODY. THE NOTICE
26	MUST IDENTIFY THE ACTION FOR WHICH THE PERSON INTENDS TO FILE A
2.7	CLAIM WITH A COURT OF RECORD CHAILENGING THE LOCAL PUBLIC BODY

-3-

	FOR A VIOLATION OF SUBSECTION ((4)) OF THIS SECTION.
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2	(II) AFTER RECEIPT OF THE NOTICE THAT IS REQUIRED PURSUANT
3	$\hbox{subsection}(4.5)(b)(I)\hbox{of this section, and before the next regular}$
4	MEETING OF THE LOCAL PUBLIC BODY, THE SECRETARY OR CLERK OF THE
5	LOCAL PUBLIC BODY, OR A DESIGNATED REPRESENTATIVE OF THE LOCAL
6	PUBLIC BODY, SHALL MEET IN PERSON OR OTHERWISE COMMUNICATE WITH
7	THE PERSON WHO FILED THE NOTICE TO DETERMINE IF THE CHALLENGE
8	CAN BE RESOLVED WITHOUT FILING THE CHALLENGE WITH A COURT
9	PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (9) OF THIS SECTION. DETERMINING IF THE
10	PERSON'S CHALLENGE CAN BE RESOLVED INCLUDES WORKING TOGETHER
11	TO DEVELOP A SOLUTION TO THE DEFICIENCY OF THE PRIOR
12	ANNOUNCEMENT OF THE EXECUTIVE SESSION THAT IS ALLEGED TO BE IN
13	VIOLATION OF SUBSECTION (4) OF THIS SECTION TO ADDRESS THE PERSON'S
14	CHALLENGE AND COMPLY WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF SUBSECTION (4) OF
17	
15	THIS SECTION.
15	THIS SECTION.
15 16	THIS SECTION. (c) CURING AN ALLEGED VIOLATION OF SUBSECTION (4) OF THIS
15 16 17	THIS SECTION. (c) CURING AN ALLEGED VIOLATION OF SUBSECTION (4) OF THIS SECTION IS A BAR TO ANY ACTION AGAINST A LOCAL PUBLIC BODY
15 16 17 18	THIS SECTION. (c) CURING AN ALLEGED VIOLATION OF SUBSECTION (4) OF THIS SECTION IS A BAR TO ANY ACTION AGAINST A LOCAL PUBLIC BODY CONCERNING THE SAME ALLEGED VIOLATION OF SUBSECTION (4) OF THIS
15 16 17 18 19	(c) Curing an alleged violation of subsection (4) of this section is a bar to any action against a local public body concerning the same alleged violation of subsection (4) of this section. If a person files a challenge pursuant subsection (9) of
15 16 17 18 19 20	THIS SECTION. (c) CURING AN ALLEGED VIOLATION OF SUBSECTION (4) OF THIS SECTION IS A BAR TO ANY ACTION AGAINST A LOCAL PUBLIC BODY CONCERNING THE SAME ALLEGED VIOLATION OF SUBSECTION (4) OF THIS SECTION. IF A PERSON FILES A CHALLENGE PURSUANT SUBSECTION (9) OF THIS SECTION AND THE LOCAL PUBLIC BODY RAISES THE ISSUE OF CURING
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	THIS SECTION. (c) CURING AN ALLEGED VIOLATION OF SUBSECTION (4) OF THIS SECTION IS A BAR TO ANY ACTION AGAINST A LOCAL PUBLIC BODY CONCERNING THE SAME ALLEGED VIOLATION OF SUBSECTION (4) OF THIS SECTION. IF A PERSON FILES A CHALLENGE PURSUANT SUBSECTION (9) OF THIS SECTION AND THE LOCAL PUBLIC BODY RAISES THE ISSUE OF CURING THE ALLEGED VIOLATION BEFORE OR AFTER THE COMMENCEMENT OF
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	(c) Curing an alleged violation of subsection (4) of this section is a bar to any action against a local public body concerning the same alleged violation of subsection (4) of this section. If a person files a challenge pursuant subsection (9) of this section and the local public body raises the issue of curing the alleged violation before or after the commencement of discovery, the court shall suspend discovery unless the
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	(c) Curing an alleged violation of subsection (4) of this section is a bar to any action against a local public body concerning the same alleged violation of subsection (4) of this section. If a person files a challenge pursuant subsection (9) of this section and the local public body raises the issue of curing the alleged violation before or after the commencement of discovery, the court shall suspend discovery unless the discovery is necessary to decide the issue of curing the alleged
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	(c) Curing an alleged violation of subsection (4) of this section is a bar to any action against a local public body concerning the same alleged violation of subsection (4) of this section. If a person files a challenge pursuant subsection (9) of this section and the local public body raises the issue of curing the alleged violation before or after the commencement of discovery, the court shall suspend discovery unless the discovery is necessary to decide the issue of curing the alleged violation, and the court shall decide such issue on motion by the

-4- 1259

1	SECTION CONCERNING AN ACTION TAKEN BY A LOCAL PUBLIC BODY
2	PURSUANT TO ANY PROVISION OF SUBSECTION (4) OF THIS SECTION AND
3	THE COURT DETERMINES THAT THE PERSON FAILED TO COMPLY WITH THE
4	REQUIREMENTS OF SUBSECTION (4.5)(b) OF THIS SECTION OR THAT THE
5	LOCAL PUBLIC BODY HAS CURED THE VIOLATION PURSUANT TO
6	SUBSECTION (4.5)(a) OF THIS SECTION, THE COURT SHALL AWARD COSTS
7	AND REASONABLE ATTORNEY FEES TO THE LOCAL PUBLIC BODY.
8	SECTION 2. Applicability. This act applies to challenges to a
9	violation by a local public body of section 24-6-402 (4), C.R.S., brought
10	on or after the effective date of this act.
11	SECTION 3. Safety clause. The general assembly hereby finds,
12	determines, and declares that this act is necessary for the immediate
13	preservation of the public peace, health, or safety.

-5- 1259