Amendment F: Changes to Charitable Gaming Operations

Placed on the ballot by the legislature • Passes with 55 percent of the vote

Amendment F proposes amending the Colorado Constitution to:

- reduce from five to three the minimum number of years a nonprofit organization must be in operation in Colorado in order to apply for a bingo-raffle license, and authorize the state legislature to establish a different requirement beginning in 2025; and
- allow, but not require, a member of a nonprofit organization who is managing or operating a bingo-raffle game (bingo-raffle worker) to receive compensation up to the minimum wage, before repealing restrictions on compensation beginning July 1, 2024.

10 What Your Vote Means

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YES 11 A "yes" vote on 12 Amendment F reduces

- 13 from five to three the minimum number of
- 14 years a nonprofit organization must
- 15 operate in Colorado in order to apply for a
- 16 bingo-raffle license, and authorizes the
- 17 state legislature to establish a different
- 18 requirement beginning in 2025. In
- 19 addition, a "yes" vote allows, but does not
- 20 require, bingo-raffle workers to be paid.
- 21 Wages are capped at minimum wage
- 22 through June 30, 2024, after which wages
- 23 are not limited.

A "no" vote on Amendment F maintains the current requirement that a nonprofit organization must operate in Colorado for five years before applying for a bingo-raffle license, and that bingo-raffle workers must be unpaid volunteers.

Legislative Council Draft

1 Summary and Analysis for Amendment F

2 What types of charitable gaming are currently allowed in Colorado?

In 1958, the Colorado Constitution was amended to permit the operation of games of chance by certain nonprofit organizations. Typical games of chance include:

- bingo, in which each player has at least one card with a grid of letters and numbers, and marks off the letter and number combinations called by the bingo caller until one of the players completes the designated winning pattern; and
- raffles, which involve tickets that have a unique number or other identifier randomly drawn to reveal the prize winner, and include pull-tabs and pickles.

The proceeds of any game must be exclusively devoted to the purposes of the nonprofit organization conducting the bingo or raffle. Only a member of a nonprofit organization may participate in the management or operation of a bingo-raffle game (bingo-raffle worker). A bingo-raffle worker cannot be paid a wage for managing or operating bingo-raffle games.

- The following types of nonprofit organizations can apply for a license if they have been continuously operating in Colorado for at least five years: chartered branches,
- lodges, and chapters of national or state organizations; religious, charitable, labor,
- fraternal, educational, voluntary firefighters', or veterans' organizations; political
- 20 parties; and the Colorado State Fair Authority.

21 What does Amendment F do?

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The Colorado Constitution currently allows nonprofit organizations that have continuously operated in Colorado for five or more years to apply for a bingo-raffle license, and prohibits them from paying bingo-raffle workers. The state legislature cannot change either of these requirements without voter approval. Amendment F decreases the number of years, from five to three, that a nonprofit organization must operate in Colorado before applying for a bingo-raffle license. On or after January 1, 2025, the measure allows the state legislature to change the time-period requirement, effectively repealing the constitutional limitation on the state legislature's ability to change the time-period requirement. However, the requirement will remain three years without legislative action.

The measure also allows, but does not require, bingo-raffle workers to receive compensation. Wages are capped at the minimum wage through June 30, 2024, after which bingo-raffle workers may be paid any amount agreed upon by the workers and nonprofit organization. The measure does not change the current constitutional requirement that only members of a nonprofit organization may participate in the management or operation of bingo and raffles.

For information on those issue committees that support or oppose the measures on the ballot at the November 8, 2022, election, go to the Colorado Secretary of State's elections center web site hyperlink for ballot and initiative information:

http://www.sos.state.co.us/pubs/elections/Initiatives/InitiativesHome.html

Legislative Council Draft

Argument For Amendment F

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1) Bingo-raffle gaming is an important tool that nonprofit organizations use to raise funds for their programs. Expanding licenses to nonprofit organizations that have been in existence for a fewer number of years provides more organizations with this fundraising opportunity. Also, Amendment F may allow nonprofit organizations to raise additional money by operating more games more often because payment of a wage will likely incentivize their members to work bingo-raffle games.

Argument Against Amendment F

1) Allowing bingo-raffle workers to receive a wage to manage or operate bingo-raffle games potentially reduces the amount of money nonprofit organizations are able to dedicate to their core mission. In addition, permitting less-established nonprofit organizations to operate bingo-raffle games in Colorado will likely increase the number of organizations raising funds in this manner, further decreasing the total amount of funds available for each organization.

Fiscal Impact for Amendment F

State revenue. Amendment F increases state revenue from bingo-raffle license fees by about \$20,000 in state budget year 2022-23 and by larger amounts in future years. This revenue is generated from additional nonprofit organizations becoming licensed to run bingo and raffle games and paying the current fee of \$100. The measure may also impact state revenue from quarterly fees paid by bingo-raffle licensees, but this impact will depend on future changes in behavior by charitable gaming organizations and participants.

State spending. Amendment F increases state spending by about \$294,000 in state budget year 2022-23, and by about \$420,000 in state budget year 2023-24. This spending is required to update program rules and materials, process new license applications and game manager oaths, investigate complaints, conduct inspections, and make changes to the bingo-raffle computer system.

Amendment ?: Changes to Charitable Gaming Operations

Placed on the ballot by the legislature • Passes with 55 percent of the vote

Amendment? proposes amending the Colorado Constitution to:

- reduce from five to three the minimum number of years a nonprofit organization must be in operation in Colorado in order to apply for a bingo raffle license, and authorize the state legislature to establish a different requirement beginning in 2025; and
- allow, but not require, a member of a nonprofit organization who is managing or operating a bingo-raffle game (bingo raffle worker) to receive compensation up to the minimum wage, before repealing restrictions on compensation beginning July 1, 2024.

10 What Your Vote Means

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YES 11 A "yes" vote on 12 Amendment? reduces

- 13 from five to three the minimum number of
- 14 years a nonprofit organization must
- 15 operate in Colorado in order to apply for a
- 16 bingo-raffle license, and authorizes the
- 17 state legislature to establish a different
- 18 requirement beginning in 2025. In
- 19 addition, a "yes" vote allows, but does not
- 20 require, bingo-raffle workers to be paid.
- 21 Wages are capped at minimum wage
- 22 through June 30, 2024, after which wages
- 23 are not limited.

A "no" vote on Amendment? maintains the current requirement that a nonprofit organization must operate in Colorado for five years before applying for a bingo-raffle license, and that bingo-raffle workers must be unpaid volunteers.

1 **Summary and Analysis for Amendment?**

2 What types of charitable gaming are currently allowed in Colorado?

In 1958, the Colorado Constitution was amended to permit the operation of games of chance by certain nonprofit organizations. Typical games of chance include:

- bingo, in which each player has at least one card with a grid of letters and numbers, and marks off the letter and number combinations called by the bingo caller until one of the players completes the designated winning pattern; and
- raffles, which involve tickets that have a unique number or other identifier randomly drawn to reveal the prize winner, and include pull-tabs and pickles.

11 The proceeds of any game must be exclusively devoted to the purposes of the 12 nonprofit organization conducting the bingo or raffle. Only a member of a nonprofit 13 organization may participate in the management or operation of a bingo-raffle game 14 (bingo-raffle worker). A bingo-raffle worker cannot be paid a wage for managing or 15 operating bingo-raffle games.

- 16 The following types of nonprofit organizations can apply for a license if they have 17 been continuously operating in Colorado for at least five years: chartered branches, 18 lodges, and chapters of national or state organizations; religious, charitable, labor,
- 19 fraternal, educational, voluntary firefighters', or veterans' organizations; political
- 20 parties; and the Colorado State Fair Authority.

21 What does Amendment? do?

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- 22 The Colorado Constitution currently allows nonprofit organizations that have 23 operated in Colorado for five or more years to apply for a bingo-raffle license, and 24 prohibits them from paying bingo-raffle workers. The state legislature cannot change 25 either of these requirements without voter approval. Amendment? decreases the 26 number of years, from five to three, that a nonprofit organization must continually 27 operate in Colorado before applying for a bingo-raffle license. On or after 28 January 1, 2025, the measure allows the state legislature to change the time-period 29 requirement, effectively repealing the constitutional limitation on the state 30 legislature's ability to change the time-period requirement. However, the 31 requirement will remain three years without legislative action.
- 32 The measure also allows, but does not require, members of the nonprofit 33 organization managing or operating charitable games to receive compensation. 34 Wages are capped at the minimum wage through June 30, 2024, after which 35 bingo-raffle workers may be paid any amount agreed upon by the workers and 36 nonprofit organization. The measure does not change the current constitutional
- 37 requirement that only members of a nonprofit organization may participate in the
- 38 management or operation of bingo and raffles.

For information on those issue committees that support or oppose the measures on the ballot at the November 8, 2022, election, go to the Colorado Secretary of State's elections center web site hyperlink for ballot and initiative information:

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1 Argument For Amendment?

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1) Bingo-raffle gaming is an important tool that nonprofit organizations use to raise funds for their programs. Expanding licenses to nonprofit organizations that have been in existence for a fewer number of years provides more organizations with this fundraising opportunity. Also, Amendment? may allow nonprofit organizations to raise additional money by operating more games more often because payment of a wage will likely incentivize members to work bingo-raffle games.

Argument Against Amendment?

1) Allowing bingo-raffle workers to receive a wage to manage or operate bingo-raffle games commercializes the charitable gaming industry, making it more like for-profit gambling, and potentially reduces the amount of money nonprofit organizations are able to dedicate to their core mission. In addition, permitting less-established nonprofit organizations to operate bingo-raffle games in Colorado will likely increase the number of organizations raising funds in this manner, further decreasing the total amount of funds available for each organization.

Fiscal Impact for Amendment?

State revenue. Amendment? increases state revenue from bingo-raffle license fees by about \$20,000 in state budget year 2022-23 and by larger amounts in future years. This revenue is generated from additional nonprofit organizations becoming licensed to run bingo and raffle games and paying the current fee of \$100.

State spending. Amendment? increases state spending by about \$294,000 in state budget year 2022-23, and by about \$420,000 in state budget year 2023-24. This spending is required to update program rules and materials, process new license applications and game manager oaths, investigate complaints, conduct inspections, and make changes to the bingo-raffle computer system.

Last Draft Comments from Interested Parties

Amendment F Changes to Charitable Gaming Operations

Corky Kyle, representing The Kyle Group

Amanda.

Here are our thoughts on the latest revision to the LCS Charitable Gaming HCR22-1006.

Page One: Lines 1-9 are OK with the following concerns. Line six we understand that you are trying to get it across that payment bingo raffle workers is optional. We think people reading that part will understand that. Second, why not use "bingo raffle worker" throughout the explanation? It would lead to less confusion. Lines 10-23 are fine.

Page Two: Lines 1 through 38 are fine.

Page Three: Lines 1- 8 are fine. Beginning with line 11, "... making it more like for-profit gambling" is a little harsh and totally inaccurate. We are "charitable gaming, not-for-profit gaming. Our funds go to fund charitable programs, not in some owner's pocket who lives in Tahoe in his mountain house. This should be struck.

The next statement, line12-13, "...potentially reduces the amount of money nonprofit organizations are able to dedicate to their core mission.". Again this is an inaccurate statement. When there were 33 bingo halls in the state in the early '90s, halls were full of players. Each licensee has a budget for the operation of their games. The budget would be adjusted to take into consideration the increased costs of operating their games. This should be eliminated.

Last but not least, Line13, beginning with "In addition, permitting "less-established nonprofit organizations...", should be eliminated. The opposite will be true. There would be more players taking advantage of charitable gaming because there were more groups around the state. There would be bingo in areas where it was never played before. It would help those nonprofits with the programs they fund.

One more item is the fiscal impact statement of the amendment. We believe it is highly inaccurate. It doesn't give an accurate description of the revenue or expense of regulating charitable gaming. For example, there is no reference in the fiscal note about the quarterly taxes and fees the licensees pay the department. Bingo is cash funded by these fees. If anything, costs should go down, due to the increased player count and increased number of bingo halls in the state.

That should wrap things up. Thank you for your hard work on this. It is appreciated

Amendment F Changes to Charitable Gaming Operations Contact List

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Natasha Berwick	New Era Colorado	natasha@neweracolorado.org
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N. Menten	self on some issues	coloradoengaged@gmail.com
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Sara Moore	dba Colorado Dragon Boat Festival	sara@cdbf.org
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Amendment F Changes to Charitable Gaming Operations Contact List (Cont.)

Interested Party	Organization Name	Email Address
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Amendment F Changes to Charitable Gaming Operations

1 Ballot Title:

- 2 Shall there be an amendment to the Colorado constitution concerning the conduct of charitable
- 3 gaming activities, and, in connection therewith, allowing managers and operators to be paid and
- 4 repealing the required period of a charitable organization's continuous existence before obtaining
- 5 a charitable gaming license?

6 Text of Measure:

- 7 Be It Resolved by the House of Representatives of the Seventy-third General Assembly of the
- 8 State of Colorado, the Senate concurring herein:
- 9 **SECTION 1.** At the election held on November 8, 2022, the secretary of state shall submit to the
- 10 registered electors of the state the ballot title set forth in section 2 for the following
- 11 amendment to the state constitution:
- 12 In the constitution of the state of Colorado, section 2 of article XVIII, **amend** (2), (4)(c), and (6) as
- 13 follows:
- 14 Section 2. Lotteries prohibited exceptions repeal. (2) No game of chance pursuant to this
- 15 subsection (2) and subsections (3) and (4) of this section shall be conducted by any person, firm,
- 16 or organization, unless a license as provided for in this subsection (2) has been issued to the firm
- or organization conducting such games of chance. The secretary of state shall, upon application
- 18 therefor FOR A LICENSE on such forms as shall be prescribed by the secretary of state and upon
- 19 the payment of an annual fee as determined by the general assembly, issue a license for the
- 20 conducting of such games of chance to any bona fide chartered branch or lodge or chapter of a
- 21 national or state organization or to any bona fide religious, charitable, labor, fraternal, educational,
- 22 voluntary firemen's, or veterans' organization which THAT operates without profit to its members
- 23 and which THAT IS REGISTERED WITH THE SECRETARY OF STATE AND has been in existence
- continuously for a period of five THREE years immediately prior to the making of said ITS application
- 25 for such the license or, on and after January 1, 2025, for such period as the general
- 26 ASSEMBLY MAY ESTABLISH UNDER SUBSECTION (5) OF THIS SECTION, and has had during the entire
- 27 five-year period OF ITS EXISTENCE a dues-paying membership engaged in carrying out the objects
- of said corporation or organization, such license to expire at the end of each calendar year in
- 29 which it was issued.
- 30 (4) Such games of chance shall be subject to the following restrictions:
- 31 (c) (l) No person may receive any remuneration or profit IN EXCESS OF THE APPLICABLE MINIMUM
- 32 WAGE for participating in the management or operation of any such game.
- 33 (II) This subsection (4)(c) is repealed, effective July 1, 2024.

- 1 (6) (a) The enforcement of this section shall be under such official or department of government
- 2 of the state of Colorado as the general assembly shall provide.
- 3 (b) This section does not require or authorize the secretary of state to receive or
- 4 REVIEW CLAIMS CONCERNING EMPLOYEE WAGES OR COMPENSATION, INCLUDING TAX CLAIMS, OR
- 5 OTHER ASSOCIATED LABOR, EMPLOYMENT, OR CONTRACTUAL MATTERS.
- 6 **SECTION 2.** Each elector voting at the election may cast a vote either "Yes/For" or "No/Against"
- 7 on the following ballot title: "Shall there be an amendment to the Colorado constitution concerning
- 8 the conduct of charitable gaming activities, and, in connection therewith, allowing managers and
- 9 operators to be paid and repealing the required period of a charitable organization's continuous
- 10 existence before obtaining a charitable gaming license?"
- 11 **SECTION 3.** Except as otherwise provided in section 1-40-123, Colorado Revised Statutes, if at
- least fifty-five percent of the electors voting on the ballot title vote "Yes/For", then the amendment
- will become part of the state constitution.